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from __future__ import division
import sys
import random
import math
5 sys.dont_write_bytecode = True

def say(x):
    sys.stdout.write(str(x)); sys.stdout.flush()

10 def probFunction(old,new,t):
    # print "probFunction : old : %f new : %f t: %f return : %f exp: %f" %(old,new
    , t,-1*(old-new)/t,math.exp(1 *(old-new)/t))
    return math.exp(1 *(old-new)/t)

def neighbour(s):
15 if(s==9999):
    return s-1
    elif(s=-9999):
    return s+1
    else:
20 if(random.randint(0,1) == 1):
    return s+1
    else:
    return s-1

25 class Model:
    def schaffer(self,independentVariable):
        global minVal,maxVal
        f1 = independentVariable**2
        f2 = (independentVariable -2)**2
30 return (f1+f2)

class BaseLine:
    def __init__(self):
        self.minVal=10000000
        self.maxVal=0
35
    def returnMin(self,num):
        if(num<self.minVal):
            return num
        else:
40 return self.minVal

    def returnMax(self,num):
        if(num>self.maxVal):
            return num
        else:
45 return self.maxVal

    def findBaseLine(self):
        model = Model()
        for index in range(0,1000):
            inputRand = random.randint(-10000,10000)
            temp = model.schaffer(inputRand)
            self.minVal=self.returnMin(temp)
55 self.maxVal=self.returnMax(temp)
            print("Max: %d Min: %d"%(self.maxVal,self.minVal))

class FindEnergy:
    emax=0
60
    def __init__(self,minimum,maximum):
        self.minimum = minimum
        self.maximum = maximum
        self.maxVal=0
65
    def returnMax(self,num):
        if(num>self.maxVal):
            self.maxVal=num
70
    def evaluate(self,num):
        model = Model()
        temp = model.schaffer(num)

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        energy = (temp -self.minimum)/(self.maximum-self.minimum)
        #print "Energy: %f Temp: %f Self.Max: %f Self.Min: %f Num: %f" %(energy,temp
        ,self.minimum,self.maximum,num)
75 return energy

    def evaluateEmax(self):
        model = Model()
        for index in range(0,1000):
            inputRand = random.randint(-100,100)
            temp = model.schaffer(inputRand)
            energy = (temp - self.minimum)/(self.maximum-self.minimum)
            self.returnMax(energy)
            return self.maxVal
85
    def doSomethingCool():
        base = BaseLine()
        base.findBaseLine()
        energy = FindEnergy(base.minVal,base.maxVal)
        emax = energy.evaluate(10000)
90 print emax
        # print emax.evaluate()

#class SimulatedAnnealing:
95 def evaluate():
    jump = True
    base = BaseLine()
    base.findBaseLine()
    energy = FindEnergy(base.minVal,base.maxVal)
    emax = 0
100 print "Base Line Values: Minimum: %f Maximum: %f Emax: %f" %(base.minVal,base.maxVal,e
    max)

    s = random.randint(-10000,10000) #Initial State
    e = energy.evaluate(s) #Initial Enenergy
105 sb = s #Initial Best Solution
    eb = e #Initial Best Energy
    k = 1
    kmax = 1000
    count=0
110 while(k ≤ kmax ^ e > emax):
    if(jump=False):
        sn = neighbour(s)
    else:
        sn = random.randint(-10000,10000)
        #jump= False #change
115 en = energy.evaluate(sn)
        if(en < eb):
            sb = sn
            eb = en
            say("!") #we get to somewhere better globally
            tempProb = probFunction(e,en,k/kmax)
            tempRand = random.random()
            # print " tempProb: %f tempRand: %f " %(tempProb,tempRand)
            if(en < e):
125 s = sn
            e = en
            say("+") #we get to somewhere better locally
            elif(tempProb ≤ tempRand):
                jump = True
                s = sn
                e = en
                say("?") #we are jumping to something sub-optimal;
                count+=1
                say(".")
135 k += 1
                if(k % 50 == 0):
                    print "\n"
                    print "%f[%d]"%(sb,count),
                    count=0
140 return sb

if __name__ == '__main__':

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# doSomethingCool();  
145 evaluate()  
#
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