# Project Euler #71: Ordered fractions



#### **Problem Statement**

Consider the fraction,  $\frac{a}{b}$ , where a and b are positive integers. If a < b and GCD(a,b) = 1, it is called a reduced proper fraction.

If we list the set of reduced proper fractions for  $d \leq 8$ , (where d is the denominator) in ascending order of size, we get:

$$\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{7}{8}$$

It can be seen that  $\frac{2}{5}$  is the fraction immediately to the left of  $\frac{3}{7}$ .

By listing the set of reduced proper fractions for  $d \leq N$  in ascending order of size, find the numerator and denominator of the fraction immediately to the left of  $\frac{a}{b}$ .

### **Input Format**

First line of input contains an integer T, number of test cases.

Next T lines contain  $a\ b\ N$  separated by space.

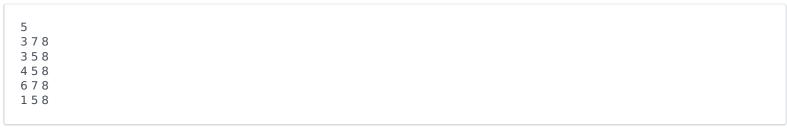
#### **Output Format**

Print the numerator and denominator separated by a space corresponding to each test case on a new line.

#### **Constraints**

$$1 \le T \le 100$$
  
 $1 \le a < b <= 10^9$   
 $GCD(a,b) = 1$   
 $b < N <= 10^{15}$ 

#### **Sample Input**



## Sample Output

