# Developing Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) in C with Case Study

Yousha Munowar

McMaster University

MECHTRON 2MP3

Pedram Pasandide

December 6<sup>th</sup> 2024

## **Test Cases:**

Table 1: 10 variables/dimensions in all functions							
Function	Bound		Particle	Iterations	Optimal	CPU time	
	Lower	Upper			Fitness	(sec)	
Griewank	-600	600	4800	4800	0.0000	1.5345	
Levy	-10	10	500	2000	0.0000	0.0154	
Rastirign	-5.12	5.12	2000	500	0.0000	0.3541	
Rosenbrock	-5	10	30000	1000	0.0000	10.267	
Sxhwefel	-500	500	40000	1500	0.0000	40.596	
Dixon-Price	-10	10	500	2000	1.0645	1.348	
Michalewicz	0	π	25000	8000	-40.6542	5.486	
Styblinski-Tang	-5	5	10000	200	-235.4572	2.796	

Table 2: 50 variables/dimensions in all functions							
Function	Bound		Particle	Iterations	Optimal	CPU time	
	Lower	Upper			Fitness	(sec)	
Griewank	-600	600	40000	6000	0.0000	1.056	
Levy	-10	10	20000	2000	0.0000	3.048	
Rastirign	-5.12	5.12	800000	20000	0.0000	3078.26	
Rosenbrock	-5	10	100000	20000	0.0000	2075.046	
Sxhwefel	-500	500	50000	20000	4.4521	4976.54	
Dixon-Price	-10	10	30000	2000	0.0000	10.563	
Michalewicz	0	π	375000	20000	-50.4839	1.432	
Styblinski-Tang	-5	5	100000	20000	-1076.464	7.183	

Table 3: 100 variables/dimensions in all functions							
Function	Bound		Particle	Iterations	Optimal	CPU time	
	Lower	Upper			Fitness	(sec)	
Griewank	-600	600	3000	2000	0.0000	3.483	
Levy	-10	10	250000	20000	0.0000	74.532	
Rastirign	-5.12	5.12	600000	20000	45.3134	3642.412	
Rosenbrock	-5	10	600000	20000	55.1024	2513.10	
Sxhwefel	-500	500	650000	20000	160.8243	7108.553	
Dixon-Price	-10	10	35000	4000	0.0000	170.483	
Michalewicz	0	π	350000	16000	-50.4545	8.183	
Styblinski-Tang	-5	5	240000	20000	-4043.1014	18.486	

### **Compiling and Running**

To compile and run this program, the following can be done in the terminal:

- 1. Download all the files and ensure they are all in the same directory
- 2. Once done, go to the terminal and simply type "make", this should compile all the files
- 3. Once that is done, you can run the program using the following format
  - a. ./ pso (Function Name) (Dimensions) (Lower Bound) (Upper Bound) (Number of Particles) (Max Iterations)
  - b. For example
    - i. ./pso griewank 8 -600 600 1000 2000

### **Appendix**

Utility.h

```
#ifndef UTIL_H
#define UTIL_H
typedef double (*FitnessFunction)(int, double*);
typedef struct {
double lower_bound;
double upper_bound;
} VariableBounds;
typedef struct {
double *position; // Current position
double *velocity; // Current velocity
double *personal_best; // Best position found so far
double fitness; // Current fitness value
double best_fitness; // Personal best fitness_value
} Particle;
double random_in_range(double min, double max);
void setup_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles, int dimensions,
VariableBounds *bounds, FitnessFunction fitness_func,
double *global_best_position, double *global_best_fitness);
void update_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles, int dimensions,
VariableBounds *bounds, FitnessFunction fitness_func,
```

```
double *global_best_position, double *global_best_fitness,
double inertia_weight, double cognitive_coeff, double social_coeff);
void free_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles);
double particle_swarm_optimize(FitnessFunction fitness_func, int dimensions,
VariableBounds *bounds,
int num_particles, int max_iterations, double *best_position);

#endif
```

PSO.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "utility.h"
// Generate a random value within a range
double random_in_range(double min, double max) {
return min + (max - min) * ((double)rand() / RAND_MAX);
// Initialize the particle swarm with random positions and velocities
void setup_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles, int dimensions,
VariableBounds *bounds, FitnessFunction fitness_func,
double *global_best_position, double *global_best_fitness) {
int i = 0; // Using while loop for initialization
while (i < num_particles) {
swarm[i].position = malloc(dimensions * sizeof(double));
swarm[i].velocity = malloc(dimensions * sizeof(double));
swarm[i].personal_best = malloc(dimensions * sizeof(double));
swarm[i].best_fitness = DBL_MAX;
for (int j = 0; j < dimensions; j++) {
swarm[i].position[j] = random_in_range(bounds[j].lower_bound, bounds[j].upper_bound);
swarm[i].velocity[j] = random_in_range(-1.0, 1.0);
swarm[i].personal_best[j] = swarm[i].position[j];
}
swarm[i].fitness = fitness_func(dimensions, swarm[i].position);
if (swarm[i].fitness < *global_best_fitness) {</pre>
*global_best_fitness = swarm[i].fitness;
for (int j = 0; j < dimensions; j++) {
```

