Problem Statement: Predicting Diabetes in Pima Indian Women

Description:

The Pima Indians Diabetes dataset is a collection of medical data from Pima Indian women in Arizona, USA. This dataset is widely used for the development and evaluation of predictive models to identify individuals at high risk of developing diabetes. The goal of this project is to build a predictive model that can accurately classify individuals as either diabetic or non-diabetic based on a set of medical and demographic features.

Dataset Details:

The dataset contains the following features:

- 1. Pregnancies: Number of times pregnant.
- 2. Glucose: Plasma glucose concentration a 2 hours in an oral glucose tolerance test.
- 3. BloodPressure: Diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg).
- 4. SkinThickness: Triceps skin fold thickness (mm).
- 5. Insulin: 2-Hour serum insulin (mu U/ml).
- 6. BMI: Body mass index (weight in kg / (height in m)^2).
- 7. DiabetesPedigreeFunction: A function that scores the likelihood of diabetes based on family history.
- 8. Age: Age in years.
- 9. Class The binary target variable indicating the presence (1) or absence (0) of diabetes.

Apply Logistic Regression Model.

```
In [85]: #Pima-Indians-Diabetes Prediction
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
         pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
         pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
```

Loading the Data set

```
df=pd.read_csv("pima-indians-diabetes .csv")
In [86]:
          df.head()
In [87]:
Out[87]:
             Preg Plas
                        Pres
                              skin
                                                           class
                                    test mass
                                                pedi
                                                      age
          0
                    148
                                          33.6
                                               0.627
                                                       50
                           72
                                35
                     85
                           66
                                29
                                      0
                                          26.6 0.351
                                                       31
                    183
                                 0
                                      0
                                          23.3 0.672
                                                       32
                     89
                                          28.1 0.167
                                                       21
                    137
                           40
                                35
                                    168
                                          43.1 2.288
                                                       33
                                                              1
```

EDA Operations

In [88]:	df.set_axis(['Pregnancies','Glucose','BloodPressure','SkinThickness','Insulin','BM														
In [89]:	df.head()														
Out[89]:		Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	вмі	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	A						
	0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627							
	1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351							
	2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672							
	3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167							
	4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288							
4															

Analysing the data

n [90]:	<pre>df.describe()</pre>												
t[90]:	Pregnancies		Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	ВМІ	DiabetesPe					
	count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000						
	mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578						
	std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160						
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000						
	25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000						
	50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000						
	75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000						
	max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000						
								•					

We have some '0's in data set which not be '0' like "Glucose", "BloodPressure", "SkinThickness", "Insulin" and "BMI"

```
df.Glucose=df.Glucose.replace(0,df.Glucose.mean())
In [91]:
          df.BloodPressure=df.BloodPressure.replace(0,df.BloodPressure.mean())
          df.SkinThickness=df.SkinThickness.replace(0,df.SkinThickness.mean())
          df.Insulin=df.Insulin.replace(0,df.Insulin.mean())
          df.BMI=df.BMI.replace(0,df.BMI.mean())
         df.describe()
In [92]:
                              Glucose BloodPressure SkinThickness
                                                                     Insulin
                                                                                  BMI DiabetesPe
Out[92]:
                Pregnancies
                 768.000000 768.000000
                                          768.000000
                                                       768.000000 768.000000 768.000000
          count
          mean
                   3.845052 121.681605
                                           72.254807
                                                        26.606479 118.660163
                                                                             32.450805
                   3.369578
                             30.436016
                                           12.115932
                                                         9.631241
                                                                  93.080358
                                                                              6.875374
            std
           min
                   0.000000
                             44.000000
                                           24.000000
                                                         7.000000
                                                                   14.000000
                                                                             18.200000
           25%
                   1.000000
                             99.750000
                                           64.000000
                                                        20.536458
                                                                  79.799479
                                                                             27.500000
           50%
                   3.000000 117.000000
                                           72.000000
                                                        23.000000
                                                                   79.799479
                                                                             32.000000
           75%
                   6.000000 140.250000
                                           80.000000
                                                        32.000000 127.250000
                                                                             36.600000
                  17.000000 199.000000
                                          122.000000
                                                        99.000000 846.000000
                                                                             67.100000
           max
          df.columns.values
In [93]:
          array(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness',
Out[93]:
                 'Insulin', 'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age', 'Class'],
                dtype=object)
In [94]:
         df.Class.value_counts()
               500
Out[94]:
               268
         Name: Class, dtype: int64
          Class The binary target variable indicating the presence (1) or absence (0)
          of diabetes.
          Also Data is not balanced
In [95]: df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
          Data columns (total 9 columns):
             Column
                                          Non-Null Count Dtype
              _____
                                          _____
          ---
          0
              Pregnancies
                                          768 non-null
                                                           int64
                                          768 non-null
           1
               Glucose
                                                           float64
               BloodPressure
                                          768 non-null
                                                          float64
           2
           3
               SkinThickness
                                          768 non-null
                                                          float64
           4
              Insulin
                                          768 non-null
                                                           float64
                                          768 non-null
                                                           float64
           5
               BMI
           6
               DiabetesPedigreeFunction 768 non-null
                                                           float64
           7
               Age
                                          768 non-null
                                                           int64
               Class
                                          768 non-null
                                                           int64
           8
          dtypes: float64(6), int64(3)
         memory usage: 54.1 KB
```

