ASSIGNMENT-5

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Outline

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- Solution
 - Case (i)
 - Case (ii)
 - Case (iii)
- Cumulative Distribution Graph

Example 4-3

In the coin-tossing experiment, the probability of heads equals p and the probability of tails equals q. Find its distribution function F(x) for every x' from $-\infty$ to ∞ ?



Solution

Here F(x) is called the cumulative distribution function of the random variable x.It is defined by

$$F_{\mathsf{x}}(w) = P\{\mathbf{X} \le w\} \tag{1}$$

We define a random variable X such that

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if heads occured} \\ 0 & \text{if tails occured} \end{cases}$$



Case (i) : x < 0

To find cumulative distribution consider cases of x from $-\infty$ to ∞ . Given x < 0 but both $\{X(h) = 1\}, \{X(t) = 0\} > x$ exceeds given interval of x so

$$F(x) = P\{X \le x\}$$

$$= P\{\phi\} \text{ (Null set)}$$

$$= 0 \tag{2}$$



Case (ii) : $0 \le x < 1$

Given $0 \le x < 1$. we know $\{X(h) = 1\} > x$ but $\{X(t) = 0\} \le [0, 1)$ Hence

$$F(x) = P\{X \le x\}$$

$$= P\{t\}, \forall x \in [0, 1), X(t) \le x$$

$$= q$$
(3)

Case (iii) : $x \ge 1$

We have $\{X(h)=1\} \le x$ and $\{X(t)=0\} \le x$ as here $x \in [1,\infty)$, also events X(h) and X(t) are partition of sample space so p+q=1.

$$F(x) = P(X \le x)$$

$$= P\{t, h\}, \forall x \in [1, \infty), X(t, p) \le x$$

$$= p + q$$

$$= 1$$
(4)



Graph

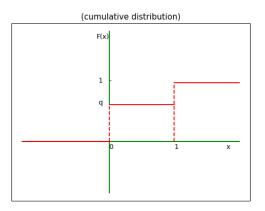


Figure: Cumulative Distribution