## Técnico+

+Conhecimento +Formação +Futuro

Painel do utilizador /Os meus módulos / LeAD#3_LCDM / Geral / Assessment					
Segunda, 2 de Maio de 2022 às 11:44					
Terminada					
Segunda, 2 de Maio de 2022 às 12:25					
41 minutos 8 segundos					
49,00/50,00					
<b>98,00</b> num máximo de 100,00					

When is the Render Event triggered?

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. Every time there's a change in an aggregate that affects the screen. ✓ It's correct!
- b. Every time an aggregate's data is ready to be used.
- o. Once, after all the structure of the screen is complete.
- d. Once, after all the data is on the screen.

Every time there is a change in data being used on the screen, the screen will be updated, and so, the Render event will be triggered. You can see more about the screen lifecycle in the presentation "9.2 - Fetching data on-demand" from the slide deck.

 $\label{thm:constraint} Resposta\ correta:\ Every\ time\ there's\ a\ change\ in\ an\ aggregate\ that\ affects\ the\ screen.$ 

Pergunta 2
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
If a screen is restricted to registered users

Selecione uma opção:

- a. You need custom logic to enforce it.
- b. The restriction is enforced client-side. It's correct!
- c. That restriction is enforced server-side.
- O d. The restriction is enforced client-side but the application needs to be online.

For each and every aggregate and server action at the client-side, there is a REST API method exposed that handles its request. When the screen is public (Anonymous role is selected), the REST API is also public. When the screen is not public (assigned to one or more roles except the Anonymous role), the system implements an authentication mechanism based on the logged-in user. Only the logged-in user can use this REST API.

Resposta correta: The restriction is enforced client-side.

# Pergunta 3 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Consider that Kelly is a user with the Manager role. What will be the Server response when she navigates to the SecurityUsers screen via the browser.



## Selecione uma opção:

- a. The Server will raise a Communication Exception because it is expecting the Kelly Admin roles credentials to return the page.
- O b. The Screen will be sent by the server, and the page will be rendered on the browser.
- ⊚ c. The Server will raise a Security Exception because Kelly doesn't have enough permissions. ✓ It's correct!
- d. The Server will raise a Database Exception because it can not find the Admin role associated with Kelly.

Security Exceptions can be raised by OutSystems whenever you have authentication or other security mechanisms in your application module, like roles checked or unchecked on a Screen.

#### Security Exceptions include:

- Invalid Login: The login provided by the end-user is not correct. This exception is raised by the Login and LoginPassword System actions.
- Not Registered: The end-user is not registered and cannot access the current screen without registration. When you create new custom Roles in your module, OutSystems creates specific Role Exceptions under Not Registered Exception:
  - Not the end-user is accessing a screen without an authorized Role.

#### Comment:

#### source on OS Documentation at:

https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Implement\_Application\_Logic/Handle\_Exceptions#Abort\_Activity\_Chang Resposta correta: The Server will raise a Security Exception because Kelly doesn't have enough permissions.

Pergunta 4
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
If there is an <b>AreaChart</b> on a screen, when will the <b>OnClick event</b> be triggered?
Selecione uma opção:
a. When the end-user clicks on the chart.
c. When the end-user clicks on the chart, but it requires an event handler.
od. When the end-user clicks on the chart, but in the widget's AdvancedFormat property, the UserInteraction attribute must be set to True.
The AreaChat has the Clickable property. This property is optional to be field and of type Boolean. If you set the property value to True, it will allow the
user to click on plotted values to execute an On Click action.
Resposta correta: When the end-user clicks on the chart, but the Clickable property of this widget must be set to True.
Pergunta 5
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
After you create an action in one module to be consumed by other modules, what's required to guarantee that you will not have any issues finding the action when managing the dependencies in the consumer modules?
Selecione uma opção:
a. Publish the Producer module with the new Action before opening the Management Dependencies on the Consumer module.
<ul> <li>b. The new Action must be set as Public on the Producer module before consuming it in other modules.</li> </ul>
c. If the output of the Action is a Structure that is defined within the same module that the Action, that Structure needs to be Public as well.

To expose an element to other modules, do the following:

1. Set the element's Public property to 'Yes':

2. Publish your module. After publishing your module, the public elements can be reused by other modules in the environment through the Management Dependencies functionality.

If the element Public is an Action, whose Output is based on a Structure, the Structure needs to be defined as Public. If not, you will have an error on the Producer module that disables the Publish possibility, so the Consumer module will not see this new Action on Management Dependencies.

comment: OS Documentation at

https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Reuse\_and\_Refactor/Expose\_and\_Reuse\_Functionality\_Between\_Module
Resposta correta: All the options are valid.

Pergunta <b>6</b>
orreta
lota: 1,00 em 1,00
Of the following statements about Static Entities, select the correct one.
Selecione uma opção:
a. We must specify the Id value of each record of a Static Entity because the Identifier of a Static Entity cannot be Autonumber.
b. Records of a Static entity can be inserted at runtime using the Create Entity Action.
c. By default, a Static Entity is created with four attributes and we cannot change them, we can only add/modify/delete records.
Static entities are stored in the database, but they are Read Only, and their records are defined in Service Studio in design time (the user can't change them in runtime). When you create a static entity, it comes with a default set of attributes, but you can change them, delete or add new ones. One of the default attributes is the Id (long integer, Autonumber).
comments: Source on OS Documentation at:
https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing_an_Application/Use_Data/Bootstrap_an_Entity_Using_an_Excel_File
Resposta correta: Static Entities are stored in the database. Its records are defined inside Service Studio and have a name.
Pergunta 7
orreta
lota: 1,00 em 1,00
A Block can have
Selecione uma opção:
<ul> <li>a. any life cycle Event Handler (like OnInitialize and OnRender), but no Screen Actions, as its buttons and links are bound to its Parent Screen's Actions.</li> </ul>
only Screen Actions, as any initialization it requires must be done on its Parent Screen's Events (like OnInitialize).
c. any life cycle Event Handler and Screen Actions but it can also use its Parent Screen's Actions.
■ d. any life cycle Event Handlers (like OnInitialize and OnReady) and Screen Actions.     ✓ It's correct!

Check '9.1 - Screen events' document. There you can see that it's possible to set actions on events in the blocks and all life cycle events are available. Also, there is no restriction to bound screen actions to the widgets inside the block (like buttons), but those screen actions must be defined inside the block, as it has its scope (no direct access to anything outside itself).

