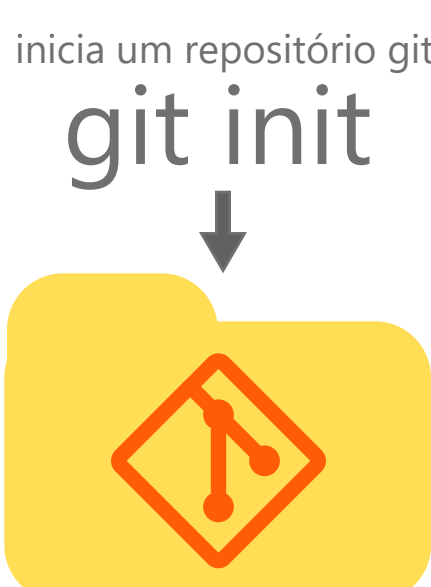




GIT - GUIA PRÁTICO



inicia um repositório git
`git init`

adiciona arquivos para o "staged"
`git add .`



cria o ponto na Timeline somente após termos arquivos no "staged"
`git commit -m "minha mensagem"`



ver o histórico de commits
`git log`

```
commit 140850d3ba3a7b865ff9084ea9c1ddf536ad5a39 (HEAD -> master)
Author: Maria Souza <maria@gmail.com>
Date: Mon Feb 24 11:08:21 2020 -0300

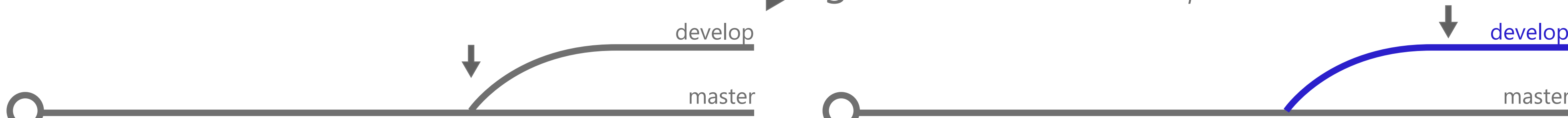
minha mensagem
```

ver as alterações feitas nos arquivos commitados
`git show`

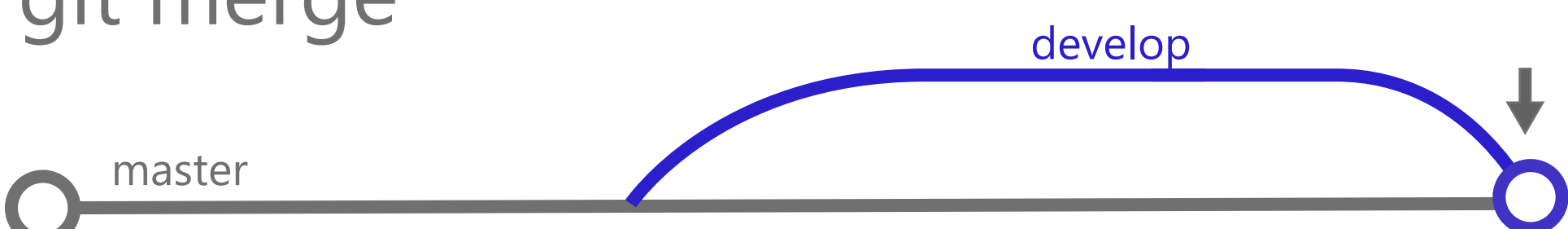
```
diff --git a/robots.txt b/robots.txt
index 7d40b89..77470cb 100644
--- a/robots.txt
+++ b/robots.txt
@@ -1,4 +1,2 @@
User-agent: *
-Disallow: /
-
-Teste
\ No newline at end of file
+Disallow: /
\ No newline at end of file
```

