Dinic's Algorithm

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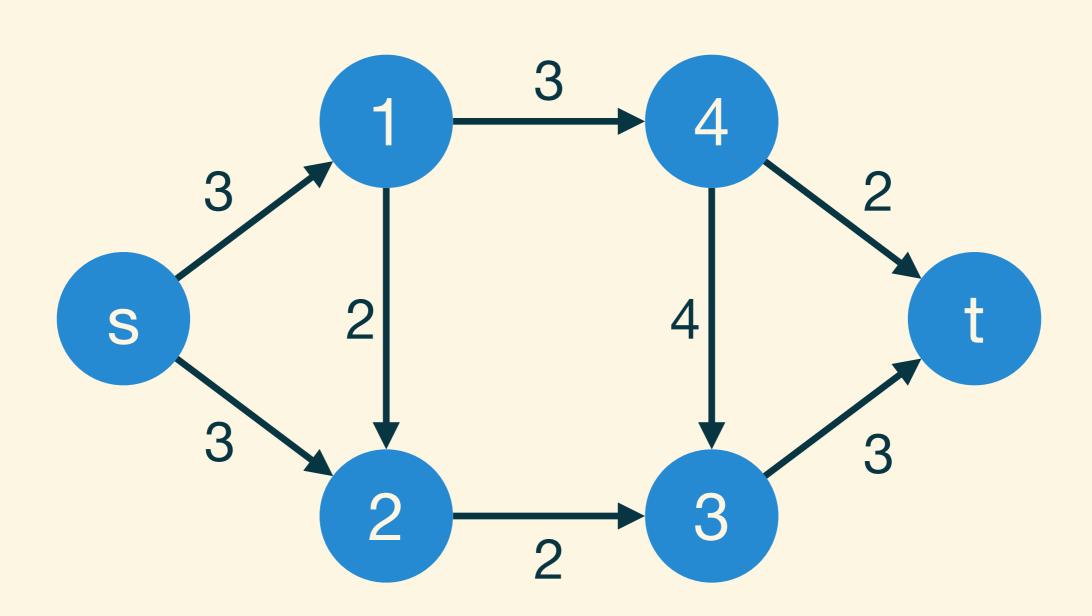


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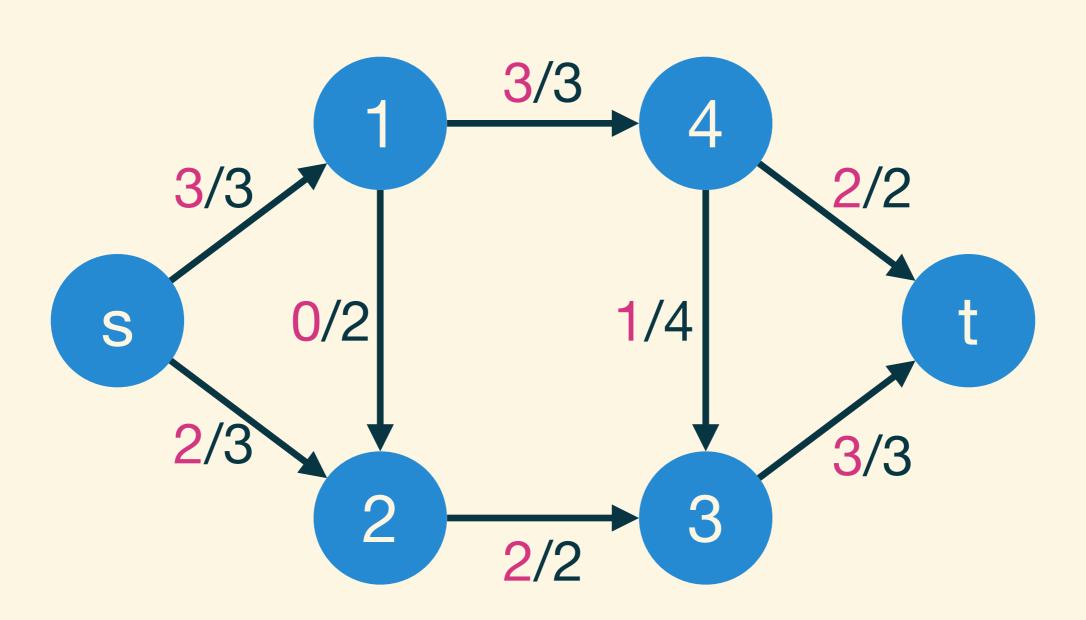
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Latest update: Mar 27, 2013

