Chapter 5 Practice Set by Munawar

Questions

1. Create a responsive header using relative lengths.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title> Chapter 5 practice set</title>
    <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
    k
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Baloo+Bhai+2&display=swap"
rel="stylesheet">
    <style>
            margin: 0;
            padding: 0;
        li{
            display:inline;
            padding:10px 10px;
        header{
            background-color:black;
            color:white;
            padding:10px 10px
    </style>
<body>
<header>
    <nav>
```

2. Create a sticky navigation bar using position property.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title> Chapter 5 practice set</title>
    <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
    link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Baloo+Bhai+2&display=swap"
rel="stylesheet">
    <style>
            margin: 0;
            padding: 0;
        li{
            display:inline;
            padding:10px 10px;
        header{
            background-color:black;
            color:white;
            padding:10px 10px;
            position:sticky;
            top:0;
        .container{
```

```
min-height:433px;
          background-color:aqua;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
<header>
       <l
          Home
          About
          Contact us
       </nav>
</header>
<div class="container">
</div>
<div class="container">
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

3. Demonstrate the use of list-style property using a ul as example.

```
margin: 0;
           padding: 0;
       li{
           display:inline;
           padding:10px 10px;
       ul li a{
           list-style:none;
       header{
           background-color:black;
           color:white;
           padding:10px 10px;
           position:sticky;
           top:0;
       .container{
           min-height:433px;
           background-color:aqua;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
       <u1>
           <a>Home</a>
           <a>About</a>
           <a>Contact us</a>
       </nav>
</header>
<div class="container">
</div>
<div class="container">
</div>
</body>
```

4. Demonstrate the use of z-index using an example.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title> Chapter 5 practice set</title>
    <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Baloo+Bhai+2&display=swap"
rel="stylesheet">
    <style>
            margin: 0;
            padding: 0;
        li{
            display:inline;
            padding:10px 10px;
        ul li a{
            list-style:none;
        header{
            background-color:black;
            color:white;
            padding:10px 10px;
            position:sticky;
            top:0;
        .container{
            min-height:433px;
            background-color:aqua;
            position:relative;
            z-index:3;
```

```
.container2{
           min-height:433px;
           background-color:aqua;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
<header>
       <l
           <a>Home</a>
           <a>About</a>
           <a>Contact us</a>
       </nav>
</header>
<div class="container">
   These are more units for describing size either other than "px".
These are rem .em vw, vh, percentages etc.
What wrong with pixels?
Pixels (px) are relative to the viewing device. For a device with size 1920X1080,
1px is 1 unit out of 1080/1920.
Relative lengths
These units are relative to the other length property. Following are some of the
most commonly used relative's lengths.
1. em ----- > Unit relative to the parent font size.
                         Em means "my parent element" font size.
rem ----- > Unit relatives to the root font size (<html> tag)
3. vw ------> Unit relatives to 1% viewport width.
4. vh ------> unit relative to 1% viewport height.
5. % ----- > unit relative to the parent element.
Min/max-height/width property
CSS has a min-height, max-height, and min-width and max-width property.
If the content is smaller than the minimum height, minimum height will be
applied.
Similar is the case with other related properties.
The position property
Used to manipulate the location of an element following are the possible values.
</div>
<div class="container2">
```

```
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

Thank You