

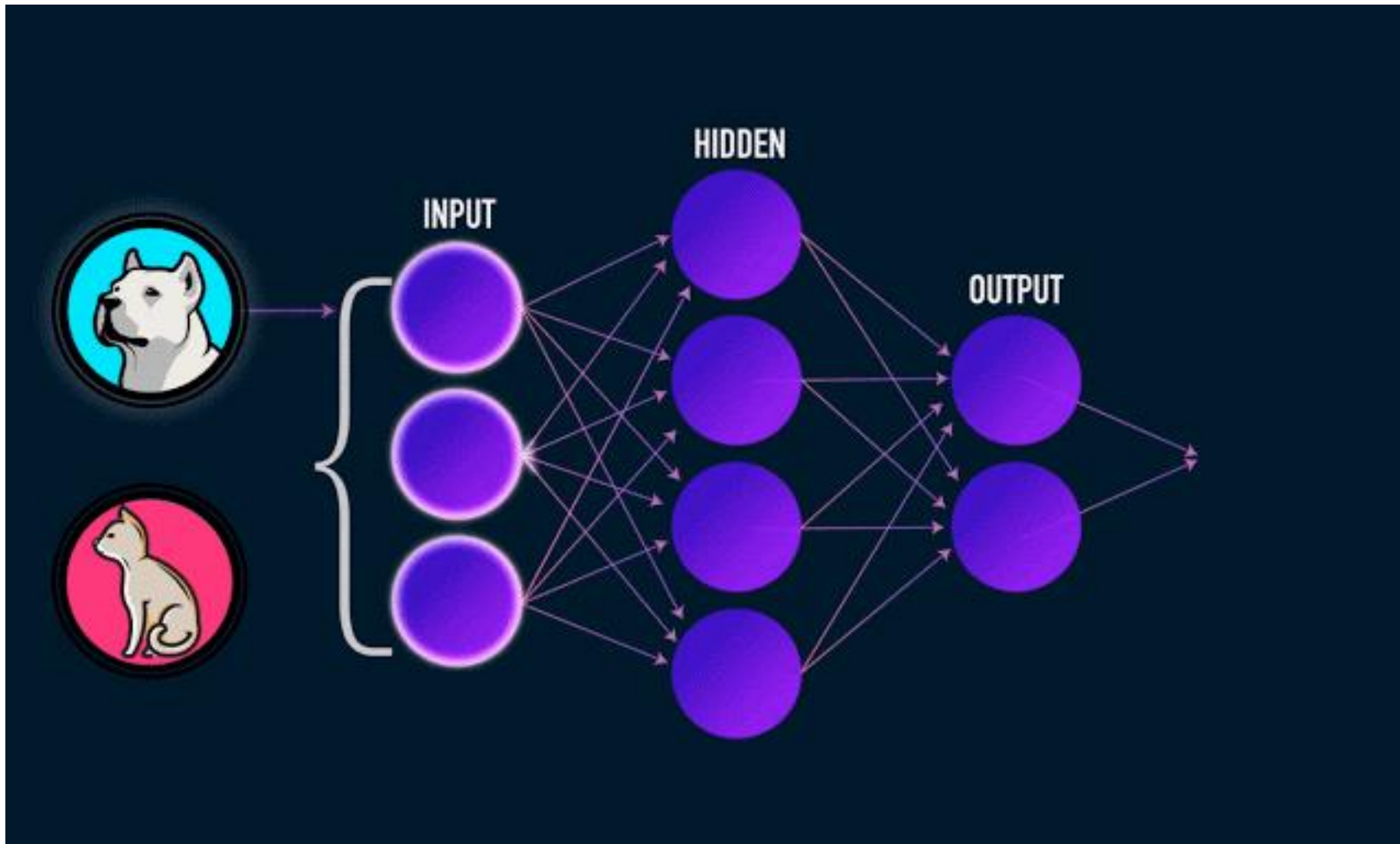


CNN RNN & LSTM

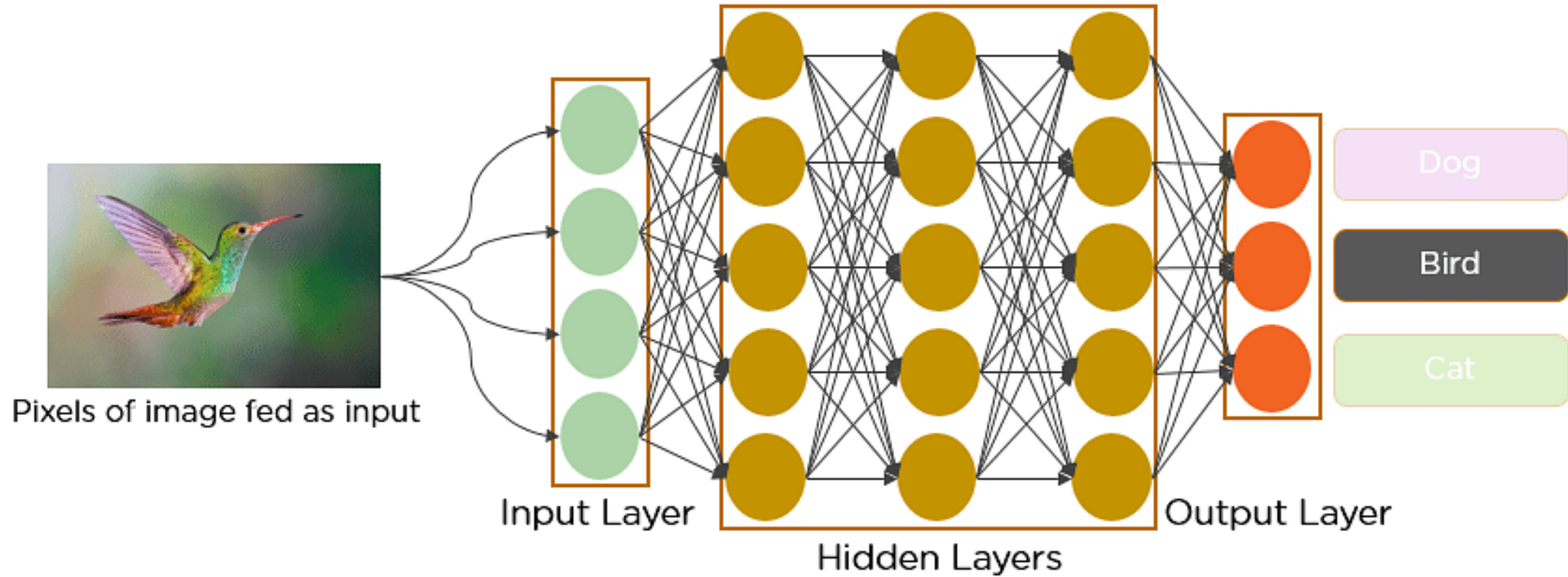
KARMUKILAN D K

Deep2Neuron Internship

HOW NEURAL NETWORK WORKS ???



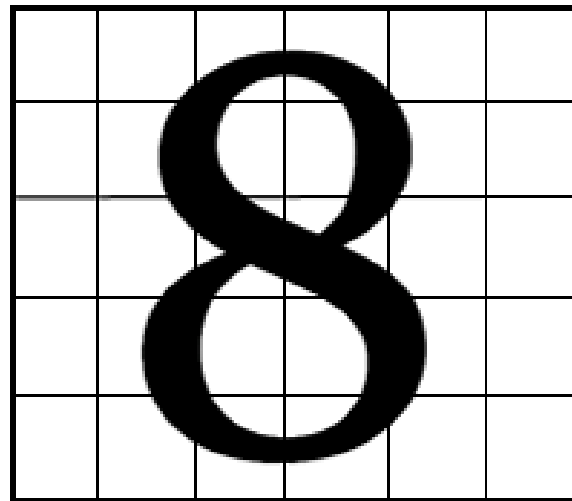
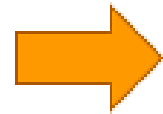
EXAMPLE OF CNN CLASSIFICATION



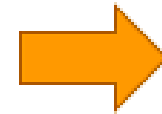
SINGLE CHANNEL



Real Image of the digit 8



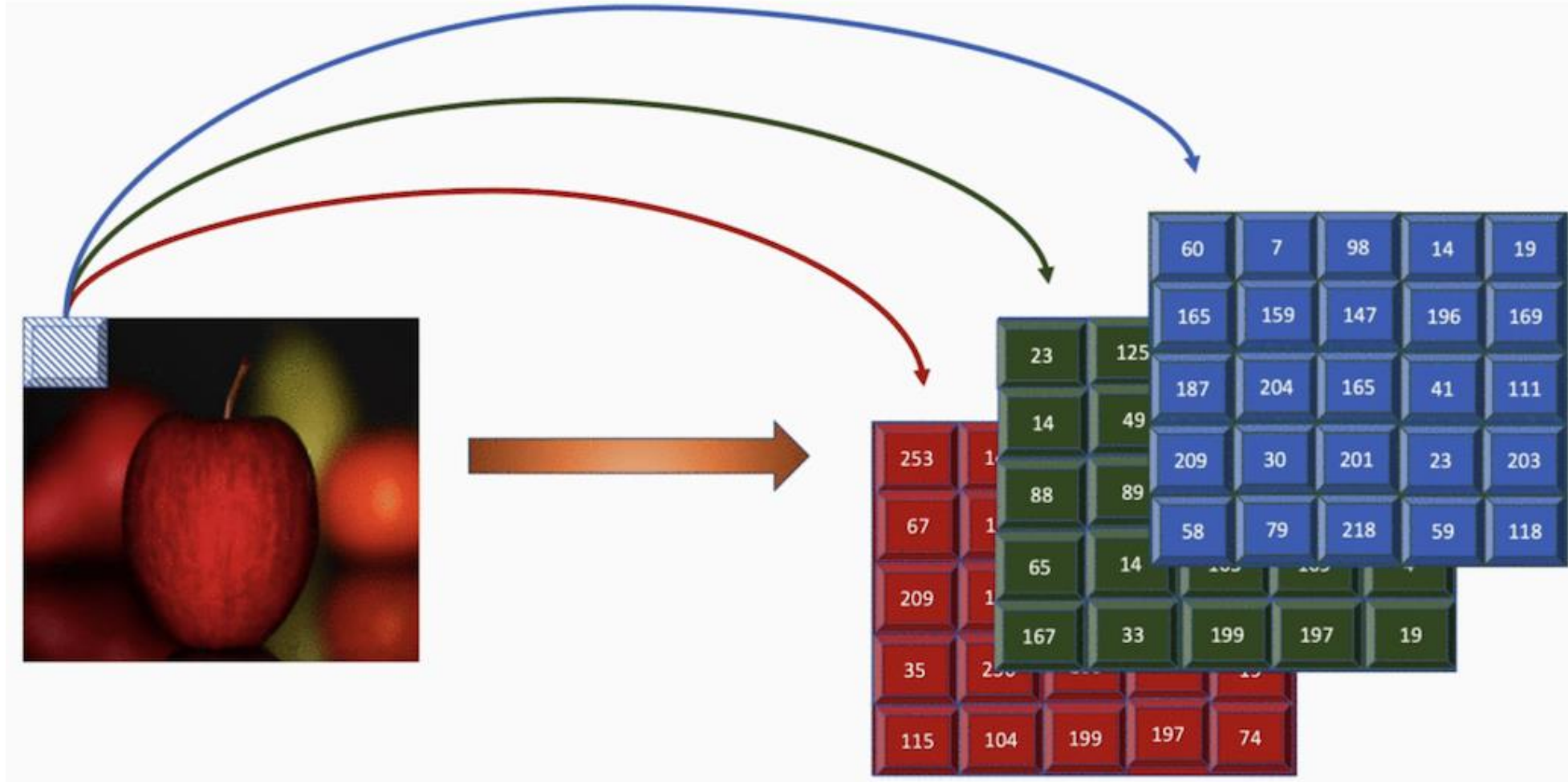
Represented in the form
of an array



0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0

Digit 8 represented in the form
of pixels of 0's and 1's

THREE CHANNEL -RGB





253	144	120	251	41
67	100	32	241	23
209	118	124	27	59
35	236	105	169	19
115	104	199	197	74

