Untitled

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2 Causality

2.1 Racial Discrimination in the Labor Market

```
data("resume", package = "qss")
dim(resume)
## [1] 4870
#dimensions of table (x,y)
summary(resume)
    firstname
                                                                   call
##
                           sex
                                               race
##
   Length: 4870
                       Length: 4870
                                          Length: 4870
                                                              Min.
                                                                     :0.00000
   Class : character
                       Class : character
                                          Class :character
                                                              1st Qu.:0.00000
##
  Mode :character
                                                              Median :0.00000
                       Mode :character
                                          Mode :character
##
                                                              Mean
                                                                     :0.08049
##
                                                              3rd Qu.:0.00000
##
                                                              Max.
                                                                    :1.00000
#summarizes table by class, character, length, and elemntary stats.
head(resume)
##
     firstname
                  sex race call
      Allison female white
## 2
      Kristen female white
                               0
      Lakisha female black
## 4
      Latonya female black
                               0
       Carrie female white
## 6
                 male white
           Jay
#produces first six rows, add comma after resume to produce more.
glimpse(resume)
```

```
## Rows: 4,870
## Columns: 4
## $ firstname <chr> "Allison", "Kristen", "Lakisha", "Latonya", "Carrie", "Jay",~
## $ sex <chr> "female", "
                                         <chr> "white", "white", "black", "black", "white", "white", "white"
## $ race
## $ call
                                        #names of columns, type of character, and gives numbers.
race_call_tab <- resume %>%
      group_by(race, call) %>%
      count() %>%
     ungroup()
race_call_tab
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## race call n
           <chr> <int> <int>
##
## 1 black 0 2278
## 2 black
                                       1 157
                                        0 2200
## 3 white
## 4 white
                                       1 235
race_call_rate <- race_call_tab %>%
      group by (race) %>%
     mutate(call_rate = n/sum(n)) %>%
     filter(call == 1 ) %>%
     select(race, call_rate)
  race_call_rate
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
## # Groups: race [2]
##
          race call_rate
## <chr> <dbl>
## 1 black 0.0645
## 2 white 0.0965
resume %>%
 summarise(call_back = mean(call))
##
                  call_back
## 1 0.08049281
```

2.2 Subsetting Data in R

```
resume %>%
mutate(BlackFemale = if_else(race == "black" & sex == "female", 1, 0)) %>%
group_by(BlackFemale, race, sex) %>%
count()
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups: BlackFemale, race, sex [4]
## BlackFemale race sex
##
          <dbl> <chr> <chr> <int>
## 1
              0 black male
                               549
## 2
              0 white female 1860
## 3
              0 white male
                               575
## 4
              1 black female 1886
class(1)
## [1] "numeric"
class(1L)
## [1] "integer"
class(1:5)
## [1] "integer"
class(c(1,2,3))
## [1] "numeric"
class(as.integer(c(1,2,3)))
## [1] "integer"
```

2.2.3 Factor Variables

```
resume %>%
mutate(
   race_sex = case_when(
      race == "black" & sex == "female" ~ "black female",
      race == "white" & sex == "female" ~ "white female",
      race == "black" & sex == "male" ~ "black male",
      race == "white" & sex == "male" ~ "white male"
   )
) %>%
head()
```

```
##  firstname  sex race call  race_sex
## 1  Allison female white  0 white female
## 2  Kristen female white  0 white female
## 3  Lakisha female black  0 black female
## 4  Latonya female black  0 black female
## 5  Carrie female white  0 white female
## 6  Jay male white  0 white male
```

```
resume %>%
 mutate(
   race_sex = case_when(
    race == "black" & sex == "female" ~ "black female",
     race == "black" & sex == "male" ~ "black male",
     TRUE ~ "white"
   )
 ) %>%
 head()
## firstname sex race call
                                race_sex
## 1 Allison female white 0
                                  white
## 2 Kristen female white 0
                                    white
## 3 Lakisha female black 0 black female
## 4 Latonya female black 0 black female
     Carrie female white 0
## 5
                                    white
## 6
          Jay male white 0
                                   white
resume %>%
 group_by(race, sex) %>%
summarise(call = mean(call))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'race'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups: race [2]
## race sex
                call
## <chr> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 black female 0.0663
## 2 black male 0.0583
## 3 white female 0.0989
## 4 white male 0.0887
resume %>%
 group_by(firstname) %>%
 summarise(call = mean(call)) %>%
 arrange(call)
## # A tibble: 36 x 2
##
   firstname call
              <dbl>
##
     <chr>
## 1 Aisha
             0.0222
## 2 Rasheed 0.0299
## 3 Keisha 0.0383
## 4 Tremayne 0.0435
## 5 Kareem 0.0469
## 6 Darnell 0.0476
## 7 Tyrone 0.0533
## 8 Hakim
             0.0545
## 9 Tamika
            0.0547
## 10 Lakisha 0.055
## # ... with 26 more rows
```

