Input(1): 今天上午9点半, 复旦投毒案将在上海二中院公开审理。 被害学生黄洋的亲属已从四川抵达上海, 其父称待刑事部分结束后, 再提民事赔偿,黄洋92岁的奶奶依然 不知情。 今年 4 月 , 在 复旦 <u>上海医学院</u> 读 研究生 的 <u>黄洋 疑遭</u> 室友 <u>林森 浩 投毒</u> , 不幸身亡 。 新民 网

Today 9:30, the Fudan poisoning case will be will on public trial at the Shanghai Second Intermediate Court. The relatives of the murdered student Huang Yang has arrived at Shanghai from Sichuan. His father said that they will start the lawsuit for civil compensation after the criminal section. HuangYang 92-year-old grandmother is still unaware of his death. In April, a graduate student at Fudan University Shanghai Medical College, Huang Yang is allegedly poisoned and killed by his roommate Lin Senhao. Reported by Xinmin

Golden: 林森 浩 投毒案 今日 开审 92 岁 奶奶 尚不知 情

the case of Lin Senhao poisoning is on trial today, his 92-year-old grandmother is still unaware of this

RNN context: 复旦投毒案: 黄洋疑遭室友投毒凶手已从四川飞往上海,父亲命案另有4人被通知家属不治?

CopyNet: 复旦 投毒案 今 在 沪 上 公开审理

the Fudan poisoning case is on public trial today in Shanghai

**Input(2)**: 华谊 兄弟(300027) 在 昨日 收盘 后 发布公告 称,公司 拟 以 自有 资金 3.078 亿元 收购 浙江 水乐 影视 股份 有限公司 若干股东 持有 的 水乐 影视 51%的 股权 。对于 此项 收购, 华谊 兄弟 董秘 <u>胡明</u> 昨日 表示: " 和 <u>永乐</u> 影视 的 合并 是 对 华谊 兄弟 电视剧 业务 的 一个 加强。

Huayi Brothers (300027) announced that the company intends to buy with its own fund 397.8 million 51% of Zhejiang Yongle Film LTD's stake owned by a number of shareholders of Yongle Film LTD. For this acquisition, the secretary of the board, Hu Ming, said yesterday: "the merging with Yongle Film is to strengthen Huayi Brothers on TV business".

Golden: 华谊 兄弟 拟 收购 永乐 影视 5 1 % 股权

Huayi Brothers intends to acquire 51% stake of Zhejiang Yongle Film

RNN context: 华谊兄弟收购永乐影视51%股权: 与永乐影视合并为"和唐"影视合并的"UNK"和"UNK"的区别?

CopyNet: 华谊 兄弟 拟 3.978 亿 收购 永乐 影视 董秘 称 加强 电视剧 业务

Huayi Brothers is intended to 397.8 million acquisition of Yongle Film secretaries called to strengthen the TV business

Input(3): 工厂, 大门紧锁, 约 20 名工人 <u>散</u> 坐在 树荫下。 "我们 就是 普通工人, 在 这里 等 工资。"其中一人说道。7月4日 上午, 记者抵达 深圳 龙华区 清 湖 路上 的 深圳 <u>愿景</u> <u>光电子</u>有限公司。 正如 传言 一般, <u>愿景 光电子</u> 倒闭 了, 大 股东 <u>邢毅</u> 不知 <u>所踪</u>。

The door of factory is locked. About 20 workers are scattered to sit under the shade. "We are ordinary workers, waiting for our salary" one of them said. In the morning of July 4th, reporters arrived at Yuanjing Photoelectron Corporation located at Qinghu Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen. Just as the rumor, Yuanjing Photoelectron Corporation is closed down and the big shareholder Xing Yi is missing.

Golden: 深圳 亿元 级 LED 企业倒闭 烈日 下 工人 苦 等 老板

 $Hundred-million\ CNY\ worth\ LED\ enterprise\ is\ closed\ down\ and\ workers\ wait\ for\ the\ boss\ under\ the\ scorching\ sun$ 

RNN context: 深圳 "<UNK>": 深圳<UNK><UNK>, <UNK>, <UNK>, <UNK>

CopyNet: 愿景 光电子 倒闭 20 名 工人 散 坐在 树荫下

Yuanjing Photoelectron Corporation is closed down, 20 workers are scattered to sit under the shade

Input(4): 截至 2012 年 10 月底 , 全国 累计 报告 艾滋病 <u>病毒感染者</u> 和 病人 <u>492191</u> 例 。 卫生部 称 , <u>性传播</u> 已 成为 艾滋病 的 主要 传播 途径 。 至 2011 年 9 月 , 艾滋病 <u>感染者</u> 和 <u>病人数</u> 累 计报告<u>数排</u>在前6位的省份依次为云南、广西、河南、四川、新疆和广东,占全国的<u>75.8%。</u>

At the end of October 2012, the national total of reported HIV infected people and AIDS patients is 492,191 cases. The Health Ministry saids exual transmission has become the main route of transmission of AIDS. To September 2011, the six provinces with the most reported HIV infected people and AIDS patients were Yunnan, Guangxi, Henan, Sichuan, Xinjiang and Guangdong, accounting for 75.8% of the country.