23	125	233	201	98
14	49	32	241	59
88	89	124	27	19
65	14	105	169	4
167	33	199	197	19

60	7	98	14	19
165	159	147	196	169
187	204	165	41	111
209	30	201	23	203
58	79	218	59	118

How Does CNN Recognize Images?

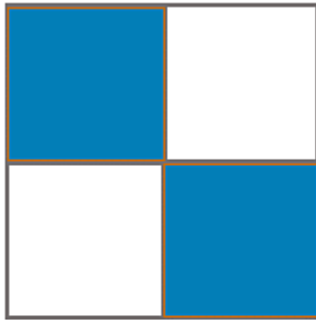


image for the symbol \

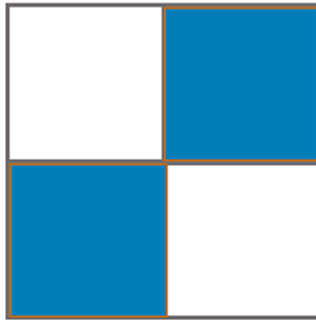
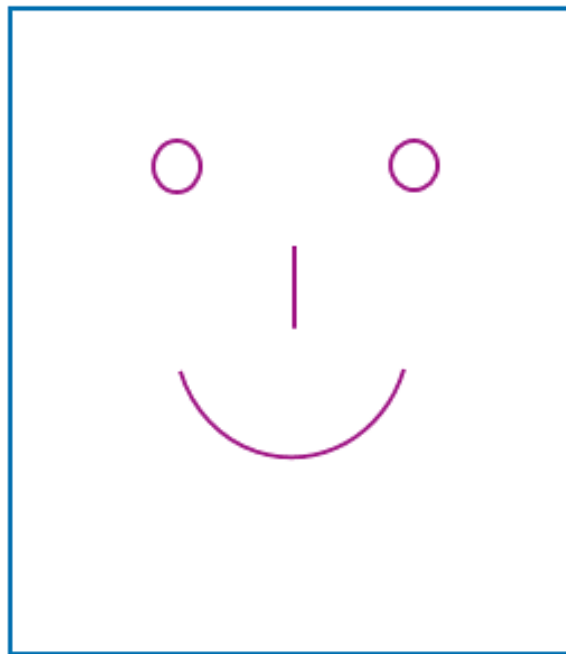


image for the symbol /

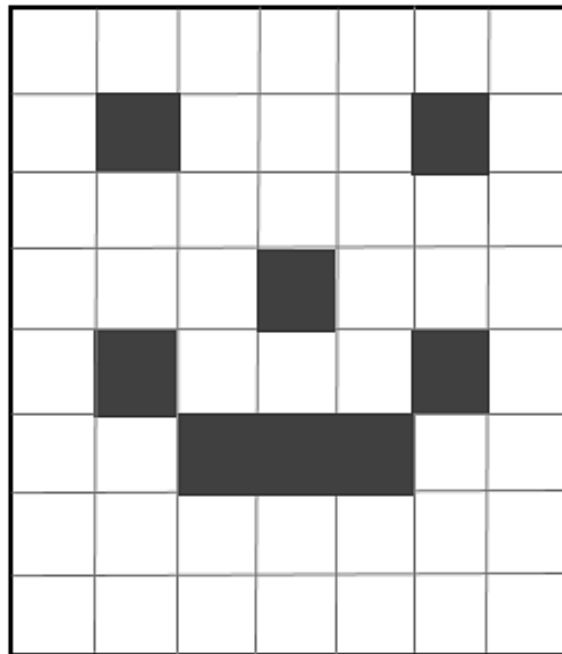


Have you noticed what happens behind the computer ???

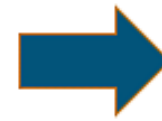
another example...



Real Image



Represented in the form of
black and white pixels

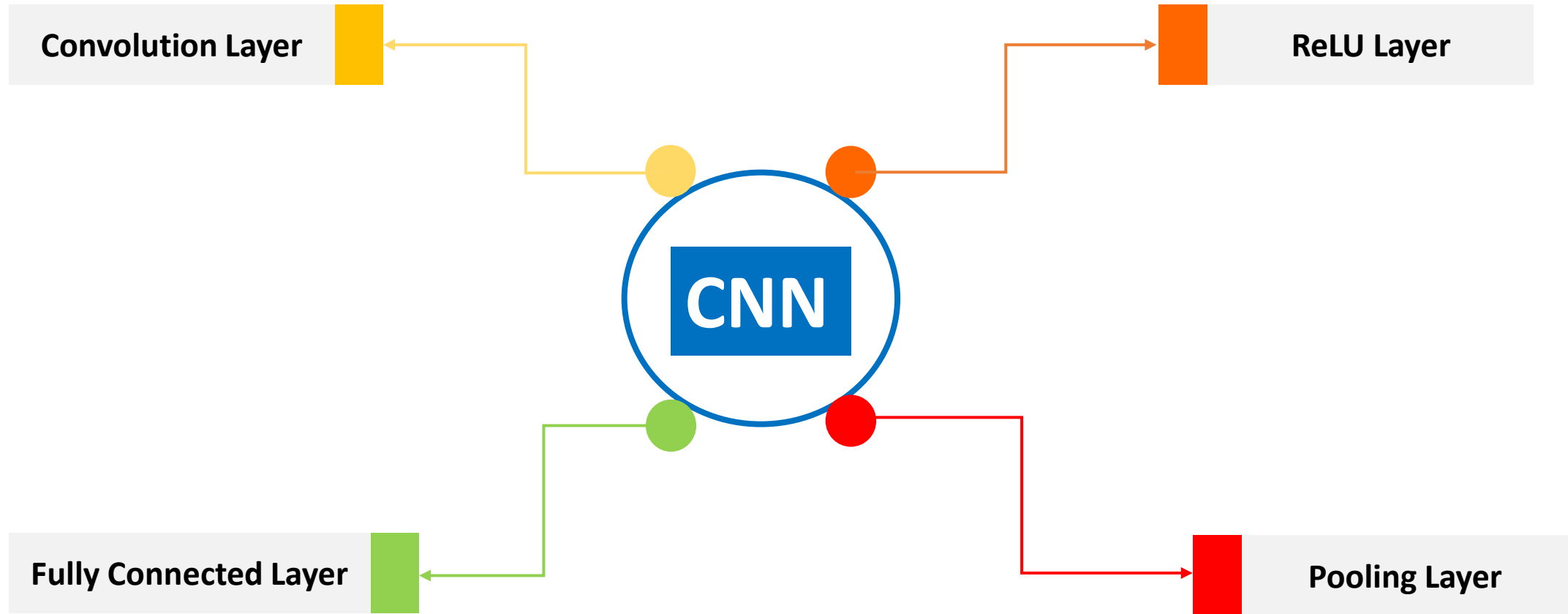


0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Image represented in the
form of a matrix of numbers

As you can see from the above diagram, only those values are lit that have a value of 1.

Layers in a Convolutional Neural Network...



Convolution Layer...

60	7	98	14	19
165	159	147	196	169
187	204	165	41	111
209	30	201	23	203
58	79	218	59	118

*

1	0	-1
1	0	-1
1	0	-1

=

Striding...

60	7	98	14	19
165	159	147	196	169
187	204	165	41	111
209	30	201	23	203
58	79	218	59	118

*

1	0	-1
1	0	-1
1	0	-1

=

Padding...

