

Fin6470_Ch05

Seth Muhlestein

5.1

Description	Receive at Time	Give at Time	Payment
Outright Sale	0	0	S_0 at t_0
Loan/Security Sale	T	0	$S_0 e^{rT}$ at time T
Prepaid Forward	0	T	?
Forward	T	T	? x e^{rT}

5.2

$$a) 50 - [(1e^{-.0151}) + (1e^{-.0152}) + (1e^{-.0153}) + (1e^{-.0154})] = 46.15$$

$$b) 46.15e^{.061} = 49.00$$

5.3

$$a) 50e^{-.081} = 46.16$$

$$b) 50 * e^{(.06 - .08)*1} = 49.01$$

5.4

$$a) 35e^{.05.5} = 35.89$$

$$b) \frac{1}{.5} \ln \frac{35.50}{35} = .028$$

$$c) 35.5 = 35e^{(.02 - \delta)*.5} = .0216$$

5.6

$$a) 1100e^{(.05 - .015).75} = 1129.26$$

- b) To hedge, I would enter into a short sale of the index and go long a forward position.
- c) To hedge, I would buy the underlying asset to offset the sale of the index and then sell the asset forward.

5.7

- a) The no arbitrage price should be \$1127.85. With an observed price of \$1135, I would go long the underlying and sell the forward.
- b) The no arbitrage price should be \$1127.85. With an observed price of \$1115, I would short the underlying and buy the forward.

5.8

- a) The no arbitrage price should be \$1116.62. With an observed price of \$1120, I would long the underlying and sell the forward.
- b) The no arbitrage price should be \$1116.62. so if the observed price is \$1110, I would short the underlying and buy the forward.

5.9

- a) The money manager could go back in time and purchase the t-bill and hold it to make the yield difference. Or, the manager could sell forward contracts to purchase at a high yield in one year. With yields decreasing, the manager would be in a buy low sell high environment in 1982.
- b) Interest rates would have to start declining to eliminate the arbitrage opportunity.
- c) Arbitrage will drive some mad scientist to discover time travel so that he can intertemporally skewer the market. Arbitrage is a great motivator ;)

5.11

$$a) 12002504 = 1,200,000$$

$$b) 1,200,000 * .1 = 120,000$$

5.15

$$a) F^+ = 800e^{.0551} = 845.23$$

$$a) F^- = 800e^{.051} = 841.02$$

$$b) F^+ = (800 + 1)e^{.0551} = 846.29$$

$$b) F^- = (800 - 1)e^{.051} = 839.97$$

$$c) F^+ = (800 + 1 + 2.4)e^{.0551} = 848.82$$

$$c) F^- = (800 - 1 - 2.4)e^{.051} = 837.44$$

$$d) F^+ = (800 + 2.4 + 1)e^{.0551} + 2.4 = 851.22$$

$$d) F^- = (800 - 2.4 - 1)e^{.051} - 2.4 = 835.04$$

$$e) F^+ = (800 + 2)(800 * .003) + 1e^{.0551} = 851.36$$

$$e) F^- = (800 - 2)(800 * .003) - 1e^{.051} = 834.92$$

5.16

$$a) 875e^{.04751} = 917.57$$

$$b) contracts = \frac{800,000}{218,750} * 1.1 = 4.023$$

- b) Each future has a value of \$218,750 (250 x 875). We could cover our exposure by purchasing futures contracts. We'd purchase $800,000 / 218,750 = 3.65714$. We have to adjust for beta, so we get $1.1 * 3.65714 = 4.023$. After the adjustment we purchase 4.023 contracts. We would earn the risk free rate over the next year with this hedged position.