Maximum Flow

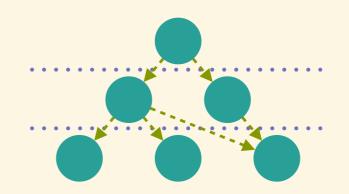


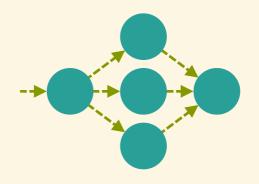
Maximum Flow

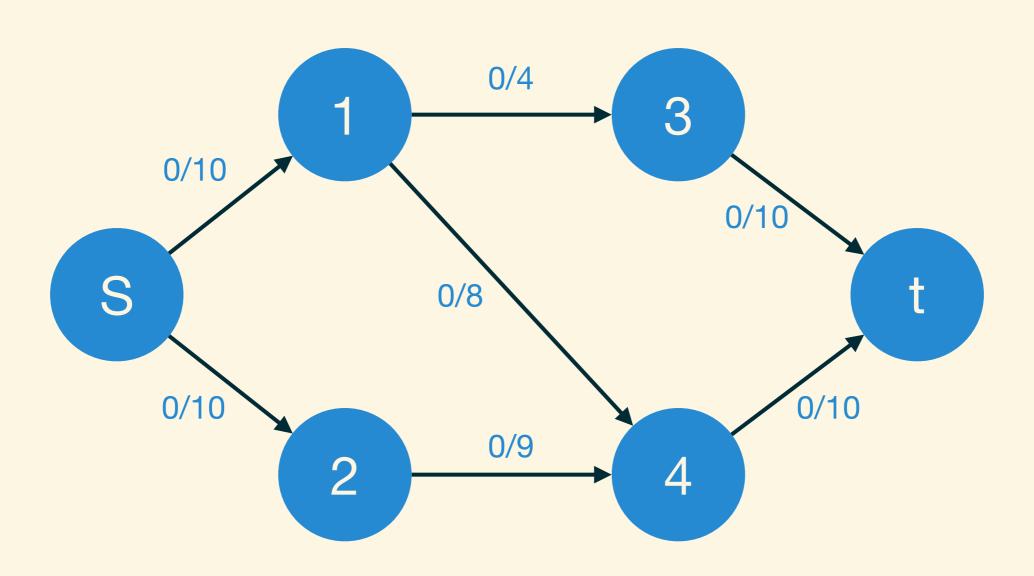


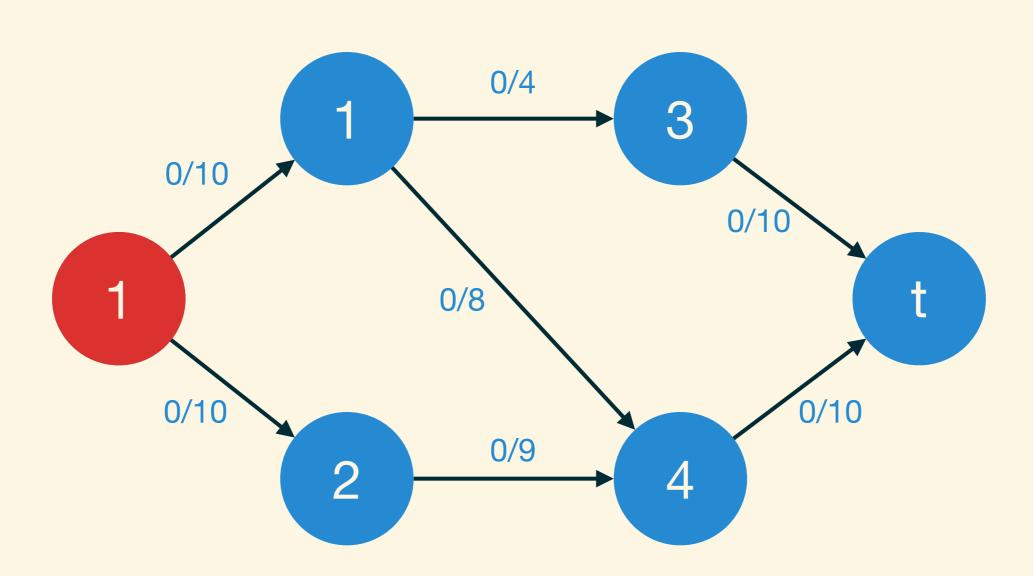
Concept

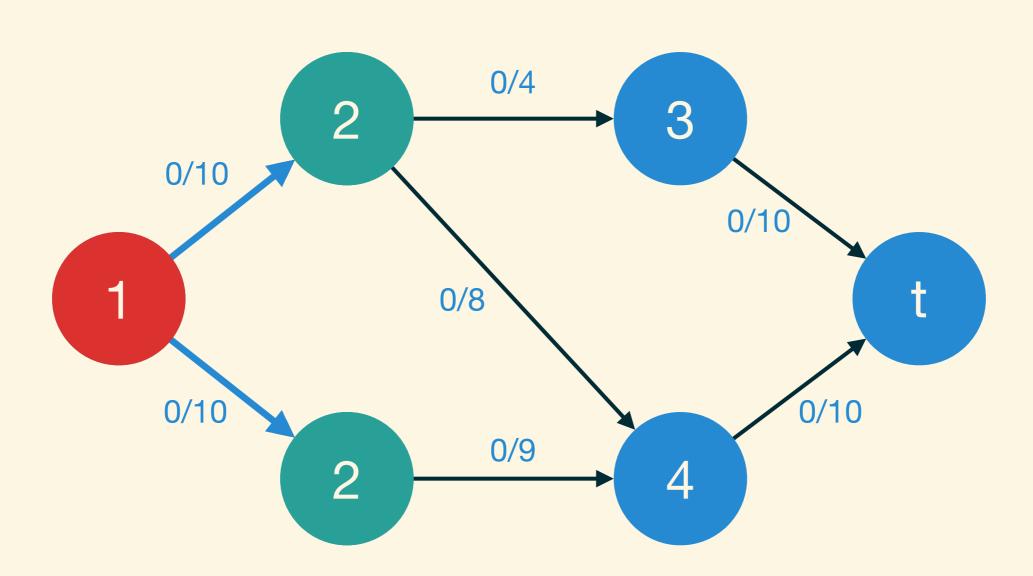
Level Graph

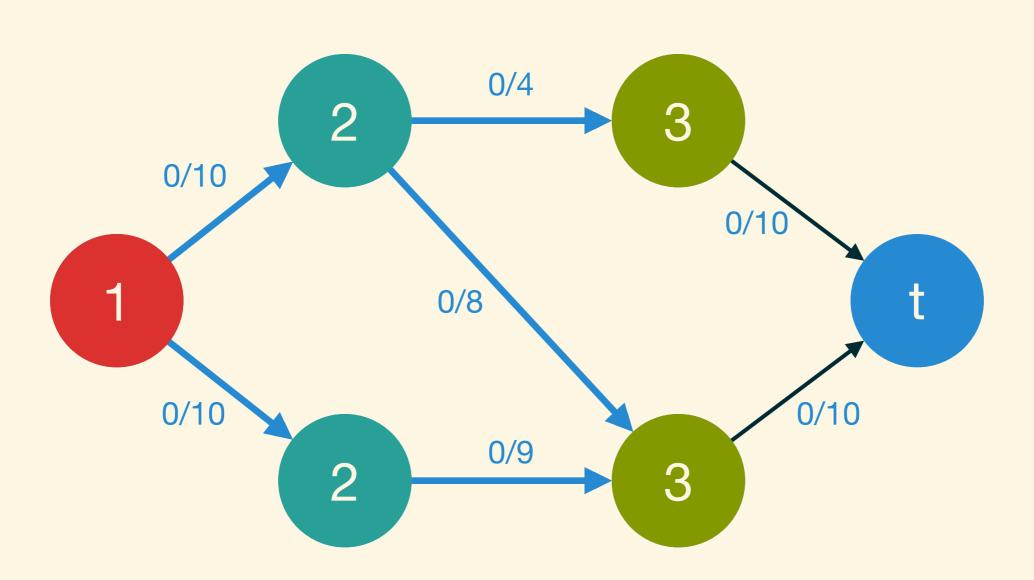


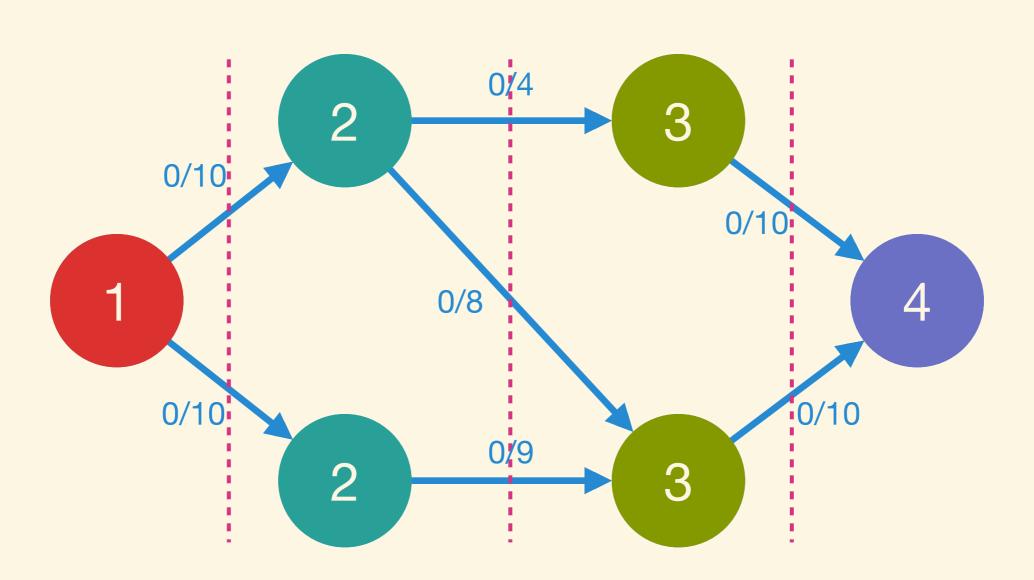


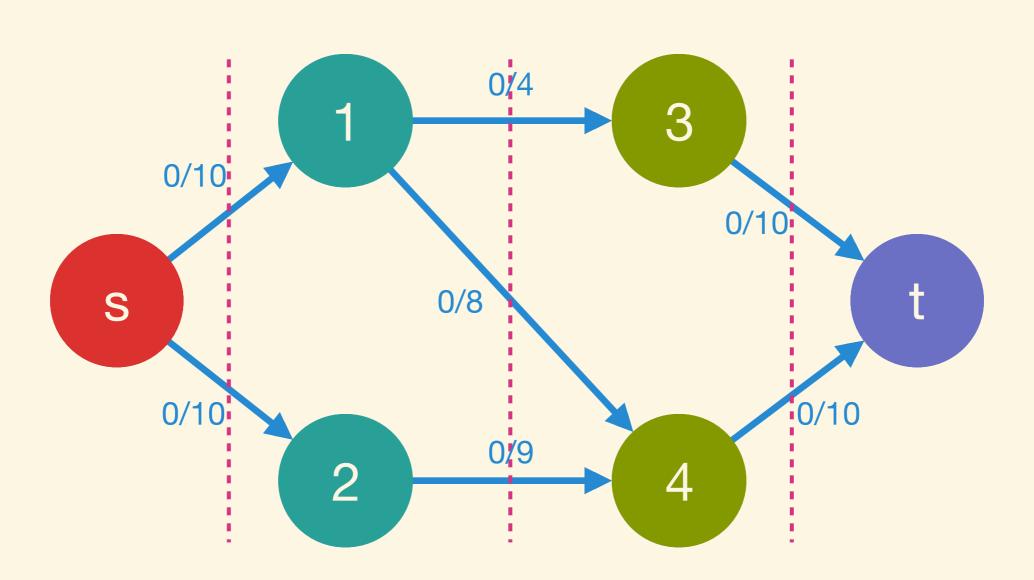


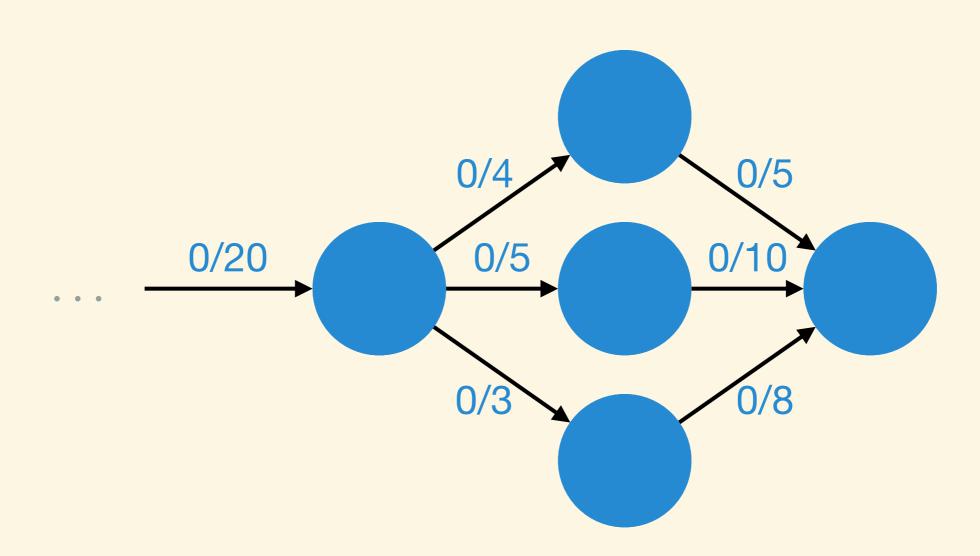


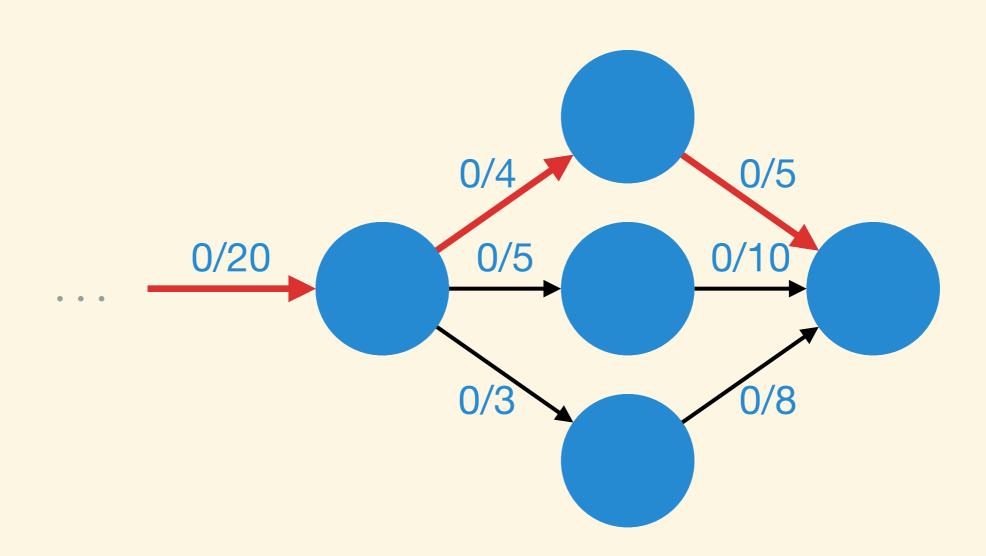


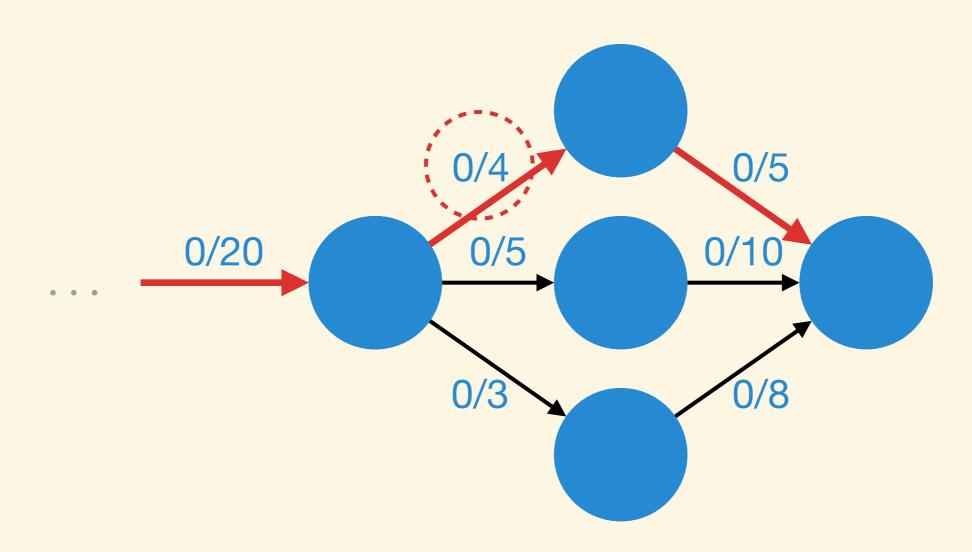




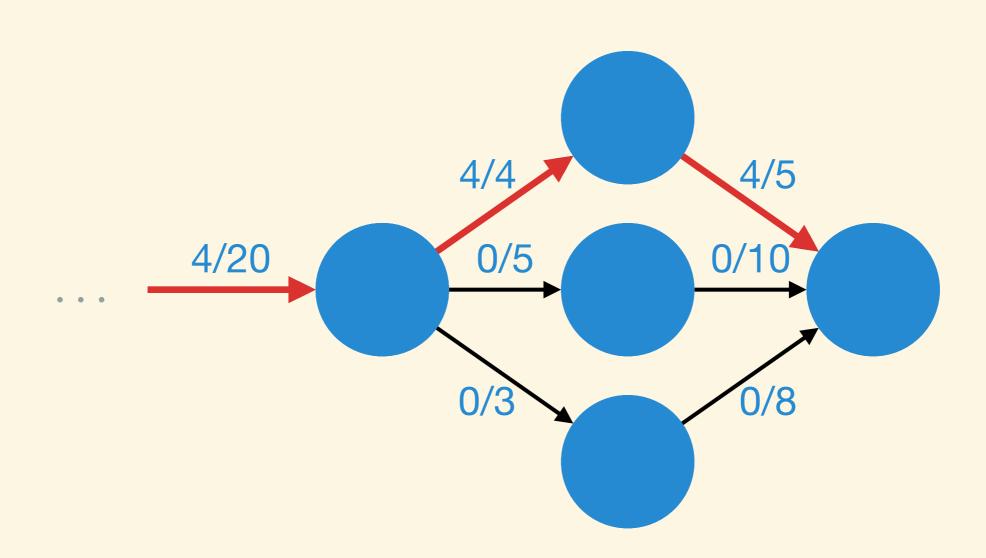


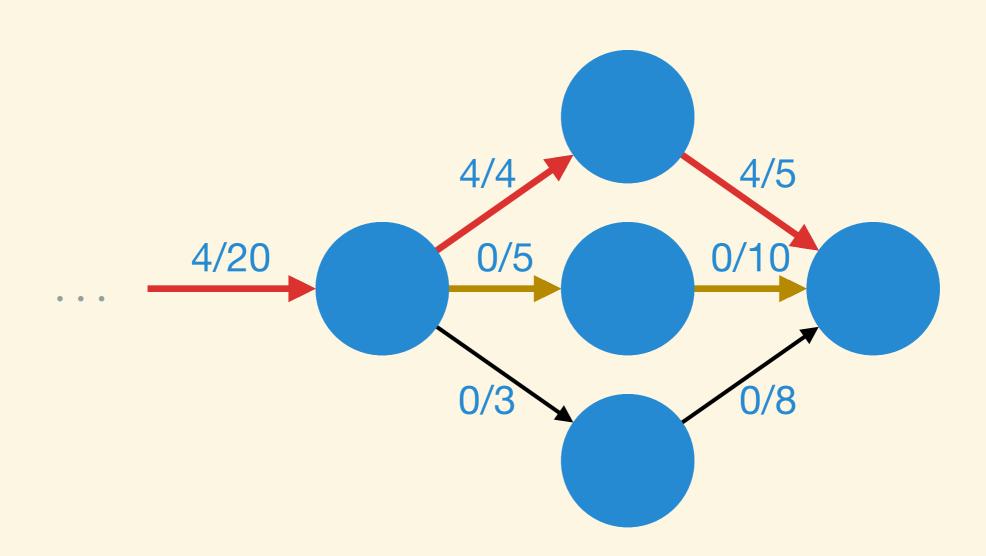


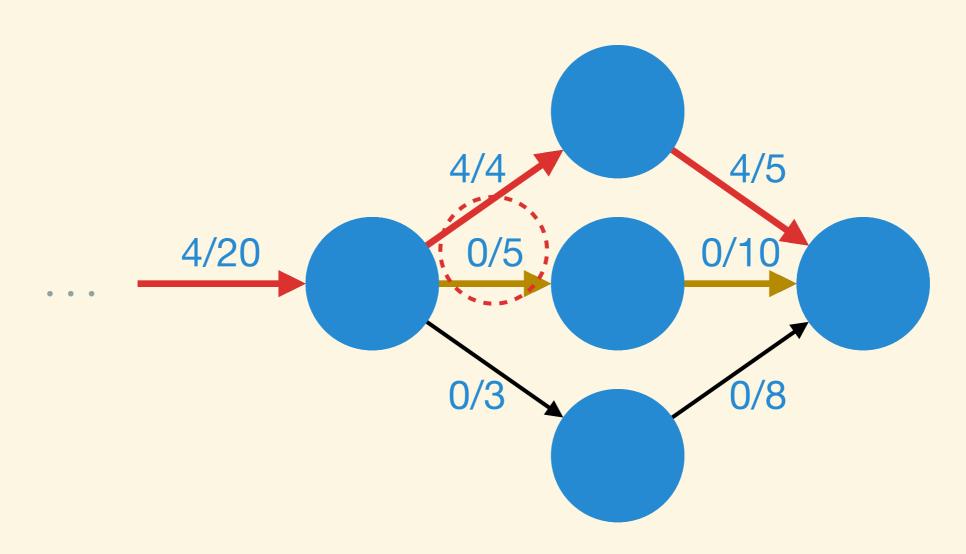




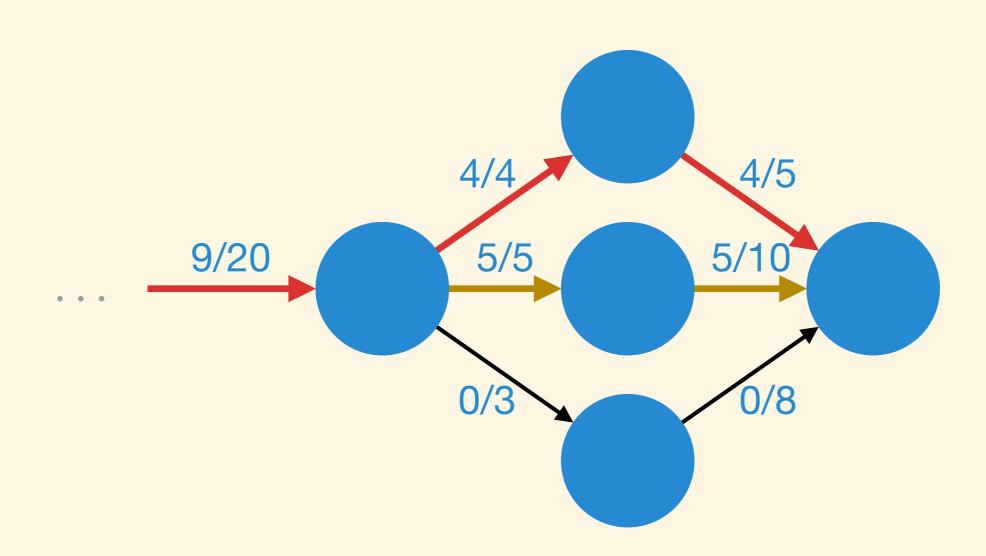
