## **JDBC Quick Revision Notes**

# 1. Date & Time Handling

- java.util.Date -> contains both date and time.
- java.sql.Date -> contains only date.
- java.sql.Time -> contains only time.
- java.sql.Timestamp -> contains both date and time.

## 2. Connection Management

- JDBC connection is expensive to create repeatedly.
  - -> Best Practice: Create at startup and reuse.
- Connection is an interface.
- DriverManager.getConnection() -> used to get DB connection.
- DataSource -> provides connection pooling.
- JDBC 4.0 auto-registers drivers using:
  - -> META-INF/services/java.sql.Driver

#### 3. Transactions

- setAutoCommit(false) -> disables auto-commit mode.
  - -> Allows manual control of commit() and rollback().
- Improves performance by batching SQL statements.
- rollback() -> undoes changes made in current transaction.

### 4. JDBC Execution Methods

- executeQuery() -> for SELECT (returns ResultSet).
- executeUpdate() -> for INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE (returns int).
- execute() -> returns:
  - -> true if it returns a ResultSet
- -> false if it returns an update count

# 5. Statement vs PreparedStatement vs CallableStatement

## **JDBC Quick Revision Notes**

- Statement -> Simple SQL, prone to SQL injection
- PreparedStatement -> Precompiled, parameterized, safe
- CallableStatement -> Used to call Stored Procedures
- PreparedStatement uses '?' for parameters.
- addBatch() -> used in batch processing for speed.
- PreparedStatement is compiled, stored in DB.
- Parameters are initialized during query execution.
- Best for DML: executeUpdate() with PreparedStatement.

## 6. ResultSet

- Default: TYPE\_FORWARD\_ONLY
- Scrollable & Read-Only:
  - -> con.prepareStatement(sql, TYPE\_SCROLL\_INSENSITIVE, CONCUR\_READ\_ONLY);
- Methods: next(), previous(), absolute(int)
- Types:
  - -> TYPE\_SCROLL\_INSENSITIVE, TYPE\_SCROLL\_SENSITIVE
- Concurrency:
  - -> CONCUR\_READ\_ONLY, CONCUR\_UPDATABLE

#### 7. JDBC Drivers

- Type 1 -> JDBC-ODBC Bridge
- Type 2 -> Native-API Driver
- Type 3 -> Network Protocol Driver (for internet use)
- Type 4 -> Native-Protocol (Thin) Driver (most efficient and preferred)

## 8. JDBC Miscellaneous

- setMaxRows(int) -> limits number of rows in a query.
- SQLException -> must be handled (checked exception).
- Precompiled SQL is stored in PreparedStatement.
- static block in driver class registers it with DriverManager.