

bash/ksh hotkeys

bash	ksh
ctrl-l clear screen	esc- \ auto completion. only work if the file/command is in current directory
ctrl-r does a search in the previously given commands so thatdoes a search in the previously given commands so that you dont have to repeat long command	esc- k scroll up
ctrl-u clears the typing before the hotkey.	esc- j scroll down
ctrl-a takes you to the begining of the command you are currently typing.	esc- / search in the previously given commands (esc-/ keyin the command you want search & enter. press n or N to go to the next or previous command, even ctrl-r in bash can't go to the next or previous command or maybe i just don't know how.
ctrl-e takes you to the end of the command you are currently typing in.	esc- = filename check - this is cool!!!
esc- b takes you back by one word while typing a command.	esc- l forward one character
ctrl-c kills the current command or process.	esc- h backward one character
ctrl-d kills the shell.	esc- x delete one character
ctrl-h deletes one letter at a time from the command you are typing in.	esc- r replace one character
ctrl-z puts the currently running process in background, the process can be brought back to run state by using fg command.	esc- e forward end of word
esc- p like ctrl-r lets you search through the previously given commands.	esc- b backward beginning of word
esc gives the last command you typed.	esc- d delete to end of line
tab auto completion	esc- i insert text (current space)
	esc- a insert text (adjacent space)
	esc- ^ move cursor to beginning of line
	esc- \$ move cursor to end of line

for ksh:
 set -o vi first
 esc key is not necessary if you are currently in command-mode

content is taken from:
<http://ashterix.blogspot.it/2006/03/unix-tip-ksh-hotkeys-vs-bash-hotkeys.html>