bottleneck: 4

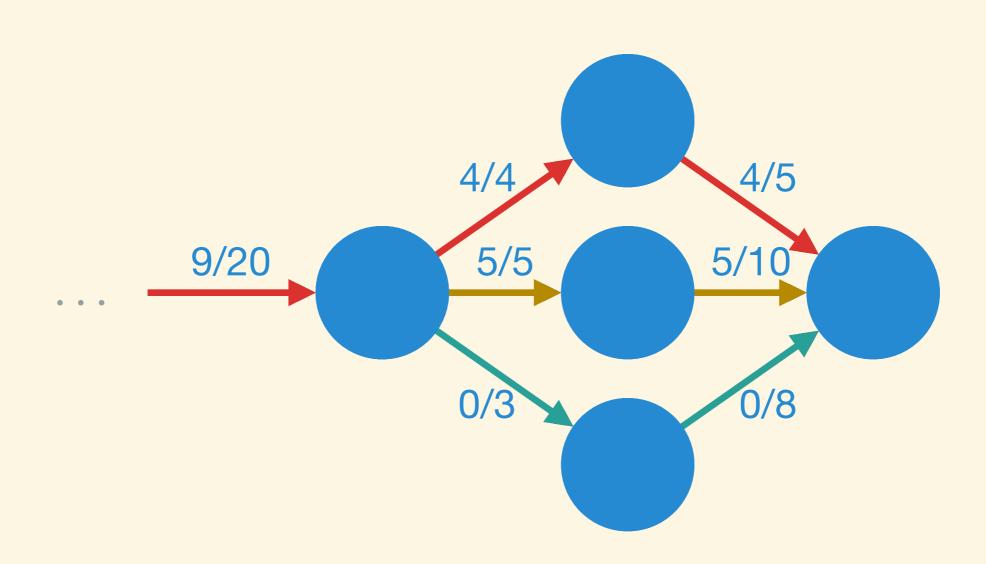


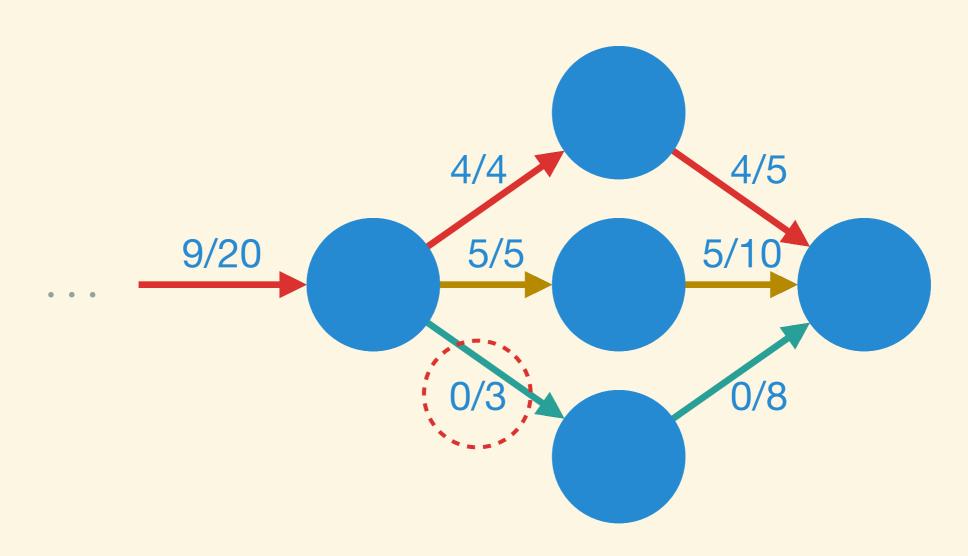




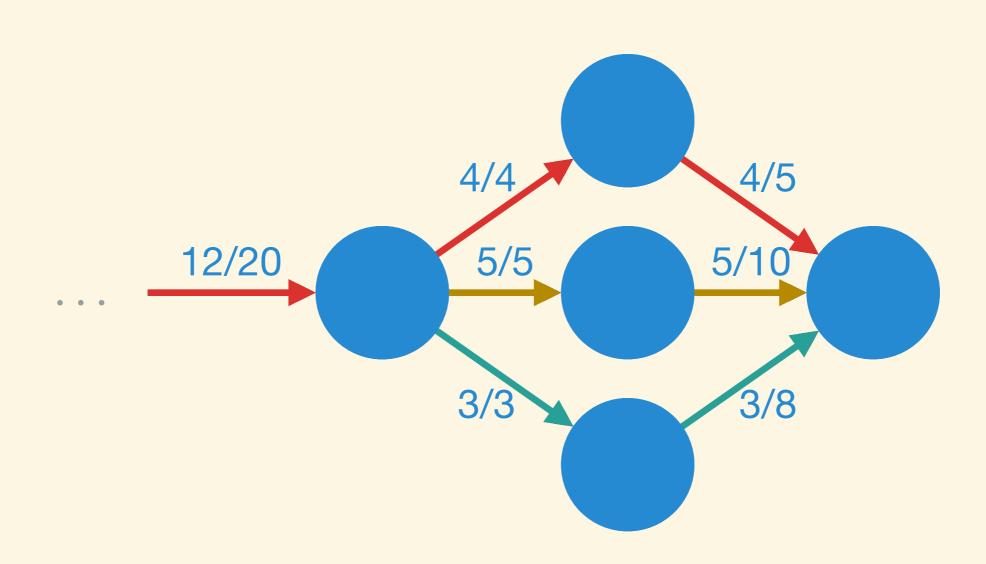
bottleneck: 5

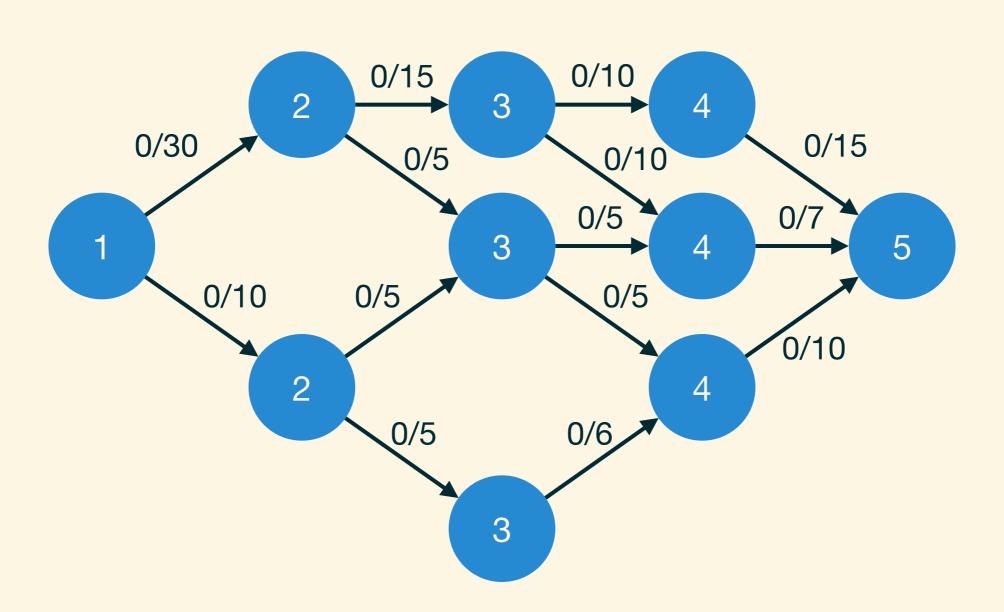


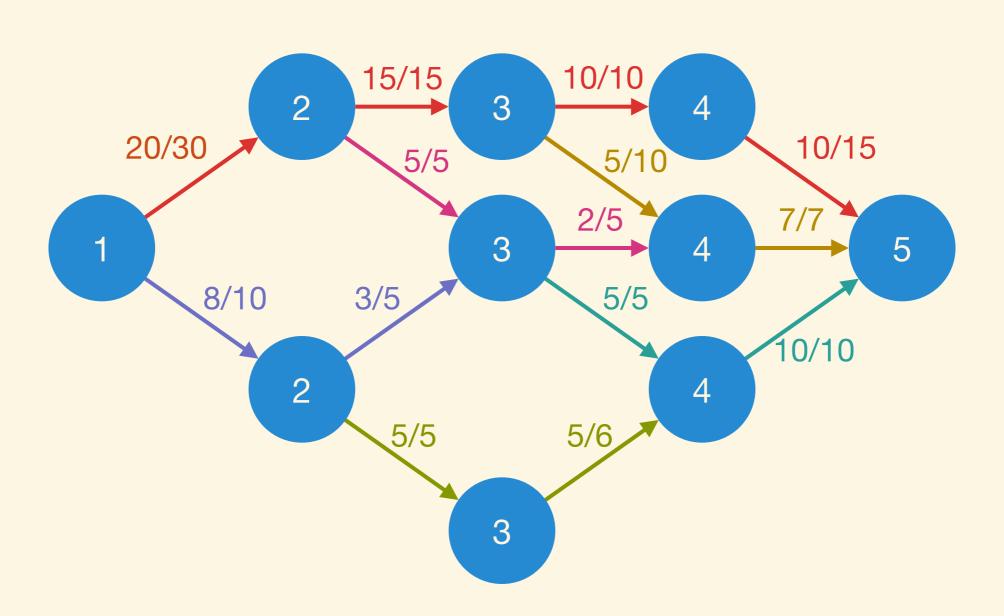




bottleneck: 3



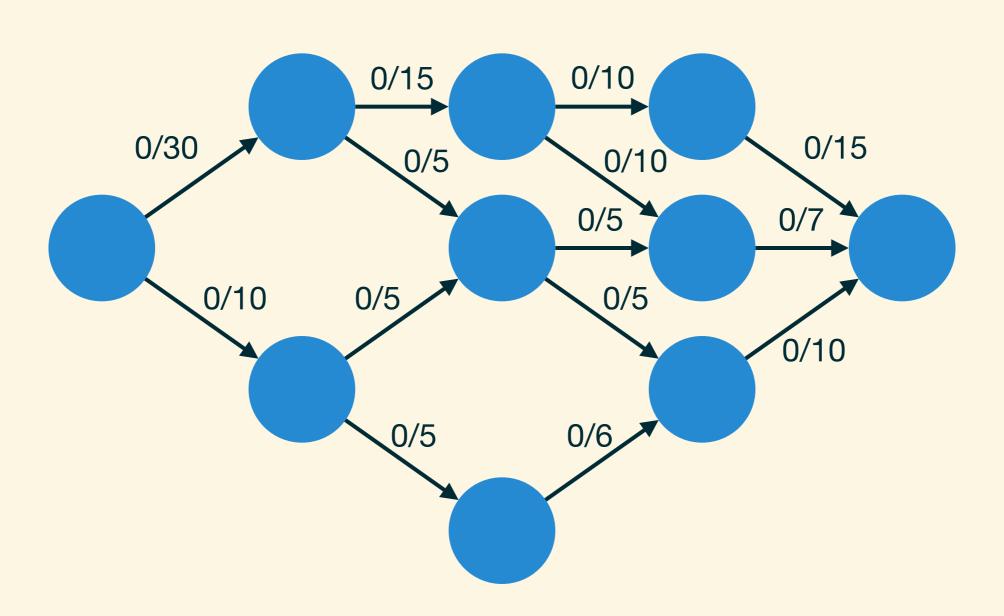


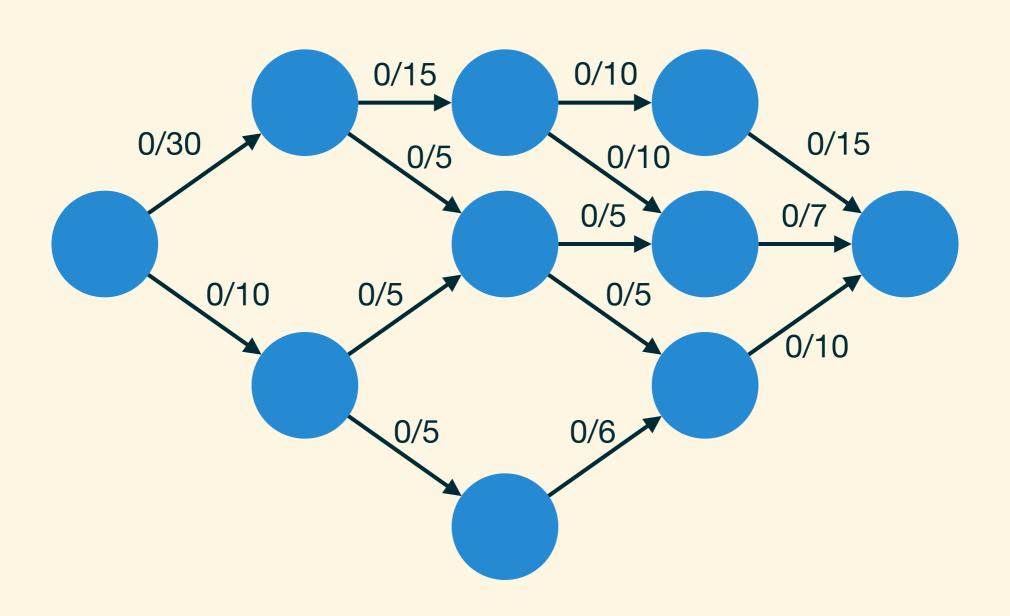


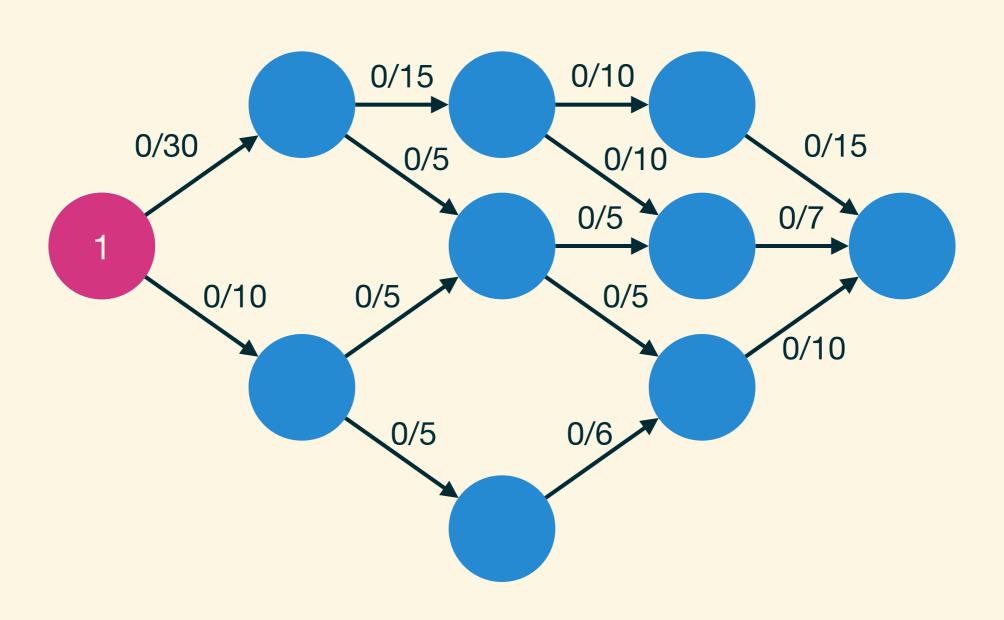
Algorithm

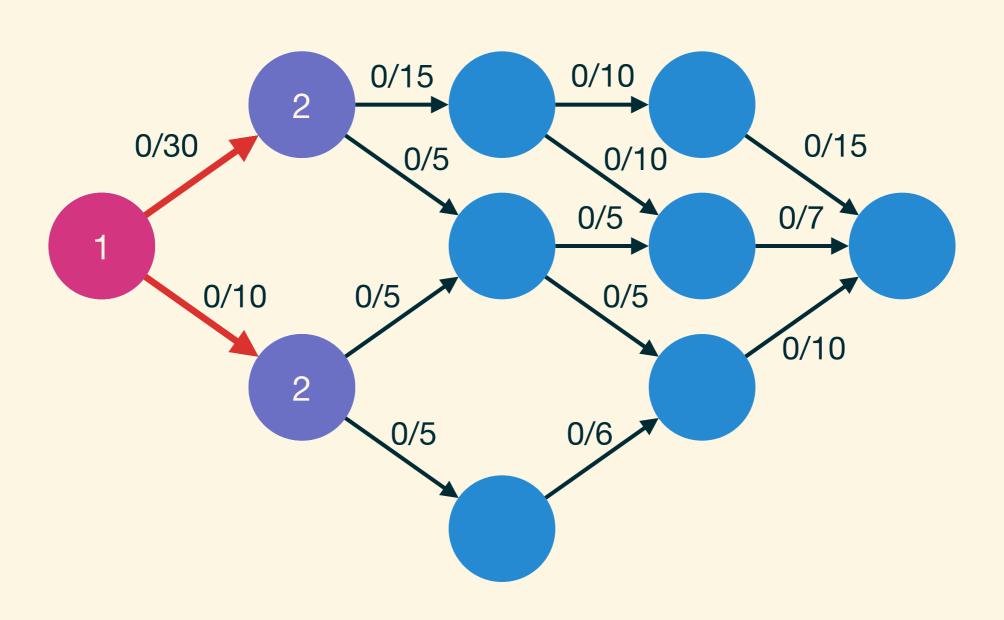
- 1. build a level graph
- 2. find an augmenting path from source to sink
- 3. find the bottleneck on augmenting path
- 4. find the augmenting path from bottleneck to sink
- 5. repeat step 3 and step 4 to construct a blocking flow until no augmenting path found