2.3 Causal Affects and the Counterfactual

```
data("social", package = "qss")
summary(social)
##
                                   primary2004
                      yearofbirth
                                                       messages
       sex
## Length:305866
                            :1900 Min. :0.0000
                                                     Length:305866
                      Min.
                      1st Qu.:1947
## Class :character
                                    1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                     Class : character
## Mode :character
                      Median :1956 Median :0.0000
                                                     Mode :character
##
                           :1956 Mean :0.4014
                      Mean
##
                      3rd Qu.:1965
                                    3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
                      Max.
                            :1986
                                    Max. :1.0000
##
   primary2006
                       hhsize
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :1.000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000
                   1st Qu.:2.000
                   Median :2.000
## Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.3122 Mean :2.184
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :8.000
turnout_by_message <-</pre>
 social %>%
 group_by(messages) %>%
 summarize(turnout = mean(primary2006))
turnout_by_message
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##
    messages turnout
##
    <chr>
                 <dbl>
## 1 Civic Duty 0.315
## 2 Control
                 0.297
## 3 Hawthorne
                 0.322
## 4 Neighbors
                 0.378
turnout_by_message %>%
 spread(messages, turnout) %>%
 mutate(diff_civic_duty = 'Civic Duty' - Control,
        diff_Hawthorne = Hawthorne - Control,
        diff_Neighbors = Neighbors - Control) %>%
 select(matches("diff_"))
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
    diff_civic_duty diff_Hawthorne diff_Neighbors
##
              <dbl>
                             dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                          0.0813
## 1
             0.0179
                            0.0257
social %>%
 mutate(age = 2006 - yearofbirth) %>%
 group_by(messages) %>%
 summarise(primary2004 = mean (primary2004),
           age = mean(age),
           hhisze = mean(hhsize))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
##
    messages primary2004
                              age hhisze
##
     <chr>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                      0.399 49.7
## 1 Civic Duty
                                    2.19
## 2 Control
                      0.400 49.8
                                    2.18
## 3 Hawthorne
                      0.403 49.7
                                    2.18
## 4 Neighbors
                      0.407 49.9
                                    2.19
social %>%
 mutate(age = 2006 - yearofbirth) %>%
  group_by (messages) %>%
 summarise_at(vars(primary2004, age, hhsize), funs(mean))
## Warning: 'funs()' was deprecated in dplyr 0.8.0.
## Please use a list of either functions or lambdas:
##
##
     # Simple named list:
##
     list(mean = mean, median = median)
##
     # Auto named with 'tibble::lst()':
##
##
    tibble::lst(mean, median)
##
##
     # Using lambdas
     list(~ mean(., trim = .2), ~ median(., na.rm = TRUE))
##
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
    messages primary2004
##
                              age hhsize
##
     <chr>>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1 Civic Duty
                      0.399 49.7
                                    2.19
## 2 Control
                      0.400 49.8
                                    2.18
## 3 Hawthorne
                      0.403 49.7
                                    2.18
## 4 Neighbors
                      0.407 49.9
                                    2.19
```

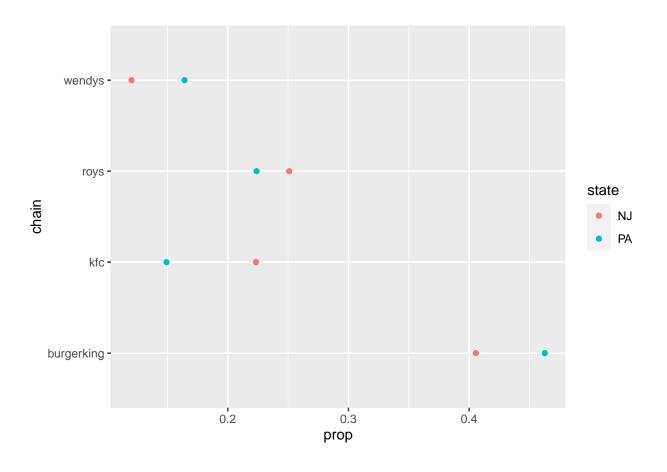
2.4 Observational Studies

```
data("minwage", package = "qss")
```

