interp_confidence

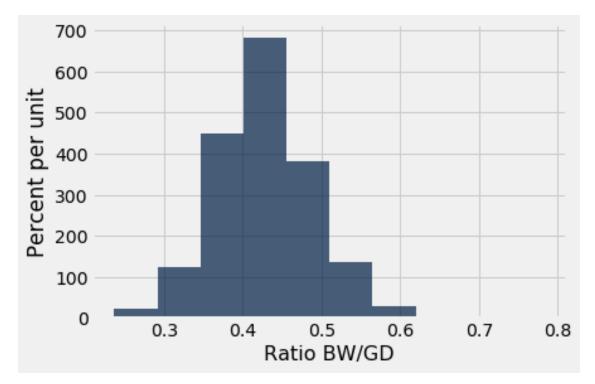
July 17, 2018

```
In [1]: # HIDDEN
        from datascience import *
        %matplotlib inline
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plots
        plots.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
        import numpy as np
0.1 Lecture 21
In [2]: births = Table.read_table('baby.csv')
In [3]: births
Out[3]: Birth Weight | Gestational Days | Maternal Age | Maternal Height | Maternal Pregnancy
                     284
        120
                                         | 27
                                                        62
                                                                           | 100
                     | 282
                                         | 33
                                                                           | 135
        113
                                                        | 64
        128
                     | 279
                                         | 28
                                                        l 64
                                                                           | 115
        108
                     | 282
                                         | 23
                                                        | 67
                                                                           | 125
        136
                     | 286
                                         | 25
                                                        l 62
                                                                           1 93
                                         | 33
                                                        | 62
                                                                           | 178
        138
                     | 244
        132
                     | 245
                                         | 23
                                                        | 65
                                                                           | 140
        120
                     | 289
                                         | 25
                                                        | 62
                                                                           | 125
        143
                     | 299
                                         | 30
                                                        | 66
                                                                           | 136
        140
                     | 351
                                         | 27
                                                        | 68
                                                                           | 120
        ... (1164 rows omitted)
In [4]: babies = births.select('Birth Weight', 'Gestational Days')
In [5]: babies = babies.with_column(
            'Ratio BW/GD', babies.column(0) / babies.column(1)
        )
In [6]: babies
Out[6]: Birth Weight | Gestational Days | Ratio BW/GD
        120
                     284
                                        0.422535
        113
                     1 282
                                         1 0.400709
        128
                     | 279
                                        0.458781
```

	(1101			
140	1	351	I	0.39886
143	1	299	I	0.478261
120	1	289	I	0.415225
132	1	245	I	0.538776
138	1	244	- 1	0.565574
136	1	286	I	0.475524
108	I	282	I	0.382979

... (1164 rows omitted)

In [7]: babies.hist('Ratio BW/GD')

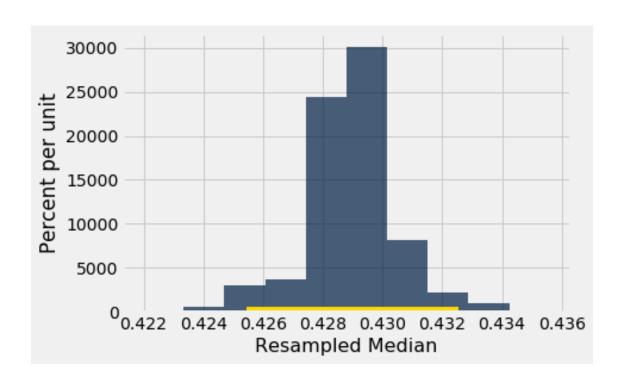


In [8]: babies.sort('Ratio BW/GD', descending = True)

