



Семинар 5 SVM и Логистическая регрессия

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ЗАДАЧА 3.5

$$p(y = 1|x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\langle w, x \rangle}}$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.5

$$e^{-\langle w, x \rangle} = \frac{1}{p(y=1|x)} - 1 = \frac{1 - p(y=1|x)}{p(y=1|x)} = \frac{p(y=0|x)}{p(y=1|x)}$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.5

$$-\langle w, x \rangle = \log \left(\frac{p(y=0|x)}{p(y=1|x)} \right)$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.5

$$\langle w, x \rangle = \log \left(\frac{p(y=1|x)}{p(y=0|x)} \right)$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

$$L(y, b) = ([y = 1] - b)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, b_i) \rightarrow \min_b$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

Согласно ЗБЧ (закон больших чисел):

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, b_i) \xrightarrow{P} \mathbb{E}(L(y, b|x))$$

Сходимость по вероятности означает, что:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{P} \left(\left| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, b_i) - \mathbb{E}(L(y, b|x)) \right| > \varepsilon \right) = 0, \forall \varepsilon > 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

Будем минимизировать математическое ожидание:

$$\mathbb{E}(L(y, b|x)) = p(y = 1|x) * (b - 1)^2 + p(y = 0|x) * (b - 0)^2$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

$$p(y = 1|x) = 1 - p(y = 0|x) = p$$

$$\mathbb{E}(L(y, b|x)) = p * (b - 1)^2 + (1 - p) * b^2 \rightarrow \min_b$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

$$\frac{\partial \mathbb{E}(L(y, b)|x)}{\partial b} = 2p(b - 1) + 2(1 - p)b = 2b - 2p = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.6

$$b = p = p(y = 1|x)$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$L = - \sum_{i=1}^{100} (y_i \ln p_i + (1 - y_i) \ln(1 - p_i)) \rightarrow \min$$

$$p = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x}}$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$1 - p = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + e} = \frac{1 + e - 1}{1 + e} = \frac{e}{1 + e}$$

$$L = - \sum_{i=1}^{100} \left(y_i \ln \left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}} \right) + (1 - y_i) \ln \left(\frac{e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}} \right) \right)$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^{100} (y_i \ln(1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}) - (1 - y_i)(-w_0 - w_1 x_i) + (1 - y_i) \ln(1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}))$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^{100} ((1 - y_i)(w_0 + w_1 x_i) + \ln(1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i})) \rightarrow \min_{w_0, w_1}$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = \sum_{i=1}^{100} \left(1 - y_i + \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}} (-1) e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = \sum_{i=1}^{100} \left((1 - y_i)x_i + \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i}} (-x_i) e^{-w_0 - w_1 x_i} \right) = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$y = 1, x = 1 - 12$ наблюдений

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = -\frac{12}{1 + e^{-w_0-w_1}} e^{-w_0-w_1}$$

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ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$y = 0, x = 1$ – 36 наблюдений

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = 36 - \frac{36}{1 + e^{-w_0-w_1}} e^{-w_0-w_1}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = 36 - \frac{36}{1 + e^{-w_0-w_1}} e^{-w_0-w_1}$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$y = 1, x = 0$ – 32 наблюдения

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = -\frac{32}{1 + e^{-w_0}} e^{-w_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$y = 0, x = 0$ – 20 наблюдений

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = 20 - \frac{20}{1 + e^{-w_0}} e^{-w_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = 56 - \frac{48}{1 + e^{-w_0-w_1}} e^{-w_0-w_1} - \frac{52}{1 + e^{-w_0}} e^{-w_0} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = 36 - \frac{48}{1 + e^{-w_0-w_1}} e^{-w_0-w_1} = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$\frac{48}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1}} e^{-w_0 - w_1} = t \Leftrightarrow t = 36$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_0} = 56 - 36 - \frac{52}{1 + e^{-w_0}} e^{-w_0} = 0$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$52e^{-w_0} = 20 + 20e^{-w_0}$$

$$e^{-w_0} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$w_0 = \ln \frac{8}{5} \approx 0.47$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$\frac{48}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1}} e^{-w_0 - w_1} = 36$$

$$48e^{-w_0 - w_1} = 36 + 36e^{-w_0 - w_1}$$

$$-w_0 - w_1 = \ln 3$$

$$w_1 = -\ln \frac{8}{5} - \ln 3 = \ln \frac{5}{24} \approx -1.57$$

ЗАДАЧА 3.4

$$p = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w_0 - w_1 x}}$$

$$p = \frac{1}{1 + e^{\ln \frac{5}{8}}} = \frac{8}{13} = \frac{32}{32 + 20}$$