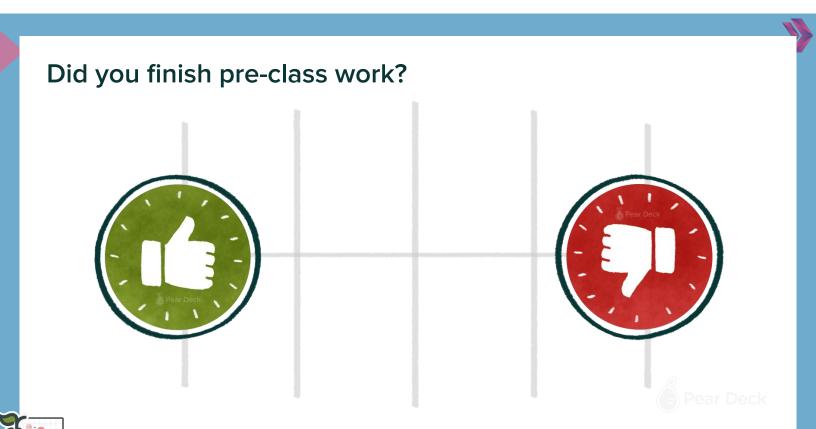


Git Introduction







Git Journey





Branches Merge **Conflicts**

Remote repo **GitHub GUI**

Contribution to the Public Repository **Forking Pull request**

More Practice with Git







Table of Contents

- What is version control?
- What is Git?
- How to create a Git repository?
- Basic Git commands
- Git workflow



What do you know about Git? >>

Let's discuss about Git





What is Git?

Git is an open source distributed version control system











What's Version Control?



What comes to your mind when you hear this?



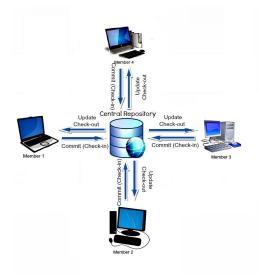
- Track changes on text files / source files for you
- → Unlimited Undo / Redo
- Time Travel
- Collaborative development environment
- → Compare and Blame
 - What changed
 - When it changed
 - Why it changed
 - Who changed it



Version Control Systems

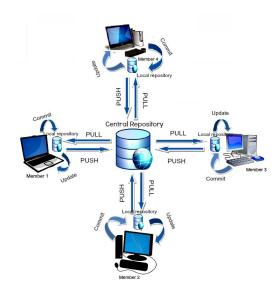
Centralized

You need to be connected to the server



Distributed

You can work while offline



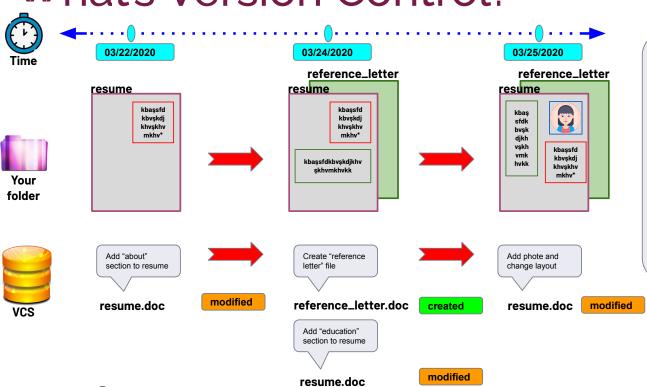


Your Daily Tasks

- Create things
- Save things
- Edit things
- Save the things again



What's Version Control?



A version control system is a system that tracks and records changes to a select group of files over time, so that previous versions of those files can be retrieved easily in the future.



Version Control Systems (VCS)

- Tracks and records changes to files over time
- Can track any type of file, but most commonly used for code
- Contains extra information such as date, author, and a message explaining the change



What's Version Control?

Benefits of Version Control Systems (VCS)

- Can retrieve previous version of files at any time
- Retrieve files that were accidentally deleted
- Can be used locally, or collaboratively with others



What is Git?



What is Git?

- → Git is a software
- → Content Tracker
- → Distributed Version Control System (VCS)
- → Linus Torvalds









Why do we need Git?