cria a branch
`git branch develop`

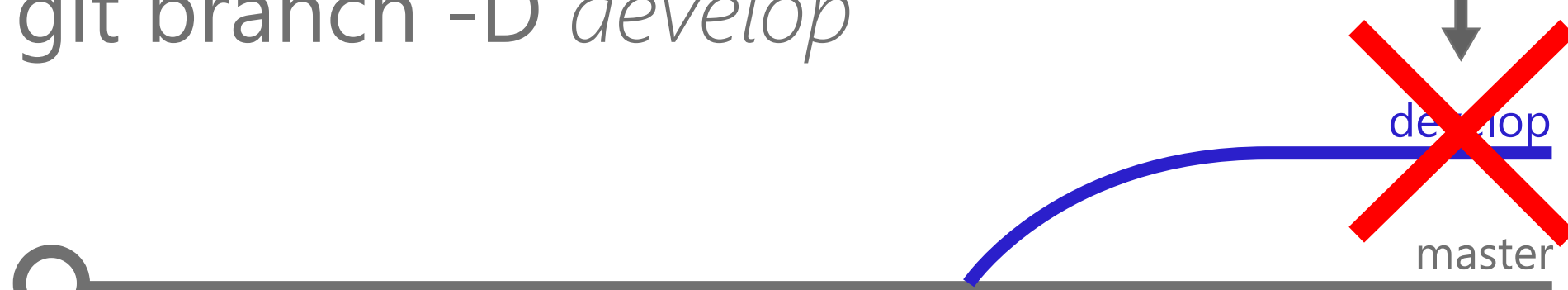
entra na branch
`git checkout develop`



na branch master, sobe as alterações feitas nas branches filhas :
`git merge`



remove a branch
`git branch -D develop`

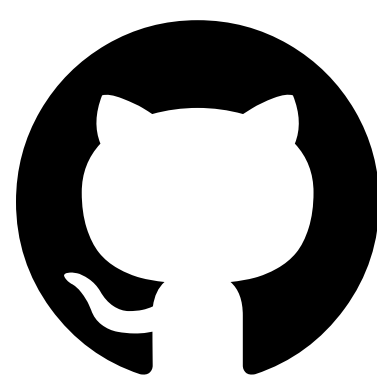


restaura arquivo de determinado ponto da Timeline:

`git checkout -- 140850d3ba3a7b865ff9084ea9c1ddf536ad5a39 index.html`



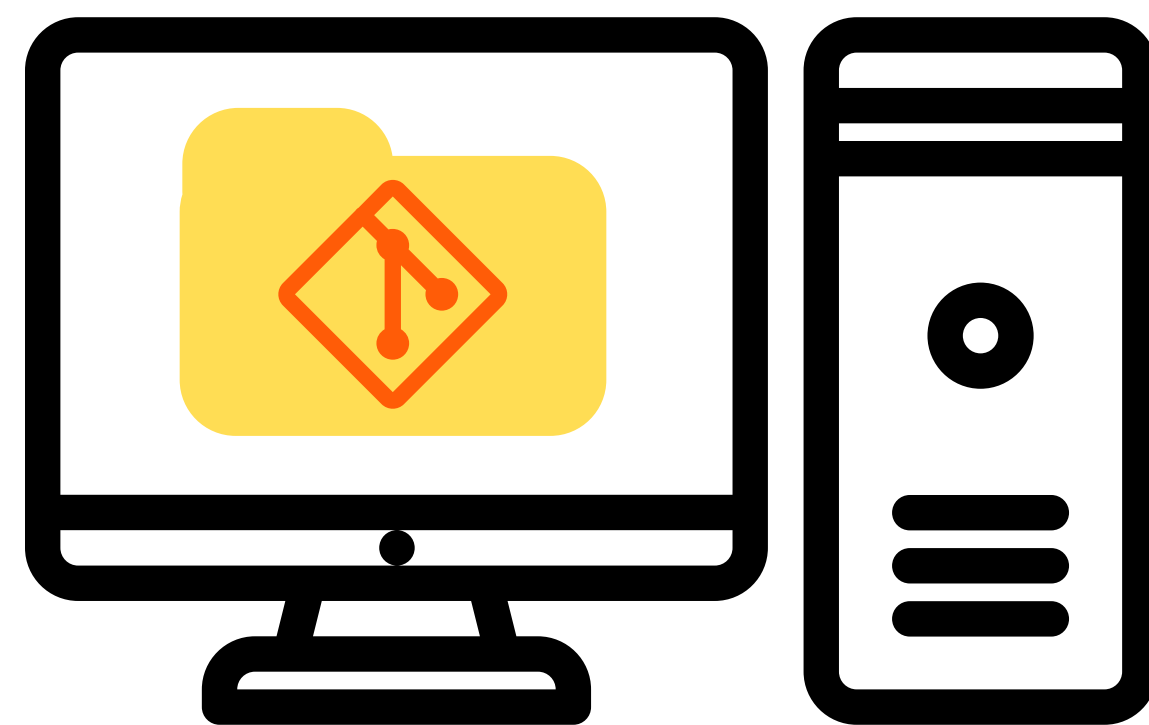
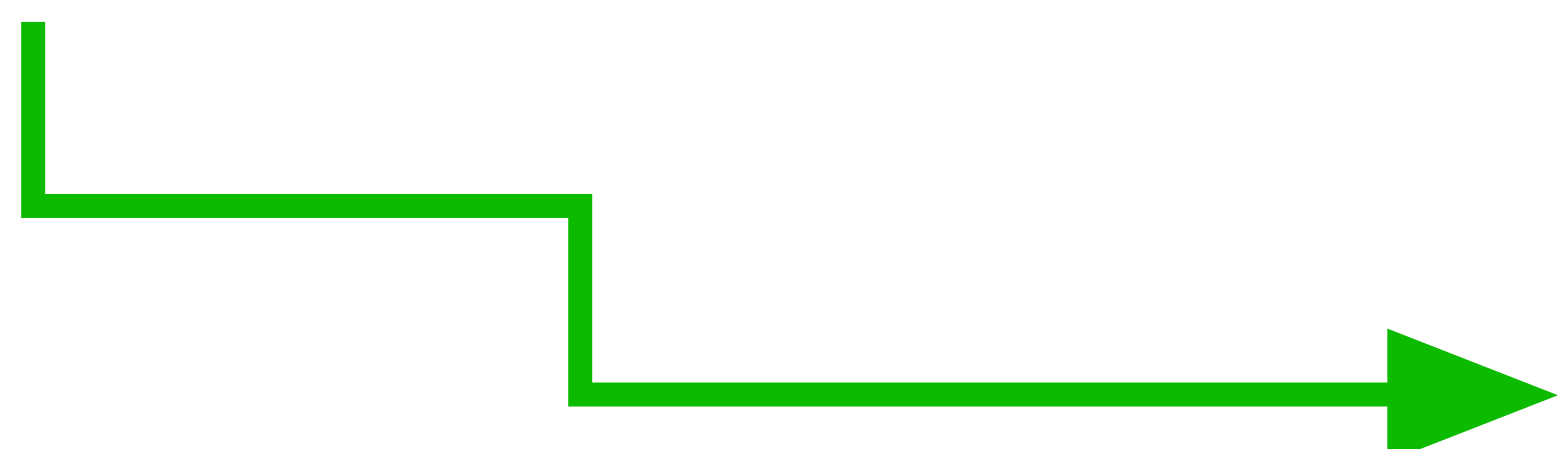