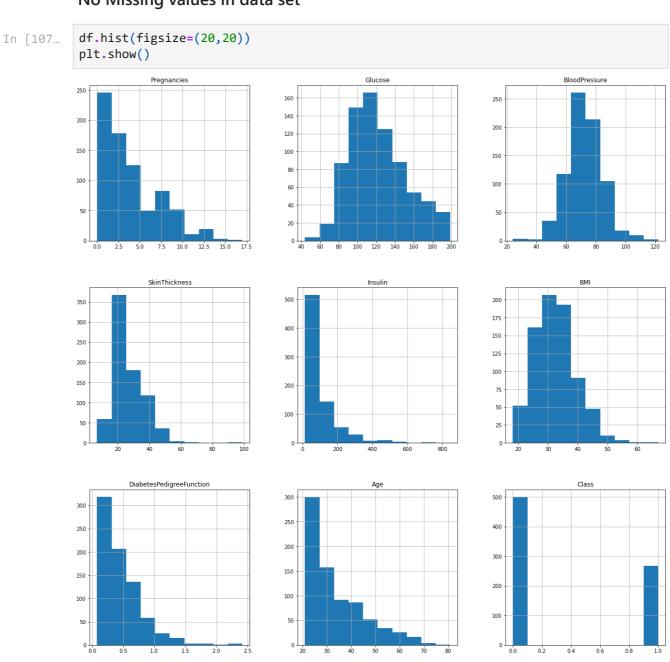
All variables are numbers

In [96]: df.isnull().sum() 0 Pregnancies Out[96]: Glucose 0 BloodPressure 0 SkinThickness 0 Insulin 0 0 DiabetesPedigreeFunction 0 Age 0 Class 0 dtype: int64

No Missing values in data set

df.skew()

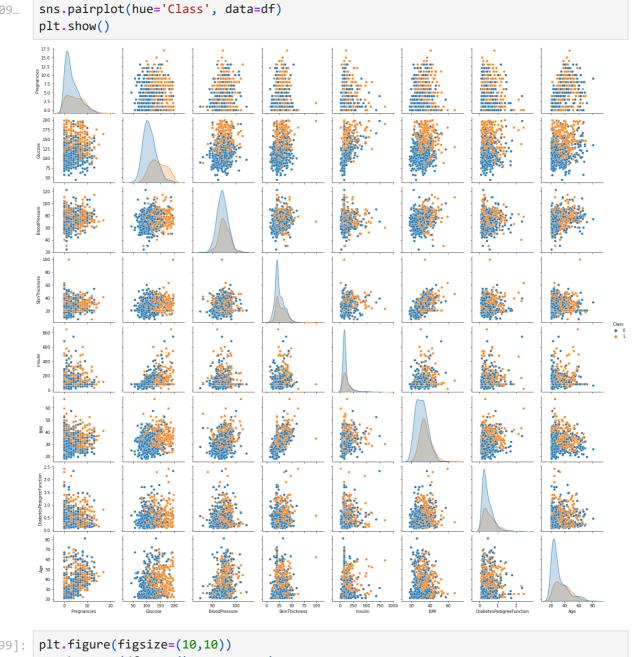
In [98]:



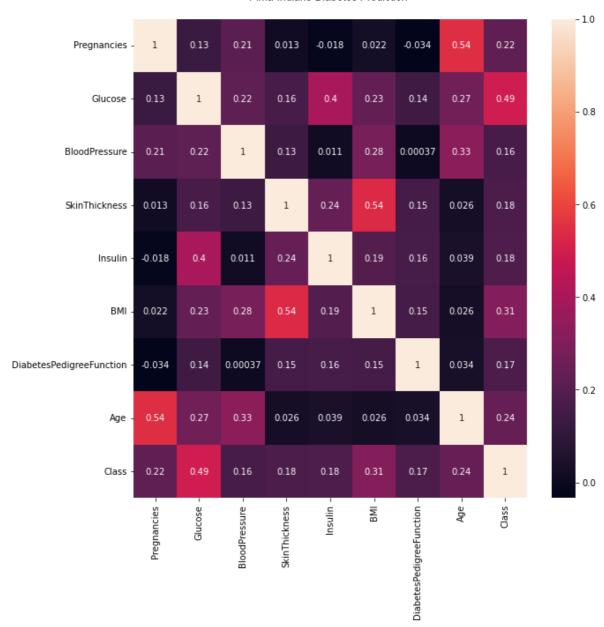
In [109...

0.901674 Pregnancies Out[98]: Glucose 0.533225 BloodPressure 0.173050 SkinThickness 1.226670 Insulin 3.291825 BMI 0.601103 DiabetesPedigreeFunction 1.919911 1.129597 Class 0.635017 dtype: float64

'DiabetesPedigreeFunction' variable is more skewed



sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True) plt.show()



```
In [100...
           from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
           from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
           from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

```
In [101...
           X=df.iloc[:,0:8]
           y=df.iloc[:,-1].values
```

In [102...

```
Out[102]: array([1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1,
                 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1,
                 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0,
                 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
                                           1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0,
                 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0,
                 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
                 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0],
                dtype=int64)
         X_train, X_test,y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,test_size=0.20,random_state
In [103...
          # LogisticRegression
In [104...
          clf = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
          clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
          C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\ logistic.py:814:
          ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
          STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
          Increase the number of iterations (max_iter) or scale the data as shown in:
              https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
          Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
              https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression
            n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
          LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
Out[104]:
In [105...
          # Prediction
          y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
In [106...
          acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
          print("Logistic Regression model accuracy (in %):", acc*100)
          Logistic Regression model accuracy (in %): 80.51948051948052
```

localhost:8888/nbconvert/html/Desktop/Mukund/DATA SCIENCE/ML/Assigments/16258311/Pima-Indians-Diabetes Prediction.ipynb?download=fa... 7/8