 $Resposta\ correta:\ any\ life\ cycle\ Event\ Handlers\ (like\ Onlnitialize\ and\ OnReady)\ and\ Screen\ Actions.$ 

Pergunta 8		
Correta		
Nota: 1,00 e	m 1,00	
How car	n you create two Entities through one Excel file?	
Selecior	ne uma opção:	
○ a.	You can do that adding the Upload tool to a page of your app, then on the browser, you can import the Entities through the Upload	tool wizard.
b.	You can use Bootstrap to create both Entities at the same time, using the name of each Entity as the name of each sheet with 🗸 their respective attributes.	It's correct!
○ c.	To use Bootstrap it's necessary to use different files, one for each Entity, where each file name corresponds to one OutSystems Ent	ity name.
○ d.	It is not possible to use Excel files to import entities. It's only possible to create Entities manually in Service Studio or consume External Databases.	ernal
quickly l each sho Respost respecti	import data from an Excel file to load data to an entity. This is useful when you are developing and testing your application. This way have your data up and running in the application while developing it. Each Excel sheet has the name of one Entity, and the column he eet have the names of the Entity Attributes.  It a correta: You can use Bootstrap to create both Entities at the same time, using the name of each Entity as the name of each sheet we attributes.	eaders of
Pergunta 9 Correta		
Nota: 1,00 e	m 1.00	
Selecior	n an Aggregate, you hide some of its columns, what happens?  ne uma opção:  The hidden attributes will be discarded from the output result of the Query.  The other Team Developers stop having access to that attributes.  The columns will be protected, so they will not be saved on the browser cache.  Nothing happens at runtime.   It's correct!	

The hide columns on Aggregates are usefully just for previewing purposes by Developers. It does not affect the Aggregate's output. The attributes used outside the Aggregate it will determine which columns are fetched or not.

## comments:

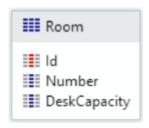
Source from Reactive bootcamp: 4.3 - Advanced Aggregates

Resposta correta: Nothing happens at runtime.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Consider the Room entity below, that represent rooms in a plant. If you wanted to model that a Room can be connected to other Rooms, what would be the best solution?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Add a new attribute Roomld, of type Room Identifier, to Room.
- ob. You cannot do it, because recursive entities are not allowed.
- oc. Add a new attribute ConnectedRooms, of type List of Room Identifier, to Room.
- 🍥 d. Create a new entity ConnectedRooms, with two attributes Room1ld and Room2ld, both of type Room Identifier. 🛩 It's correct!

When there is a many-to-many relationship between two entities, meaning one row in entity A can have many matchings in entity B and one row in B can have many matchings in A, we need to add a third entity C and add two Foreign Key in it, one for entity A (data type will be A Identifier) and one for entity B (data type will be B Identifier) so that by querying entity C you can find which rows are connected between A and B.

Resposta correta: Create a new entity ConnectedRooms, with two attributes Room1Id and Room2Id, both of type Room Identifier.

unta <b>11</b> eta :: 1,00 em 1,00										
onsider the Ag	gregate definitio	n shown in the fo	llowing in	nage. W	hat attributes v	vill be par	t of the	Output List of	f the Aggregate?	
SOURCES			JOINS	5						
Album		<b>1</b> •	<b></b> 1	<b>Ⅲ</b> Albur	n	뎓	Only Wit	h	<b>Ⅲ</b> Track	
Song Track				Albun	n.ld = Track.Album	ld				
• Add Source		_	<b>#</b> 2	III Track	Songld = Song.ld	댿	] Only Wit	h	<b>Ⅲ</b> Song	
			<b>①</b> A	dd Join						
								5		
roup of Album	Group of Artist  Artist	Count of Id  NumberOfTracks	III Album Name		AlbumArtist	IIII Album Genre		III Song Name	SongArtist	• New attribute
										_

Aggregates follow the same rules as SQL, as it is a way to configure a database SELECT query. In a SELECT statement, the attributes available in the result, the ones you can add to the SELECT clause, depends if you are using the GROUP BY or Aggregate functions (count, max, etc.), or not. In Aggregates, the same will happen. But there is a visual hint about which attributes are available in the output: Only the blue attributes are available at the output of an Aggregate.

od. Name, AlbumArtist and Genre from the Entity Album, and Name and SongArtist from the Entity Song.

Resposta correta: Only Album, Artist, and NumberOfTracks.

Only Album, Artist, and NumberOfTracks.
 It's correct!

# Pergunta 12 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

#### The After Fetch event:

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. Always happens after a new screen is requested.
- o b. Happens after fetching new data through synchronization.
- ◎ c. Is triggered after an Aggregate finishes fetching data. ✓ It's correct!
- od. Only happens after a Data Action finishes fetching data.

The After Fetch event is triggered right after an Aggregate or Data Action finishes fetching data. Since each Aggregate or Data Action can have its own On After Fetch event handler, you can implement logic to act upon the data retrieved from specific data sources.

Resposta correta: Is triggered after an Aggregate finishes fetching data.

Pergunta 13	
Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	
Regarding login	
Selecione uma opção:	
a. It's done in the SetSessionLogin action of the login screen.	
<ul> <li>b. It's not possible to use the login in reactive applications.</li> </ul>	
© c. Authentication is lost when the application's requests reach the Server after the session timeout. ✓	It's correct!

After logging in for the first time in the application, the end-user will not have to provide the credentials again unless: the end-user explicitly logs out through the User\_Logout action or the persistent login times out because the end-user does not access the application for a certain amount of days. The default duration of a persistent login session is ten days in Traditional Web apps and 30 days in Reactive Web and Mobile apps. So in the case of the Session-Timeout the information about the session is lost.

#### comment:

od. Users are logged in until they log out.

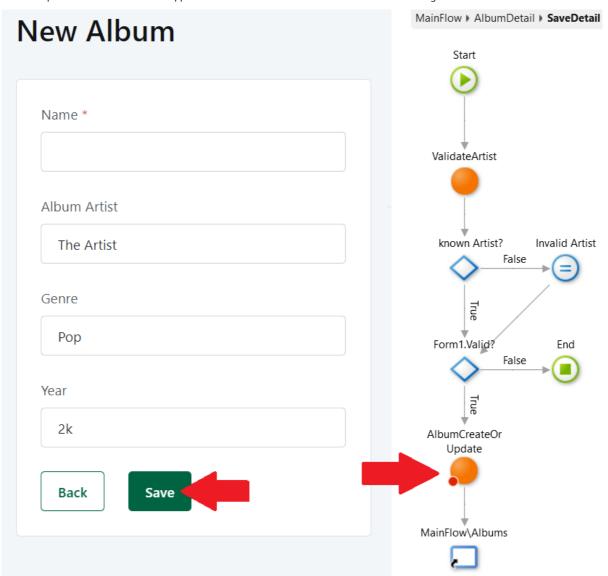
https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Secure\_the\_Application/End\_User\_Management/End\_Users\_Authenticat

Resposta correta: Authentication is lost when the application's requests reach the Server after the session timeout.

Correta

Nota: 1 00 em 1 00

Assume that the album artist "The Artist", typed in the form below, **is unknown** and we have the debugger running with a breakpoint set on the CreateOrUpdateAlbum action. What happens when a user clicks on the Save button which is configured with Built-in Validations?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. The debugger will pause execution at the breakpoint.
- b. An exception will be thrown because Year is not a number.
- o. The form will show validation messages for Name and Year.

