

ALEVEL P3

MARKING SCHEME

T1 TRIG RSIN/ RCOS

1	State or imply that $R = 10$ or $R = -10$ Use trig formula to find α Obtain $\alpha = 36.9^\circ$ if $R = 10$ or $\alpha = 216.9^\circ$ if $R = -10$, with no errors seen Carry out evaluation of $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{10}\right)$ ($\approx 44.427\dots^\circ$) Obtain answer 81.3° Carry out correct method for second answer Obtain answer 172.4° and no others in the range [Ignore answers outside the given range.]	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1	[7]
2	(i) State answer $R = 25$ Use trig formula to find α Obtain $\alpha = 73.74^\circ$ (ii) Carry out evaluation of $\cos^{-1}(15/25)$ ($\approx 53.1301\dots^\circ$) Obtain answer 126.9° Carry out correct method for second answer Obtain answer 20.6° and no others in the range [Ignore answers outside the given range.]	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1	3 4
3	(i) State or imply at any stage answer $R = 13$ Use trig formula to find α Obtain $\alpha = 67.38^\circ$ with no errors seen [Do not allow radians in this part. If the only trig error is a sign error in $\sin(x + \alpha)$ give M1A0.] (ii) Evaluate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{11}{13}\right)$ correctly to at least 1 d.p ($57.79577\dots^\circ$) Carry out an appropriate method to find a value of 2θ in $0^\circ < 2\theta < 360^\circ$ Obtain an answer for θ in the given range, e.g. $\theta = 27.4^\circ$ Use an appropriate method to find another value of 2θ in the above range Obtain second angle, e.g. $\theta = 175.2^\circ$ and no others in the given range [Ignore answers outside the given range.] [Treat answers in radians as a misread and deduct A1 from the answers for the angles.] [SR: The use of correct trig formulae to obtain a 3-term quadratic in $\tan \theta$, $\sin 2\theta$, $\cos 2\theta$, or $\tan 2\theta$ earns M1; then A1 for a correct quadratic, M1 for obtaining a value of θ in the given range, and A1 + A1 for the two correct answers (candidates who square must reject the spurious roots to get the final A1).]	B1 M1 A1 B1√ M1 A1 M1 A1	[3] [5]
4	(i) Obtain or imply $R = 4$ Use appropriate trigonometry to find α Obtain $\alpha = 52.24$ or better from correct work (ii) (a) State or imply $\theta - \alpha = \cos^{-1}(-4 \div R)$ Obtain 232.2 or better (b) Attempt at least one value using $\cos^{-1}(3 \div R)$ Obtain one correct value e.g. $\pm 41.41^\circ$ Use $\frac{1}{2}\theta - \alpha = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{R}\right)$ to find θ Obtain 21.7	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 M1 A1	[3] [2] [4]

- 5 (i) State or imply $R = \sqrt{10}$ B1
 Use trig formulae to find α M1
 Obtain $\alpha = 71.57^\circ$ with no errors seen A1 [3]
 [Do not allow radians in this part. If the only trig error is a sign error in $\cos(x - \alpha)$ give M1A0]
- (ii) Evaluate $\cos^{-1}(2/\sqrt{10})$ correctly to at least 1 d.p. ($50.7684\dots^\circ$) (Allow 50.7° here) B1✓
 Carry out an appropriate method to find a value of 2θ in $0^\circ < 2\theta < 180^\circ$ M1
 Obtain an answer for θ in the given range, e.g. $\theta = 61.2^\circ$ A1
 Use an appropriate method to find another value of 2θ in the above range M1
 Obtain second angle, e.g. $\theta = 10.4^\circ$, and no others in the given range A1 [5]
 [Ignore answers outside the given range.]
 [Treat answers in radians as a misread and deduct A1 from the answers for the angles.]
 [SR: The use of correct trig formulae to obtain a 3-term quadratic in $\tan \theta$, $\sin 2\theta$, $\cos 2\theta$, or $\tan 2\theta$ earns M1; then A1 for a correct quadratic, M1 for obtaining a value of θ in the given range, and A1 + A1 for the two correct answers (candidates who square must reject the spurious roots to get the final A1).]