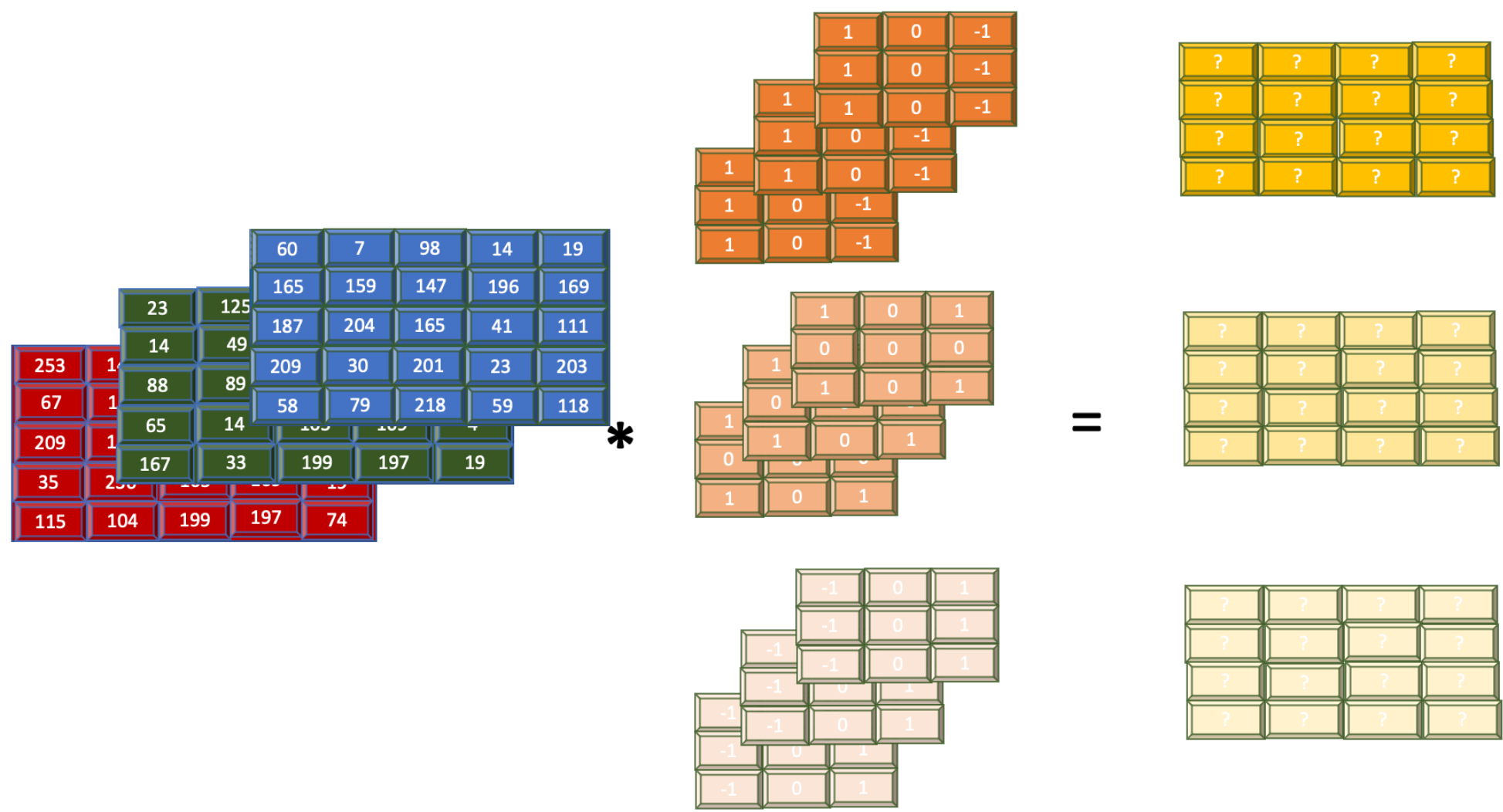
60	7	98	14	19
165	159	147	196	169
187	204	165	41	111
209	30	201	23	203
58	79	218	59	118

*

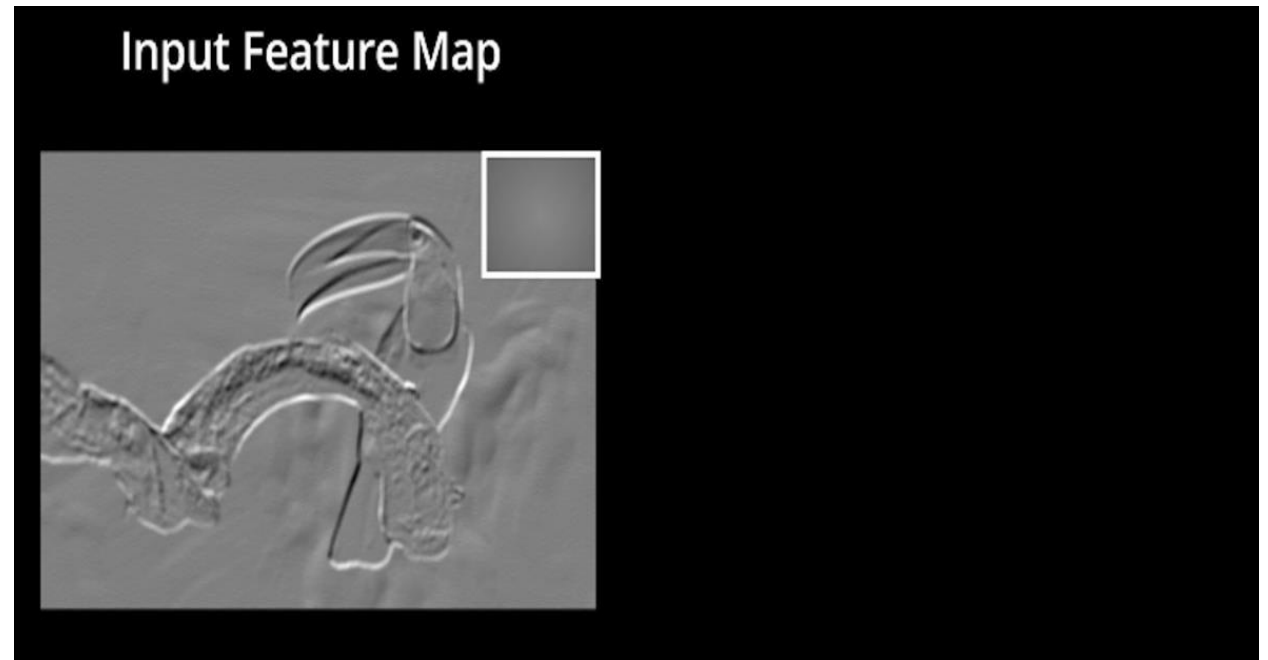
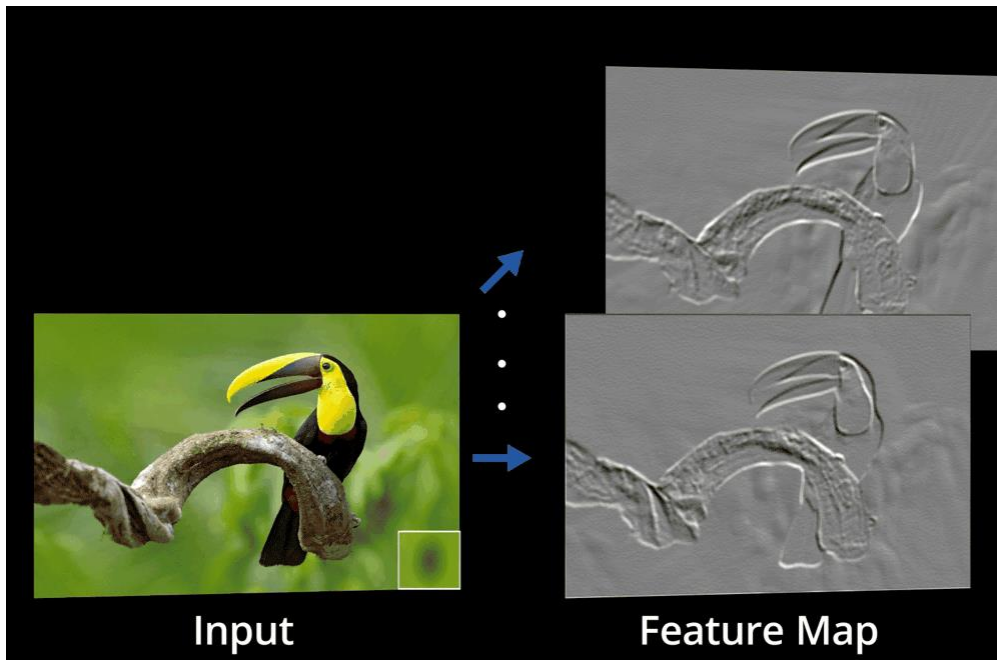
1	0	-1
1	0	-1
1	0	-1

=

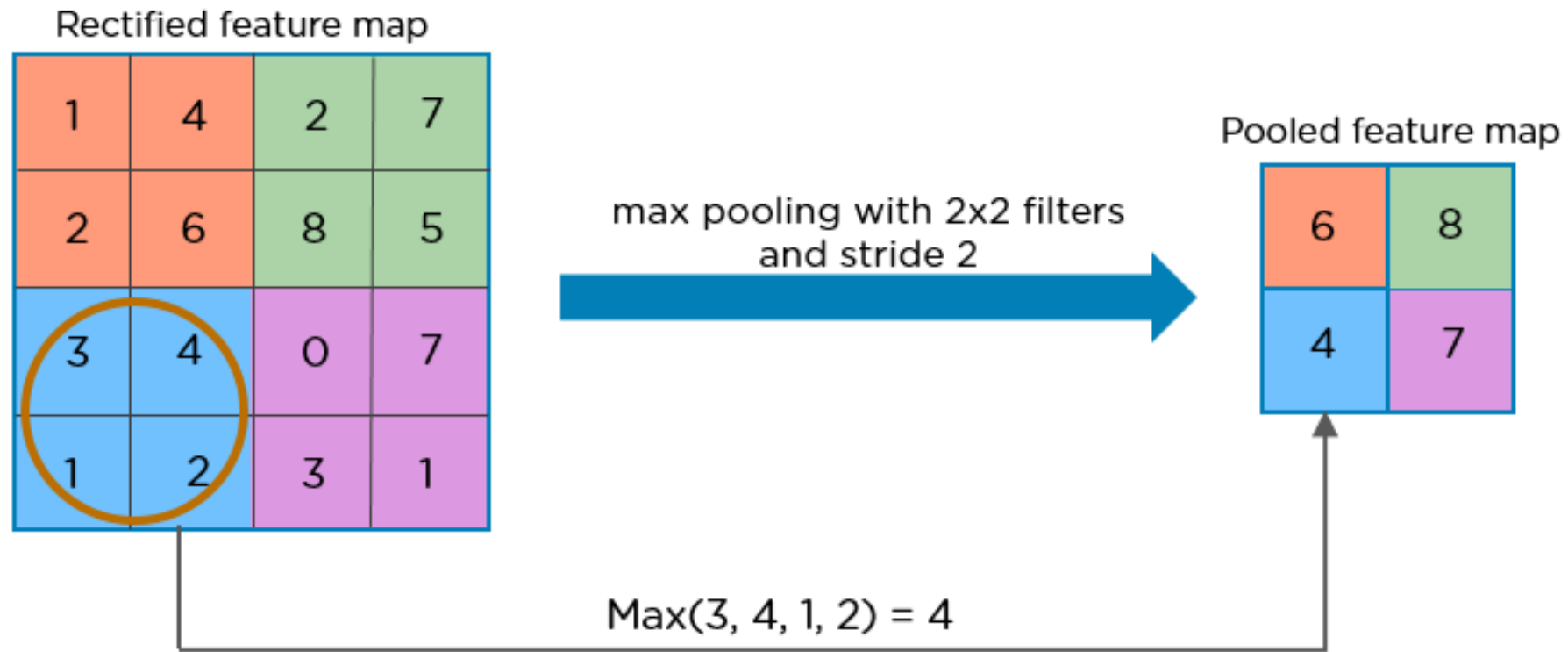
How Convolution applied to more than one filter???