The built-in validations will set the input's Valid property to false if the user input has the wrong data type or if the input widget is mandatory and is left empty by the user. Also, in case that a custom validation in the action flow validates if one input value doesn't respect the business rules the form validation will mark this input widget as invalid, as well. So, as resume first, the built-in validations will be performed, and then the custom validations will mark the input that doesn't respect the business rules. And, when there is at least one input invalid, the Form's Valid property will be set to False, and the action execution will stop, and all messages for all invalid inputs will be shown on the form.

Resposta correta: The form will show validation messages for Name, Album Artist and Year.

Pergunta 15	
Incorreta	
Nota: 0,00 em 1,00	

When does a Client Variable reset to its default value?

Selecione uma opção:

- a. Immediately, when the Login Session times out.
- b. Never. Client Variables are similar to Site Properties. ✗The answer is not correct.
- o. Whenever the User signs in the application.
- od. Whenever the User signs out of the application.

On the document 8.1 - Client Variables, you can read that values on client variables are kept on login and reset on logout.

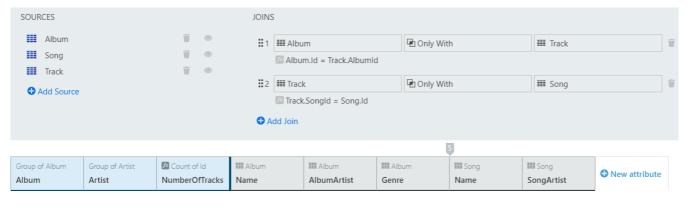
#### Comments:

1.About

https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Reference/OutSystems\_Language/Data/Handling\_Data/Client\_Variable Resposta correta: Whenever the User signs out of the application.

Pergunta 16			
Correta			
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00			

Consider the following Aggregate definition. If there are no Tracks on an Album, what will the output be?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. An empty record list with the first 3 attributes only.

  ✓ It's correct!
- b. A record list with a single item composed with the first 3 attributes. NumberOfTracks will be 0.
- c. A record list with a single item composed by the visible grey-colored attributes. The Song's Name and SongArtist will be empty, though.
- d. A record list with a single item composed by all the source entities: Album, Song, and Track. Album information will be returned, Song and Track will be empty.

Aggregates follow the same rules as SQL, as it is a way to configure a database SELECT query. In a SELECT statement, the attributes available in the result, the ones you can add to the SELECT clause, depends if you are using the GROUP BY or Aggregate functions (count, max, etc.), or not. In Aggregates, the same will happen. But there is a visual hint about which attributes are available in the output: Only the blue attributes are available at the output of an Aggregate. Also, the order of the JOIN clause can discard the records that are being fetched in the case one of the JOINs fails.

Resposta correta: An empty record list with the first 3 attributes only.

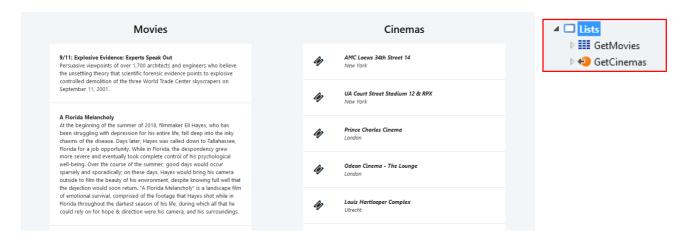
Pergunta 17
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Regarding Event Handlers of Block's Instance Events, select the correct option.
Selecione uma opção:
An Event Handler may or may not be mandatory, but its Input Parameters are always mandatory if a Handler is set on the Block's Instance.
c. You can set, as an Event Handler, both screen actions as well as general Client Actions not bound to a Screen.
od. All other options are correct.
Check '7.2 - Block Events' document. Both Events and Events' Input Parameters can have the Is Mandatory property configured to Yes or No, and Service
Studio will respect the configuration for both. Regarding Event Handlers, due to scope, only screen actions can be bound to a Block Instance Event.
Resposta correta: If an Event is not Mandatory, it is not necessary to define an Event Handler for this Event on a Block's Instance.
pergunta 18
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
The DoLogin Action
Selecione uma opção:
a. Is called on every screen, at the OnInitialize event.
<ul> <li>b. Is a Server Action that will return a cached value if the application is offline.</li> </ul>
○ c. Is a Server Action that will run only when the application is online.     ✓ It's correct!
od. Is a Client Action that will be called when the end-user provides a username and password.

The DoLogin action is a Server Action (it is in the Server Actions\Authentication folder). Being a Server Action, it is available to the application's Client-side (Screens and Client Actions) only if the application is Online. It has two inputs: username and password, and they are used in its flow to log in a user into the platform.

Resposta correta: Is a Server Action that will run only when the application is online.

## Pergunta 19 Correta Nota: 100 em 100

Considering that a Movies List has an aggregate as its source, and the Cinemas List is bound to a Data Action instead, which of these lists will the Screen display to the End-User first?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. The one defined with 'Fetch Data on Demand' will be the first to have the List rendered on the screen.
- b. Aggregates are always fetched and returned first.
- c. By default, aggregates and data actions are both requested at the same time. However, it's not possible to know which of the valueries will be returned first.
- od. Data Actions are fetched and returned before Aggregates.

Aggregates and Data Actions start executing when the Screen is initializing, and the process is done asynchronously and in parallel, so it is not possible to know what query will be available first.

By default, all queries are created with the fetched property set to 'At start', but Aggregates or Data Actions with Fetch property set to 'Only on demand' do not run when the screen is initializing and needs to be triggered programmatically.

#### comment:

OS bootcamp slides: 9.2 - Fetching Data On Demand.

Resposta correta: By default, aggregates and data actions are both requested at the same time. However, it's not possible to know which of the queries will be returned first.

ota: 1,00 em 1,00					
Regard	ing Blocks, select the correct answer.				
Selecio	ne uma opção:				
○ a.	Cannot be instantiated inside other blocks.				
O b.	Can be refreshed explicitly.				
○ c.	Can have output parameters.				
d.	Can react to changes in input parameters.	It's correct!			
<ul><li>a.</li><li>b.</li><li>c.</li></ul>	Cannot be instantiated inside other blocks.  Can be refreshed explicitly.  Can have output parameters.	It's correct!			

Remember that blocks can have inputs, and you can use the On Parameters Changed event to react to changes in the inputs. (Check the 7.2 - Block Events document for more details).

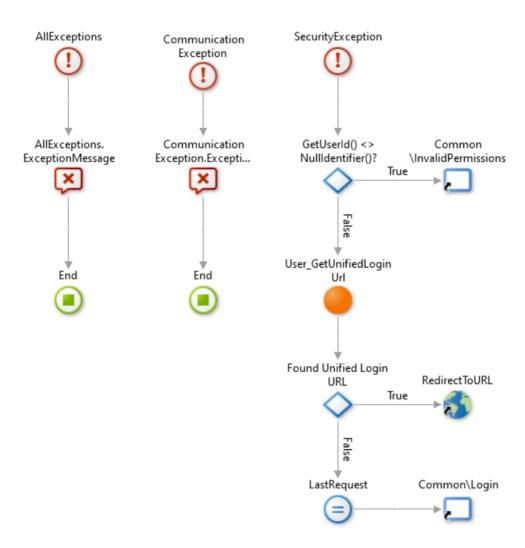
Resposta correta: Can react to changes in input parameters.