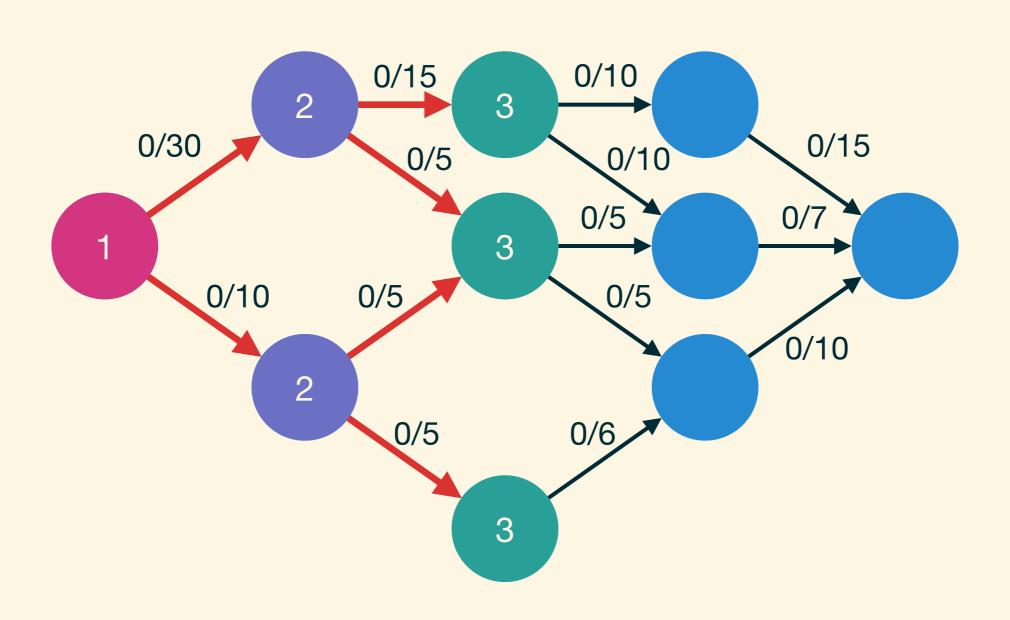
Example

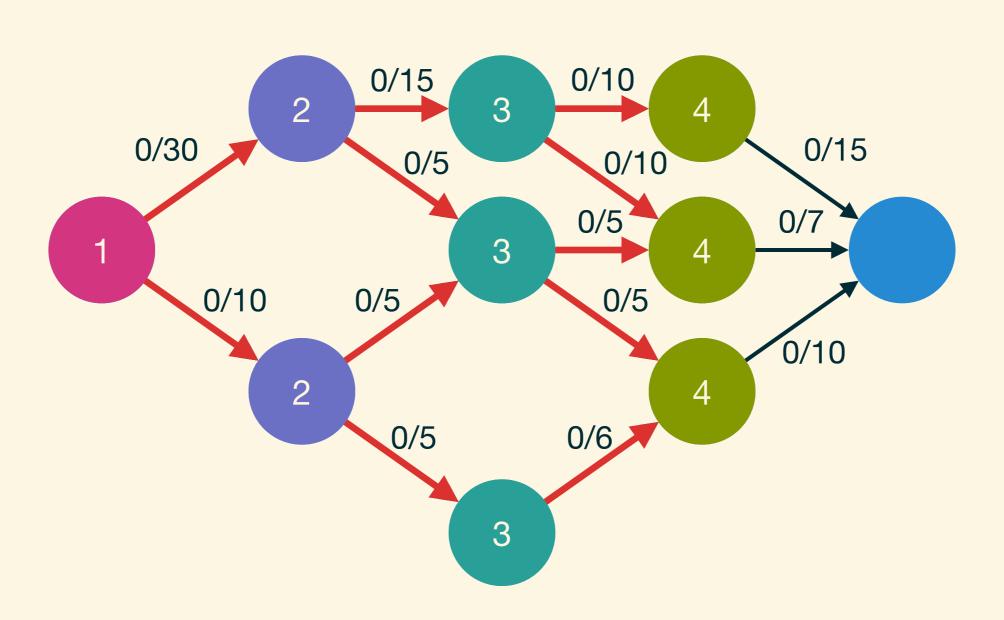


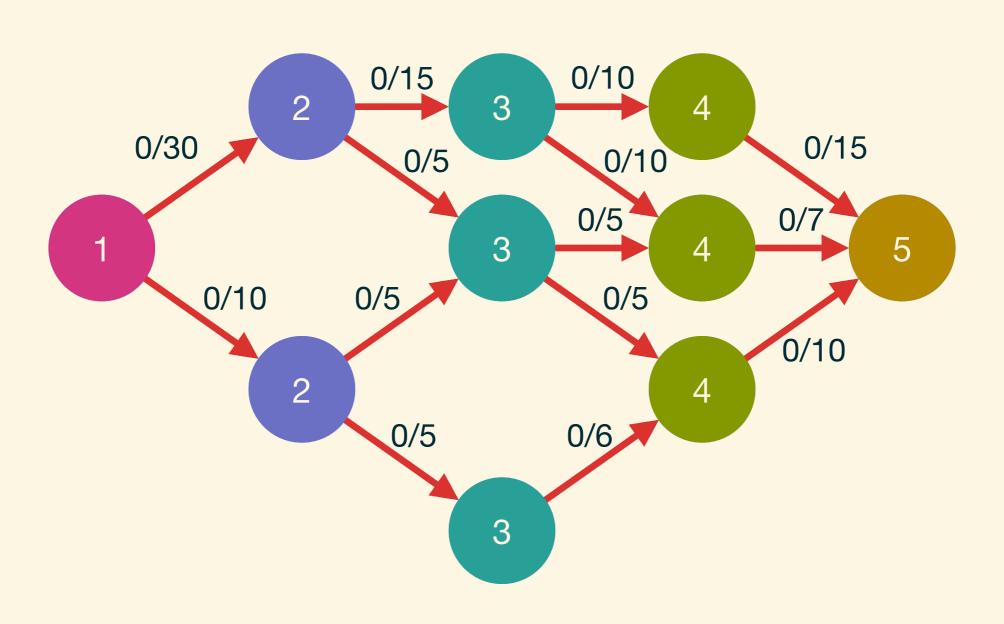


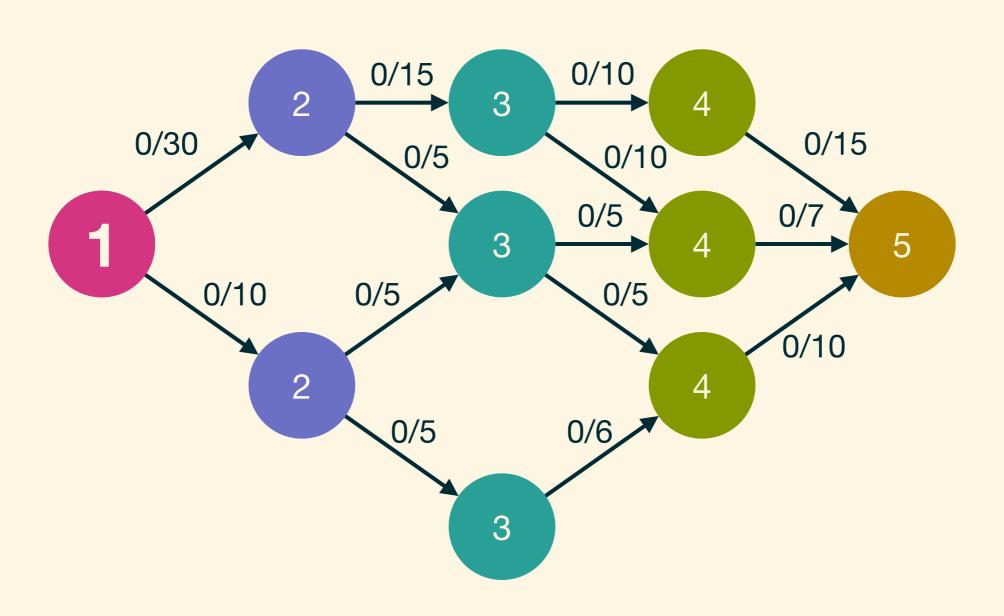


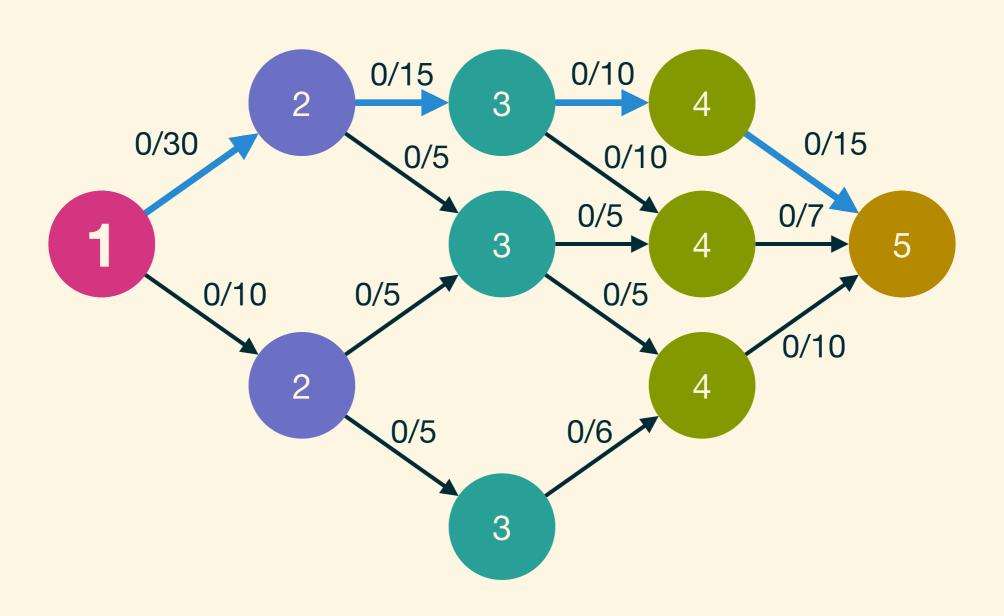


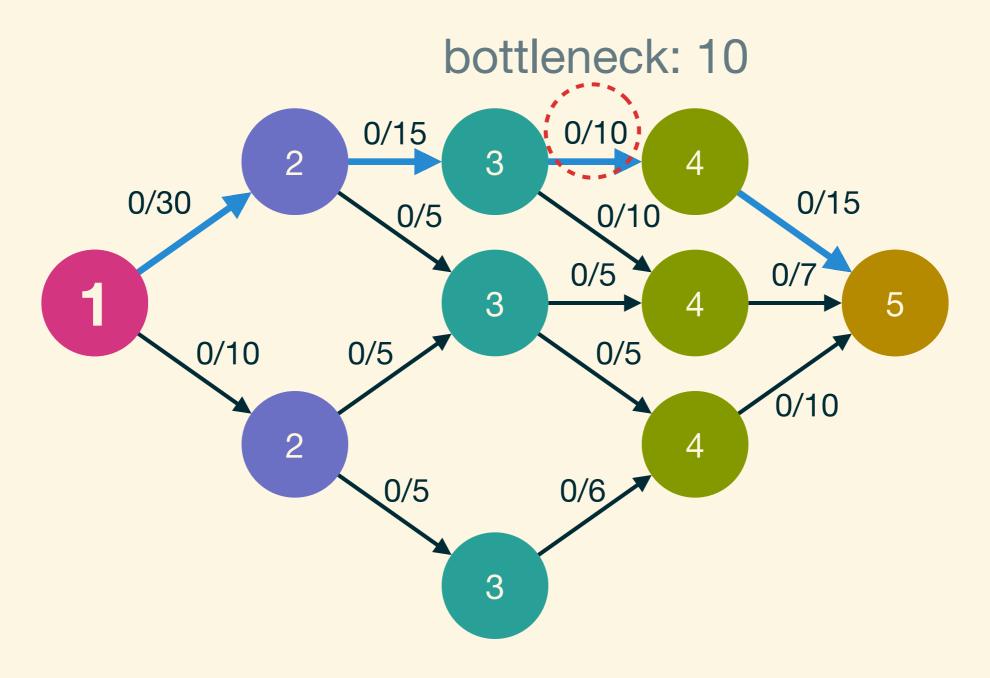


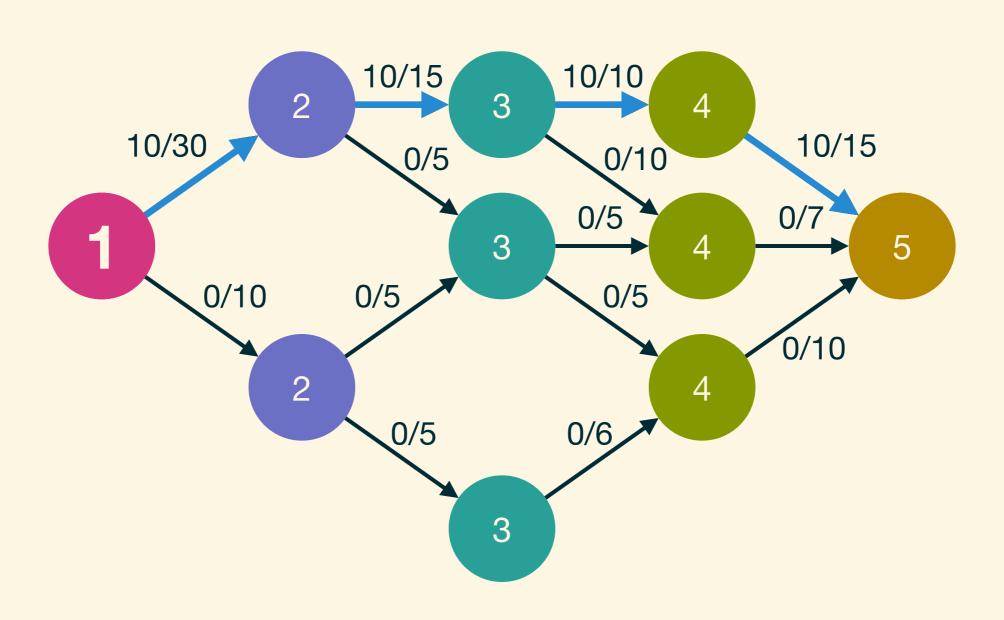


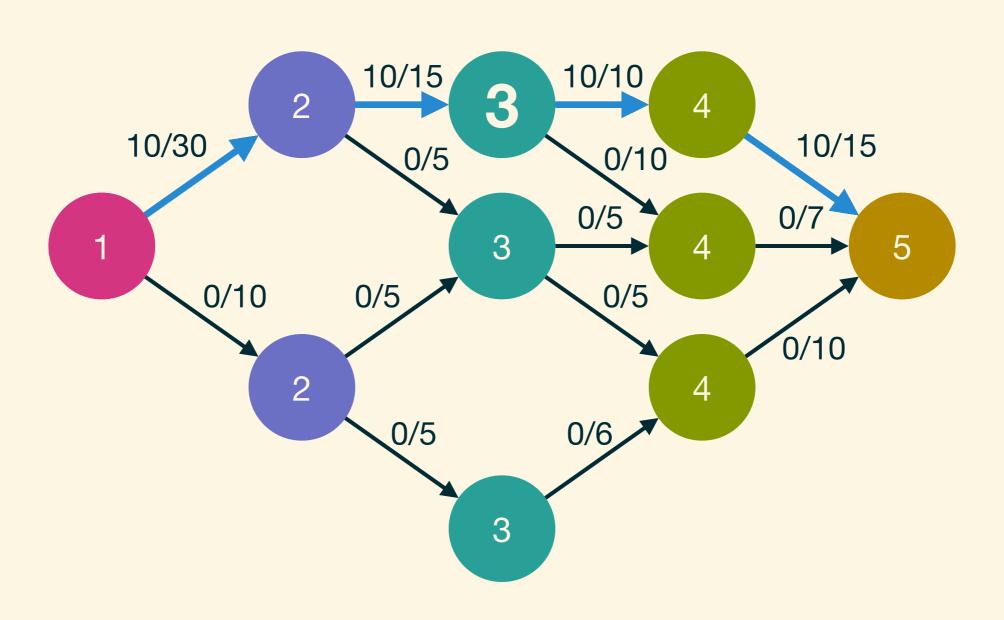