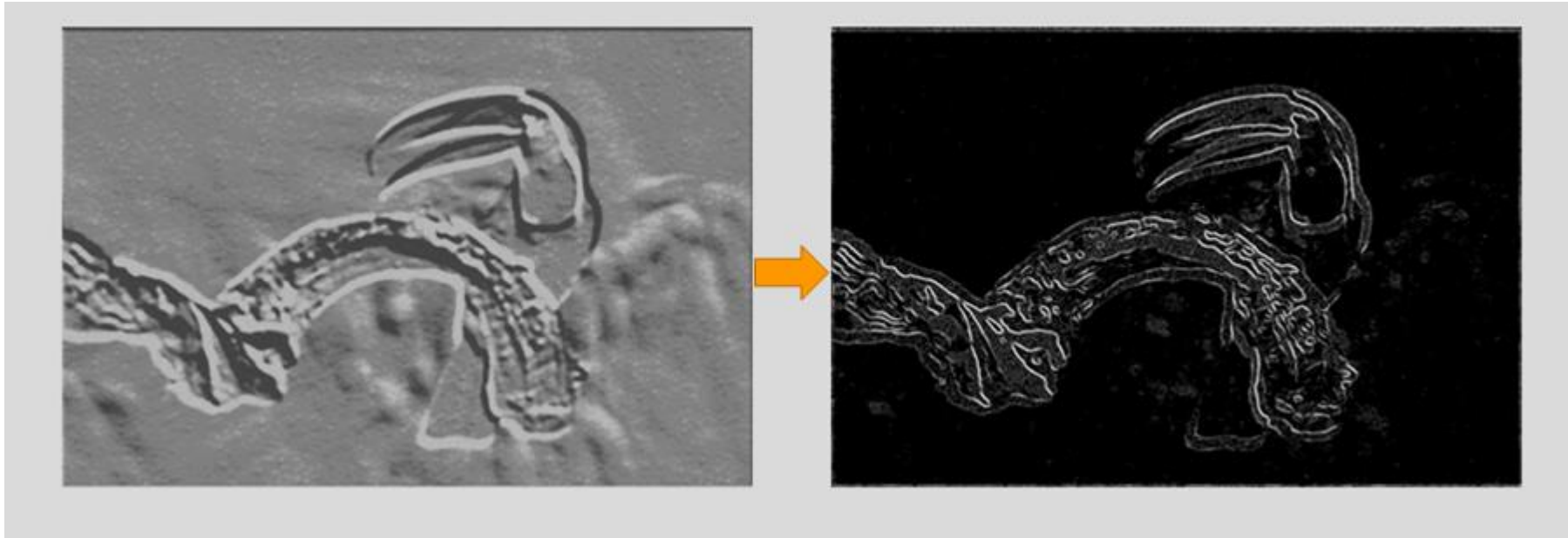
ReLu Layer – Rectified Linear Unit...



Pooling Layer...

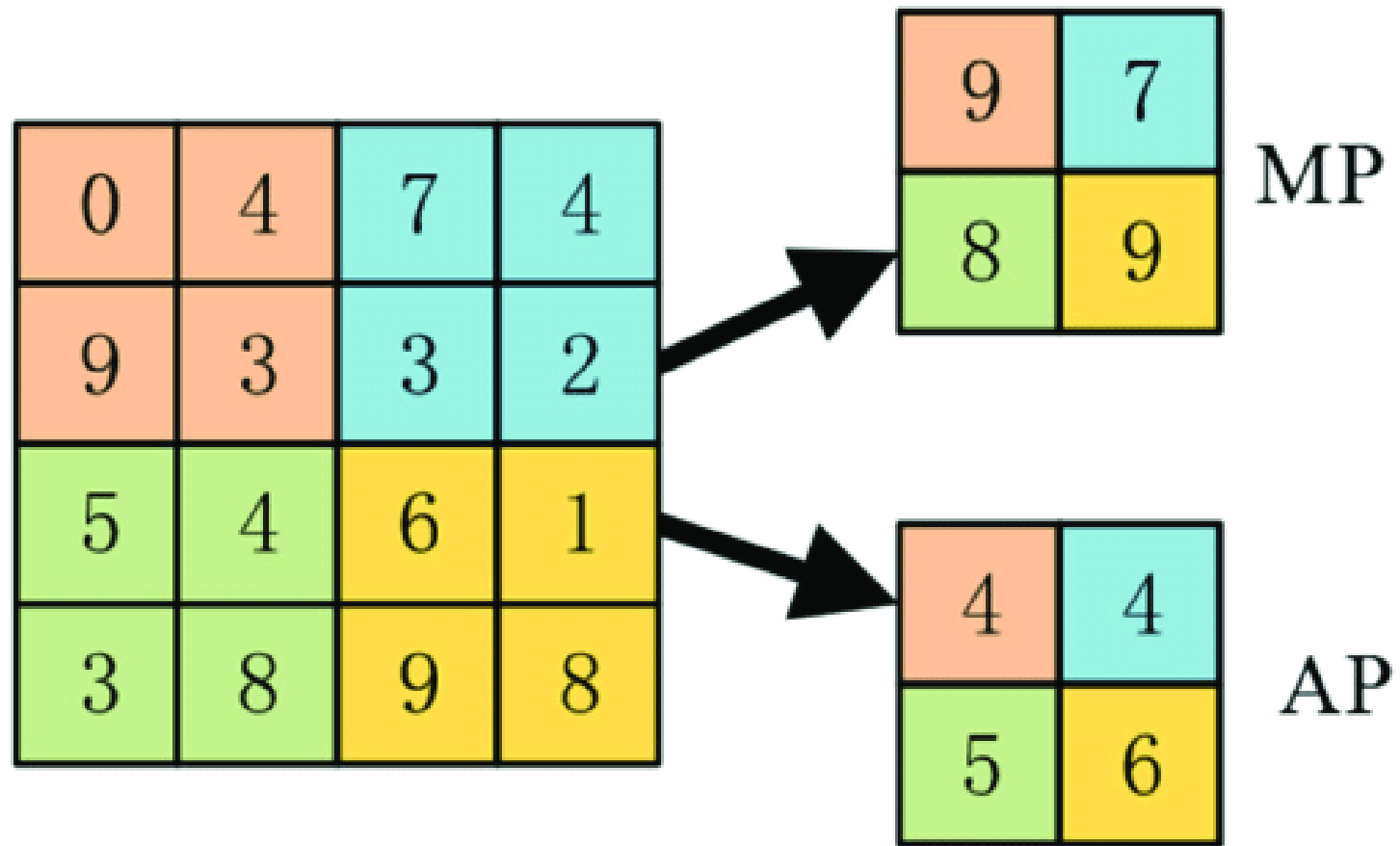


Pooling Layer

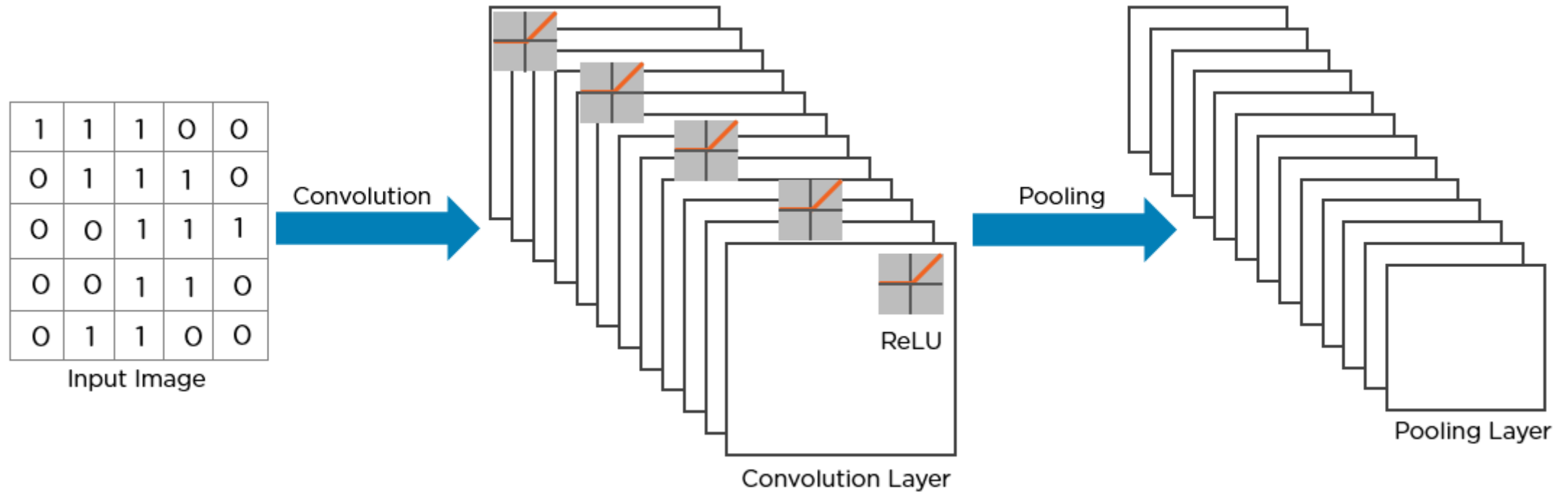


- The pooling layer uses various filters to identify different parts of the image like **edges, corners, body, feathers, eyes, and beak.**

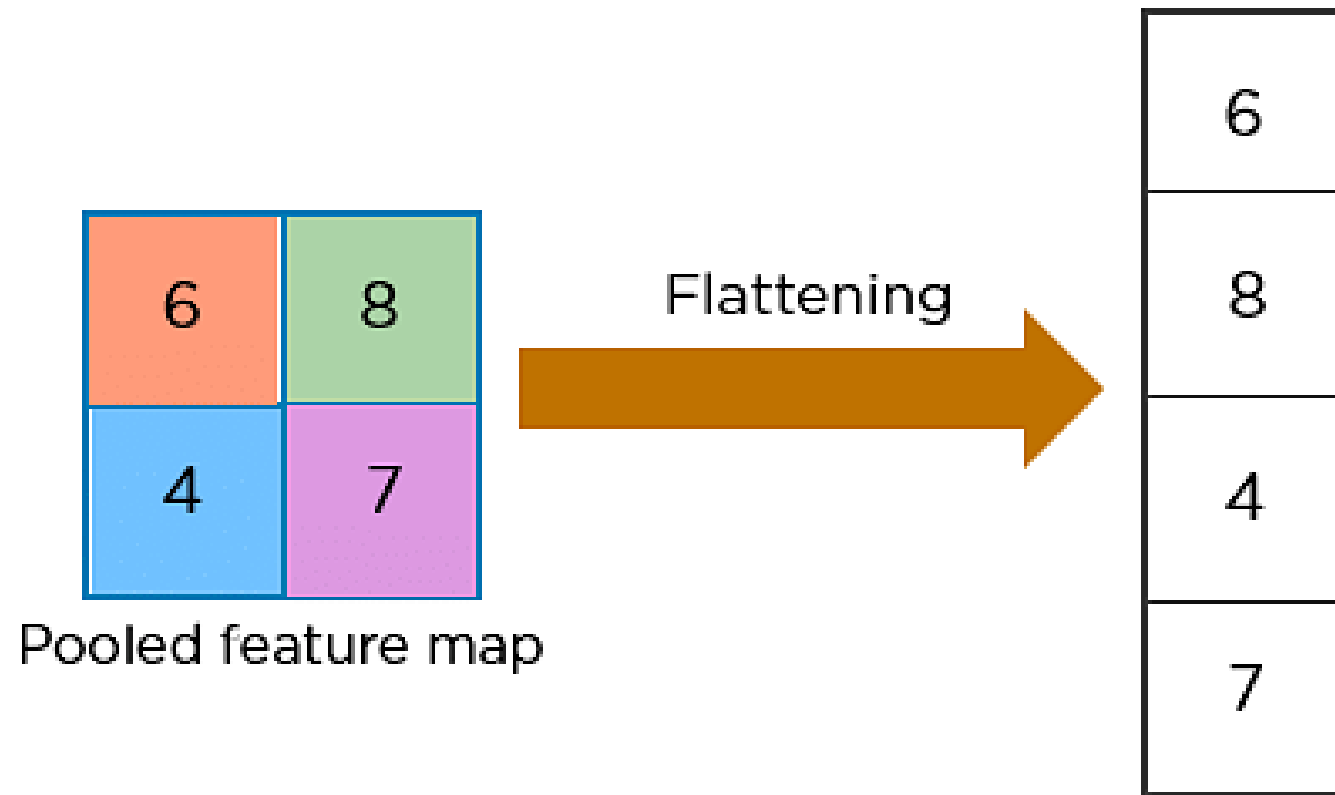
Pooling Layer types...