Pergunta 20 Correta

Correta

Nota: 1.00 em 1.00

An End-User logged in to your Reactive application is trying to access a Screen, but the user doesn't have the required role permissions checked on that Screen. What will happen in this situation, taking into consideration the OnException flow image below?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. If the user's Session didn't timeout, the user will be redirected to another screen.
   ✓ It's correct
- b. The user will be redirected to the Users Applications here she/he can assign the role to her/his account.
- $\, \bigcirc \,$  c.  $\,$  The application will close, and the user account will be blocked.
- d. First, the user will see a generic Exception Message (from AllExceptions). Then, the user needs to click on the button to try the
  communications between the app and the server, and only if the communication test runs with success, the Security Exception will be
  performed.

The exceptions raised in your module are handled in a flow starting with an Exception Handler element. In an action, you can have more than one Exception Handler flow, in order to handle different types of exceptions.

An exception can be raised by OutSystems or in your logic at any point of your module. For typical UI requests, you can handle the raised exceptions by:

- Adding an Exception Handler element and its logic in your action's flow.
- Or let the On Exception of your module do the work.

The platform checks what is the most specific Exception to call its handler, instead of executing each one of the possible Exceptions that exists in your module.

Resposta correta: If the user's Session didn't timeout, the user will be redirected to another screen.

## Pergunta 22 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Consider an entity Project with an attribute Name. The attribute data type is Text, and the 'Is Mandatory' property is set to Yes. If you try to insert a record in this Entity, using the CreateProject Entity Action, without defining a value for this attribute, what happens?

Selecione uma opção:

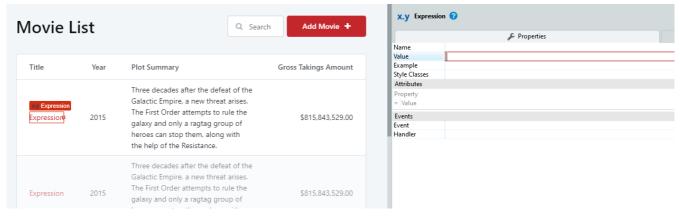
- a. An exception raises, as the 'Is Mandatory' property set to Yes creates a constraint in the Database.
- b. You can insert records without specifying a value for that attribute but it will display a warning.
- c. The Database ignores the 'Is Mandatory' property as it is only metadata. The record receives the default value for the Name
   It's attribute.
- od. The Database ignores the 'Is Mandatory' property as it is only metadata. The record receives the NULL value for the Name attribute.

The Is Mandatory property in Entity attributes are not relevant for database operations. A Text attribute with the Is Mandatory set to True, for example, will not prevent the record of being saved if the user does not provide a value, as in OutSystems, it will always have a value (in this case, an empty string). This property is used to let Service Studio know which value to set on the Mandatory property of an Input Widget when it is automatically created in a form. In the form, the Mandatory of inputs is used for validation.

Resposta correta: The Database ignores the 'Is Mandatory' property as it is only metadata. The record receives the default value for the Name attribute.

Pergunta 23	
Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	

Based on the image below, what should be the Value associated with the Expression Widget if you want to display the Movie Title?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. GetMovies.Title
- b. Movie.Title
- oc. Title

Remember, even if your Table or List has its source bound to the aggregate, the widgets inside it can fetch and save data from/to a different location, like a local variable. So for each one of the widgets that you want to display a value fetched from the aggregate, you need to define the full path:

AggregateName.List.Current.EntityName.AttributeName.

Resposta correta: GetMovies.List.Current.Movie.Title

Pergunta 24
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
The Form's Valid property
Selecione uma opção:  a. is automatically set only if the user leaves all its fields blank.
c. must be set explicitly using an Assign node in a Client Action.
<ul> <li>d. cannot be checked before all custom validations are performed.</li> </ul>
The Form's Valid property it's Read Only. It is automatically set to FALSE whenever at least one field in the form fails any validation (automatic or custom). As a note, this property is available to be checked at any time, but usually, we use it to check if any validation failed, before performing the
action (e.g. save a record), so there is no point (probably) in checking it before the custom validations are performed.
Resposta correta: is automatically set to <b>False</b> when a field within the Form fails its validation.
Pergunta 25
Correta Neto: 1.00 arm 1.00
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Regarding Site Properties, what Data Types are available for them?
Selecione uma opção:
○ a. All Data Types.
<ul><li>a. All Data Types.</li><li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li></ul>
b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.
<ul><li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li><li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li></ul>
b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.
<ul><li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li><li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li> <li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li> <li>d. Entity Identifiers and Basic Data Types except for Binary Data. ✓ It's correct!</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li> <li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li> <li>d. Entity Identifiers and Basic Data Types except for Binary Data. ✓ It's correct!</li> </ul> By the rules described on 8.1 - Client variables, they are: "Restricted to Basic Data Types and Entity Identifiers"
<ul> <li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li> <li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li> <li>d. Entity Identifiers and Basic Data Types except for Binary Data. ✓ It's correct!</li> </ul> By the rules described on 8.1 - Client variables, they are: "Restricted to Basic Data Types and Entity Identifiers" Comments:
<ul> <li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li> <li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li> <li>d. Entity Identifiers and Basic Data Types except for Binary Data. ✓ It's correct!</li> </ul> By the rules described on 8.1 - Client variables, they are: "Restricted to Basic Data Types and Entity Identifiers"
<ul> <li>b. All, but should avoid complex Data Types.</li> <li>c. Only Basic Data Types.</li> <li>d. Entity Identifiers and Basic Data Types except for Binary Data. ✓ It's correct!</li> </ul> By the rules described on 8.1 - Client variables, they are: "Restricted to Basic Data Types and Entity Identifiers" Comments:

## Pergunta 26 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Consider the two entities depicted in the image below, Desk and Room, that represent desks and rooms in a school. If you wanted to model that a Desk is placed inside a specific Room, what would be the best solution:



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Add a new attribute Deskld, of type Desk Identifier, to Room.
- b. Add a new attribute Desklds, of type List of Desk Identifier, to Room.
- od. Create a new entity RoomDesks, with two attributes DesksId and RoomId, respectively of type Desk Identifier and Room Identifier.

When there is a one-to-many relationship between two entities, meaning one row in entity A can have many matchings in entity B, we need to add a Foreign Key in entity B, so that when you look at a row in entity B, you now to which row it is connected in entity A. This is done by adding an attribute to entity B with the data type set to A Identifier.