Golden: 卫生部: 性传播 成 艾滋病 主要 传播 途径

Ministry of Health: Sexually transmission became the main route of transmission of AIDS

RNN context: 全国累计报告艾滋病患者和病人<UNK>例艾滋病患者占全国<UNK>%, 性传播成艾滋病高发人群?

CopyNet: 卫生部: 性传播 已成为 艾滋病 主要 传播 途径

Ministry of Health: Sexually transmission has become the main route of transmission of AIDS

Input(5): 中国 反垄断 调查 风暴 继续 <u>席卷 汽车行业</u>,继 德国 <u>车企</u> 奥迪 和 美国 <u>车企 克莱斯勒</u> "<u>沦陷</u>"之后, 又 有 12 家 日本 汽车企业 <u>卷入漩涡</u> 。 记者 从 业内人士 获悉 , 丰田 旗下 的 雷克萨斯 近期 曾被 发改委约谈。

Chinese antitrust investigation continues to sweep the automotive industry. After Germany Audi car and the US Chrysler "fell", there are 12 Japanese car companies involved in the whirlpool Reporters learned from the insiders that Toyota's Lexus has been asked to report to the Development and Reform Commission recently.

Golden: 发改委 公布 汽车 反垄断 进程: 丰田 雷克萨斯 近期 被 约 谈

the investigation by Development and Reform Commission: Toyota's Lexus has been asked to report

RNN context: 丰田雷克萨斯遭发改委约谈: 曾被约谈丰田旗下的雷克萨斯遭发改委约谈负人被约谈

CopyNet: 中国 反垄断 继续 席卷 汽车行业 12 家 日本 汽车 企业 被 发改委 约 谈

Chinese antitrust investigation continues to sweep the automotive industry, 12 Japanese car companies are asked to report to he Development and Reform Commission

Input(6): <u>镁离子</u>电池相比<u>锂电池</u>能量<u>密度</u>提升了近一倍,这意味着使用了<u>镁</u>电池的电动车,<u>纯电续航</u>也将<u>有质</u>的提升。但目前由于<u>电解质</u>等<u>技术壁垒</u>,要大规模<u>量产</u>并<mark>取代<u>锂电池</u>还为时过早。</mark> The energy density of Magnesium ion batteries almost doubles that of lithium battery, which means that for the electric vehicles using of magnesium batteries will last longer even at pure electric power. But currently due to the technical barriers to the electrolyte, it is still too early for the mass production of it and replacing lithium batteries..

Golden: 锂电池或将被淘汰 能量密度更高的镁电池亦大势所趋

 $Lithium\ batteries\ will\ be\ phased\ out,\ magnesium\ battery\ with\ energy\ density\ higher\ will\ be\ the\ future\ trend$ 

CopyNet: 镁离子电池问世: 大规模量产取代锂电池

Magnesium ion battery is developed: mass production of it will replace lithium batteries

**Input(7):** 1. 掌握 技巧 <u>融会贯通</u>; 2. 学会 融资; 3. 懂 法律; 4. 保持 自信; 5. 测试 + 尝试; 6. 了解 客户的 需求; 7. 预测 + 衡量 + 确保; 8. 做好与各种小 <u>bug</u> 做 斗争的 心态; 9. 发现 机遇 保持 创业 激情。

1. master the skills; 2 Learn to finance; 3. understand the law; 4. Be confident; 5. test+ trial; 6. understand the need of customers; 7 forecast + measure + ensure; 8. mentally prepared to fight all kinds of small bugs; 9 discover opportunities and keep the passion of start-up.

Golden: 初次 创业者 必知 的 10 个 技巧

The 10 tips for the first time start-ups

RNN context: 6个方法让你创业的6个<UNK>与<UNK>, 你怎么看懂你的创业故事吗? (6家)

CopyNet: 创业 成功的 9 个 技巧 The 9 tips for success in start-up

Input(8): 9月3日, 总部位于 日内瓦的世界经济论坛发布了《2014 - 2015年全球竞争力报告》,瑞士连续六年位居榜首,成为全球最具竞争力的国家,新加坡和美国分别第二 位和第三位。中国排名第28位,在金砖国家中排名最高。

On September 3, the Geneva based World Economic Forum released "The Global Competitiveness Report 2014-2015". Switzerland topped the list for six consecutive years, becoming the world's most competitive country. Singapore and the United States are in the second and third place respectively. China is in the 28th place, ranking highest among the BRIC countries.

Golden: 全球 竞争力 排行榜 中国 居 28 位居 金砖 国家 首位

The Global competitiveness ranking list, China is in the 28th place, the highest among BRIC countries.

RNN context: 2014-2015年全球竞争力报告: 瑞士连续6年居榜首中国居28位(首/3———访榜首)中国排名第28位

CopyNet: 2014 - 2015 年 全球 竞争力 报告: 瑞士 居首 中国 第 28

2014--2015 Global Competitiveness Report: Switzerland topped and China the 28th