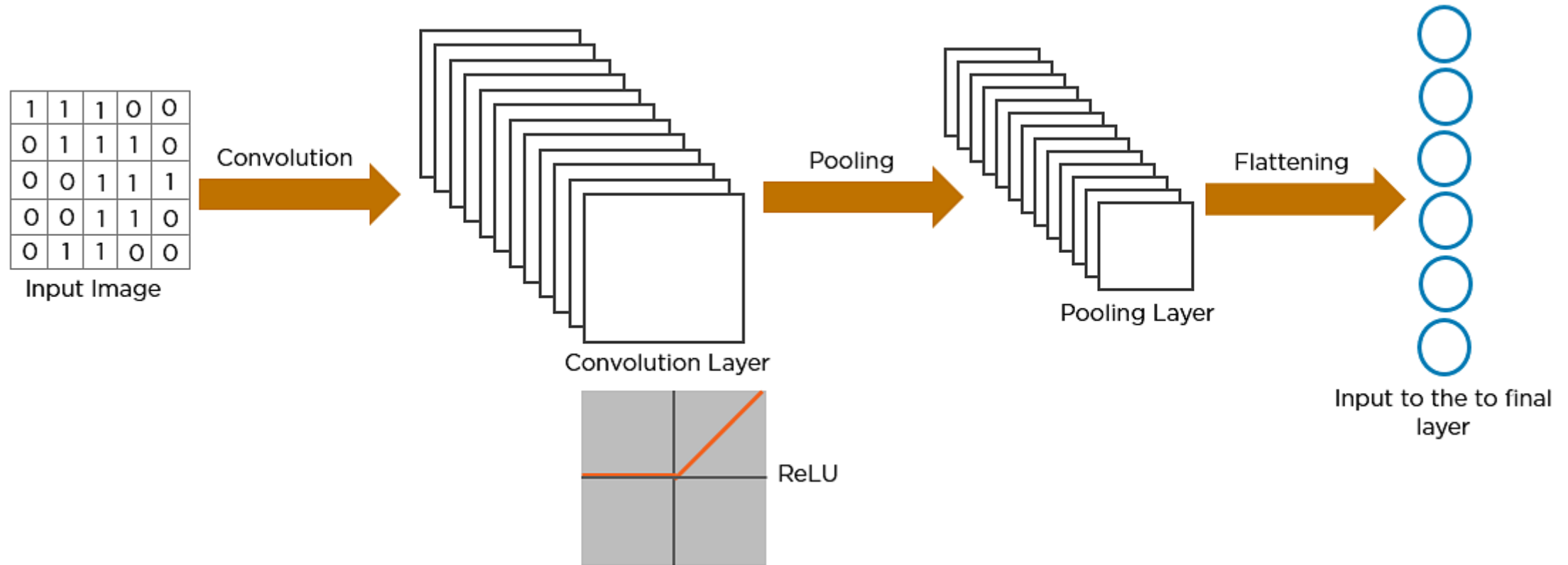
How Convolutional Network look so far...



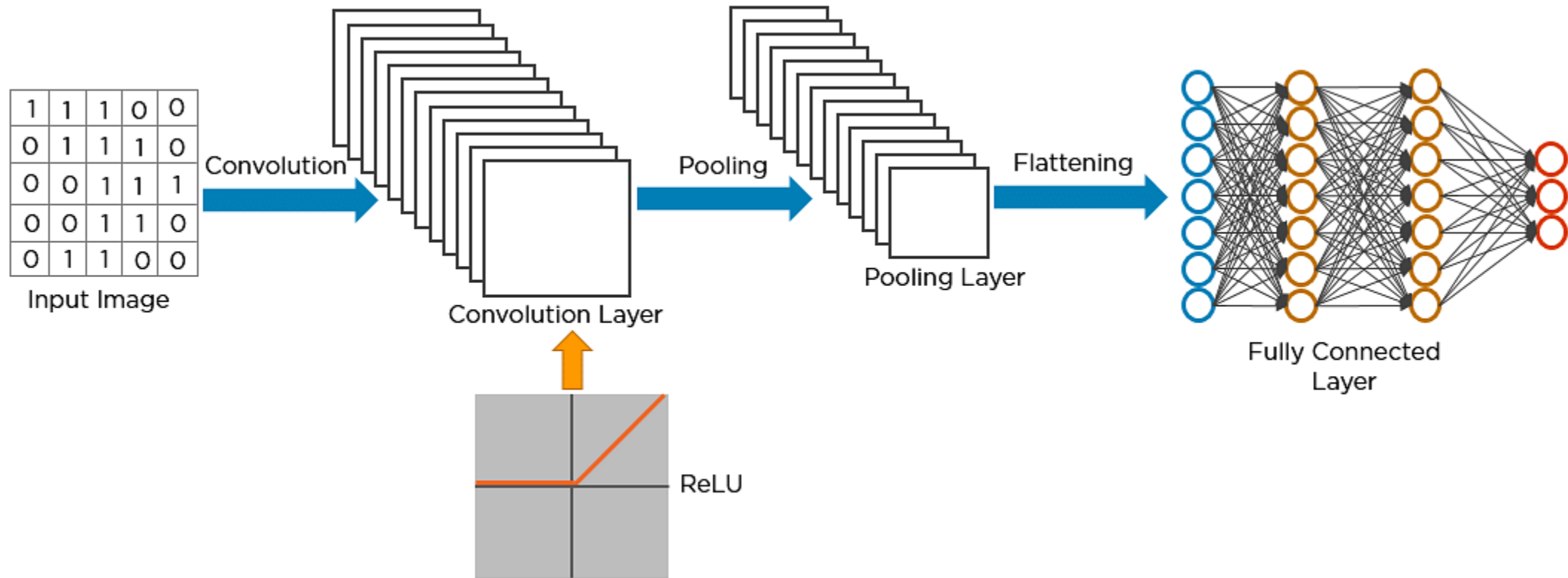
Flattening...



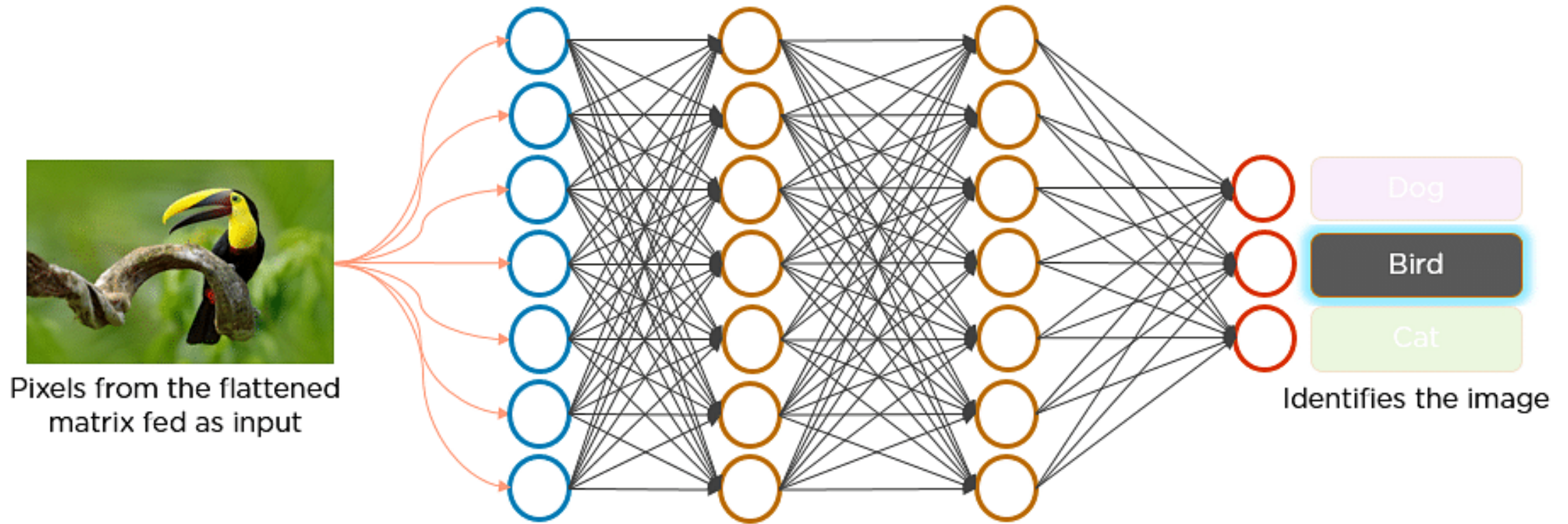
Fully connected Layer...