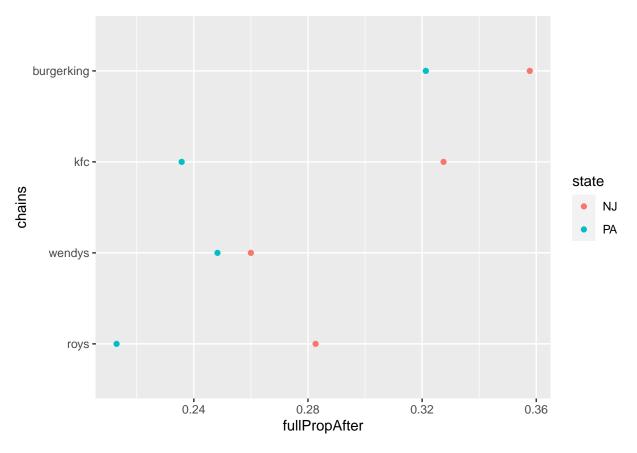
```
glimpse(minwage)
```

```
summary(minwage)
##
      chain
                       location
                                         wageBefore
                                                      wageAfter
##
  Length:358
                     Length:358
                                              :4.250 Min.
                                       Min.
                                                            :4.250
                                       1st Qu.:4.250 1st Qu.:5.050
  Class : character Class : character
## Mode :character Mode :character
                                       Median :4.500
                                                      Median :5.050
##
                                       Mean :4.618
                                                      Mean :4.994
##
                                                      3rd Qu.:5.050
                                       3rd Qu.:4.987
##
                                       Max. :5.750
                                                     Max. :6.250
##
     fullBefore
                    fullAfter
                                                    partAfter
                                     partBefore
## Min. : 0.000 Min. : 0.000 Min. : 0.00 Min. : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 2.125
                   1st Qu.: 2.000
                                 1st Qu.:11.00 1st Qu.:11.00
                                 Median: 16.25 Median: 17.00
## Median : 6.000
                   Median : 6.000
## Mean : 8.475
                   Mean : 8.362
                                   Mean :18.75
                                                  Mean :18.69
## 3rd Qu.:12.000
                   3rd Qu.:12.000
                                   3rd Qu.:25.00
                                                  3rd Qu.:25.00
## Max. :60.000
                   Max. :40.000
                                   Max. :60.00
                                                  Max. :60.00
NJ_MINWAGE <- 5.05
minwage %>%
count(location)
##
     location n
## 1 centralNJ 45
## 2 northNJ 146
## 3
          PA 67
## 4 shoreNJ 33
## 5
     southNJ 67
minwage <-
 mutate(minwage, state = str_sub(location, -2L))
minwage <-
 mutate(minwage, state = if_else(location == "PA", "PA", "NJ"))
minwage %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarise(prop_after = mean(wageAfter < NJ_MINWAGE), prop_Before = mean(wageBefore < NJ_MINWAGE))</pre>
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
   state prop_after prop_Before
##
   <chr>
             <dbl>
                         <dbl>
## 1 NJ
             0.00344
                          0.911
## 2 PA
            0.955
                          0.940
minwage <-
 minwage %>%
 mutate(totalAfter = fullAfter + partAfter,
        fullPropAfter = fullAfter / totalAfter)
```

```
full_prop_by_state <-</pre>
  minwage %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarise(fullPropAfter = mean(fullPropAfter))
full_prop_by_state
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##
    state fullPropAfter
   <chr>
##
                  <dbl>
## 1 NJ
                  0.320
## 2 PA
                  0.272
chains_by_state <-
  minwage %>%
 group_by(state) %>%
 count(chain) %>%
 mutate(prop = n / sum(n))
ggplot(chains_by_state, aes(x = chain, y = prop, colour = state)) +
  geom_point() +
 coord_flip()
```

