# CIS 2107 Bryant, O'Hallaron Chapter 1

A Tour of Computer Systems

## first C program

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
   printf("Welcome to CIS 2107.\n");
   return 0;
}
```

### source file representation in computer

#### output from hexdump:

```
00000000 23 69 6e 63 6c 75 64 65 20 3c 73 74 64 69 6f 2e 0000010 68 3e 0a 0a 69 6e 74 20 6d 61 69 6e 28 69 6e 74 0000020 20 61 72 67 63 2c 20 63 68 61 72 20 2a 2a 61 72 0000030 67 76 29 0a 7b 0a 20 20 70 72 69 6e 74 66 28 22 0000040 57 65 6c 63 6f 6d 65 20 74 6f 20 43 49 53 20 32 0000050 31 30 37 2e 5c 6e 22 29 3b 0a 20 20 72 65 74 75 0000060 72 6e 20 30 3b 0a 7d 0a 0000068
```

### source file representation in computer

#### output from hexdump -C

```
23 69 6e 63 6c 75 64 65
0000000
                                  20 3c 73 74 64 69 6f 2e
                                                            #include <stdio.
00000010
         68 3e 0a 0a 69 6e 74 20
                                  6d 61 69 6e 28 69 6e 74
                                                            h>..int main(int
00000020
         20 61 72 67 63 2c 20 63
                                  68 61 72 20 2a 2a 61 72
                                                            argc, char **ar
00000030
         67 76 29 0a 7b 0a 20 20
                                  70 72 69 6e 74 66 28 22
                                                            gv).{. printf("
                                  74 6f 20 43 49 53 20 32
         57 65 6c 63 6f 6d 65 20
00000040
                                                            Welcome to CIS 2
00000050
         31 30 37 2e 5c 6e 22 29
                                   3b 0a 20 20 72 65 74 75
                                                            107.\n");.
                                                                        retu
00000060
          72 6e 20 30 3b 0a 7d 0a
                                                            rn 0;.}.
0000068
```

# compiling and running

```
$ gcc welcome.c
$ ./a.out
Welcome to CIS 2107.
```

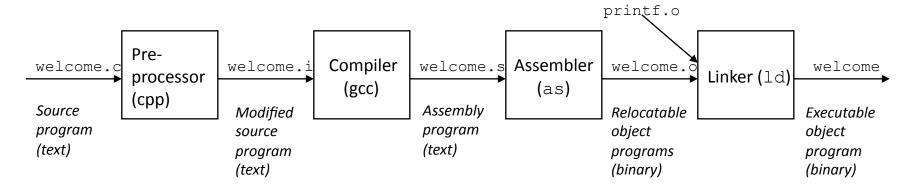
## compiling and running

```
$ gcc welcome.c
$ ./a.out
Welcome to CIS 2107.
```

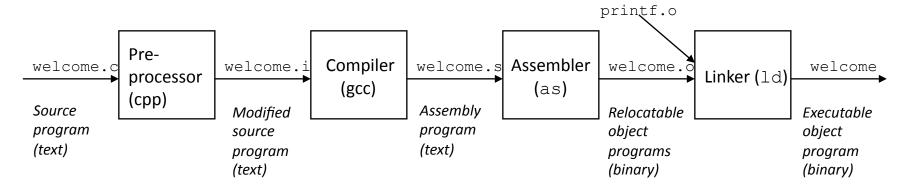
#### but I don't like the name a.out. instead:

```
$ gcc -o welcome welcome.c
$ ./welcome
Welcome to CIS 2107.
```

# the same in multiple steps



## the same in multiple steps

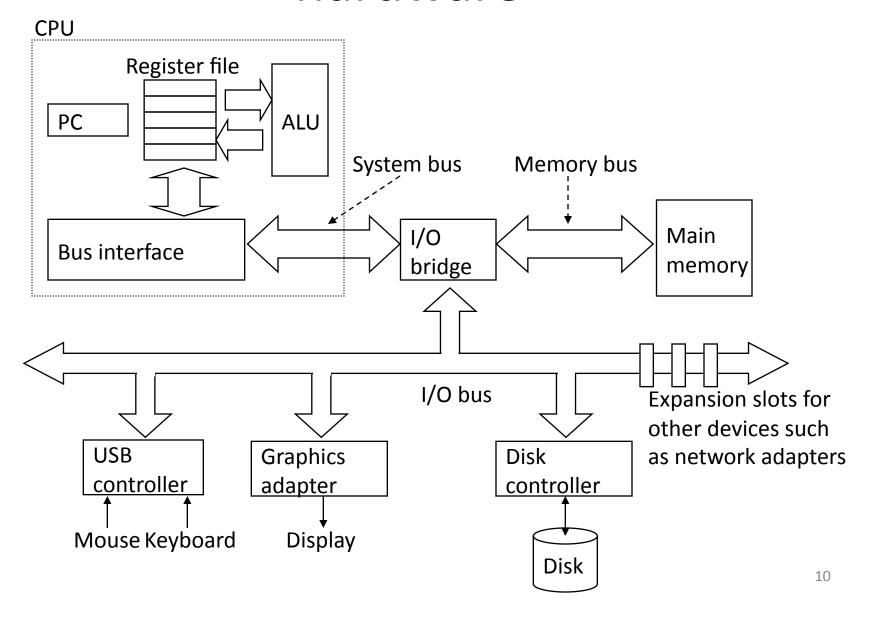


- preprocessing: gcc -E -o welcome.i welcome.c
- compiling: gcc -S -o welcome.s welcome.i
- assembling: gcc -c -o welcome.o welcome.s
- linking: gcc -o welcome welcome.o

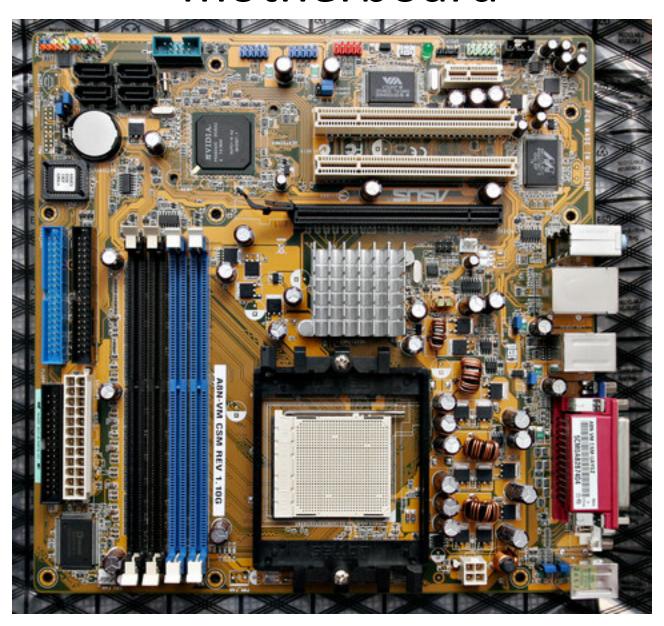
#### what's in each file?

- welcome.c
- welcome.i
- welcome.s
- welcome.o
- welcome
- Can examine binaries with:
  - objdump -d (-d to disassemble)

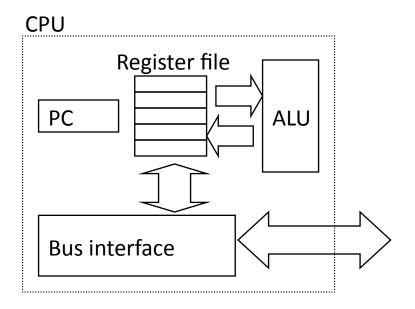