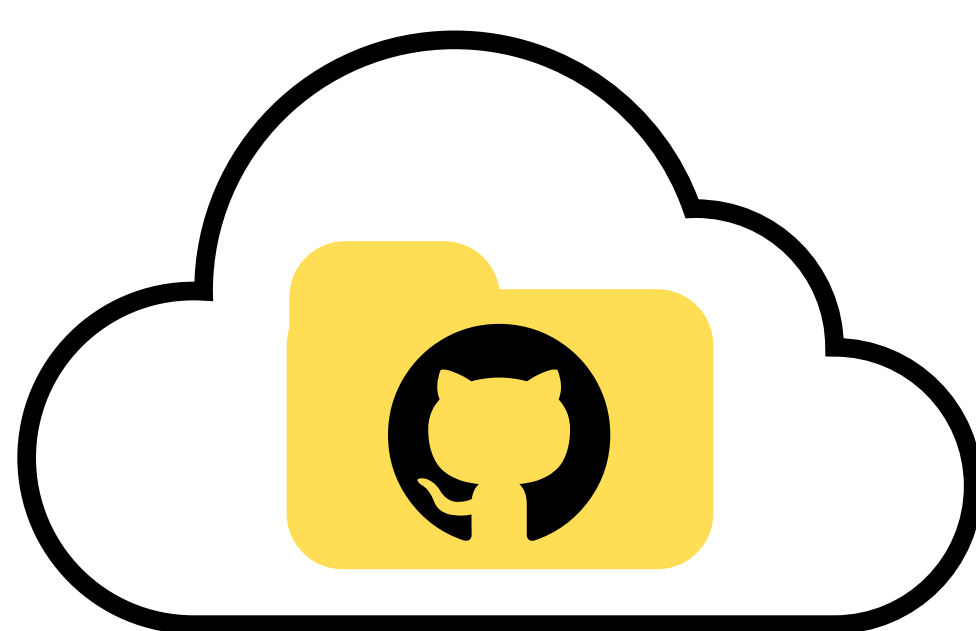
restaura arquivo para o último ponto dele mencionado na Timeline:
`git checkout -- index.html`