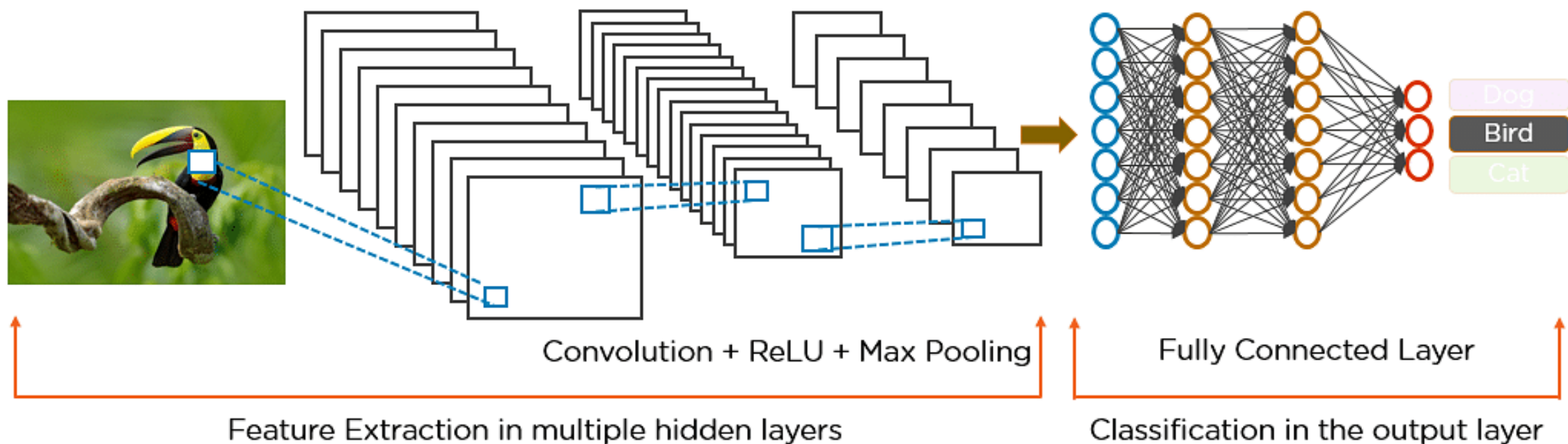
Fully connected Layer...



Fully connected Layer...



How exactly CNN predicts...



USE CASES OF CNN



Decoding Facial Recognition



Analyzing Documents

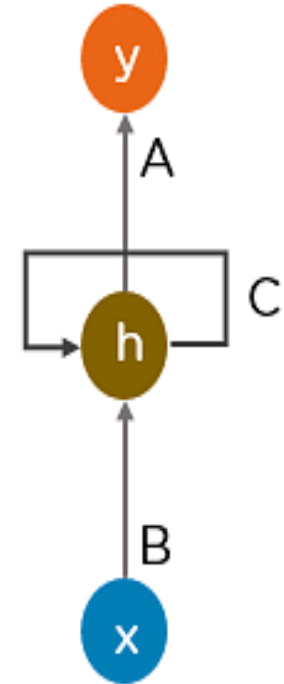
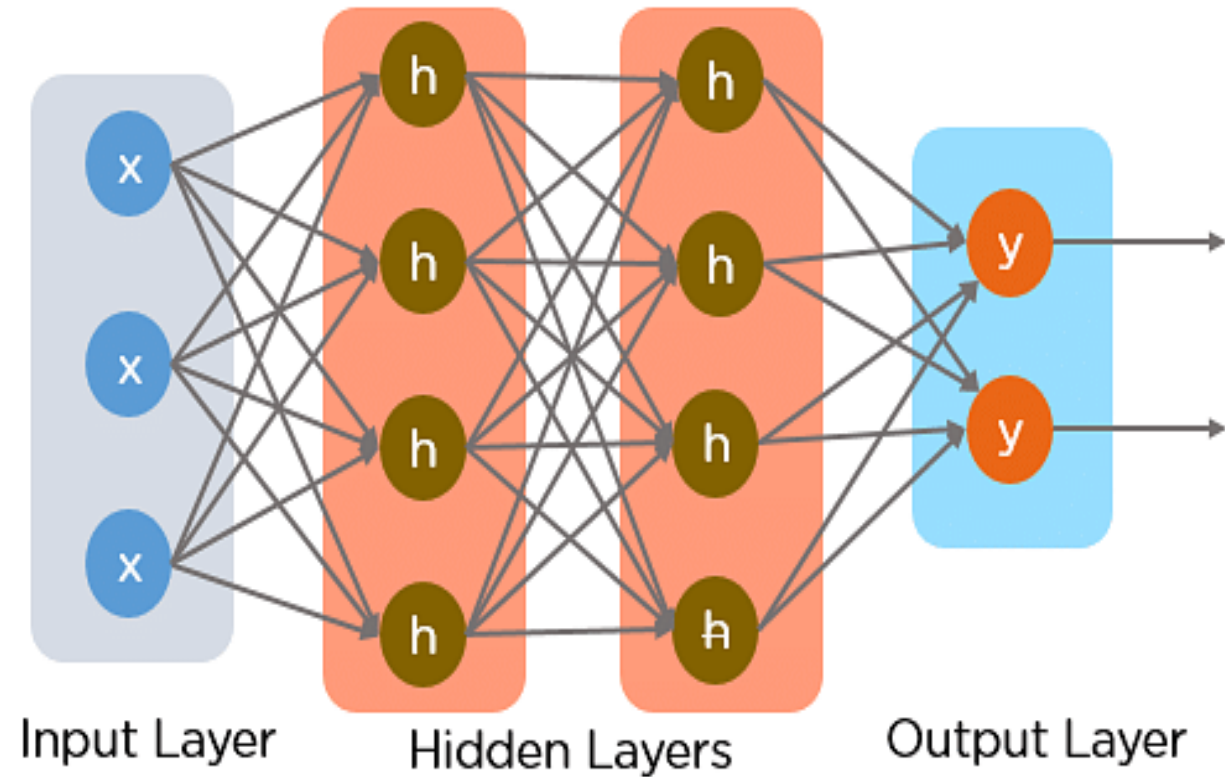


Understanding Climate



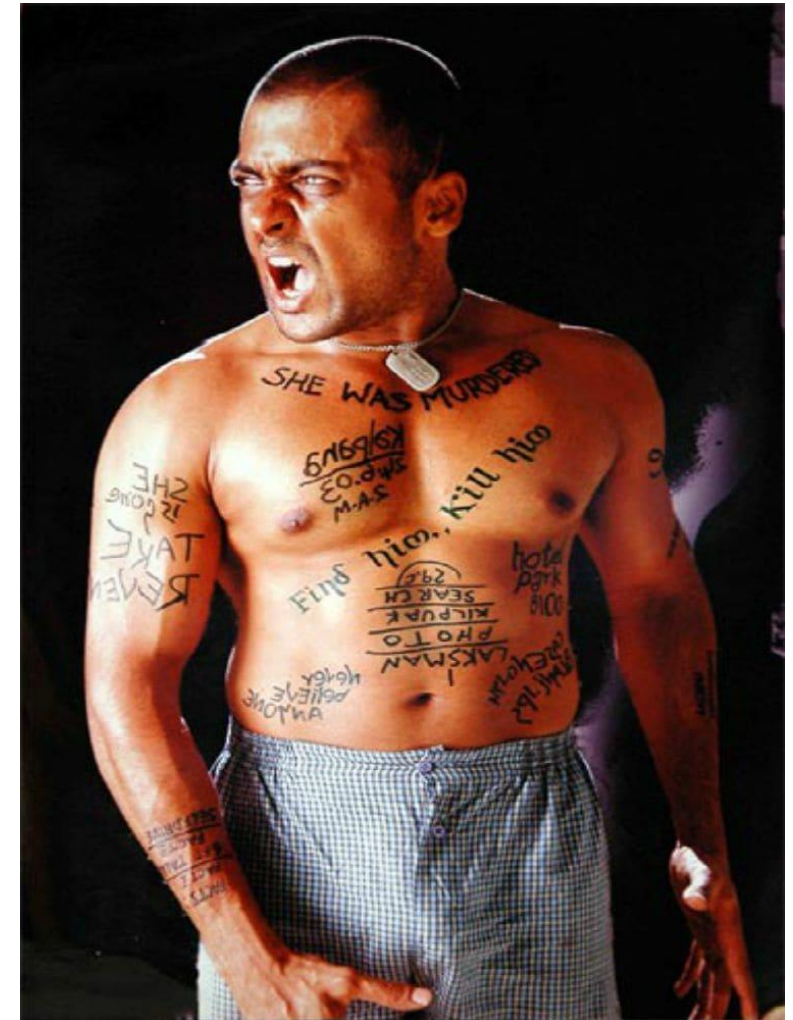
Advertising

What is a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)?

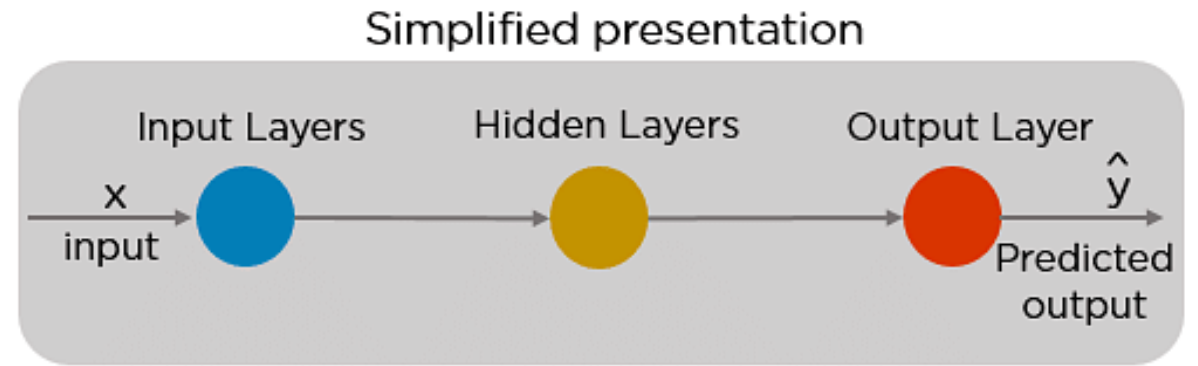
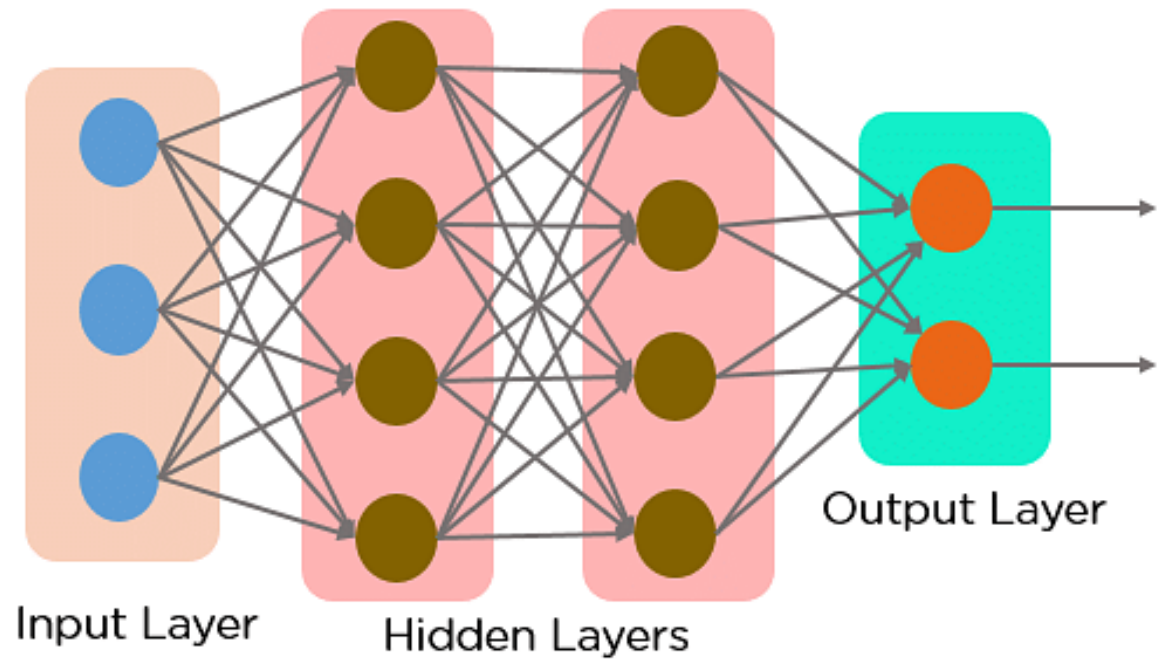


Recurrent Neural Network

RNN Scenarios...



