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    from __future__ import division
    import sys
import random
    import math
    import numpy as np
    from models import *
from options import *
    from utilities import *
sys.dont_write_bytecode = True
    #say = Utilities().say
    class SearchersBasic():
        tempList=[]
      def display(self,score,printChar=''):
    self.tempList.append(score)
          if(self.displayStyle="display1"):
    print(printChar),
      def display2(self):
          if(self.displayStyle≡"display2"):
    #print xtile(self.tempList,width=25,show=" %1.6f")
             self.tempList=[]
25 class MaxWalkSat(SearchersBasic):
       model = None
minR=0
        maxR=0
        random.seed(40)
       def __init__(self,modelName,displayS):
    self.model=modelName
          self.displayStyle=displayS
       def evaluate(self):
          model = self.model

#print "Model used: %s"%model.info()
           minR=model minR
          maxR=model.maxR
          maxTries=int(myoptions['MaxWalkSat']['maxTries'])
maxChanges=int(myoptions['MaxWalkSat']['maxChanges'])
          threshold=float(myoptions['MaxWalkSat']['threshold'])
probLocalSearch=float(myoptions['MaxWalkSat']['probLocalSearch'])
           bestScore=100
           bestSolution=[]
         #print "Value of p: %f"%probLocalSearch
# model = Fonseca()
model.baseline(minR,maxR)
           #print model.maxVal,model.minVal
           for i in range(0,maxTries): #Outer Loop
             solution=[]
             for x in range(0,n):
    solution.append(minR + random.random()*(maxR-minR))
             #print *Solution: ",
#print solution
for j in range(1,maxChanges):
    score = model.evaluate(solution)
                                                                 #Inner Loop
                  #print score
                     optional-start
65
                  if(score < bestScore):
                     bestScore=score
bestSolution=solution
                   # optional-end
                  # Optional-ein
if(score < threshold):
    #print "threshold reached/Tries: %d/Changes: %d"%(i,j)
    self.display('.", score),
    celf.display('.")</pre>
                     self.model.evalBetter()
                     revN = model.maxVal-model.minVal
return bestSolution,bestScore,self.model
                  if(random.random() > probLocalSearch):
                        c = int((self.model.n)*random.random())
solution[c]=model.neighbour(minR,maxR)
                        self.display(score, "+"),
                        tempBestScore=score
                        tempBestSolution=solution
interval = (maxR-minR)/10
                       Interval = (max=minr)/10
c = int(self.model.n*random.random())
for itr in range(0,10):
    solution[c] = minR + (itr*interval)*random.random()
    tempScore = model.evaluate(solution)
                             if(tempBestScore > tempScore):
   tempBestScore=tempScore
                                                                                  # score is correlated to may?
                        tempBestSolution=solution
solution=tempBestSolution
self.display(tempBestScore,"!"),
                  self.display(score, "."),
if(self.model.lives = 1):
                     #print "DEATH"
self.display2()
                     self.model.evalBetter()
revN = model.maxVal-model.minVal
                     return bestSolution, bestScore, self.model
```

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                                                                                                                                       Page 2/5
         self.display2()
self.model.evalBetter()
revN = model.maxVal-model.minVal
         return bestSolution, bestScore, self.model
110 def probFunction(old,new,t):
    return np.exp(1 *(old-new)/t)
    class SA(SearchersBasic): #minimizing
      model = None
      minR=0
      maxR=0
      maxx=U
random.seed(1)

def __init__(self,modelName,displayS):
    self.model=modelName
    self.displayStyle=displayS
       def neighbour(self,solution,minR,maxR):
         returnValue = []
         n=len(solution)
         for i in range(0,n):
            tempRand = random.random()
           if tempRand <(1/self.model.n):
   returnValue.append(minR + (maxR - minR)*random.random())</pre>
              returnValue.append(solution[i])
         return returnValue
      def evaluate(self):
         model=self.model
         #print "Model used: %s"%(model.info())
minR = model.minR
maxR = model.maxR
         model.baseline(minR,maxR) #print "MaxVal: %f MinVal: %f"%(model.maxVal, model.minVal)
         s = [minR + (maxR - minR)*random.random() for z in range(0,model.n)]
         #print s
         e = model.evaluate(s)
         emax = int(myoptions['SA']['emax'])
         sb = s
eb = e
                                               #Initial Best Solution
                                              #Initial Best Energy
         kmax = int(myoptions['SA']['kmax'])
         while (k \le kmax \land e > emax):
           #print k,e
sn = self.neighbour(s,minR,maxR)