- → Backup/Archive/Versioning/History
- → Undo Changes
- Comparing
- → Collaboration and Teamwork
- → Code Review
- → Blame



Git Basics

Local Git

- Distributed so that connectivity doesn't block work
- Easy so that learning its commands can happen progressively

Distributed Git

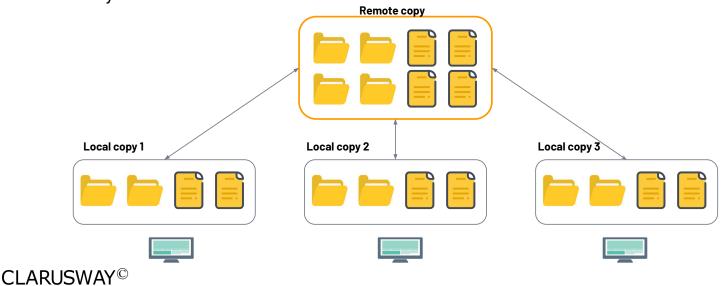
 Team-centric so that collaboration happens naturally



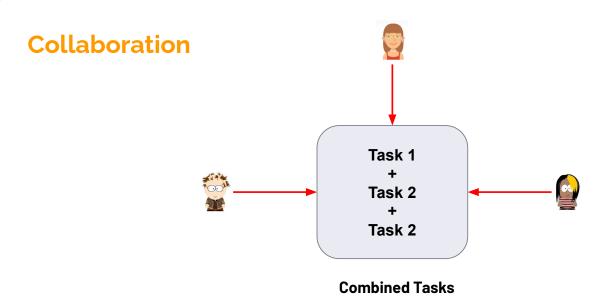
Git Basics

Backup

In any case if your remote server crashes, a backup is available in your local servers.



Git Basics

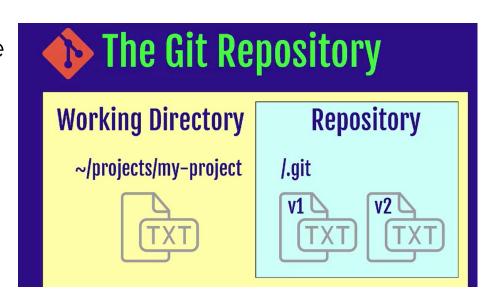




Git Repository

What is a repository

- A directory or storage space where your projects can live.
- Local Repository
- Remote Repository





Git Repository









Git Repository

→ Let's check if you have git in your computer

git --version

→ git needs your identity to mark/label changes / editor

git config --global user.name "Your Name"

git config --global user.email "Your Email"

git config --global core.editor "vim"

CLARUSWAY®

git config --list

Git Repository

to create a new local repo

git init

to see the commands

git help

→ to see the status of your repo

git status





Git Repository



to create a new remote repo and connect it with your local repo (after you create a remote repo on Github/Bitbucket etc.)

git clone address





Workflow



4

Workflow

Working Directory

Where you work. Create new files, edit files delete files etc.



Staging Area (Index)

Before taking a snapshot, you're taking the files to a stage. Ready files to be committed.



Repository

Committed snapshots of your project will be stored here with a full version history.



File Stages

Committed

Unmodified changes from the last commit snapshot

Modified

Changes made to files since last commit snapshot

Staged

Changes marked to be added into the next commit snapshot



Track a new file



→ let's create a new file in our project folder

touch file1.txt

→ let's edit this file

vim file1.txt

→ let's check the status of our project

git status

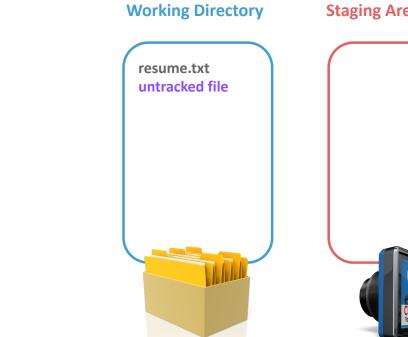




Stage modified files & commit changes



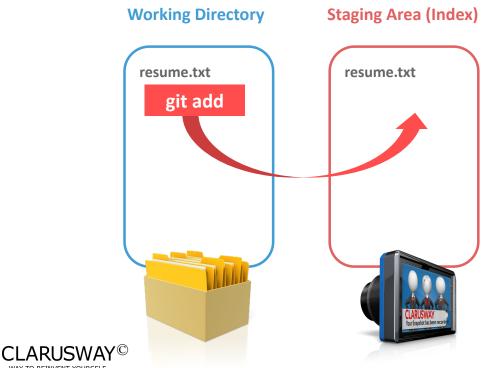
Create a new file



CLARUSWAY©



Track/stage a file







Stage files options

stage one file

git add filename

stage all files (new, modified)

git add.

stage all changes

git add -A

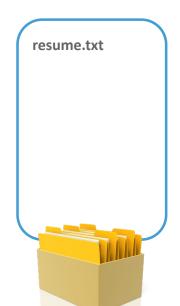
stage modified and deleted files only

git add -u

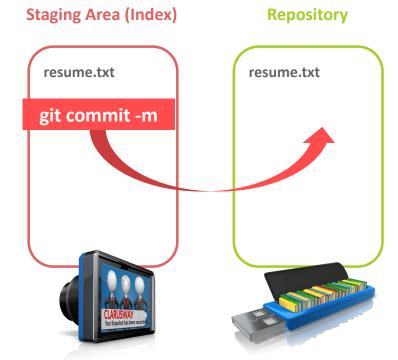


CLARUSWAY©

Commit



Working Directory





Commit





Commit

Commit the files on the stage

git commit -m "message"

