1. What are escape characters, and how do you use them?

Ans:Escape characters are special characters that are used to represent certain actions or characters that cannot be directly represented or printed as is within a string. They are preceded by a backslash \ and ar e used to escape their usual interpretation or to introduce special characters in strings.

Here are a few commonly used escape characters in Python:

\n: Represents a newline character. It is used to start a new line in a string.

\t: Represents a tab character. It is used to insert a horizontal tab in a string.

\\: Represents a backslash character. It is used to insert a literal backslash in a string.

\" or \': Represents a double quotation mark or a single quotation mark, respectively. They are used to include quotation marks within a string without terminating it.

2. What do the escape characters n and t stand for?

Ans:

\n: Represents a newline character. It is used to start a new line in a string.

\t: Represents a tab character. It is used to insert a horizontal tab in a string.

3. What is the way to include backslash characters in a string?

Ans: \\: Represents a backslash character. It is used to insert a literal backslash in a string.

4. The string "Howl's Moving Castle" is a correct value. Why isn't the single quote character in the word H owl's not escaped a problem?

Ans:It is not an issue because single quotes can be incorported between the double quotes.

5. How do you write a string of newlines if you don't want to use the n character?

Ans:

print("""This is you. This is me""")

""", "" can be used to do this job.

6. What are the values of the given expressions? 'Hello, world!'[1]

Ans:

'Hello, world!'[0:5]

Ans: 'Hello'

'Hello, world!'[:5]

Ans:'Hello'

'Hello, world!'[3:]

Ans: 'lo, world!'

7. What are the values of the following expressions? 'Hello'.upper()

Ans:'HELLO'

'Hello'.upper().isupper()

Ans:True

'Hello'.upper().lower()

Ans:'hello'

8. What are the values of the following expressions? 'Remember, remember, the fifth of July.'.split()

Ans:['Remember,', 'remember,', 'the', 'fifth', 'of', 'July.']

'-'.join('There can only one.'.split())

Ans: 'There-can-only-one.'

9. What are the methods for right-justifying, left-justifying, and centering a string?

Ans:str.rjust(width, fillchar), Right Justifying str.ljust(width, fillchar), Left Justifying str.center(width, fillchar), Centering

10. What is the best way to remove whitespace characters from the start or end?

Ans: The best way to do it is to use the strip() method. We can further use lstrip() or rstrip() to be specific t oo.