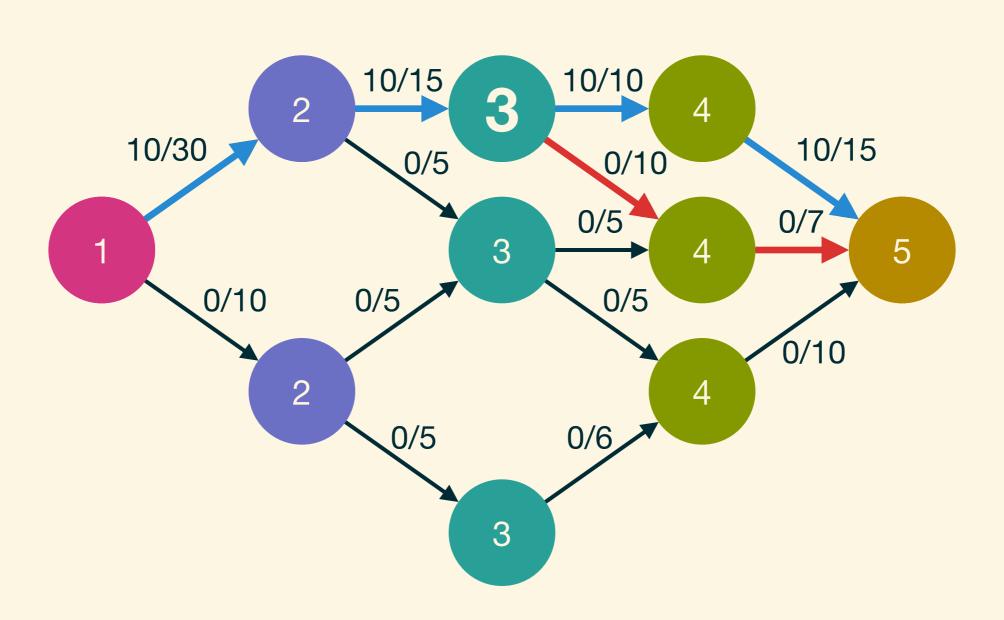




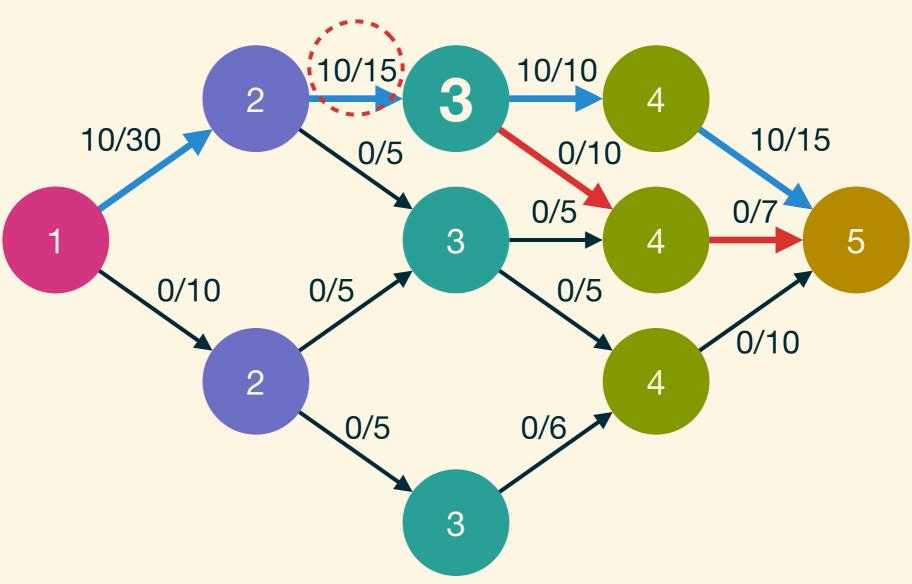




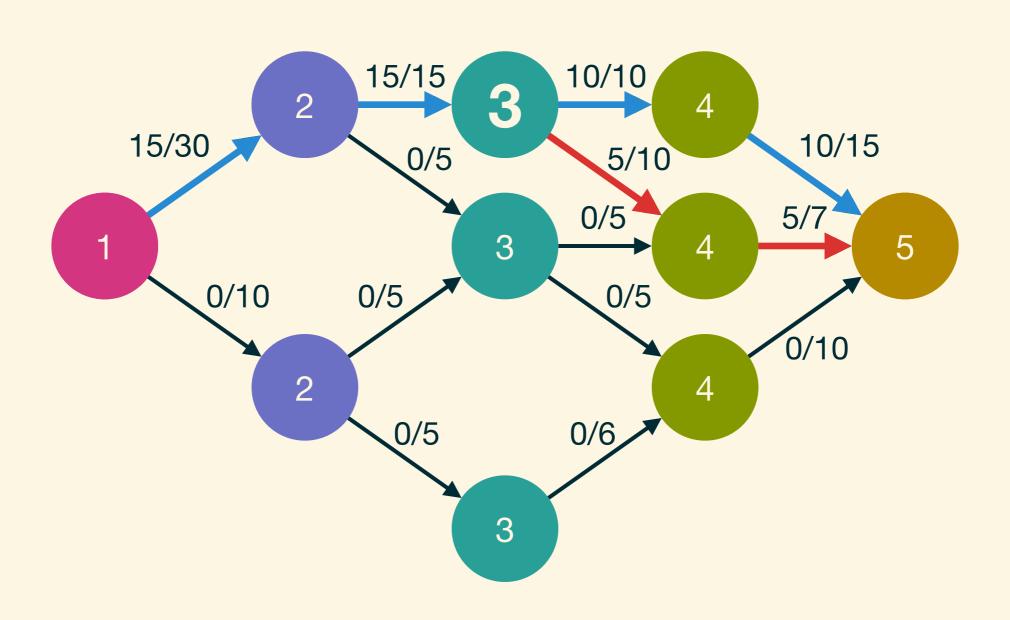




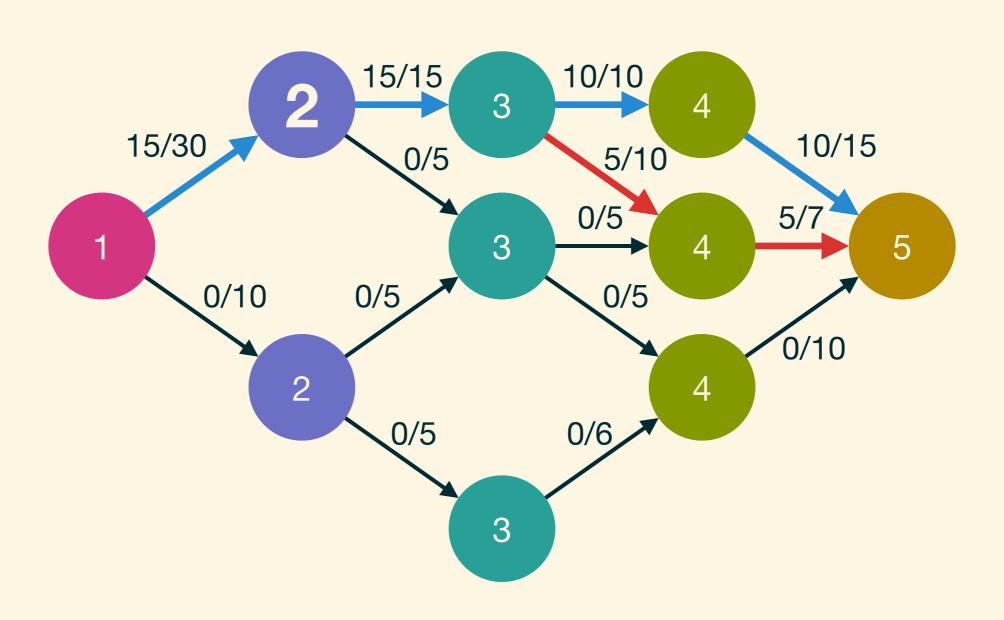


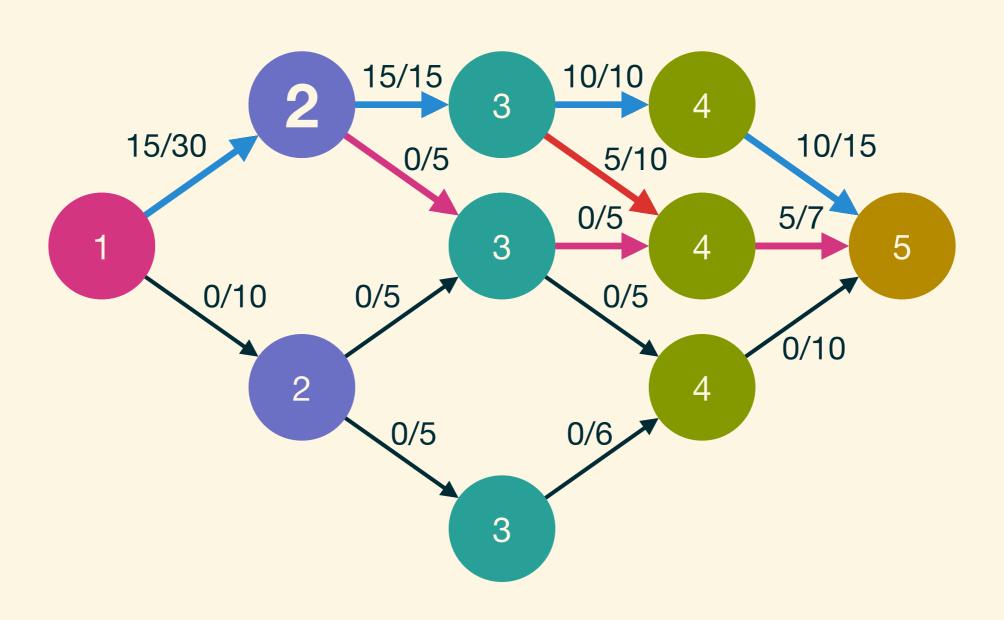


current flow:

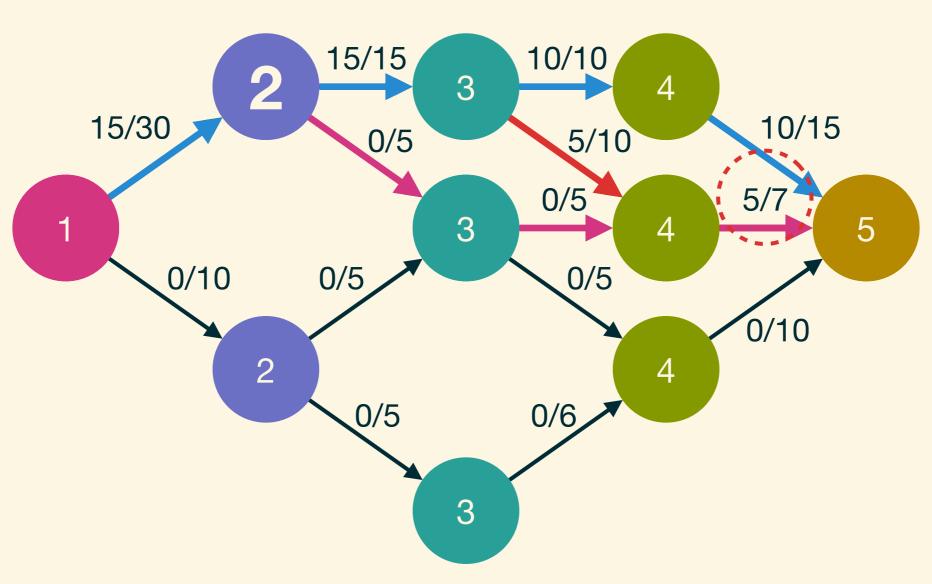


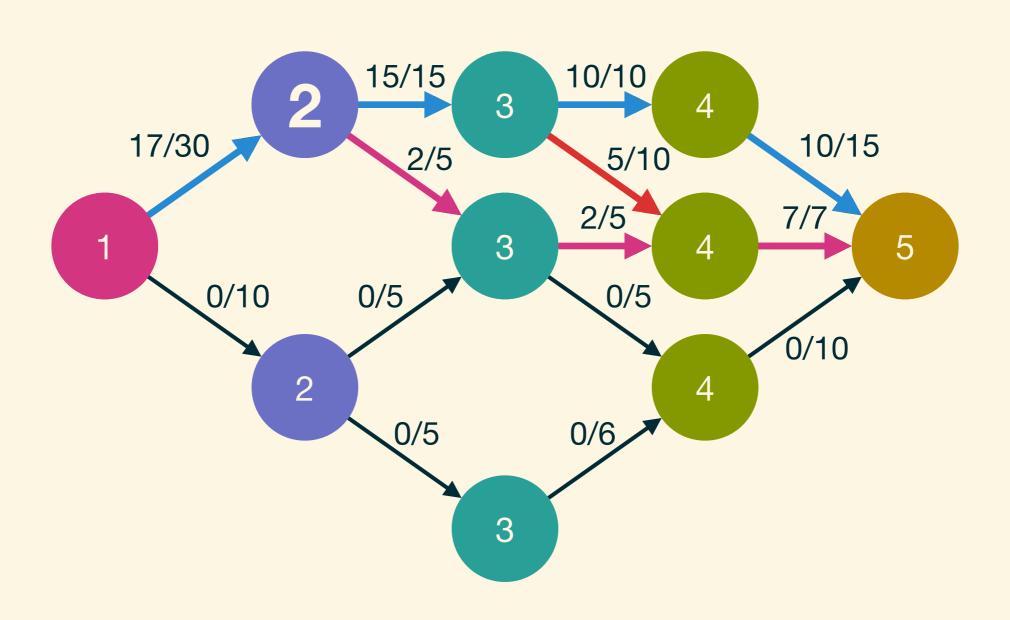
current flow:

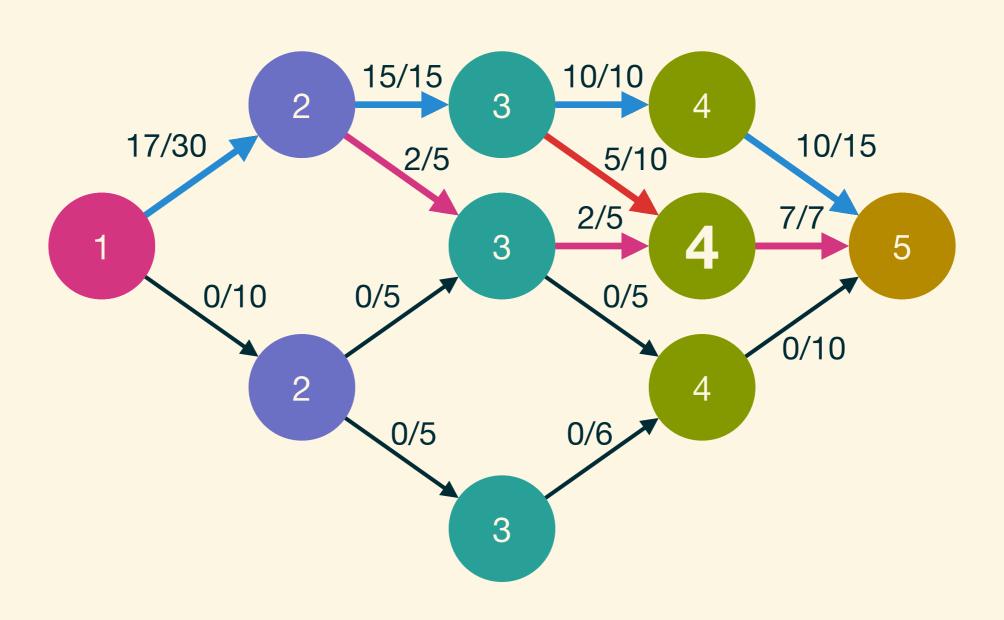


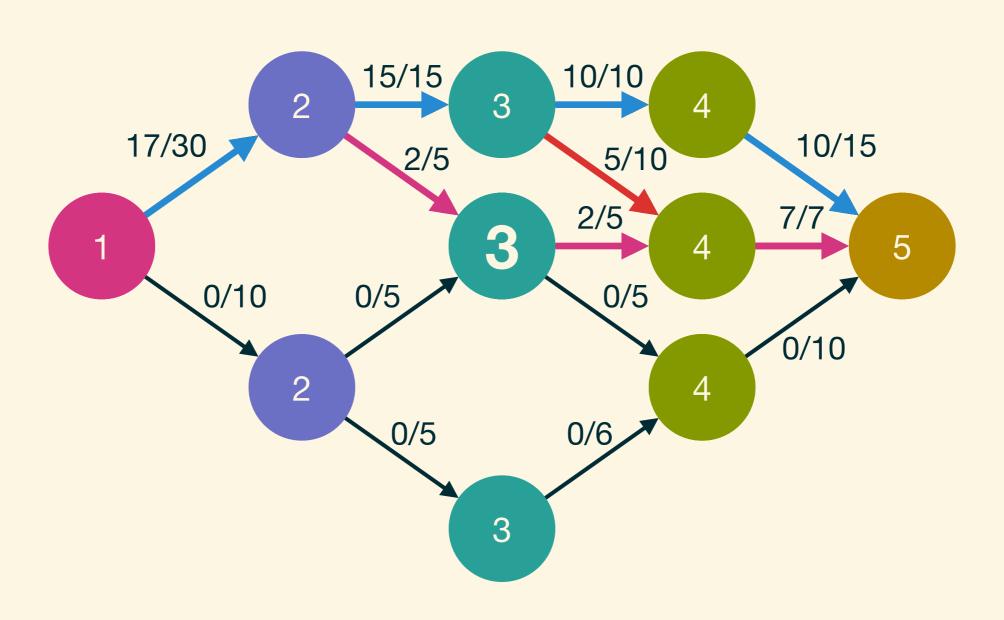


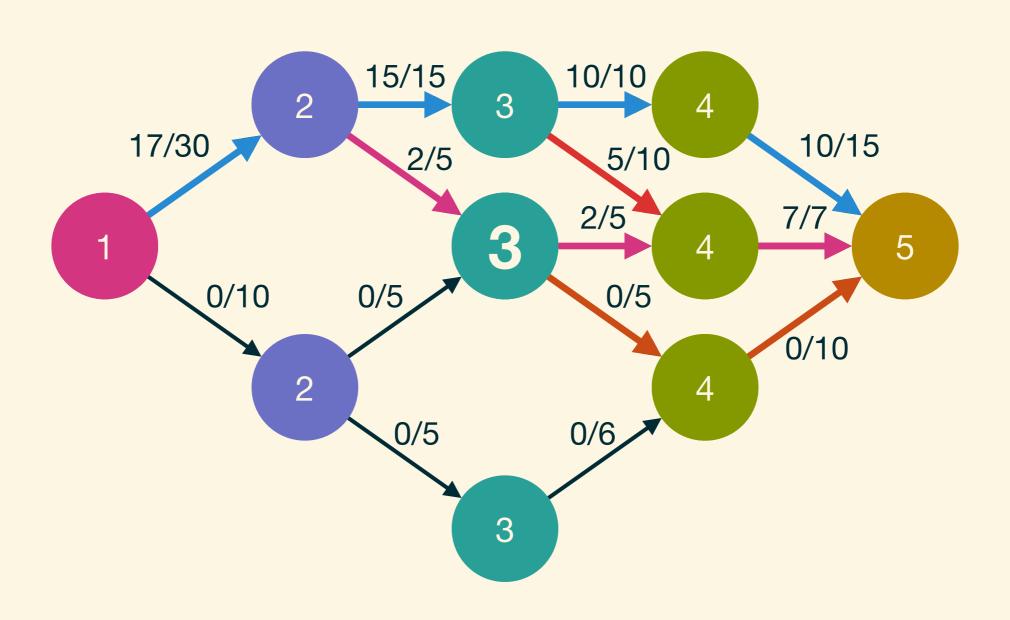
bottleneck: 2



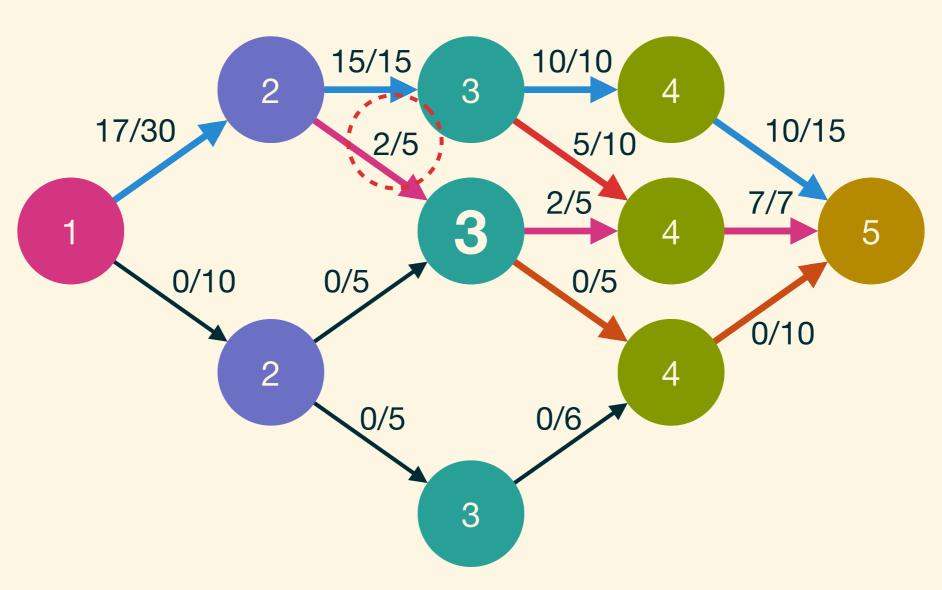


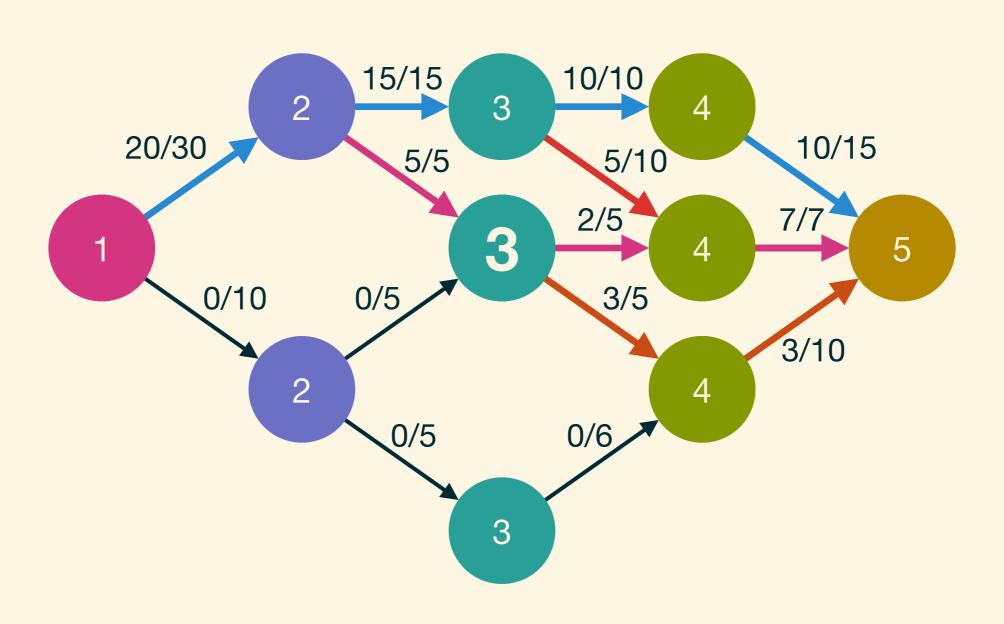




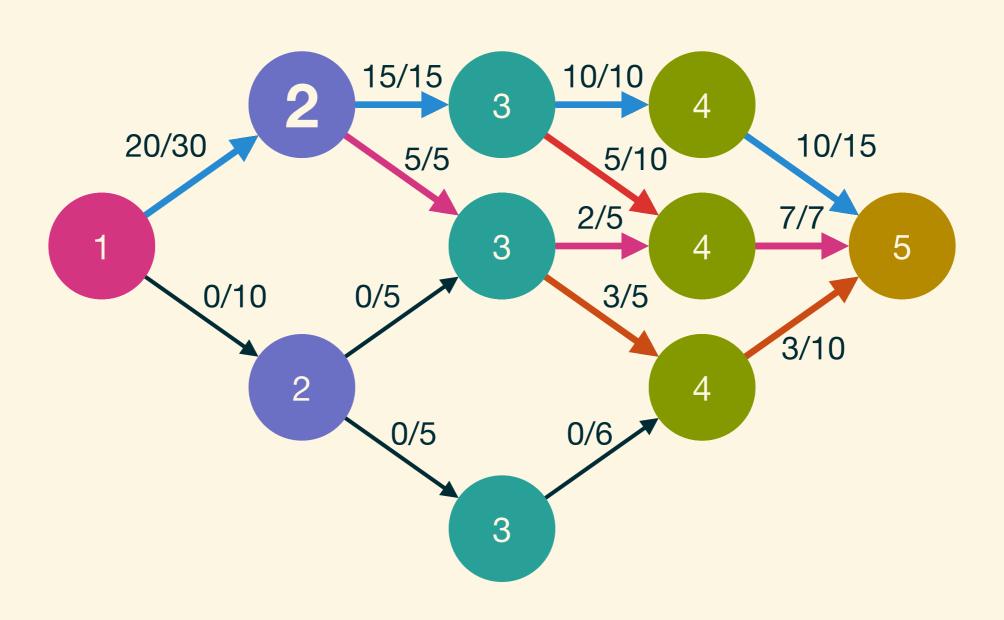


bottleneck: 3

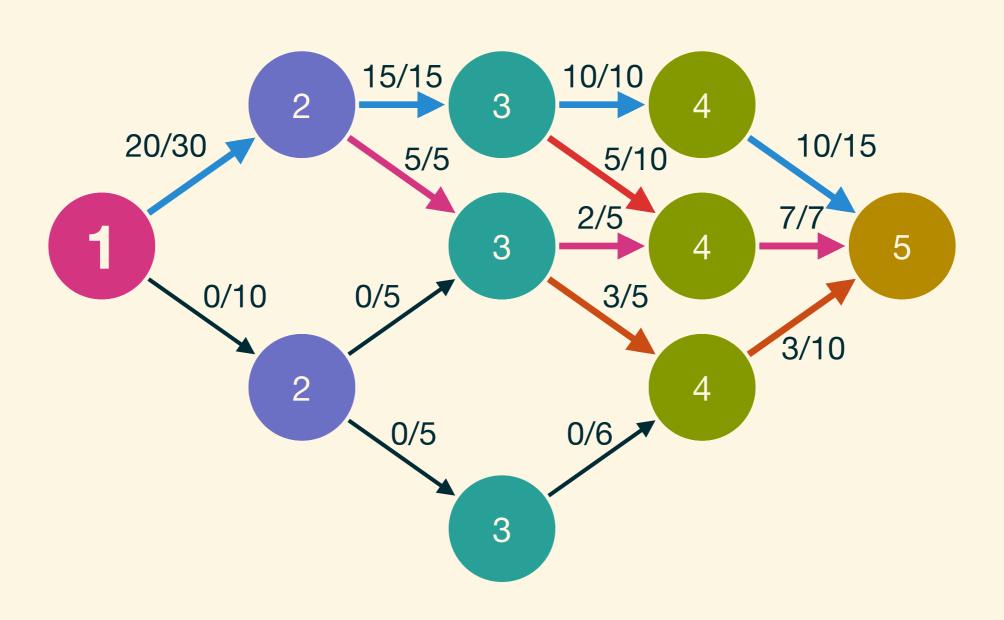




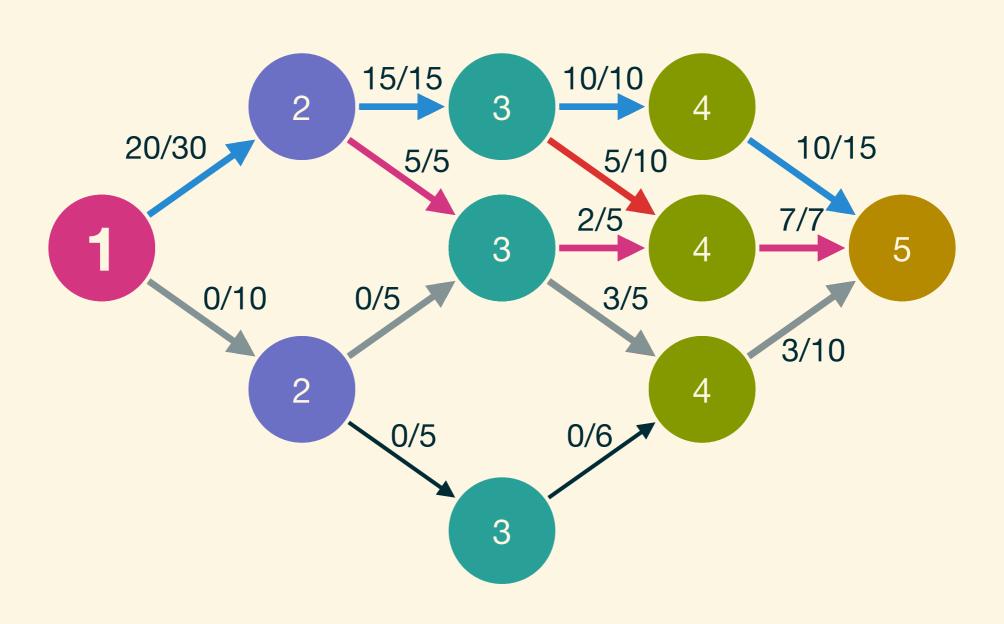
current flow:



current flow:

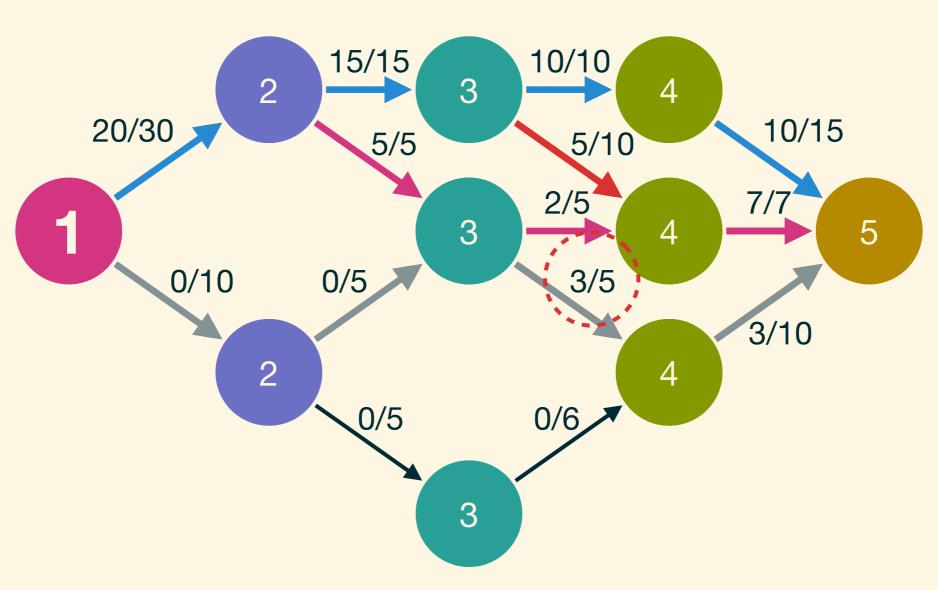


current flow:

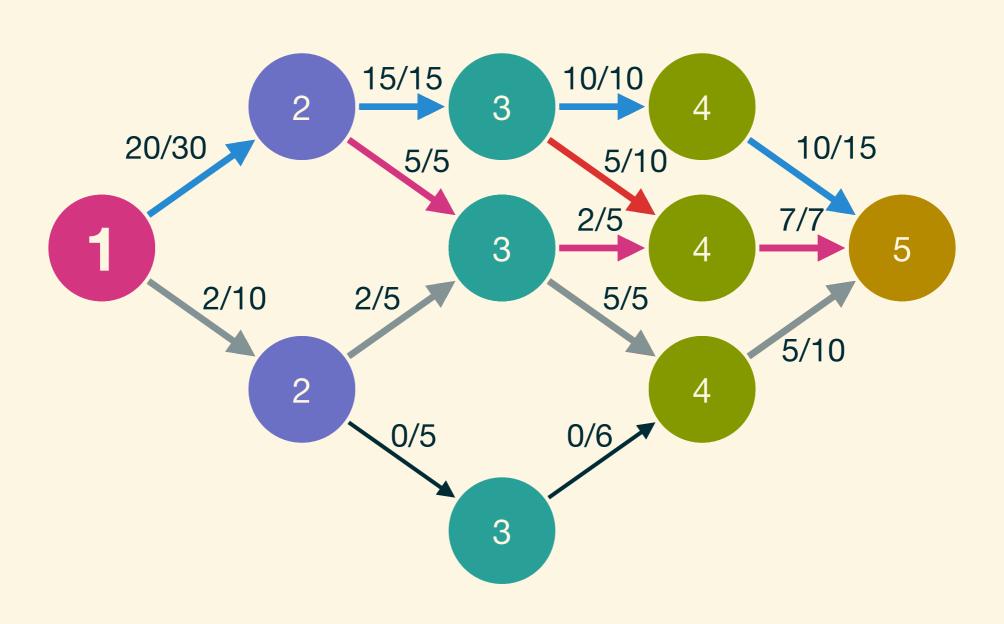


current flow:

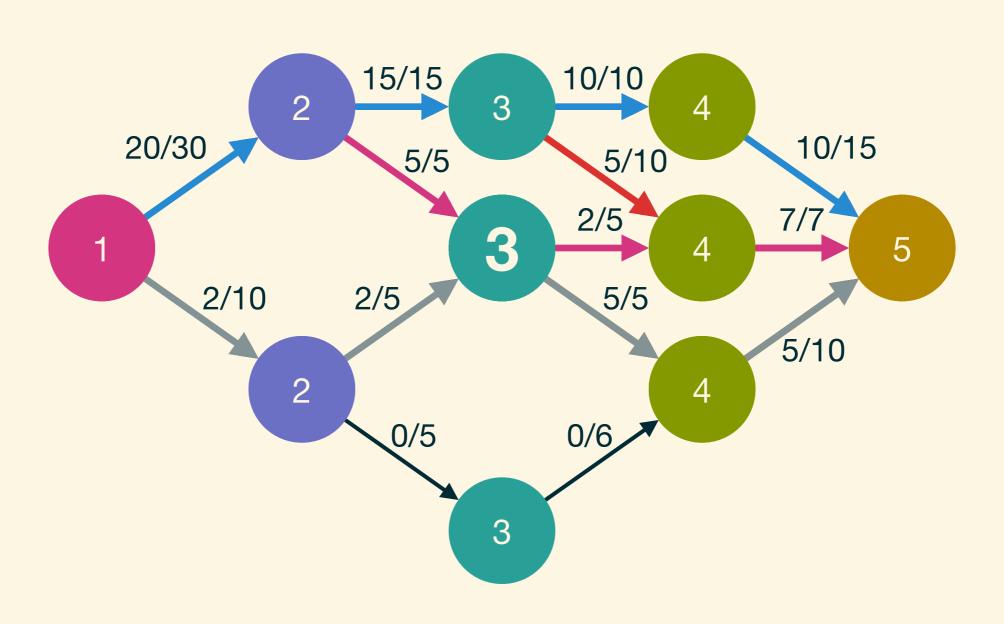
bottleneck: 2



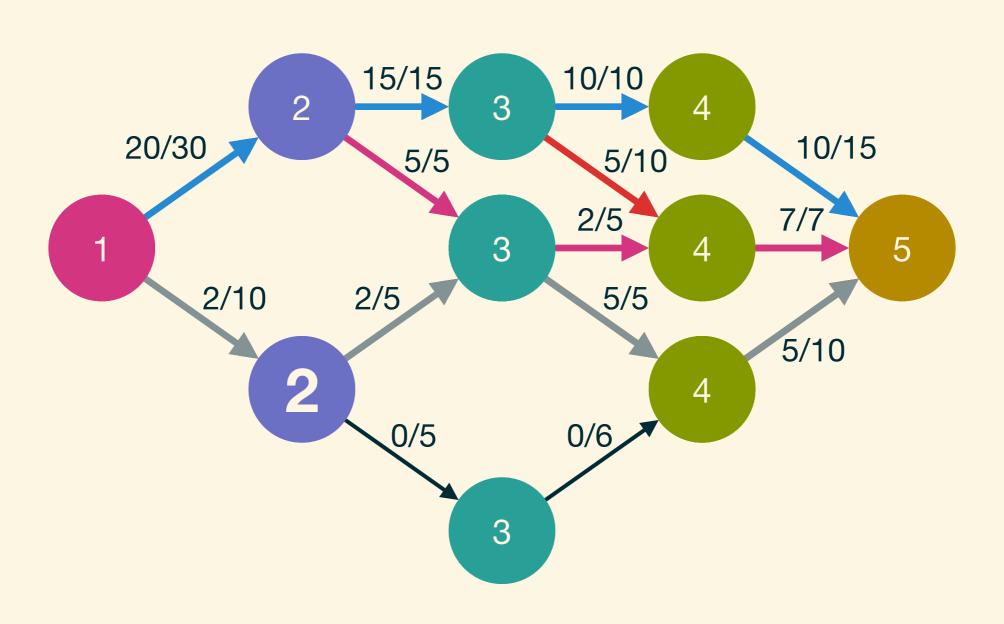
current flow:



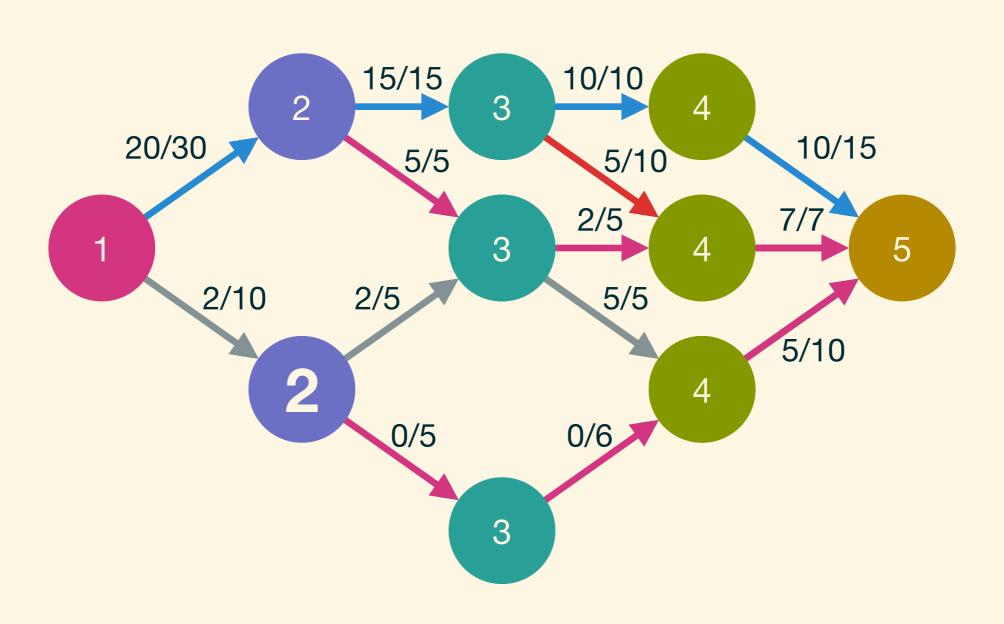
current flow:



current flow:

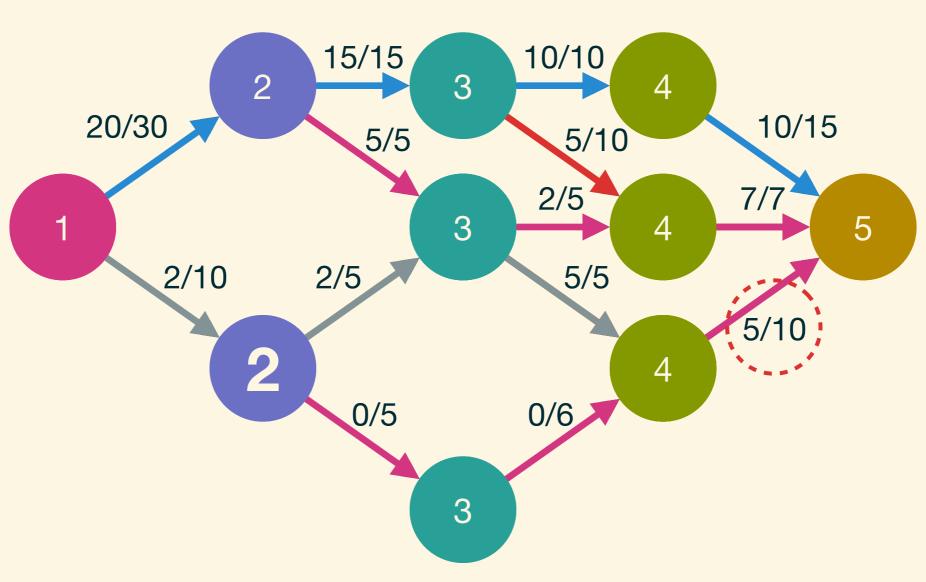


current flow:

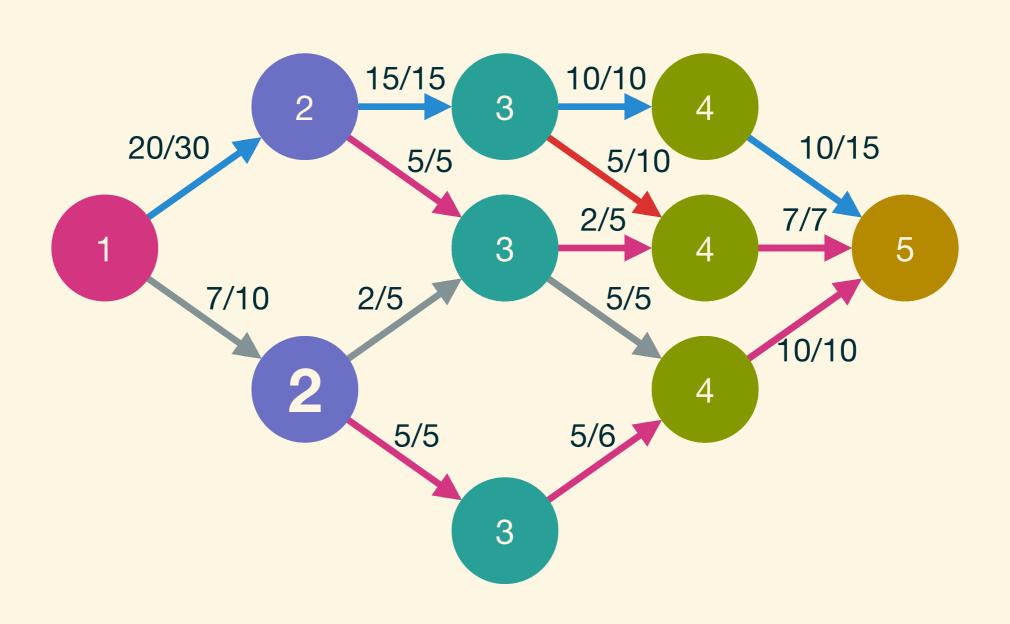


current flow:

bottleneck: 5

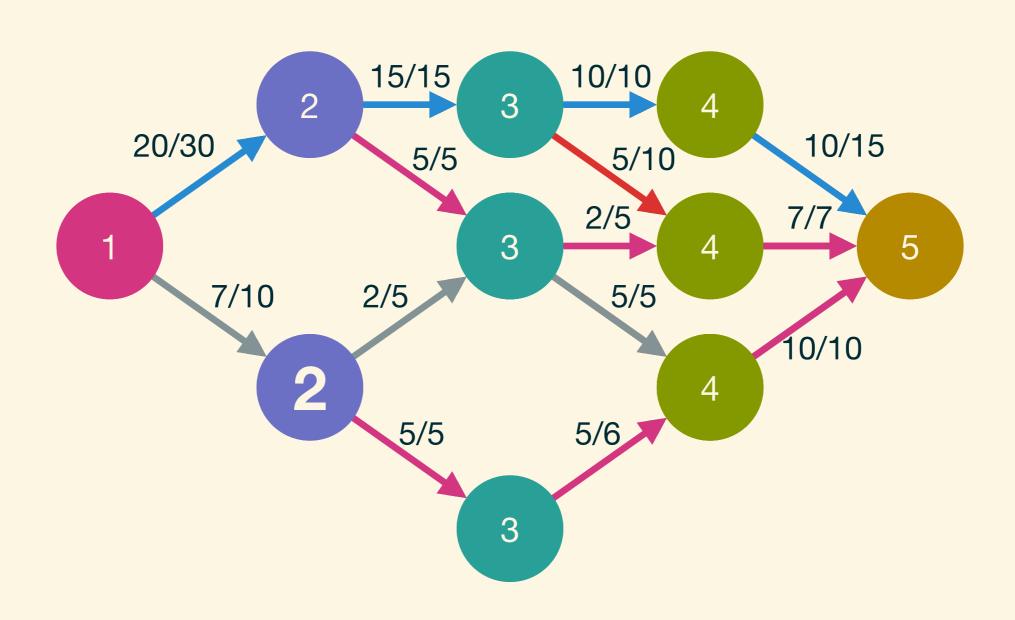


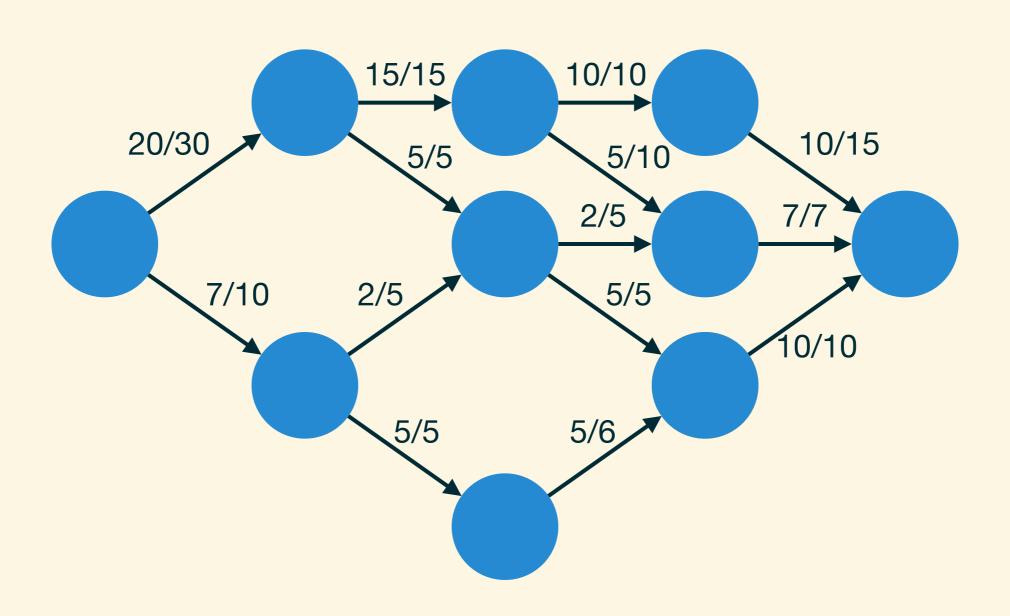
current flow:

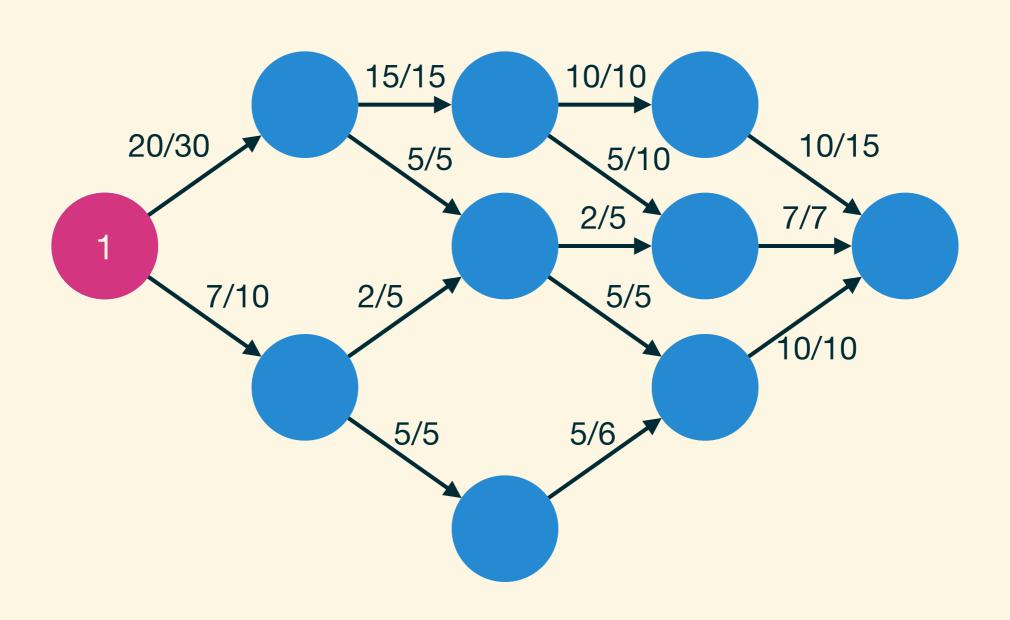


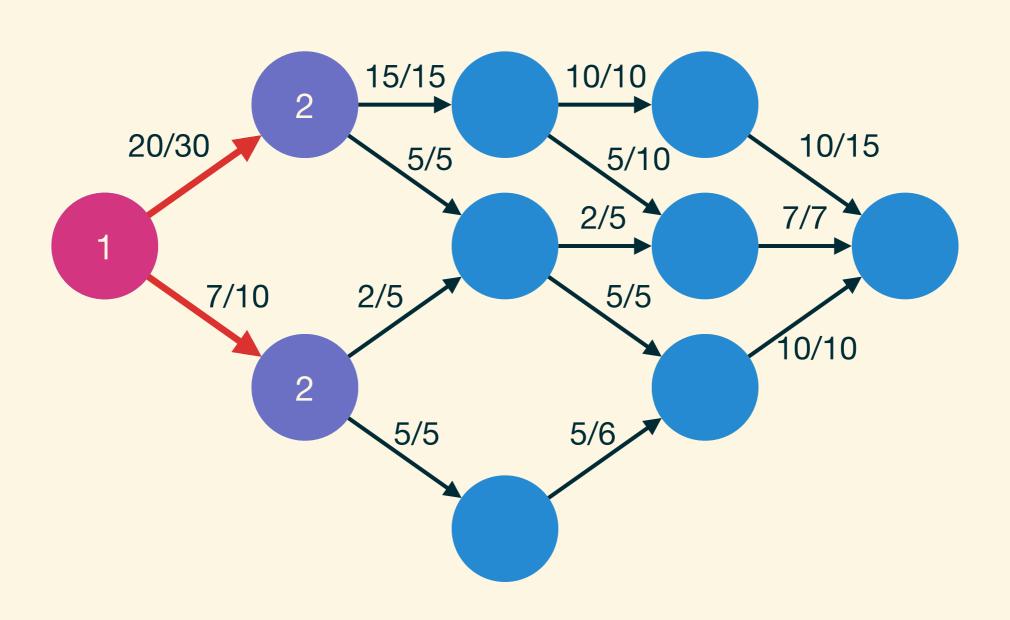
current flow:

no augmenting path from source to sink

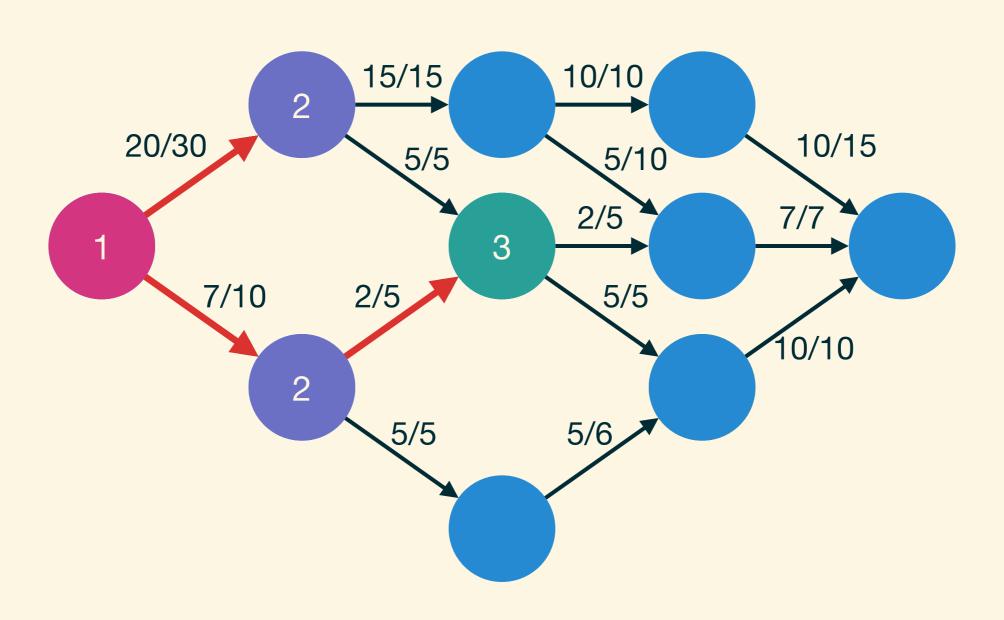




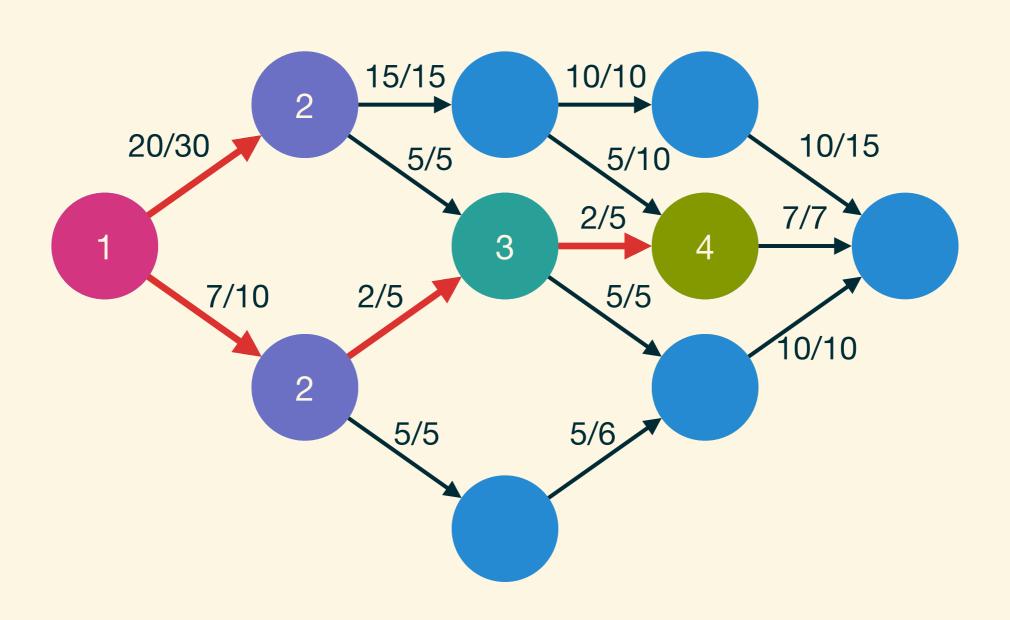


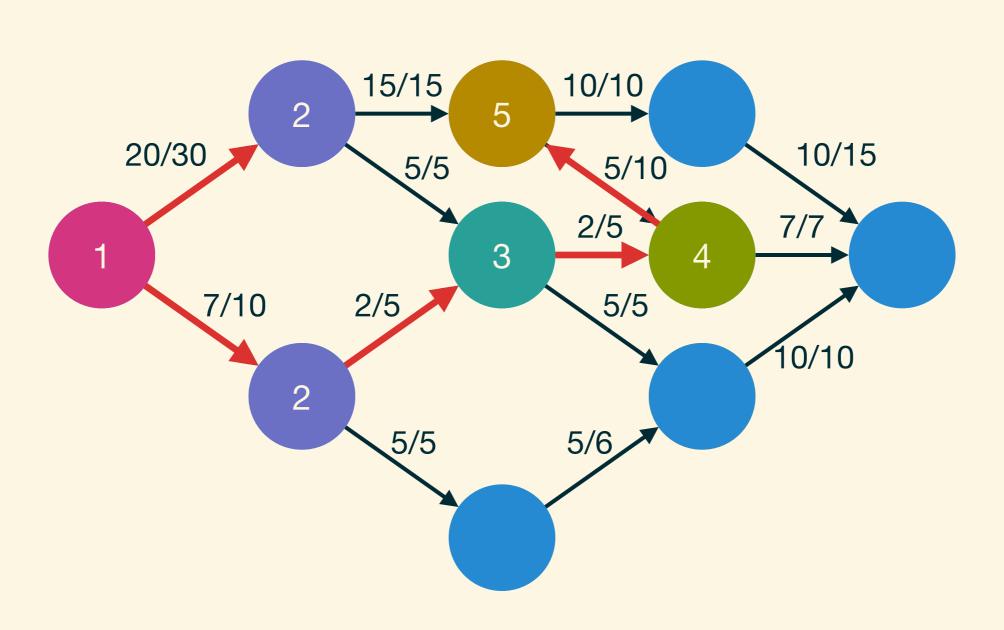


current flow:



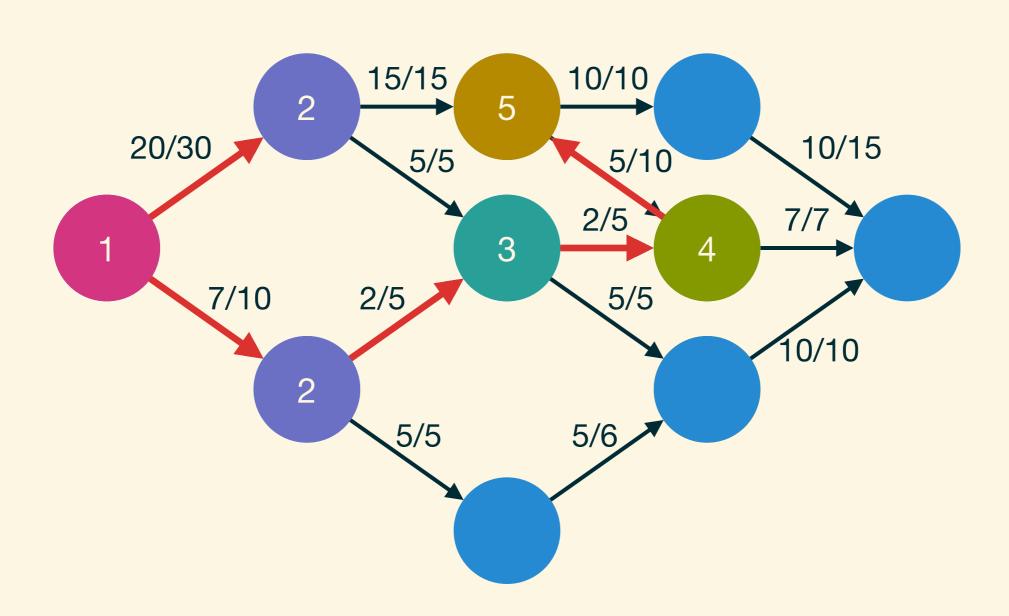
current flow:



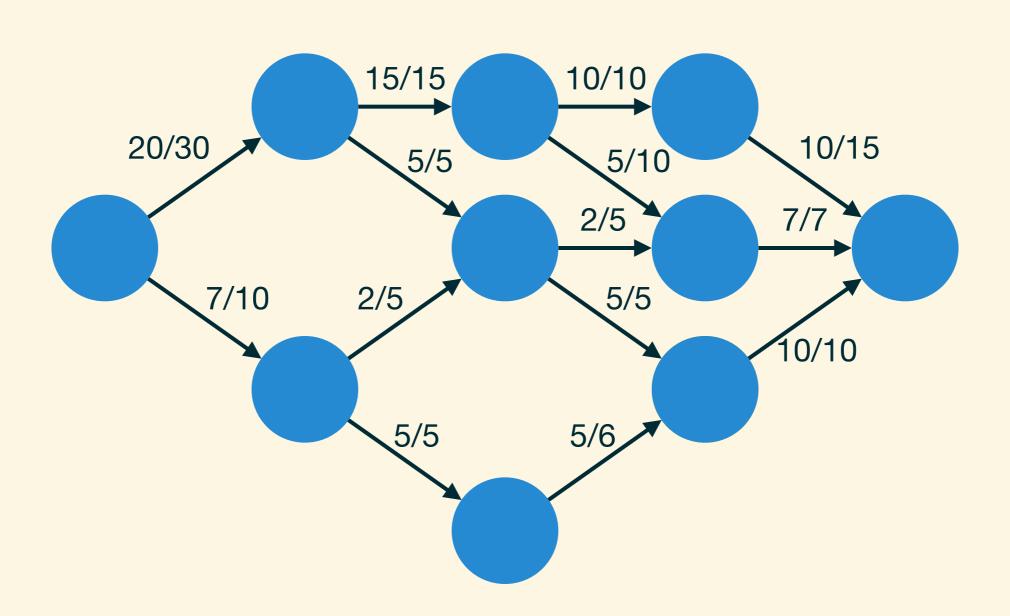


current flow:

no any path from source to sink exists



Maximum Flow: 27



```
// vertex[ a ] is the adjacent list of a.
// cap[ a ][ b ] is the capacity from a to b.
// flow[ a ][ b ] is the occupied flow from a to
b.
// level[ a ] is the level in level graph of a.
// path[ a ] is the previous node of a.
int Dinic( int source, int sink ) {
  int ret = 0;
  while ( buildLevelGraph( source, sink ) )
    ret += constructBlockingFlow( source,
    sink );
  return ret;
```

```
bool buildLevelGraph( int source, int sink ) {
  queue< int > que;
  memset( level, 0, sizeof( level ) );
  que.push( source );
  level[ source ] = 1;
  while ( que.empty() != true ) {
     int now = que.front();
     que.pop();
     for ( int i = 0; i < vertex[ now ].size(); ++i ) {</pre>
        int next = vertex[ now ][ i ];
        if ( ( cap[ now ][ next ] - flow[ now ][ next ] > 0 ||
        flow[ next ][ now ] > 0 ) && level[ next ] == 0 ) {
           que.push( next );
          level[ next ] = level[ now ] + 1;
  return level[ sink ] != 0;
```

```
int constructBlockingFlow( int source, int sink ) {
  int ret = 0;
  stack< int > stk;
  memset( visit, 0, sizeof( visit ) );
  stk.push( source );
  while ( stk.empty() != true ) {
     int now = stk.top();
     if ( now != sink ) {
        for ( int i = 0; i < vertex[ now ].size() &&</pre>
        stk.top() != now; ++i ) {
           int next = vertex[ now ][ i ];
           if ( visit[ next ] || level[ next ] != level
           \lceil \text{now} \rceil + 1 \rangle
              continue;
           if ( cap[ now ][ next ] - flow[ now ][ next ] > 0 )
              stk.push( next ), path[ next ] = now;
           else if ( flow[ now ][ next ] > 0 )
              stk.push( next ), path[ next ] = -now;
```

```
if ( stk.top() == now )
     stk.pop(), visit[ now ] = 1;
else {
  int F = 1e9, bottleneck;
  for ( int cur = sink; cur != source; cur =
  abs( path[ cur ] ) )
     F = min(F, path[cur] > 0 ? cap[path[cur]]
     [ cur ] - flow[ path[ cur ] ][ cur ] :
     flow[ cur ][ -path[ cur ] ] );
  for ( int cur = sink; cur != source; cur =
  abs( path[ cur ] ) ) {
    if ( path[ cur ] > 0 ) {
       flow[ path[ cur ] ][ cur ] += F;
       if ( cap[ path[ cur ] ][ cur ] -
       flow[ path[ cur ] ][ cur ] == 0 )
          bottleneck = path[ cur ];
```

```
else {
         flow[ cur ][ -path[ cur ] ] -= F;
         if ( flow[ cur ][ -path[ cur ] ] == 0 )
           bottleneck = -path[ cur ];
    while ( stk.empty() != true && stk.top() !=
    bottleneck )
      stk.pop();
    ret += F;
return ret;
```

Practice Now

[POJ] 1459 - Power Network

Reference

- 演算法筆記- Flow
- Maximum flow problem Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Thank You for Your Listening.