GITHUB - GUIA PRÁTICO

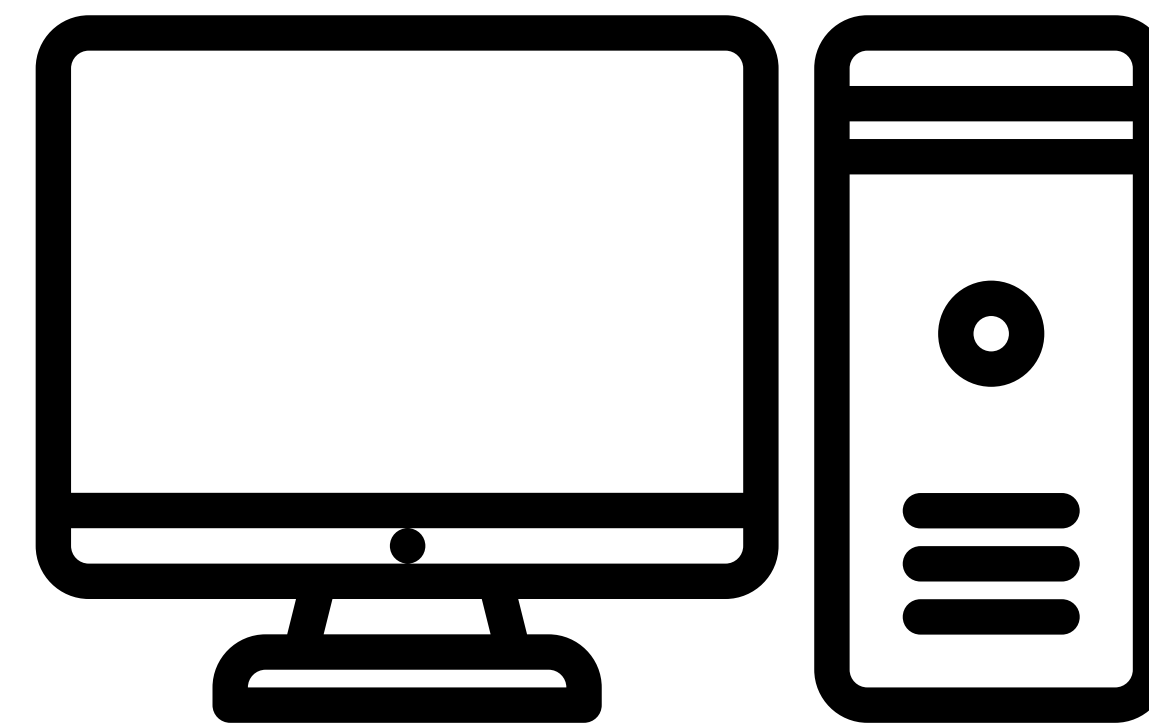
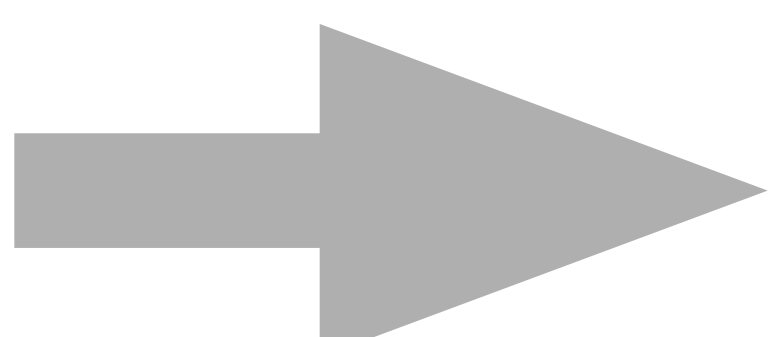
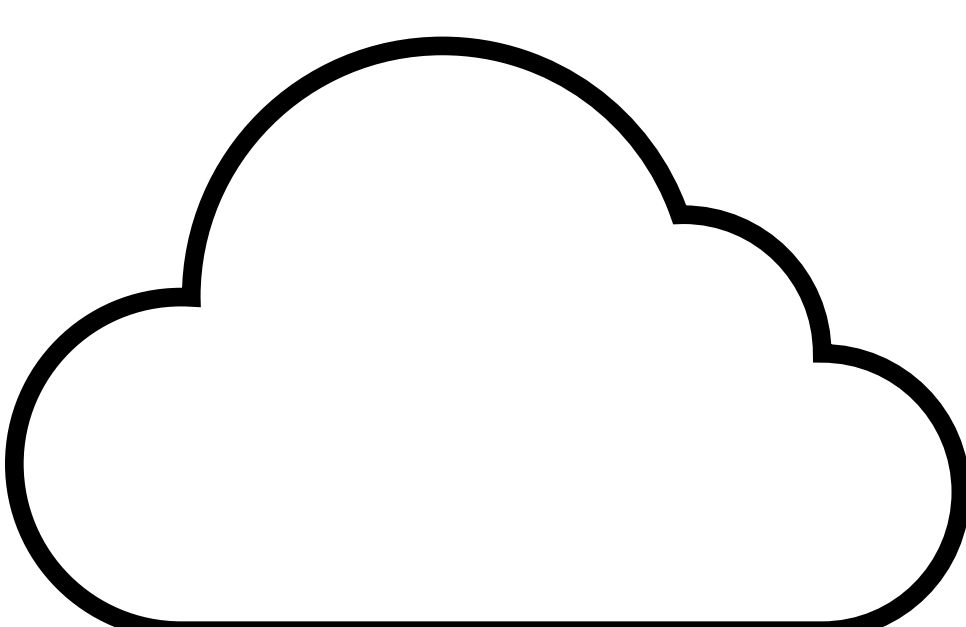
clona o repositório para a máquina local:

`git clone https://github.com/nomedorepositorio`



pega as atualizações feitas no repositório remoto
IMPORTANTE: sempre faça antes de um "push"

`git pull`



envia as alterações locais para o repositório remoto

`git push origin master`