6	(i) State or imply $R = 17$	B1	[3]
	Use correct trigonometric formula to find α	M1	
	Obtain 61.93° with no errors seen	A1	
	(ii) Evaluate $\cos^{-1} \frac{12}{R}$ ($= 45.099$)	M1	[4]
	Obtain answer 107.0°	A1	
	Carry out correct method for second answer	M1	
	Obtain answer 16.8° and no others between 0° and 360°	A1	

- 7 (i) State or imply $R = 25$ B1
 Use correct trigonometric formula to find α M1
 Obtain 16.26° **with no errors seen** A1 [3]
- (ii) Evaluate of $\sin^{-1} \frac{17}{R}$ ($= 42.84\dots^\circ$) M1
 Obtain answer 59.1° A1 [2]

- 8 (i) Use $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$ and $\operatorname{cosec} \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$ B1
 Use $\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$ and to form a horizontal equation in $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ or fractions with common denominators M1
 Obtain given equation $2 \sin \theta + 4 \cos \theta = 3$ correctly A1 [3]
- (ii) State or imply $R = \sqrt{20}$ or 4.47 or equivalent B1
 Use correct trigonometry to find α M1
 Obtain 63.43 or 63.44 with no errors seen A1 [3]
- (iii) Carry out a correct method to find one value in given range M1
 Obtain 74.4° (or 338.7°) A1
 Carry out a correct method to find second value in given range M1
 Obtain 338.7° (or 74.4°) and no others between 0° and 360° A1 [4]
- 9 (i) State $R = \sqrt{13}$ B1
 Use trig formula to find α M1
 Obtain $\alpha = 33.69^\circ$ with no errors seen A1 [3]
- (ii) Evaluate $\sin^{-1}(1/\sqrt{13})$ to at least 1 d.p. (16.10° to 2 d.p.) B1[✓]
 Carry out an appropriate method to find a value of θ in the interval $0^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$ M1
 Obtain answer $\theta = 130.2^\circ$ and no other in the given interval A1 [3]
 [Ignore answers outside the given interval.]
 [Treat answers in radians as a misread and deduct A1 from the marks for the angles.]
- 10 (i) State answer $R = 3$ B1
 Use trig formula to find M1
 Obtain $\alpha = 41.81^\circ$ with no errors seen A1 [3]
- (ii) Evaluate $\cos^{-1}(0.4)$ to at least 1 d.p. (66.42° to 2 d.p.) B1[✓]
 Carry out an appropriate method to find a value of x in the given range M1
 Obtain answer 216.5° only A1 [3]
 [Ignore answers outside the given interval.]

11(i)	Use $\sin(A - B)$ formula and obtain an expression in terms of $\sin x$ and $\cos x$	M1
	Collect terms and reach $\sqrt{3} \sin x - 2 \cos x$, or equivalent	A1
	Obtain $R = \sqrt{7}$	A1
	Use trig formula to find α	M1
	Obtain $\alpha = 49.11^\circ$ with no errors seen	A1
	Total:	5

11(ii)	Evaluate $\sin^{-1}(1/\sqrt{7})$ to at least 1 d.p. (22.21° to 2 d.p.)	B1 FT
	Use a correct method to find a value of x in the interval $0^\circ < x < 180^\circ$	M1
	Obtain answer 71.3°	A1
	[ignore answers outside given range.]	
	Total:	3

12(i)	Rearrange in the form $\sqrt{3} \sin x - \cos x = \sqrt{2}$	B1
	State $R = 2$	B1
	Use trig formulae to obtain α	M1
	Obtain $\alpha = 30^\circ$ with no errors seen	A1
		4

12(ii)	Evaluate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$	B1ft
	Carry out a correct method to find a value of x in the given interval	M1
	Obtain answer $x = 75^\circ$	A1
	Obtain a second answer e.g. $x = 165^\circ$ and no others [Treat answers in radians as a misread. Ignore answers outside the given interval.]	A1ft
		4

13(i)	State $R = \sqrt{7}$	B1
	Use correct trig formulae to find α	M1
	Obtain $\alpha = 22.208^\circ$	A1
		3

13(ii)	Evaluate $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}}\right)$	B1FT
	Use correct method to find a value of θ in the interval	M1
	Obtain answer, e.g. 13.4°	A1
	Obtain second answer, e.g. 54.3° and no extras in the given interval	A1
		4