Feed Forward Neural Network ...





"A Dog catching a ball in mid air"



Here the person is speaking in English and it is getting translated into Chinese, Italian, French, German and Spanish languages

Machine Translation



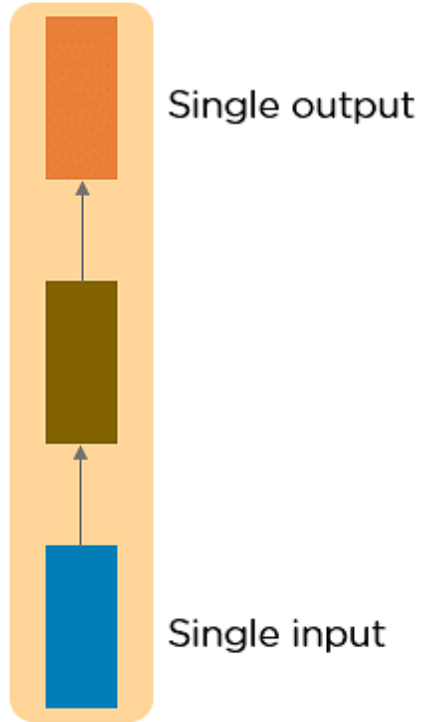
When it rains, look for rainbows.
When it's dark, look for stars.

Positive Sentiment

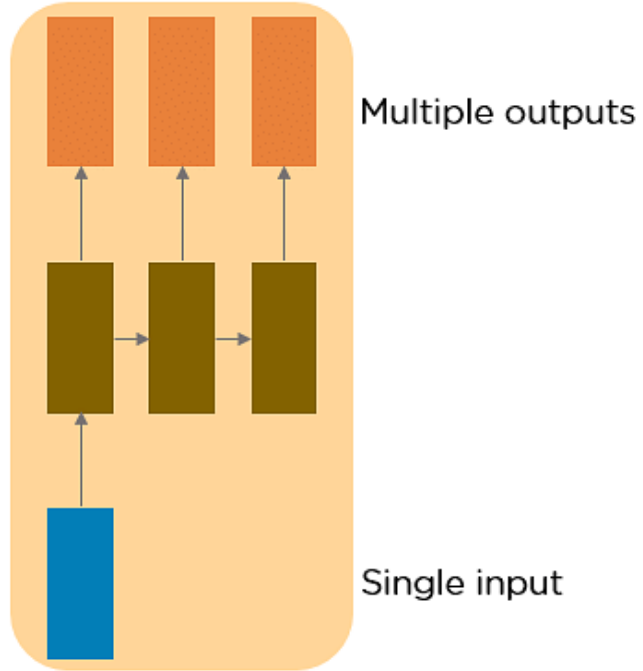
Natural Language Processing

Types of RNN...

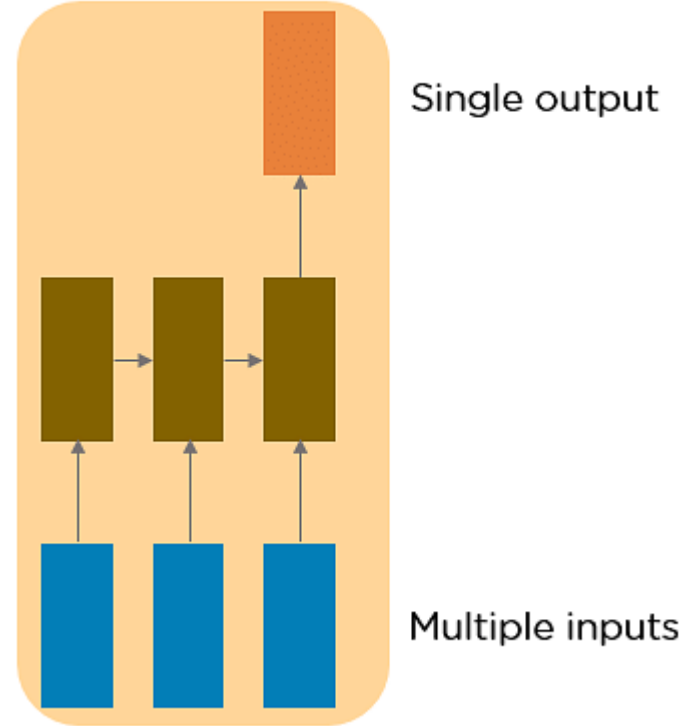
one to one



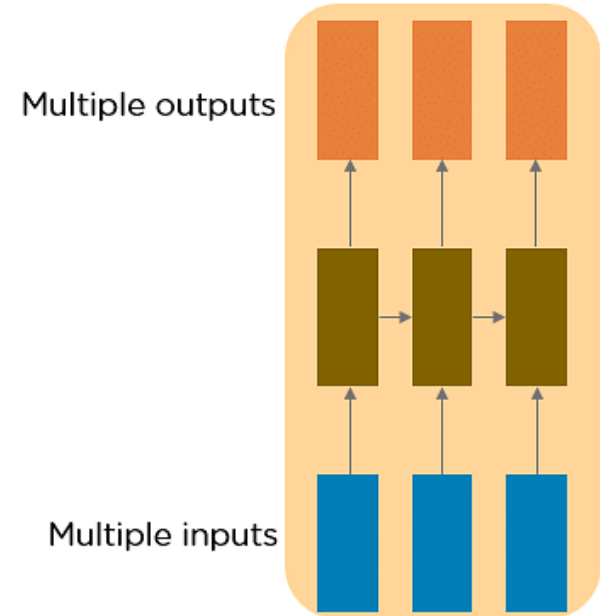
one to many



many to one

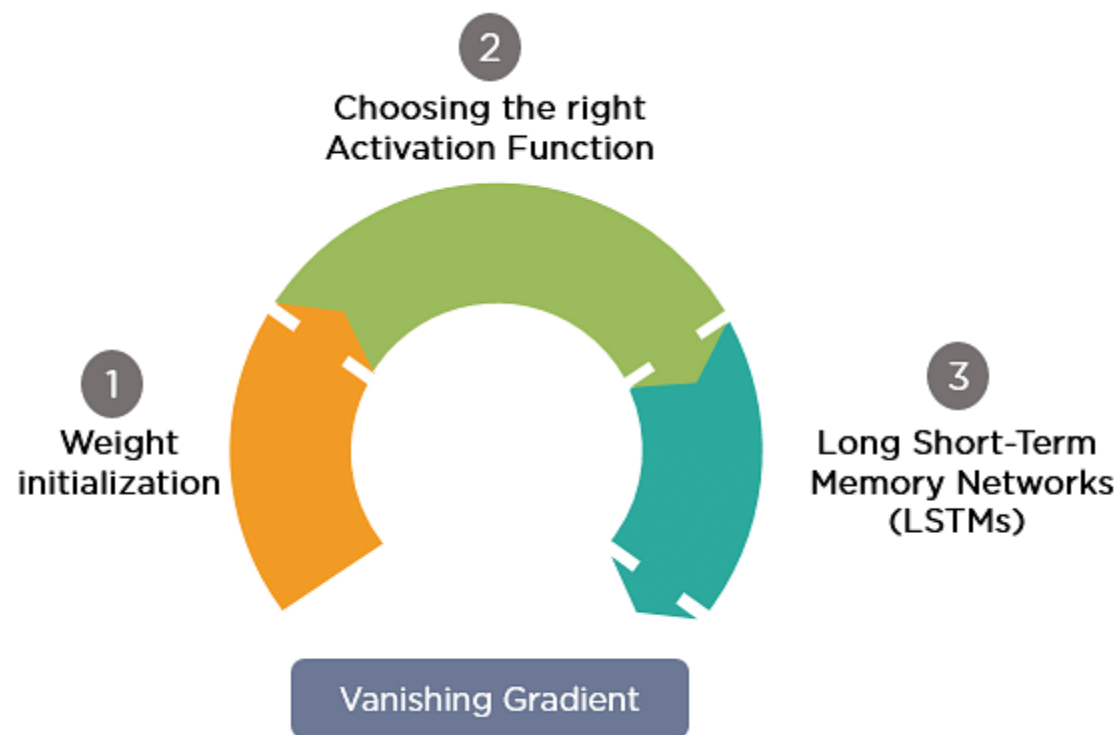
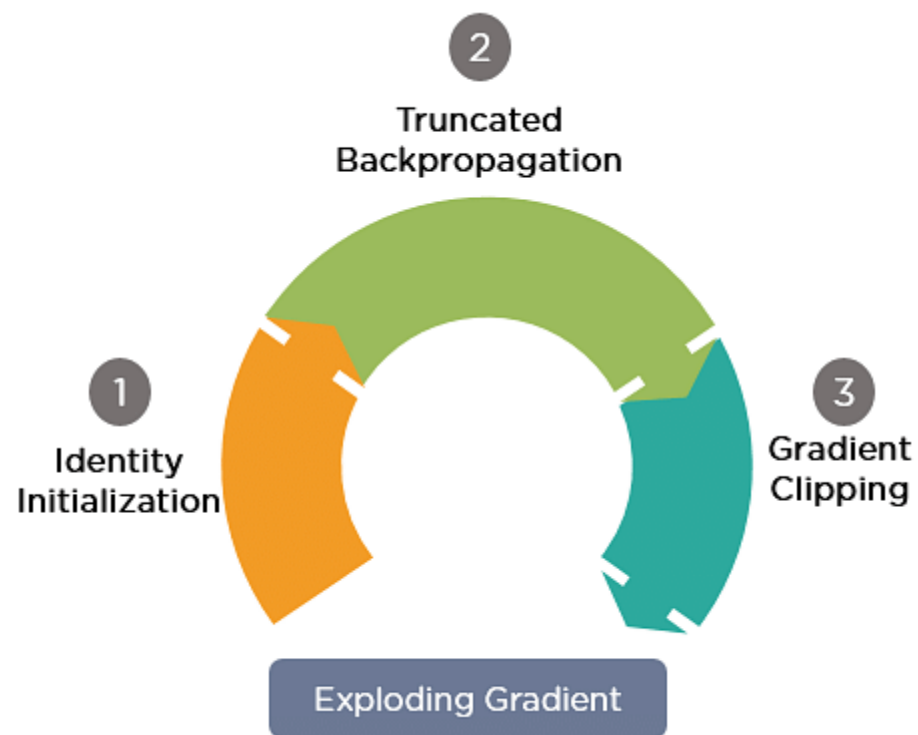


many to many



Vanilla Neural Network

Two Issues of Standard RNNs and Solutions



“The clouds are in the ____.”