#### hardware



# motherboard

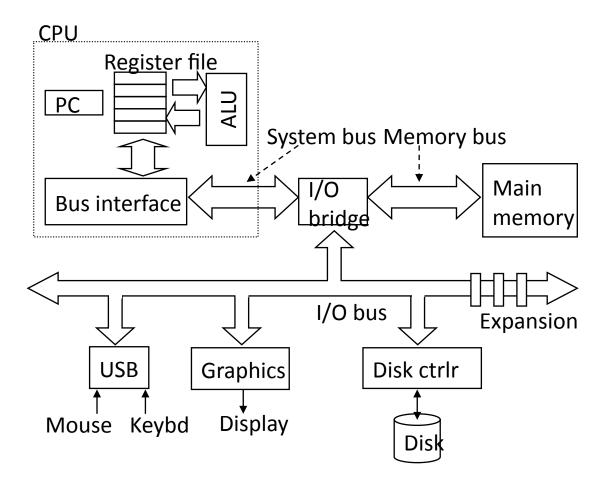


### hardware – the CPU



e.g., Pentium, Sparc, Athlon, PowerPC, ARM, Cell

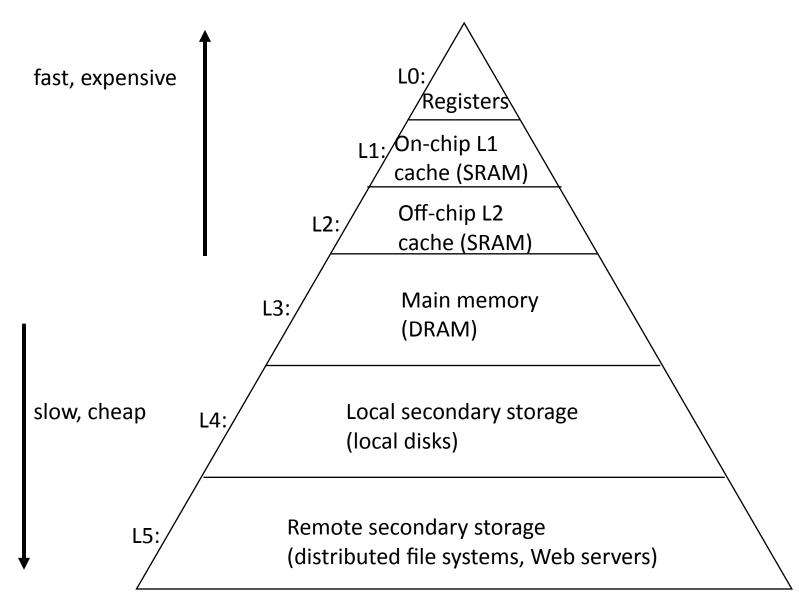
## welcome program in hardware



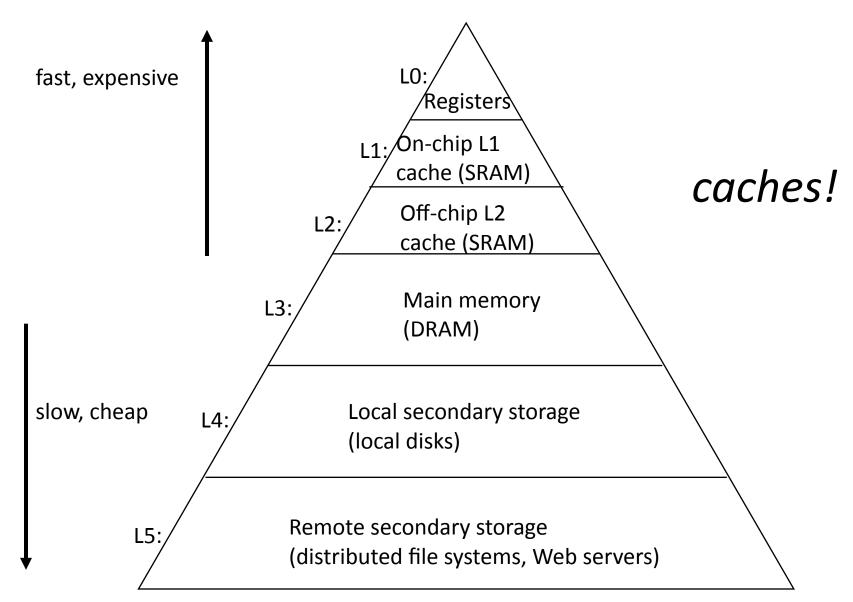
What happens?

- editing?
- running binary?

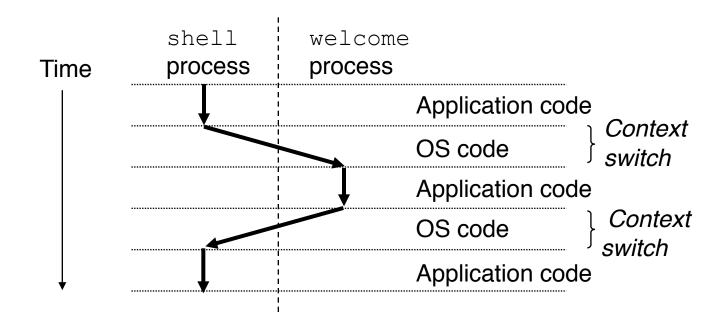
# memory hierarchy



## memory hierarchy



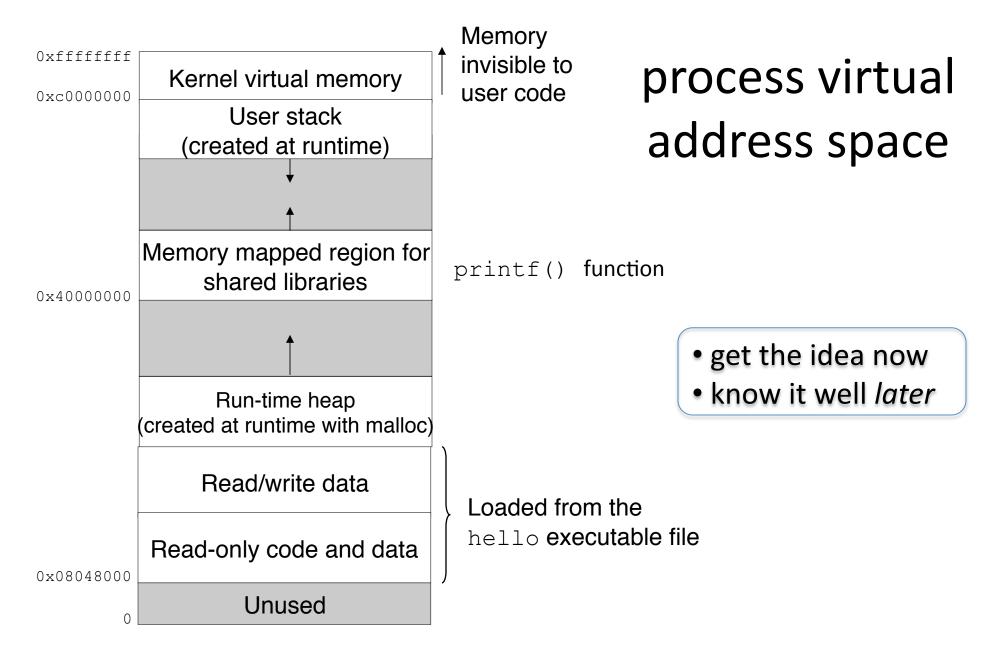
#### processes



see the \*nix ps and top commands

## threads

- multiple threads/process common
- lots more on this in CIS 3207



relate to what you know so far from java