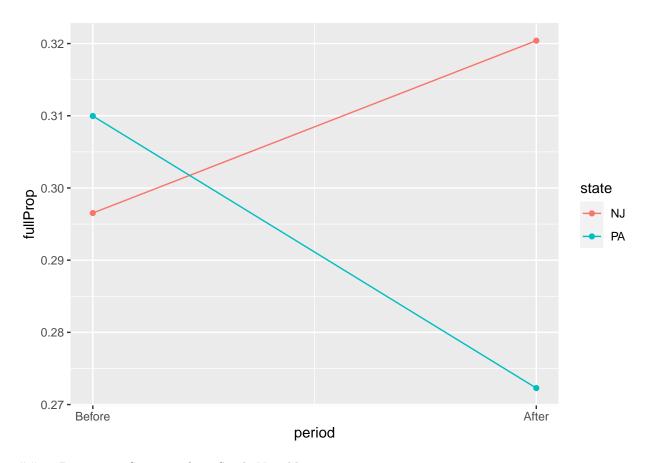


```
full_prop_by_state_chain <-</pre>
 minwage %>%
 group_by(state, chain) %>%
 summarise(fullPropAfter = mean(fullPropAfter))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'state'. You can override using the '.groups' argument.
full_prop_by_state_chain
## # A tibble: 8 x 3
## # Groups: state [2]
   state chain fullPropAfter
   <chr> <chr>
                            <dbl>
##
## 1 NJ
                            0.358
          burgerking
## 2 NJ
         kfc
                            0.328
## 3 NJ
        roys
                            0.283
## 4 NJ wendys
                            0.260
## 5 PA burgerking
                            0.321
## 6 PA kfc
                            0.236
## 7 PA
        roys
                            0.213
## 8 PA wendys
                            0.248
```



```
full_prop_by_state %>%
  spread(state, fullPropAfter) %>%
  mutate(diff = NJ - PA)
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
       NJ
             PA
                 diff
     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 0.320 0.272 0.0481
minwage <-
  minwage %>%
  mutate(totalBefore = fullBefore + partBefore,
         fullPropBefore = fullBefore / totalBefore)
minwage %>%
  filter(state == "NJ") %>%
  summarise(diff = mean(fullPropAfter) - mean(fullPropBefore))
##
           diff
## 1 0.02387474
 minwage %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarise(diff = mean(fullPropAfter) - mean(fullPropBefore)) %>%
```

```
spread(state, diff) %>%
 mutate(diff_in_diff = NJ - PA)
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
      NJ PA diff_in_diff
     <dbl> <dbl>
                          <dbl>
                         0.0616
## 1 0.0239 -0.0377
full_prop_by_state <-</pre>
 minwage %>%
 group_by(state) %>%
 summarise_at(vars(fullPropAfter, fullPropBefore), mean) %>%
 gather(period, fullProp, -state) %>%
 mutate(period = recode(period, fullPropAfter = 1, fullPropBefore = 0))
full_prop_by_state
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
   state period fullProp
    <chr> <dbl>
                    <dbl>
## 1 NJ
              1
                    0.320
## 2 PA
              1
                    0.272
## 3 NJ
              0
                    0.297
## 4 PA
                    0.310
ggplot(full_prop_by_state, aes (x = period, y = fullProp, colour = state)) +
 geom_point() +
 geom_line() +
 scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(0,1), labels = c("Before", "After"))
```



##2.5 Descriptive Statistics for a Single Variable

2 PA

0.575

0.75

```
minwage %>%
  filter(state == "NJ") %>%
  select(wageBefore, wageAfter) %>%
  summary()
##
      wageBefore
                     wageAfter
   Min.
          :4.25
                  Min.
                          :5.000
   1st Qu.:4.25
                  1st Qu.:5.050
##
## Median :4.50
                  Median :5.050
## Mean
          :4.61
                  Mean
                        :5.081
##
    3rd Qu.:4.87
                   3rd Qu.:5.050
          :5.75
##
  {\tt Max.}
                   Max. :5.750
minwage %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarise(wageAfter = IQR(wageAfter),
            wageBefore = IQR(wageBefore))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
     state wageAfter wageBefore
##
##
     <chr>
              <dbl>
                          <dbl>
## 1 NJ
                           0.62
```

```
minwage %>%
 group_by(state) %>%
 summarise(wageAfter_sd = sd(wageAfter),
          wageAfter_var = var(wageAfter),
          wageBefore_sd = sd(wageBefore),
          wageBefore_var = var(wageBefore))
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
## state wageAfter_sd wageAfter_var wageBefore_sd wageBefore_var
##
   <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                         0.0112
               0.106
                                        0.343
                                                     0.118
## 1 NJ
## 2 PA
               0.359
                          0.129
                                        0.358
                                                     0.128
minwage %>%
 group_by(state) %>%
 summarise_at(vars(wageAfter, wageBefore), funs(sd, var))
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
##
   state wageAfter_sd wageBefore_sd wageAfter_var wageBefore_var
              <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
## 1 NJ
               0.106
                           0.343
                                       0.0112
                                                     0.118
                          0.358
## 2 PA
               0.359
                                      0.129
                                                     0.128
```