Problem 2.24

(a) 
$$E_{in}(g) = \mathcal{E}_{i=1}^{2} (f(x_{i}) - h(x_{i}))^{2} = \mathcal{E}_{i=1}^{2} (x_{i}^{2} - (a_{i} + b_{i}))^{2}$$

$$\alpha = X_1 + X_2$$

$$\frac{g(x)}{=} E_D(g(x)) = E_D((x_1 + x_2)x - x_1x_2) \\
= E_D(x_1 - x_2)x - E_D(x_2)x - E_D(x_1 - x_1x_2)$$

due to independence of X1,2 X2

1- get 000)

· fix X

.. for anamber of times, e.g 1000 - Sample two data Points from [-101]

- Conpute gex) using a, b devived

In last quastion

· Tak theaver take the average Value of g'cx) so we get gcx) atx

z- get Variance and Fout, buis

· for annuber of times, e.g 5000

- Sample x from I-1,1]

- follow the procedure to get g(x) to Denerate an arry of Unlars of function go evaluated at that x

- Compair the variance ED[(g cx)-gcx)] .- we will use gcx) to compute[(gcx)-fcx)]]
at each x

- ne use the array of values to compute an array \$ (g Pcx) - 5cx)? take the average of

the resulting arry. we get ED [(gocx) - fcx)] e non wetake the average of above Calculated ED[(g°cx)-gcx))2], [(ācx)-fcx))2], En[(g°cx)-fcx)] and get the expected values of vary bais of Eart

Ex [ En [(9°CX) - 9°CX))2]], Ex [[(9°CX) - f(X))2]], Ex[En [(9°CX).f(x))]]

## Exercise 3.7

we take derivative of Ein (w) with respect
to W,  $Ein(w) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \ln(1+e^{-y_n} \sqrt{x_n})$   $\nabla Ein(w) = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{y_n}{1+e^{-y_n} \sqrt{x_n}}$   $= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^{N} -\frac{y_n}{y_n} \frac{x_n}{x_n} B(-y_n \sqrt{x_n})$ 

when a sample is misclassified In wTxn co, B(-yn wTxn) >0.5 and when a sample is Correctly chassified of misclassified example is more to one.