Resposta correta: Add a new attribute Roomld, of type Room Identifier, to Desk.

# Pergunta 27 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Regarding Blocks, select the correct answer.

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. Blocks can be instantiated inside other blocks from a different module. ✓ It's correct!
- b. All answers are correct.
- oc. Blocks can read and assign variables from the screens where they are instantiated.
- od. When a Block's local variable changes its value, the entire Block is always refreshed.

Blocks have their own scope, meaning that a block can't access data from its parent. Also, changing an input parameter value does not automatically refresh the entire block. Still, it triggers the On Parameters Changed block event that you can use to update the block's UI. (check the 7.1 - Blocks document for more details).

Resposta correta: Blocks can be instantiated inside other blocks from a different module.

## Pergunta 28 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

#### Complete the sentence:

The \_\_\_\_\_always happens before data from an Aggregate is rendered.

#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Ready event.
- b. Initialize event.
- d. Render event.

After data is fetched, the After Fetch event occurs and, since the data returned from the Aggregate or Data Action belongs to the screen or block data and has changed, the Render event also occurs.

#### comment:

#### OS documentation at

 $https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Implement\_Application\_Logic/Screen\_and\_Block\_Lifecycle\_Events\#on-after-fetch$ 

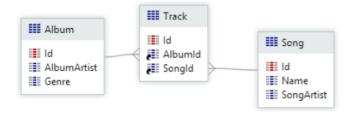
Resposta correta: After Fetch event.

#### Pergunta 29

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Given the following model, how can you guarantee that an album does not have any repeated songs?



## Selecione uma opção:

- a. On entity Track, create a new Unique Index for attribute Albumld.
- ⑤ b. On entity Track, create a new Unique Index for attributes AlbumId and SongId. ✓ It's correct!
- $\,\bigcirc\,$  c.  $\,$  Set the Allow Duplicates property of the Track entity to No.
- $\,\bigcirc\,$  d.  $\,$  On entity Track, set the Is AutoNumber property of the SongId attribute to Yes.

Indexes on databases can be used to avoid repetitions of specific attributes values or groups of attributes values. If you mark an index as unique, the database will not allow you to create or update records if there is already a row in the table with the same values for the index attributes, together.

Resposta correta: On entity Track, create a new Unique Index for attributes Albumld and Songld.

Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	

Fetching data from the database to show on a screen list...

Selecione uma opção	ne uma opçã	ne uma opçã	ecione u	Sel
---------------------	-------------	-------------	----------	-----

- $\,\bigcirc\,$  a.  $\,$  Is always synchronous, and must be done in an Aggregate inside a Data Action.
- b. If done in a Client Action, is synchronous.
- ◎ c. If done with an Aggregate on the screen, is asynchronous. ✓ It's correct!
- od. Is always asynchronous, and must be done with a Data Action.

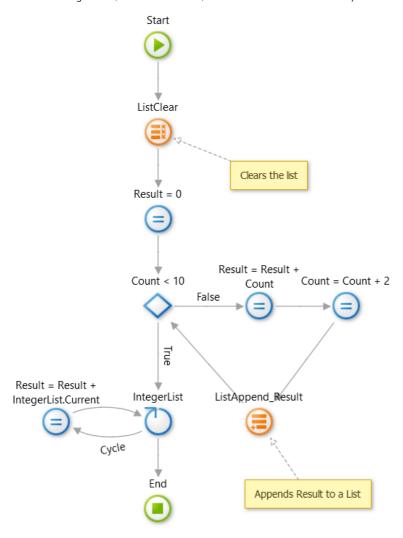
Screen Aggregates and Data Actions have different ways to fetch data at the level of the screen and are executed asynchronously, multiple aggregates and data actions on the same screen will be executed in parallel, while screen DOM is built. Check the presentation "9.2 - Fetching data on-demand" from the slide deck.

Resposta correta: If done with an Aggregate on the screen, is asynchronous.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Based on the image below, if Count starts in 5, what will be the value returned by the action through the Result Output Parameter?



Selecione uma opção:

- a. 21
- O b. 59
- od. The application will timeout due to an infinite looping.

At the beginning of the action flow, the list is cleared and Result is set to zero. As the count variable starts in 5, the IF condition is true, and execution follows the true connector. As the list is empty, the ForEach will not execute any iteration, and the action terminates without changing the Result variable that ends with the value 0 (zero).

Resposta correta: 0 (zero)

# Pergunta 32 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

What can be inserted in the SourceDataPointList property of a Chart widget?

Charts\LineChart				
Name			Α	
Source Block	Charts\LineChart	•		
SourceDataPointList		•	Ξ	
Height		•	Ш	
LegendPositionId		•		
XAxisFormat		•		
YAxisFormat		•	*	

#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Only a List that is the output of an Aggregate or a Data action.
- b. A List of any type, but if it's not of type DataPoint List then, the mapping must be done in the property box of the Chart widget.
   It's correct!
- o. Any List can be there, but if it comes from a Data action, the mapping must be done.
- od. Any List can be there, and the mapping must always be done.

The SourceDataPointList is a mandatory property of the charts and need to be of DataPoint List type. However, if the source list is not a DataPoint List, you can map the data points through manual definition of the Label and Value properties of the chart data points with the List Attributes. In the end the list of all data points will be plotted on the chart.

Resposta correta: A List of any type, but if it's not of type DataPoint List then, the mapping must be done in the property box of the Chart widget.

## Pergunta 33

Correta

Nota: 1.00 em 1.00

Consider the entities Book and Publisher, where Book has a non-mandatory reference attribute to Publisher. What type of Join should you use between Book and Publisher in an Aggregate, if you want to return all Books with any (including none) associated information about their Publisher:

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. Book With Publisher
- o b. Publisher With or Without Book
- d. Book Only With Publisher

When adding an Entity to an Aggregate where there is already an Entity set up, and both Entities have a relationship defined through a foreign key, the Service Studio will automatically determine the JOIN condition between them. The JOIN condition selected by the Service Studio is base on the Is Mandatory property of the Foreign Key. If the Foreign Key is mandatory, it will add an Only With (Inner Join) condition. If it is not, it will add a With or Without condition will be added.

Resposta correta: Book With or Without Publisher

Pergunta 34
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
When you are debugging your Reactive application, you can place breakpoints on

Selecione uma opção:

- $\hfill \bigcirc$  a. Screens elements, like widgets and Screens Actions.
- b. Data Actions and Aggregates.
- od. Only in Screen Actions and Client Actions.

On document 5.3 - Debugging Apps, you can read what are breakpoints and where to add then.

Resposta correta: Server and Client Actions.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Consider the following Screen Action flow, which includes custom validations on data submitted from the ContactForm. What should be the condition for the highlighted IF statement?

Start

Start

Email Valid? Assign

False

????

End

True

ContactCreateOr

Update

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. EmailAddressValidate(ContactForm.Record.Contact.Email) = False or ContactForm.Valid = False
- b. ContactForm.Valid = False
   ✓ It's correct!

