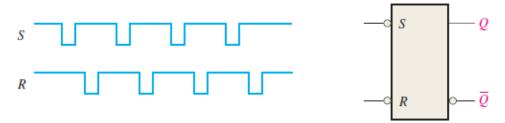
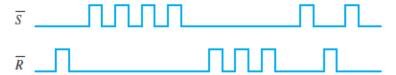
# **Assignment-4**

If the waveforms in Figure 7–70 are applied to an active-HIGH S-R latch, draw the resulting Q output waveform in relation to the inputs. Assume that Q starts LOW.



#### FIGURE 7-70

 Solve Problem 1 for the input waveforms in Figure 7–71 applied to an active-LOW \overline{S} - \overline{R} latch.



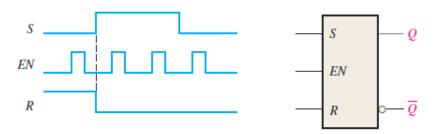
## FIGURE 7-71

3. Solve Problem 1 for the input waveform in Figure 7–72.



#### FIGURE 7-72

4. For a gated S-R latch, determine the Q and  $\overline{Q}$  outputs for the inputs in Figure 7–73. Show them in proper relation to the enable input. Assume that Q starts LOW.



#### FIGURE 7-73

5. Determine the output of a gated D latch for the inputs in Figure 7–74.



#### FIGURE 7-74

6. Determine the output of a gated D latch for the inputs in Figure 7–75.



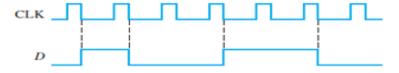
## FIGURE 7-75

9. The Q output of an edge-triggered D flip-flop is shown in relation to the clock signal in Figure 7–78. Determine the input waveform on the D input that is required to produce this output if the flip-flop is a positive edge-triggered type.



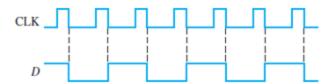
#### FIGURE 7-78

10. Draw the Q output relative to the clock for a D flip-flop with the inputs as shown in Figure 7–79. Assume positive edge-triggering and Q initially LOW.



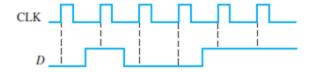
## FIGURE 7-79

11. Solve Problem 10 for the inputs in Figure 7-80.



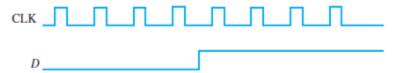
### FIGURE 7-80

12. For a positive edge-triggered D flip-flop with the input as shown in Figure 7–81, determine the *Q* output relative to the clock. Assume that *Q* starts LOW.



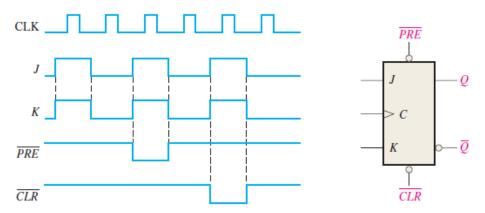
#### FIGURE 7-81

13. Solve Problem 12 for the input in Figure 7-82.



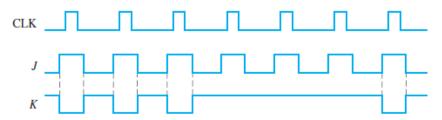
## FIGURE 7-82

14. Determine the Q waveform relative to the clock if the signals shown in Figure 7–83 are applied to the inputs of the J-K flip-flop. Assume that Q is initially LOW.



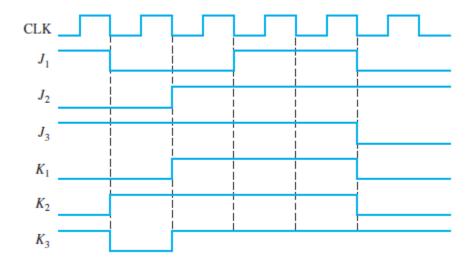
## FIGURE 7-83

15. For a negative edge-triggered J-K flip-flop with the inputs in Figure 7–84, develop the Q output waveform relative to the clock. Assume that Q is initially LOW.

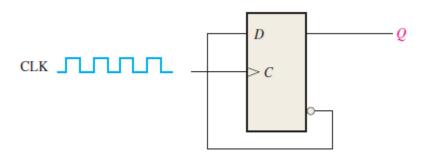


## FIGURE 7-84

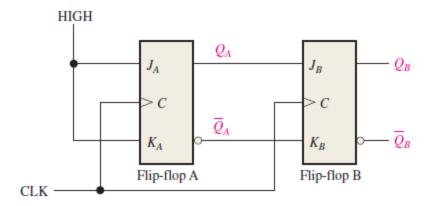
16. For the circuit in Figure -1, complete the timing diagram in Figure 2 by showing the Q output (which is initially LOW). Assume PRE and CLR remain HIGH.



- <u>17.</u> Show how to connect a 4-bit asynchronous counter for each of the following moduli. Also for 30kHz clock determine the frequency at the output of each counter.
  - (a) 9 (b) 11 (c) 13 (d) 14 (e) 15
- 18. A D flip-flop is connected as shown in Figure 7–90. Determine the Q output in relation to the clock. What specific function does this device perform?



19. For the circuit in Figure, develop a timing diagram for eight clock pulses, showing the QA and QB outputs in relation to the clock.



- 22. Design a counter to produce the following binary sequence. Use J-K flip-flops. 1, 4, 3, 5, 7, 6, 2, 1, ....
- 23. Design a counter to produce the following binary sequence. Use J-K flip-flops. 0, 9, 1, 8, 2, 7, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, ...
- 24. Design a binary counter with the sequence shown in the state diagram of Figure. (using D flip flop)