```
global_best_position[j] = swarm[i].position[j];
        i++; // Increment in while loop
        // Update the velocities and positions of the particles
        void update_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles, int dimensions,
        VariableBounds *bounds, FitnessFunction fitness_func,
        double *global_best_position, double *global_best_fitness,
        double inertia_weight, double cognitive_coeff, double social_coeff) {
        for (int i = 0; i < num_particles; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < dimensions; j++) {
        double rand_cognitive = random_in_range(0.0, 1.0);
        double rand_social = random_in_range(0.0, 1.0);
        swarm[i].velocity[j] = inertia_weight * swarm[i].velocity[j]
        + cognitive_coeff * rand_cognitive * (swarm[i].personal_best[j] - swarm[i].position[j])
        + social_coeff * rand_social * (global_best_position[j] - swarm[i].position[j]);
        // Clamp velocity to a maximum limit
        double max_velocity = (bounds[j].upper_bound - bounds[j].lower_bound) * 0.2;
        if (swarm[i].velocity[j] > max_velocity) swarm[i].velocity[j] = max_velocity;
       if (swarm[i].velocity[j] < -max_velocity) swarm[i].velocity[j] = -max_velocity;</pre>
        // Update position
        swarm[i].position[j] += swarm[i].velocity[j];
        // Handle boundaries with reflection
        if (swarm[i].position[j] < bounds[j].lower_bound) {</pre>
        swarm[i].position[j] = bounds[j].lower_bound + (bounds[j].lower_bound -
swarm[i].position[j]);
        swarm[i].velocity[j] *= -1;
       if (swarm[i].position[j] > bounds[j].upper_bound) {
        swarm[i].position[j] = bounds[j].upper_bound - (swarm[i].position[j] -
bounds[j].upper_bound);
        swarm[i].velocity[j] *= -1;
        // Update fitness
```

```
swarm[i].fitness = fitness_func(dimensions, swarm[i].position);
       // Update personal best
       if (swarm[i].fitness < swarm[i].best_fitness) {</pre>
       swarm[i].best_fitness = swarm[i].fitness;
       for (int j = 0; j < dimensions; j++) {
       swarm[i].personal_best[j] = swarm[i].position[j];
       // Update global best
       if (swarm[i].fitness < *global_best_fitness) {</pre>
       *global_best_fitness = swarm[i].fitness;
       for (int j = 0; j < dimensions; j++) {
       global_best_position[j] = swarm[i].position[j];
       // Free dynamically allocated memory for the swarm
       void free_particles(Particle *swarm, int num_particles) {
       for (int i = 0; i < num_particles; i++) {
       free(swarm[i].position);
       free(swarm[i].velocity);
       free(swarm[i].personal_best);
       // Perform Particle Swarm Optimization
       double particle_swarm_optimize(FitnessFunction fitness_func, int dimensions,
VariableBounds *bounds,
       int num_particles, int max_iterations, double *best_position) {
       Particle *swarm = malloc(num_particles * sizeof(Particle));
       double global_best_fitness = DBL_MAX;
       double *global_best_position = malloc(dimensions * sizeof(double));
       setup_particles(swarm, num_particles, dimensions, bounds, fitness_func,
       global_best_position, &global_best_fitness);
       double inertia = 0.7, cognitive = 1.5, social = 1.5;
       int patience = 50, no_improvement = 0, iteration = 0;
       while (iteration < max_iterations) {</pre>
```

```
update_particles(swarm, num_particles, dimensions, bounds, fitness_func,
  global_best_position, &global_best_fitness, inertia, cognitive, social);

if (global_best_fitness < 1e-13) {
  no_improvement++;
  if (no_improvement >= patience) break;
  } else {
  no_improvement = 0;
  }
  iteration++;
  }

for (int i = 0; i < dimensions; i++) {
  best_position[i] = global_best_position[i];
  }

free_particles(swarm, num_particles);
  free(swarm);
  free(global_best_position);

return global_best_fitness;
}</pre>
```

# References Chatgpt. (2022, November 30). <a href="https://chatgpt.com/">https://chatgpt.com/</a>

For additional information on APA Style formatting, please consult the <u>APA Style Manual, 7th Edition</u>.