MainFlow\Contacts

- c. EmailAddressValidate(ContactForm.Record.Contact.Email) = True
- d. ContactForm.Valid = True

Before we send the record to the Database we want to validate if the form is or not valid. If the form's valid property isn't valid, the execution of the flow should be ended. However the form validation can be done in the negative (Form.Valid = False) using that condition the IF branches need to be set TRUE to form not valid, and FALSE to form valid to order the execution of the correct path.

Resposta correta: ContactForm.Valid = False

Pergunta 36	
Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	

Related with Automatic Exceptions, select the  ${\bf correct}$  option:

Selecione uma opção:

- a. All exceptions need to be defined manually inside the Actions flow.
- b. All exceptions are automatically thrown by the platform.
- oc. Not Is Manager, Is Manager and other User Exceptions are automatic exceptions.
- ⊚ d. Database, Communication and Security Exceptions are automatically thrown by the platform.✓ It's correct

The exceptions raised in your module are handled in a flow starting with an Exception Handler element. In an action, you can have more than one Exception Handler flow, in order to handle different types of exceptions.

An Action flow can have several exception handler flows

- Database Exceptions
- Security Exceptions
- Communication Exceptions
- Custom User Exceptions

The Database, Security, and Communication Exceptions are raised and handled automatically by platform. The logic to handle the User Exceptions needs to be manually defined by the developer.

comment:

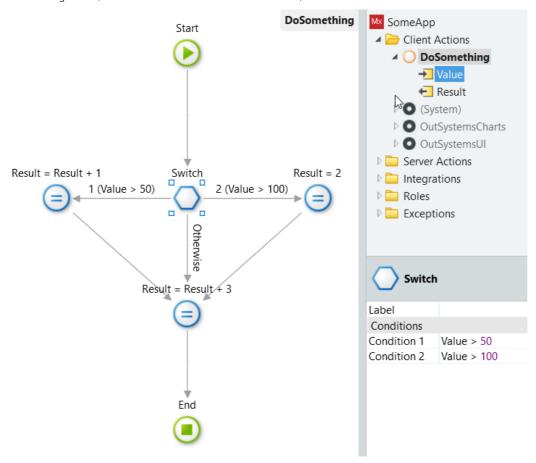
OS Bootcamp slide 6.2 - Exceptions.

Resposta correta: Database, Communication and Security Exceptions are automatically thrown by the platform.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Based on the image below, if Value is 150 and Result is initialized with 0, what will be the Result?



## Selecione uma opção:

- a. The Result will be 3.
- b. The Result will be 2.
- c. The Result will be 1.

We use a Switch when you want to test multiple conditions in a specific order, following only the branch for the first condition that is true. If there is no condition returned as True, the mandatory "Otherwise" branch will be executed.

Resposta correta: The Result will be 4.

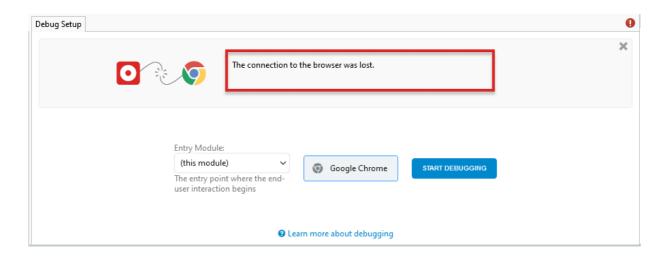
Pergunta 38
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
In a screen, you need to show some information that is stored in an Entity. But you only want to show it when the user requests it explicitly by clicking a link on the screen. In this scenario, choose the right option.
Selecione uma opção:
<ul> <li>a. For this scenario, it is not possible to use an Aggregate. Use a Data Action with an Input Parameter of type Boolean, that will be used to identify when to return the data. Call the action passing true to it when the user requests the data.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>b. Use the System.IsPageLoad() action on the Aggregate's On After Fetch event to identify if the page is loading and remove the data in case it returns True. Later, use a Server Action with a Data Refresh to fetch the data when the user requests it.</li> </ul>
c. Aggregates and Data Actions run asynchronously immediately after the Screen initialization happens, so use a Local Variable to store the information and use a Server Action to fetch the data when the user requests it.
<ul> <li>d. Set the Fetch property of the Aggregate to 'Only on demand' to avoid executing the Aggregate after the page is initialized and use a Data Refresh node to execute the Aggregate when the information is required.</li> </ul>
Aggregates have the <b>Fetch property</b> , where you can choose between <b>At Start</b> or <b>Only On Demand</b> . The first is the default option and is used when you need the data right away when the page is requested. If you don't need the data right away and want to implement logic to fetch the data when it is required after the page is requested, you can set the aggregate's Fetch property to Only On Demand. In this case, you need to refresh the aggregate in the logic to execute it.  Resposta correta: Set the Fetch property of the Aggregate to 'Only on demand' to avoid executing the Aggregate after the page is initialized and use a Data Refresh node to execute the Aggregate when the information is required.
Pergunta 39  Correta  Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
What could be a possible sequence of events when requesting a screen:  Selecione uma opção:  a. Initialize, Ready, Render, After Fetch, Render, Destroy (of the old screen).  b. Initialize, Ready, Render, Destroy (of the old screen), After Fetch, Render. ✓ It's correct!  c. Initialize, Ready, Destroy (of the old screen), After Fetch, Render.  d. Initialize, Destroy (of the old screen), Ready, Render.

Check the possible lifecycles of a screen on the presentation "9.1 - Screen Events" from the official slide deck.

 ${\sf Resposta\ correta:\ Initialize,\ Ready,\ Render,\ Destroy\ (of\ the\ old\ screen),\ After\ Fetch,\ Render.}$ 

# Pergunta 40 Correta Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

What is one of the reasons for the error "The connection to the browser was lost." appear during the debugging process?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. The browser used for debugging was closed. ✓ It's correct!
- o b. The developer is debugging on his Personal and Public Area at the same time.
- oc. An application exception occurred during the debugging process.
- d. The Developer didn't add any breakpoint to the code.

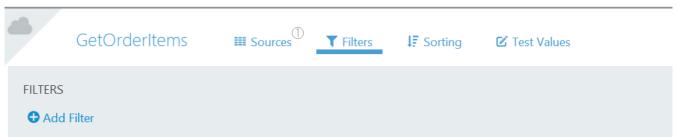
On document 5.3 - Debugging Apps, you can read more detail about the debugging process, and also acknowledge that you need to use the page of the browser that the Service Studio open for you to execute the code that you want to debug, and once this page is close the communication with the debugging process is broken.

Resposta correta: The browser used for debugging was closed.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

Given the following Aggregate, how would you modify it to return, for each product, the highest quantity purchased in any single order, and the average price of the product?



