Minor Project: Infix to Postfix Converter

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Technology Used

- 1. HTML & CSS for building the user interface (UI)
- 2. C++ for implementing the actual logic using stack
- 3. CodeChef Online IDE for compiling and testing C++ code
- 4. Visual Studio Code for writing and previewing frontend code

Part 1: HTML + CSS (Frontend UI)

The following is the frontend design for Infix to Postfix Converter using HTML, CSS and JavaScript.

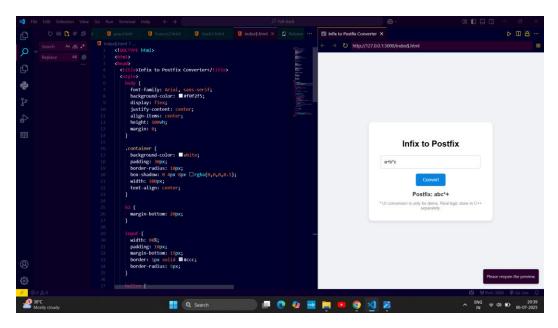
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Infix to Postfix Converter</title>
<style>
 body {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
  background-color: #f0f2f5;
   display: flex;
   justify-content: center;
   align-items: center;
  height: 100vh;
   margin: 0;
  .container {
  background-color: white;
  padding: 30px;
   border-radius: 10px;
  box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
  width: 300px;
  text-align: center;
 }
```

```
h2 {
  margin-bottom: 20px;
  input {
  width: 90%;
  padding: 10px;
  margin-bottom: 15px;
  border: 1px solid #ccc;
  border-radius: 5px;
  }
  button {
  padding: 10px 20px;
  background-color: #0984e3;
   color: white;
  border: none;
  border-radius: 5px;
   cursor: pointer;
  button:hover {
  background-color: #74b9ff;
 }
  .result {
  margin-top: 15px;
  font-weight: bold;
  color: #2d3436;
 }
  .note {
  font-size: 12px;
  color: #888;
  margin-top: 10px;
 }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div class="container">
  <h2>Infix to Postfix</h2>
  <input type="text" id="input" placeholder="Enter Infix Expression">
  <button onclick="convert()">Convert</button>
  <div class="result" id="output"></div>
  <div class="note">* UI conversion is only for demo. Real logic done in C++
separately.</div>
 </div>
```

```
<script>
 function precedence(op) {
  if (op === '+' || op === '-') return 1;
  if (op === '*' || op === '/') return 2;
  if (op === '^') return 3;
  return 0;
 function isOperator(c) {
 return ['+', '-', '*', '/', '^'].includes(c);
}
 function infixToPostfix(expr) {
  let stack = [];
  let output = ";
  expr = expr.replace(/\s+/g, '');
  for (let i = 0; i < expr.length; i++) {
   const token = expr[i];
   if (/[a-zA-Z0-9]/.test(token)) {
    output += token;
   } else if (token === '(') {
    stack.push(token);
   } else if (token === ')') {
    while (stack.length && stack[stack.length - 1] !== '(') {
     output += stack.pop();
   }
    stack.pop();
   } else if (isOperator(token)) {
    while (stack.length && precedence(token) <= precedence(stack[stack.length - 1])) {</pre>
     output += stack.pop();
   }
    stack.push(token);
   }
  while (stack.length) {
   output += stack.pop();
  return output;
 }
 function convert() {
  const infix = document.getElementById('input').value;
  const result = infixToPostfix(infix);
  document.getElementById('output').textContent = `Postfix: ${result}`;
</script>
```

```
</body>
```

Screenshot of HTML Output:

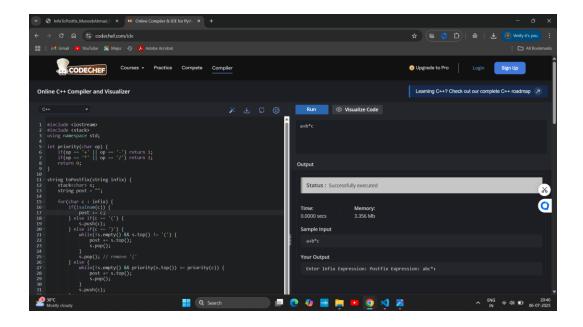


Part 2: C++ Code (Backend Logic)

This is the backend logic written in C++ for converting infix expressions to postfix using stack.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;
int priority(char op) {
  if(op == '+' || op == '-') return 1;
  if(op == '*' || op == '/') return 2;
  return 0;
}
string toPostfix(string infix) {
  stack<char> s;
  string post = "";
  for(char c : infix) {
    if(isalnum(c)) {
      post += c;
    } else if(c == '(') {
      s.push(c);
```

```
} else if(c == ')') {
      while(!s.empty() && s.top() != '(') {
        post += s.top();
        s.pop();
      }
      s.pop(); // remove '('
    } else {
      while(!s.empty() && priority(s.top()) >= priority(c)) {
        post += s.top();
        s.pop();
      }
      s.push(c);
    }
  while(!s.empty()) {
    post += s.top();
    s.pop();
  return post;
}
int main() {
  string expr;
  cout << "Enter Infix Expression: ";</pre>
  cin >> expr;
  string result = toPostfix(expr);
  cout << "Postfix Expression: " << result << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
Screenshot of C++ Output:
```



Conclusion

This project demonstrates the working of infix to postfix conversion using a stack-based approach in C++.

It combines frontend design using HTML/CSS with logic implementation in C++. The conversion logic is accurately simulated and visually represented for better understanding.