Add and commit all tracked files

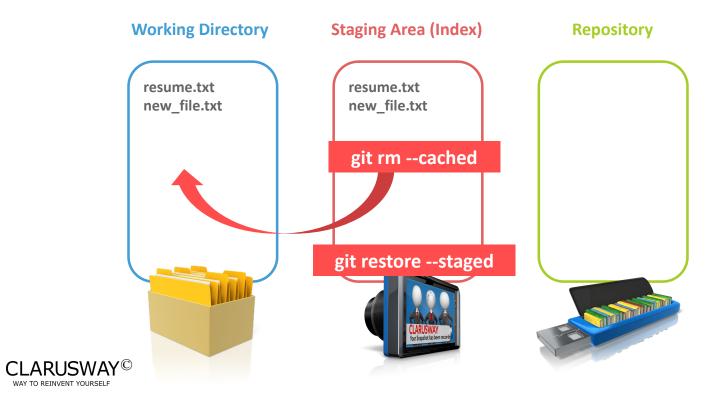
git commit -am "message"

amend commit message

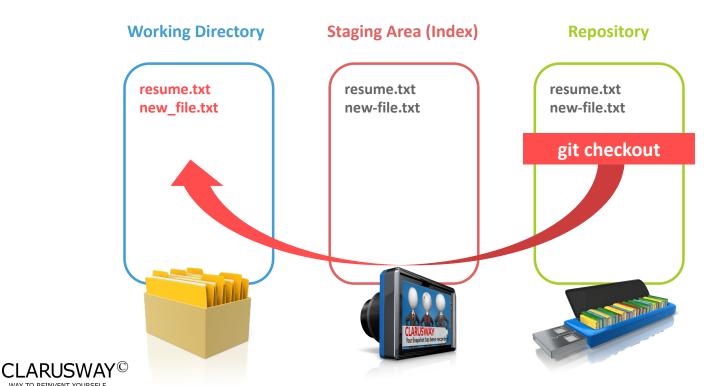
git commit --ammend



Remove from stage



Checkout from Repo

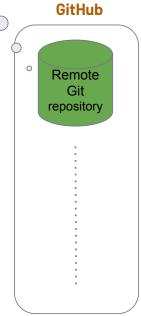




Git



Working directory Git repository git add git checkout





New project

- → Create a repo
- → Create a new file/edit file etc.
- → Stage/Track your changes
- Commit changes

git init

git add.

git commit -m "message"



Task-1



- → Create a new repo under project-3 folder
- → Create a file named file1.txt
- → Change the file
- → Stage the file
- → Commit the file to your repo



Pear Deck Interactive Slide

Do not remove this bar

Task-1 Solution



- → Create a file named file1.txt touch file1.txt
- → Change the file vim file1.txt
- → Stage the file git add .
- → Commit the file to your repo git commit -m "message"





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Task-2

- Create a file named file2.txt
- → Edit file2.txt
- → Stage
- → Delete the file file1.txt
- → Rename file2.txt >> file3.txt
- → Stage file3.txt
- → Unstage file3.txt
- → Stage file3.txt again
- Commit the file to your repo
- Change the message of the commit

Switch back to your first commit in Task-1

Տէկվին, write your response!

Pear Deck Interactive Slid

Do not remove this be

Task-2 Solution

- Create a file named file2.txt
- → Edit file2.txt
- → Stage
- → Delete the file file1.txt
- → Rename file2.txt >> file3.txt
- → Stage file3.txt



vim file2.txt

git add.

rm file1.txt

mv file2.txt file3.txt

git add.





Task-2 Solution Cntd.

- Unstage file3.txt
- Stage file3.txt again

Commit the file to your repo git commit -m "message"

git rm --cached file3.txt

Change the message of the commit

git commit --amend

Switch back to your first commit in Task-1

git log

git checkout "first commit ID"

git add.



Git

Summary





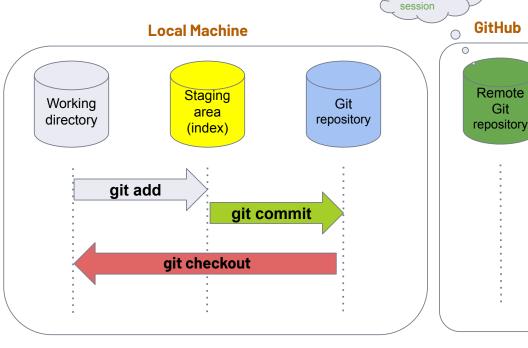


Summary

will talk about next

Git

git init git status git add. git commit -m "abc" git log git checkout







THANKS!

Any questions?

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- tyler@clarusway.com