           en = model.evaluate(sn)
if(en < eb):</pre>
              sb = sn
              self.display(en, "."), #we get to somewhere better globally
           tempProb = probFunction(e,en,k/kmax)
tempRand = random.random()
            print " tempProb: %f tempRand: %f " %(tempProb,tempRand)
if(en < e):</pre>
               self.display(en,"+"), #we get to somewhere better locally
165
            elif(tempProb > tempRand):
              jump = True
s = sn
               self.display(en,"?"), #we are jumping to something sub-optimal;
            self.display(en, "."),
            \mathbf{if}(\text{self.model.lives} \equiv 0):
              self.display2()
175
              self.model.emptyWrapper()
#print "out1"
              revN = model.maxVal-model.minVal
               return sb,eb,self.model
           if(k % 50 = 0):
    self.display2()
             self.model.evalBetter()
# print "%f{%d}"%(sb,count),
                count=0
         self.model.emptyWrapper()
revN = model.maxVal-model.minVal
return sb,eb,self.model
    class GA(SearchersBasic):
      model = None
      minR=0
       mayR=0
      population={}
       random.seed(1)
def __init__(self,modelName,displayS):
    self.model=modelName
         def crossOver(self,listdaddy,listmommy):
    rate=self.crossoverRate
    #assert(len(listdaddy)==len(listmommy)), "Something's messed up"
```

## csc710sbse:hw6:VivekNair:vnair2 Page 3/5 Oct 13, 14 20:18 minR,maxR=0,len(listdaddy) tone = int(minR + random.random()\*((maxR)-minR)) ttwo = int(minR + random.random()\*(maxR-(minR))) one.two=min(tone,ttwo),max(tone,ttwo) #print "CrossOver: &d &d \*(cone,two) #if(one==two):two+=2+(minR+random.random()\*(maxR-minR-two-2)) newDaddy=listdaddy[:one]+listmommy[one:two]+listdaddy[two:] 215 newMommy=listmommy[:one]+listdaddy[one:two]+listmommy[two:] return newDaddy,newMommy return listdaddy, listmommy def mutation(self.listdaddv.listmommv): rate=1#self.mutationRate #assert(len(listdaddy)==len(listmommy)), "Something's messed up" if(random.random() < rate): #print "MUTATION"</pre> #print "World" mutant = listdaddy[:] minR, maxR=0,min(len(listdaddy),len(listmommy)) mutationB = int(minR + (random.random()\*(maxR-minR))) mutationH = int(minR + (random.random()\*(maxR-minR))) #print "++ %f %f"%(len(listdaddy),len(listmommy)) #print ">> %f %f"%(mutationE,mutationH) mutant[mutationE]=listmommy[mutationH] return mutant return listdaddy #Changes a list of numbers to a stream of numbers #eg. [0.234,0.54,0.54325] -> [2345454325] def singleStream(self,listpoints): singlelist=[] for i in listpoints: tempstr = str(i)[2:] for x in tempstr: singlelist.append(x) #print singlelist return singlelist def generate(self): minR = self.model.minR maxR = self.model.maxR #http://stackoverflow.com/questions/4119070/ #how-to-divide-a-list-into-n-equal-parts-python lol = lambda lst, sz: [lst[i:i+sz] for i in range(0, len(lst), sz)] minR = model.minR maxR = model.maxR #model.baseline(minR,maxR) #model.DaselIne(mink,maxk) temps1 = self.Roulette(self.population) temps2 = self.Roulette(self.population) #workaround: Bug: was getting e in temp2 so, #whenever I see anything other than 0-9 #I replace it import re temps1 = re.sub('[^0-9]', '', temps1) temps2 = re.sub('[^0-9]', '', temps2) print temps2 print temps2 print temps2 print temps2 s1 = map(int, temps1)[:self.model.n] s2 = map(int, temps2)[:self.model.n] #print 'S1,S2: %d %d '% [4n(s1),len(s2)) #print "SI,32: %d %d % (len(SI),len(S2)) cl,c2=self.crossOver(Sl,22) #print "C1,C2: %d %d " %(len(c1),len(c2)) ml = self.mutation(c1,c2) m2 = self.mutation(c2,c1) muz = Self.mutation(c2,c1) #print "M1,M2: %d %d % {len(m1),len(m2)) #print "self.model.n: %d"%model.n normalcl = lint("'.join(mag(str,x)))/10\*\*len(x) for x in lol(m1,1)] normalc2 = lint("'.join(mag(str,x)))/10\*\*len(x) for x in lol(m2,1)] #print "normalc1, mormalc2: %d %d %d {len(normalc1,len(normalc2)) #print "normalc1,normalc2: %d %d"%[len(normalc1],len(normalc2)) #normalc1 = map(lambda x:minR\*x\*(maxR-minR),normalc1) #normalc2 = map(lambda x:minR\*x\*(maxR-minR),normalc2) if(len(normalc1)≥self.model.n \( \) len(normalc2)≥self.model.n): return normalc1[:self.model.n], normalc2[:self.model.n] #workaround strl = [random.random() for z in range(0,self.model.n)] normalcl = map(lambda x:minR+x\*(maxR-minR),strl) str2 = [random\_random() for z in range(0,self.model.n)] normalc2 = map(lambda x:minR+x\*(maxR-minR),str2) return normalc1, normalc2 #http://stackoverflow.com/questions/10324015 #/fitness-proportionate-selection-roulette-wheel-selection-in-python def Roulette(self,choices): maxN = sum(choices.values()) pick = random.uniform(0, maxN) for key, value in choices.items(): current += abs(value) if current > abs(pick): return key print "Ouch!!" print pick, maxN def keyTransform(self,s): minR = self.model.minR maxR = self.model.maxR strs = self.singleStream(s) strs = self.minmap(str,strs)) fitness = self.model.evaluate(map(lambda x:minR+x\*(maxR-minR),s))

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         def initialPopulation(self):
             model=self.model
