Practice Problems Chapter-8

- 1. The sequence 1011 is applied to the input of a 4-bit serial shift register that is initially cleared. What is the state of the shift register after three clock pulses?
- 2. If a 10-bit ring counter has an initial state 0101001111, determine the waveform for each Q output.
- 3. How many states are there in an 8-bit Johnson counter sequence? Write down all sequence.
- 7. What is the state of the register in Figure 8–49 after each clock pulse if it starts in the 101001111000 state?

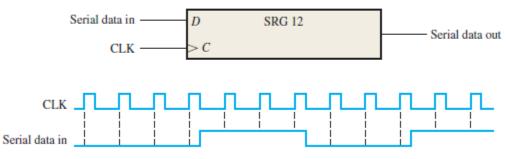
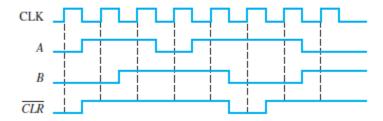
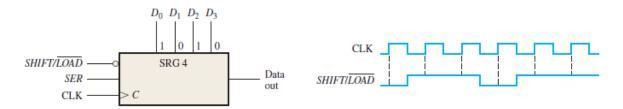


FIGURE 8-49

 Develop the Q₀ through Q₇ outputs for a 74HC164 shift register with the input waveforms shown in Figure 8–53.



14. The shift register in Figure 8–54(a) has $SHIFT/\overline{LOAD}$ and CLK inputs as shown in part (b). The serial data input (SER) is a 0. The parallel data inputs are $D_0=1$, $D_1=0$, $D_2=1$, and $D_3=0$ as shown. Develop the data-output waveform in relation to the inputs.



- 26. Draw the logic diagram for a modulus-18 Johnson counter. Show the timing diagram and write the sequence in tabular form.
- 27. For the ring counter in Figure 8–60, show the waveforms for each flip-flop output with respect to the clock. Assume that FF0 is initially SET and that the rest are RESET. Show at least ten clock pulses.