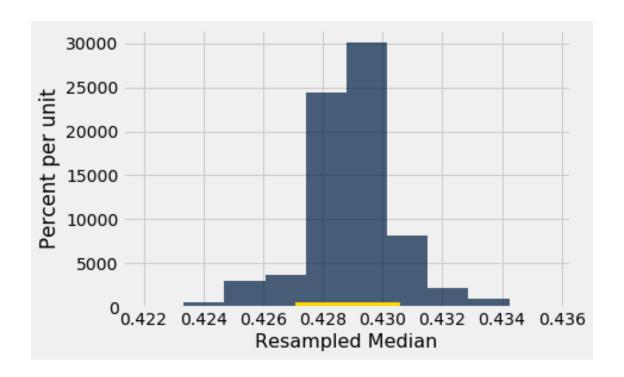
Out[8]:	Birth	Weight		Gestational	Days	-	${\tt Ratio}$	BW/GD
	116		1	148		-	0.7837	784
	174		-	281		-	0.6192	217
	174		-	284		-	0.6126	376
	110		-	181		-	0.6077	735
	174		-	288		-	0.6041	167
	176		-	293		-	0.6006	383
	158		-	267		-	0.5917	76
	173		1	293		-	0.5904	144
	160		1	271		-	0.5904	106
	132		1	225		-	0.5866	367
	,	1101						

... (1164 rows omitted)

```
In [9]: percentile(50, babies.column('Ratio BW/GD'))
Out[9]: 0.42907801418439717
In [10]: # Bootstrap the sample median
         medians = make_array()
         for i in np.arange(5000):
             resample = babies.sample()
             resampled_median = percentile(50, resample.column('Ratio BW/GD'))
             medians = np.append(medians, resampled_median)
In [11]: interval_95 = make_array(percentile(2.5, medians), percentile(97.5, medians))
         interval_95
Out[11]: array([ 0.42545455,  0.43252595])
In [12]: Table().with_column('Resampled Median', medians).hist()
         plots.plot(interval_95, [0, 0], color='gold', lw=8)
         print('Approx 95% Confidence Interval for Median Ratio in Population:')
         print(np.round(interval_95, 3))
Approx 95% Confidence Interval for Median Ratio in Population:
[ 0.425  0.433]
```



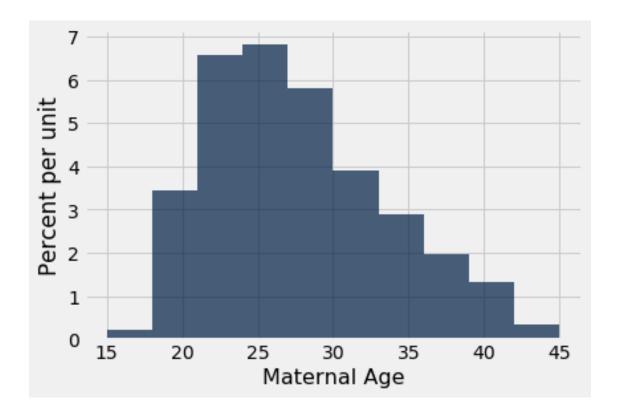
Approx 80% Confidence Interval for Median Ratio in Population: [0.427 0.431]



```
In [17]: np.average(births.column('Maternal Age'))
```

Out[17]: 27.228279386712096

In [16]: births.hist('Maternal Age')



0.2 CIs for Testing

[26.894 27.563]

Null Hypothesis: Average age of mothers is exactly equal to 27 Alternative Hypothesis: Average age of mothers is not equal to 27

```
In [18]: # Bootstrap the sample mean

means = make_array()

for i in np.arange(5000):
    resample = births.sample()
    resampled_mean = np.average(resample.column('Maternal Age'))
    means = np.append(means, resampled_mean)

In [19]: interval_95 = make_array(percentile(2.5, means), percentile(97.5, means))

    Table().with_column('Resampled Mean', means).hist()
    plots.plot(interval_95, [0, 0], color='gold', lw=8)
    print('Approx 95% Confidence Interval for Mean Maternal Age in Population:')
    print(np.round(interval_95, 3))
Approx 95% Confidence Interval for Mean Maternal Age in Population:')
```