             for i in xrange(50):
                s = [random.random() for z in range(0,model.n)]
                strs,fitness = self.keyTransform(s)
self.population[strs]=fitness
             rank = self.elitismrank
             #print len(self.population);
              #This controls whether this GA maximizes
             #or minimizes
             # TODO: not at all efficient
            # TODO: NOC at all salitation
for i in 1:
    self.population = {key: value \
    for key, value in self.population.items() \
    if value is - i}
#print len(self.population)
        def evaluate(self):
    #print "evaluate>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>
             bestSolution=[]
             bestScore = 1e6
             done=False
             model=self.model
             #print "Model used: %s"%(model.info())
minR = model.minR
             maxR = model.maxR
             max# = model.max#
model.baseline(minR,maxR)
#print "MaxVal: %f MinVal: %f"%(model.maxVal, model.minVal)
             #print "n: %d"%model.n
self.initialPopulation()
            #print "initial population generated"
for x in xrange(self.generation):
    #print "Generation: %d"%x
    #print "#",
                #print ##;
for i in xrange(20):
    sl,s2 = self.generate()
    ##0DO: dirty
    strs,fitness = self.keyTransform(sl)
    self.population[strs]=fitness
355
                    strs,fitness = self.keyTransform(s2)
self.display(score=fitness)
                    self.population[strs]=fitness
if(fitness<bestScore):</pre>
                bestScore=fitness
bestSolution=strs
#print "child born"
self.model.evalBetter()
                self.elitism()
                #self.display2()
if(self.model.lives = 0):
                    self.display2()
self.model.emptyWrapper()
370
                   self.model.emptywrapper()
lol = lambda lst, sz: [lst[i:i+sz] \
for i in range(0, len(lst), sz);
tempSolution = [int('.',join(map(str,x)))/10**len(x)\
for x in lol(bestSolution,int(len(bestSolution)/model.n))]
solution= map(lambda x:minRx**(maxR-minR),tempSolution)
375
                    return solution, bestScore, self.model
             #print sorted(self.population.values())
            #print sorted(self.population.values())
self.model.emptyWrapper()
lol = lambda lst, sz: [lst[i:i+sz] \
for i in range(0, len(lst), sz)]
tempSolution = [int(''.join(map(str.x)))/l0**len(x)\
for x in lol(bestSolution,int(len(bestSolution)/model.n))]
solution= map(lambda x:minR+x'(maxR-minR),tempSolution)
return solution,bestScore,self.model
     class DE(SearchersBasic):
        def __init__(self,modelName,displayS):
    self.model=modelName
             self.displayStyle=displayS
         def threeOthers(self.frontier.one):
            #print "threeOthers
seen = [one]
             def other():
    #print "other"
                 for i in xrange(len(frontier)):
                    while True:
                       irue.
k = random.randint(0,len(frontier)-1)
#print "%d"%k
if frontier[k] — in seen:
seen.append(frontier[k])
                           break
                    return frontier[k]
             this = other()
             that = other(
then = other(
             return this, that, then
        def trim(self,x) : # trim to legal range
    m=self.model
             return max(m.minR, min(x, m.maxR))
        def extrapolate(self,frontier,one,f,cf):
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                   two,three,four = self.threeOthers(frontier,one)
#print two,three,four
solution=[]
for d in xrange(self.model.n):
    x,y,z=two[d],three[d],four[d]
if(random.random() < cf):
    solution.append(self.trim(x + f*(y-z)))</pre>
                    solution.append(self.tri
else:
solution.append(one[d])
#print "blah"
import sys
sys.stdout.flush()
return solution
             def update(self,f,cf,frontier,total=0.0,n=0):
    #print "update $d"$len(frontier)
    model=self.model
    newF = []
    total,n=0,0
    for x in frontier:
        #print "update: $d"$n
        s = model.evaluate(x)
        new = self.extrapolate(frontier,x,f,cf)
        #print new
        newe=model.evaluate(new)
    if(newess):
                        newe=mode1.evaluate
if(newe<s):
    newF.append(new)
else:
    newF.append(x)
total+=min(newe,s)
n+=1</pre>
                     return total,n,newF
              def evaluate(self,repeat=100,np=100,f=0.75,cf=0.3,epsilon=0.01):
                    #print "evaluate"
model=self.model
minR = model.minR
maxR = model.maxR
                    model.baseline(minR, maxR)
frontier = [[model.minR+random.random()*(model.maxR-model.minR) for _ in xrange(model.n)]
                    #print frontier = self.update(f,cf,frontier)
#print in xrange(repeat):
#print i
total,n,frontier = self.update(f,cf,frontier)
                   total,n,frontier = self.update(f
#if(total/n < epsilon):
# break;
self.model.evalBetter()
minR9=elf.
for x in frontier:
energy = self.model.evaluate(x)
if(minR>energy):
minR = energy
solution=x
return solution minR.self model
470
                     return solution, minR, self.model
```