**“I have been staying in TamilNadu for
the last 10 years...I can speak fluent
____.”**

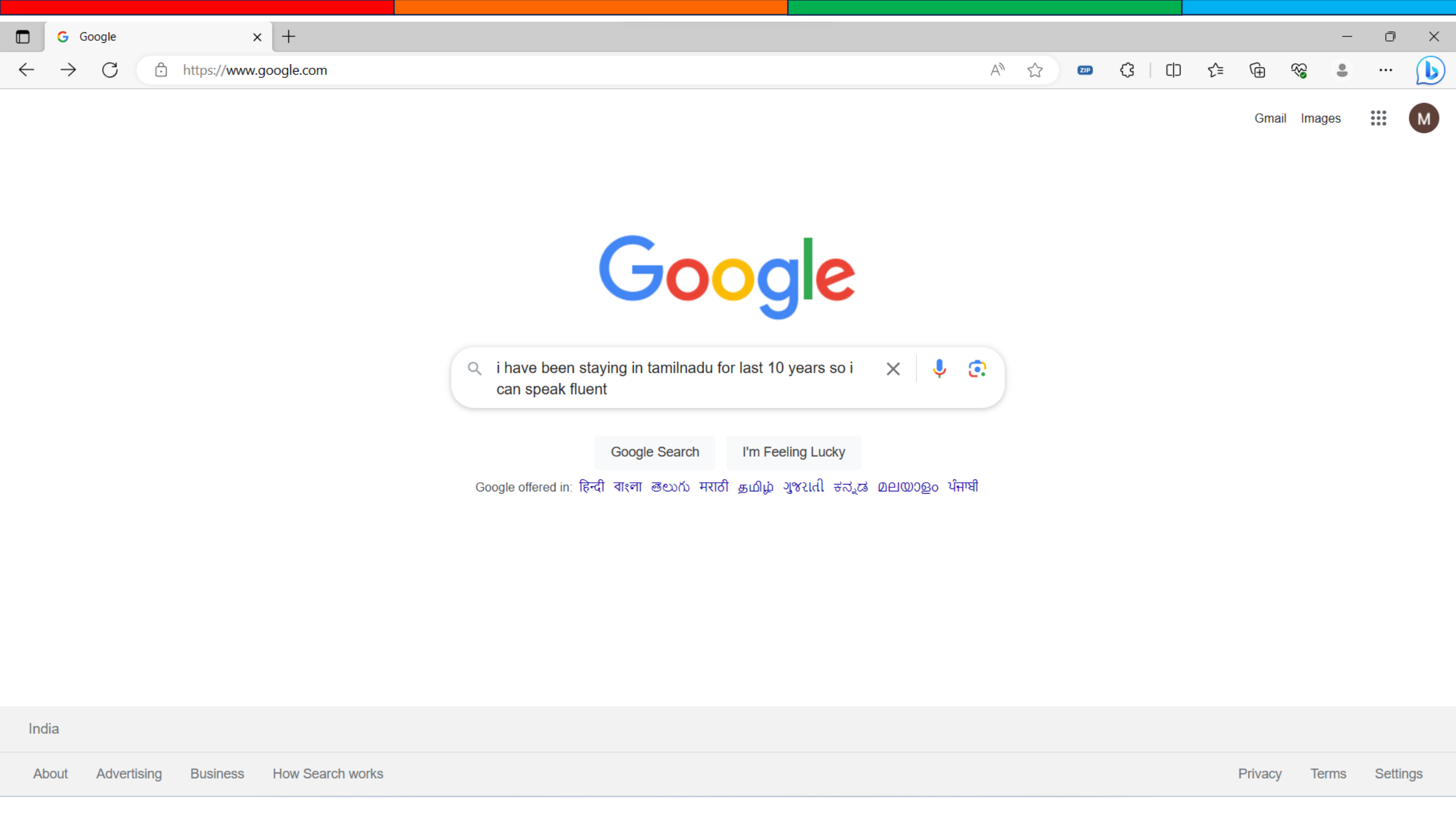


- the clouds are in the
- the clouds are in the **sky**
 - the **cloud is** in the **ocean**
 - the **cloud** in the **room**
 - what does** the clouds **mean**

Google Search

I'm Feeling Lucky

[Report inappropriate predictions](#)



🔍 i have been staying in tamilnadu for last 10 years so i can speak fluent ✕

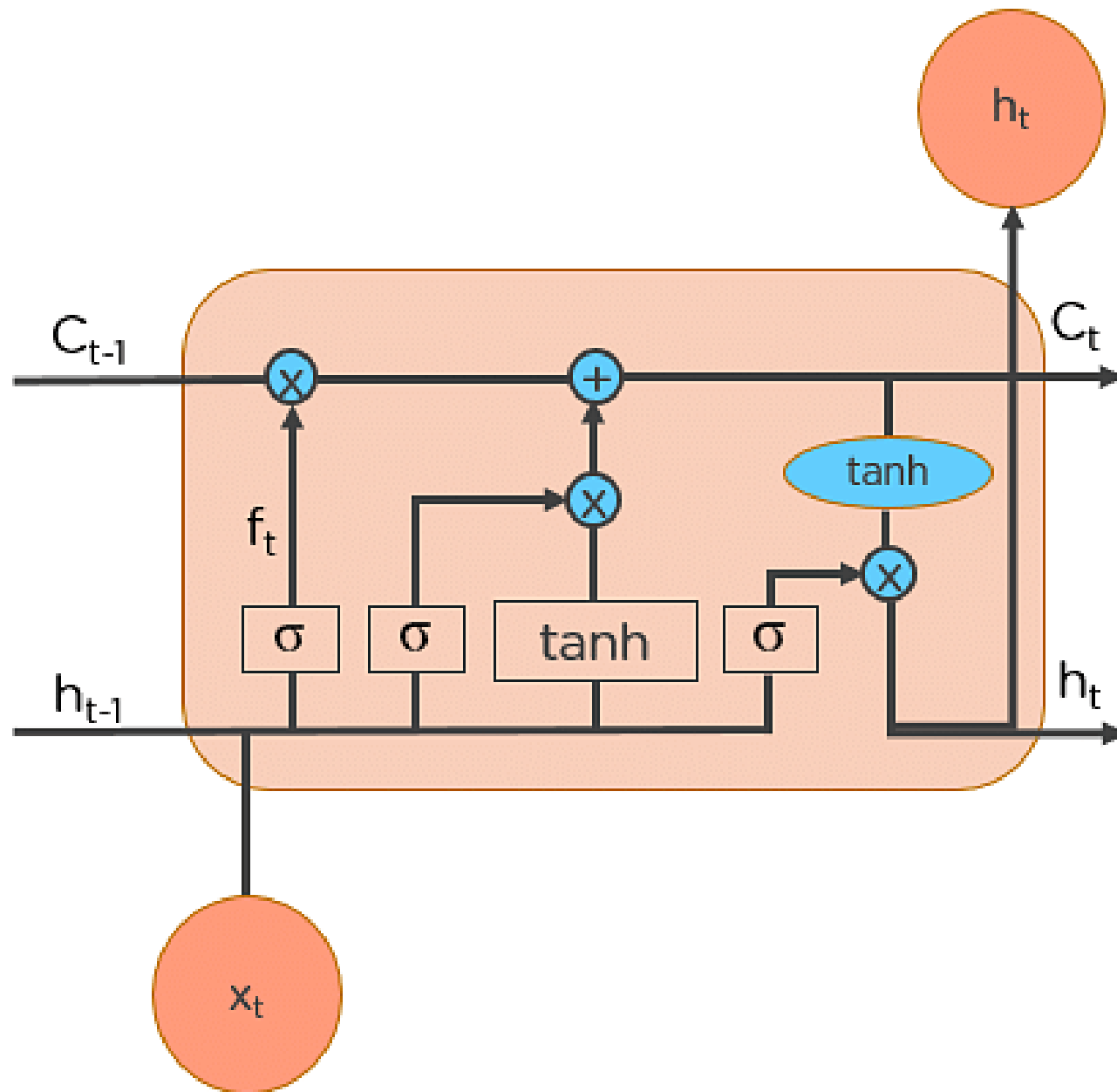
🗣️ 🖼️

Google Search

I'm Feeling Lucky

Google offered in: [हिन्दी](#) [বাংলা](#) [తెలుగు](#) [मराठी](#) [தமிழ்](#) [ગુજરાતી](#) [ಕನ್ನಡ](#) [മലയാളം](#) [ਪੰਜਾਬੀ](#)

LSTM's



	CNN (Convolutional Neural Network)	RNN (Recurrent Neural Network)	LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory)
Suitable for	Grid-like structured data (e.g., images)	Sequential data (e.g., text, speech)	Sequential data with long-term dependencies
Key feature	Convolutional layers for local feature extraction	Recurrent connections for sequential information	Memory cells for capturing long-term dependencies
Architecture	Consists of convolutional layers and pooling	Consists of recurrent layers	A specialized type of RNN with LSTM memory cells
Information flow	Forward and occasionally backward	Unidirectional or bidirectional	Unidirectional or bidirectional
Memory	Limited memory, typically local context	Hidden state carries past information	Memory cells store past information and gate it

Weaknesses	Limited sequential modeling, global context	Difficulty capturing long-term dependencies	Computational complexity, overfitting with small data
Common applications	Image classification, object detection	Sentiment analysis, language modeling, speech recognition	Natural language processing, machine translation

THANK YOU



Queries???