OrderItem OrderId	III OrderItem  ProductId	III OrderItem Price	III OrderItem  Quantity	Price * Quantity  TotalPrice	• New Attribute
1	2	120	2	240	
1	1	25	20	500	
1	3	230	4	920	
2	2	120	3	360	
2	4	12	5	60	

#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Group the results by ProductId, and then apply the Max function to Quantity and the Avg function to Price.
   ✓ It's correct!
- b. Create a new Filter with Max(Quantity) = OrderItem.Quantity, and then group by ProductId and apply the Avg function to Price.
- oc. Group the results by Orderld, apply the Max function to Quantity, and the Avg function to Price.
- d. Add a new computed attribute called AveragePrice, with its Formula set to Avg(Price, GroupBy: ProductId), and sort the results by Quantity.

The correct sequence of setting up an aggregate it's important. In case that you sum (aggregate function) all records of an aggregate, before you group the information by a specific criterion, the aggregate will return to you only one row with the result of your aggregate function, instead of one row for each line of your criterion. E.g. this is the difference between you count all users that you have your database, as a result, you will have only 1 row with the total, that now you can not split in genders, because you grouped all data no matter the gender. But if you first group the information by genders and then count the number of users that correspond for each gender, you will have a row for each gender with the total of users inside of it. (check the 4.3 - Advanced Aggregates to more details).

Resposta correta: Group the results by ProductId, and then apply the Max function to Quantity and the Avg function to Price.

Pergunta 42	
Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	

In which of the following situations do you need to refresh the dependencies of a consumer module:

## Selecione uma opção:

- a. In all of these situations. ✓ It's correct!
- o b. When the producer module does not exist in the OutSystems environment you are connected to.
- $\,\bigcirc\,$  c. When the element is no longer set as Public on the producer module.
- od. When the element was deleted from the producer module.

You need to refresh the dependencies of a consumer module in the following situations:

- The element was deleted from the producer module.
- The element is no longer set as Public.
- The producer module does not exist in the OutSystems environment you are connected to.
- You do not have permission to reuse the exposed element.

#### comment:

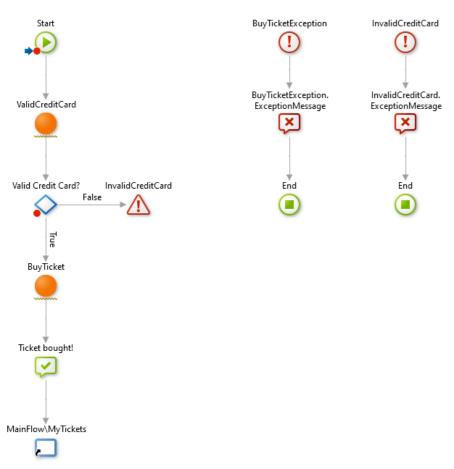
#### OS Documentation at

https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Reuse\_and\_Refactor/Handle\_Changes\_in\_Exposed\_Functionality Resposta correta: In all of these situations.

Correta

Nota: 1,00 em 1,00

What will happen if the developer chooses one of the debugger options below?



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. If the Developer clicks on *Break On All Exceptions*, the code will jump to the *BuyThicketException* Handler, and after it finished that flow the *InvalidCreditCard* Handler will be executed.
- c. In case the Developer chooses the option of *Continue*, the flow will be executed, until the end, and the user will be redirected to the *MyThickets* screen.
- od. All other answers are wrong.

On document 5.3 - Debugging Apps, you can read more detail about the debugging process, and also the meaning of each on of the debug icons.

Resposta correta: If the Developer clicks on Step Out, the blue arrow will jump to and stop on the conditional if Valid Credit card?

Pergunta 44
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
What are the limitations of Server Actions?
Selecione uma opção:
a. Cannot receive complex structures as input parameters.
<ul> <li>b. If you want them to return more than one value, you need to declare a structure with all the values you want to return and set that structure as the data type of the output parameter.</li> </ul>
o. Cannot be executed recursively.
■ d. None of the other options.      ✓ It's correct!
Server Actions run logic Server-side. They can be executed recursively (Blocks can't), can have inputs and outputs (in any number), their inputs and outputs can have any data type (even lists, structures, records, etc.).
Resposta correta: None of the other options.
Pergunta 45
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Which of the following <b>is not</b> a step to define Pagination in a List widget?
Selecione uma opção:
a. Create MyStartIndex and MyMaxRecords Local Variables with integer data type, on the Screen. Set the default values of these variables.
b. In the properties of the Pagination Widget, select New Client Action to set the handler for the OnNavigate event of the pagination logic.
o. In the properties of the Aggregate that fetches the data, set StartIndex to MyStartIndex, and the Max Records to MyMaxRecords.
⊕ d. Define the Aggregate that fetches the data to be requested only on demand.       ✓ It's correct!

To add the Navigation pattern to a List widget in a Screen, you must:

- 1. Create MyStartIndex and MyMaxRecords Local Variables of the Integer Data Type. Set the default values of these variables.
- $2. \ In \ the \ properties \ of \ the \ Aggregate \ that \ fetches \ your \ data \ set \ StartIndex \ to \ MyStartIndex, \ Max. \ Records \ to \ MyMaxRecords.$
- 3. Drag the Pagination Widget below the Table Widget and set StartIndex to MyStartIndex, MaxRecords to MyMaxRecords. Also, set TotalCount to the Output Parameter .Count of the Aggregate.
- $4. Still\ in\ the\ Pagination\ Widget\ properties,\ from\ the\ Handler\ drop-down\ list\ box,\ select\ New\ Client\ Action.\ Action\ Pagination\ On\ Navigate\ opens.$
- 5. In the Action PaginationOnNavigate assign the value of the NewStartIndex Input Parameter to MyStartIndex (MyStartIndex = NewStartIndex).

  Drag a Refresh Data Tool to the Flow and set it to refresh the Aggregate.
- 6. Go back to the Pagination Widget properties and confirm that the New Start Index property is set to New Start Index from the Event.
- 7. Publish the module.

#### comments:

source from OS Documentation at

https://success.outsystems.com/Documentation/11/Developing\_an\_Application/Design\_UI/Creating\_and\_editing\_tables/Table\_pagination\_and\_sorting

Resposta correta: Define the Aggregate that fetches the data to be requested only on demand.

Pergunta 46	
Correta	
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00	

Regarding Events, select the correct answer:

-			~
<b>5</b> P	ecione	cmili	opção

- On a Block Instance, an Event must always have its Handler configured.
- oc. Events can be triggered from Server Actions.
- on a Block Instance, you can configure, as an Event Handler, any Client Action.

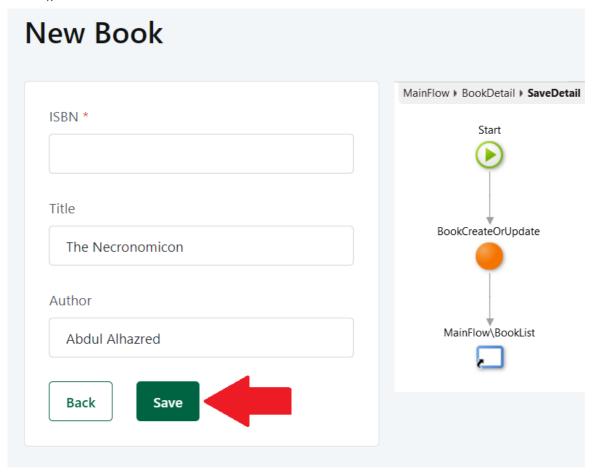
Block Events are client-side events. There are two ways to trigger an event, both of them from inside the block where the event is defined: You can trigger the event from a Client (screen) action, or you can trigger it directly from a button or a link in the block. Also, events and event inputs have the property Is Mandatory, meaning that both can be set to be optional. When they are optional, there is no need to have a handler or a handler input configured. Check the presentations "9.1 - Screen Events" and "3.1 - Reactive UI Development" from the slide deck.

Resposta correta: Events can be triggered from Screen Client Actions.

Correta

Nota: 1 00 em 1 00

Consider the following form where the Save button is bound to the Save action shown on the image. Knowing that the Save button does **not have** Built-in Validation, what happens when the end-user presses the Save button? Please consider that ISBN is of input type Text, bounded to an entity attribute of data type Text.



#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. The book is not created and the user will be redirected to an internal error Screen.
- o b. The book is created with an automatically generated ISBN, different from empty text, and the user is redirected to the BookList screen.
- c. The book is not created and the ISBN field will have a validation message indicating that it is a required field.
- d. The book is created and the user is redirected to the BookList screen, but the ISBN value stored in the record will be an empty
   lt's
   text.

As the built-in validations are not enabled, no verification regarding empty mandatory fields or invalid datatypes will be performed. So, the fact of a mandatory input being empty doesn't set this input's valid property to FALSE. If an action bound to the Save button that does not have Custom Validations and does not validate if the Form is valid as well the form it would be valid anyway and the record will be saved on the database, because to the database, the Is Mandatory property of an Entity Attribute is not relevant. So in a case of an empty text attribute, even it is a mandatory one, the platform will send an empty string as the value of that field, because this is the default value for a text data type, and the record will be created successfully.

Resposta correta: The book is created and the user is redirected to the BookList screen, but the ISBN value stored in the record will be an empty text.

Pergunta 48
Correta  Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Total 1,00 Ent 1,00
Which of the following is a possible reason for this error to be displayed to the user?
The INSERT statement conflicted with the FOREIGN KEY constraint  "OSFRK_OSUSR_FOO_TRAINEES_OSUSR_FOO_GENDER_GENDERID". The  conflict occurred in database "FGFGS7013", table "dbo.OSUSR_FOO_GENDER",  column 'ID'. The statement has been terminated.
Selecione uma opção:  a. The End-User is trying to add an existing Trainee on the Gender List, without selecting the Trainee name and before the Save Button is clicked.  Thus, the Trainee Identifier is sent to the Database as NULL.
<ul> <li>b. The Entity Trainee has a Unique Index with two of its attributes: Trainee Identifier and Gender Identifier. If an End-User tries to Save a duplicate Record of the Trainee with the same Gender, the error will be displayed.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The Entity Trainee has a Genderld attribute, which is a Foreign Key to the Entity Gender. The Genderld attribute is also marked</li> <li>It's as mandatory on the database. And the End-User is trying to save a Trainee without selecting a valid Gender on the Form.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>d. The Developer defined the GenderId as a Mandatory field on the Gender Dropdown widget, but the End-User forgot to selected one valid Gender when he saved the Trainee Record on the database.</li> </ul>
The Mandatory Entity Property indicates whether the attribute is mandatory or optional.
However, this is only a piece of metadata information that doesn't guarantee if a Record with an empty mandatory attribute will be saved or not on the database. The big exception here happens if the mandatory attribute is a mandatory Foreign Key.
In that specific case, the database will look at the value that a user is providing to see if it exists in the related Entity. The problem is when the End-User is NOT providing this value, so the platform assumes 0. But the IDs in Entities by default start at 1, so the database doesn't find a match and raises the error.
Resposta correta: The Entity Trainee has a Genderld attribute, which is a Foreign Key to the Entity Gender. The Genderld attribute is also marked as mandatory on the database. And the End-User is trying to save a Trainee without selecting a valid Gender on the Form.
Pergunta 49 Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Regarding Client Actions, select the correct answer:
Selecione uma opção:
<ul> <li>a. A Client Action can execute other Client Actions only if the last ones are bound to a Screen.</li> </ul>
b. A Client Action can define Aggregates using server database Entities.
© c. A Client Action can execute Server Actions. ✓ It's correct!
<ul> <li>d. A Client Action can execute Server Actions only if they are defined in the same Module.</li> </ul>

Client actions can execute Server Actions, but only when a network connection is available. The Server Action does not need to be in the same module as the Client Action. But if you set a Client Action as a function, it can't call Server Actions anymore. Also, Client Actions can not define Aggregates using Server Entities, but you can refresh Screen Aggregates on Screen Client Actions. Check the presentation "1.3 - Logic Actions" from the slide deck for the rules about code reusability.

Resposta correta: A Client Action can execute Server Actions.

Pergunta 50
Correta
Nota: 1,00 em 1,00
Assume that we have an Order Entity with at least the following attributes: Orderld, Year of the order, Amount, and Tax. How to set up the aggregate if I

want to have the total amount of the Orders for each year, taking into account the tax?

#### Selecione uma opção:

- a. Do a GroupBy on the Year. Create a computed attribute that multiplies the Amount by the tax. Do a Sum on the Computed lt'c Attribute. Order by the Sum of the Computed Attribute. correct!
- o. Do a GroupBy on the Year and do a Sum on the Amount. Create a computed attribute that multiplies the Sum of the Amount by the tax. Order by the Computed Attribute.
- o. GroupBy the Year, the Amount, and the Tax. Create a computed attribute that multiplies the grouped Amount, by the grouped Tax. Order by the Computed attribute.
- od. Create a computed attribute that multiplies the Amount by the tax. Do a Sum on the Computed Attribute. Do a GroupBy on the Year. Order by the Computed Attribute.

The correct sequence of setting up an aggregate it's important. In case that you sum (aggregate function) all records of an aggregate, before you group the information by a specific criterion, the aggregate will return to you only one row with the result of your aggregate function, instead of one row for each line of your criterion. E.g. this is the difference between you count all users that you have your database, as a result, you will have only 1 row with the total, that now you can not split in genders, because you grouped all data no matter the gender. But if you first group the information by genders and then count the number of users that correspond for each gender, you will have a row for each gender with the total of users inside of it. (check the 4.3 - Advanced Aggregates to more details).

Resposta correta: Do a GroupBy on the Year. Create a computed attribute that multiplies the Amount by the tax. Do a Sum on the Computed Attribute. Order by the Sum of the Computed Attribute.

■ MC7 - Management Tools

Ir para...

FamilyUp project ▶