

互联网应用开发技术

Web Application Development

第8课

WEB后端-SPRING DATA JDBC

Episode Eight

Access to RDBMS

Using JDBC

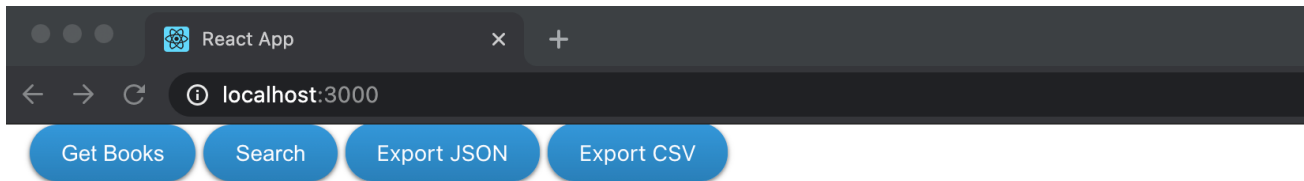
with Spring

陈昊鹏

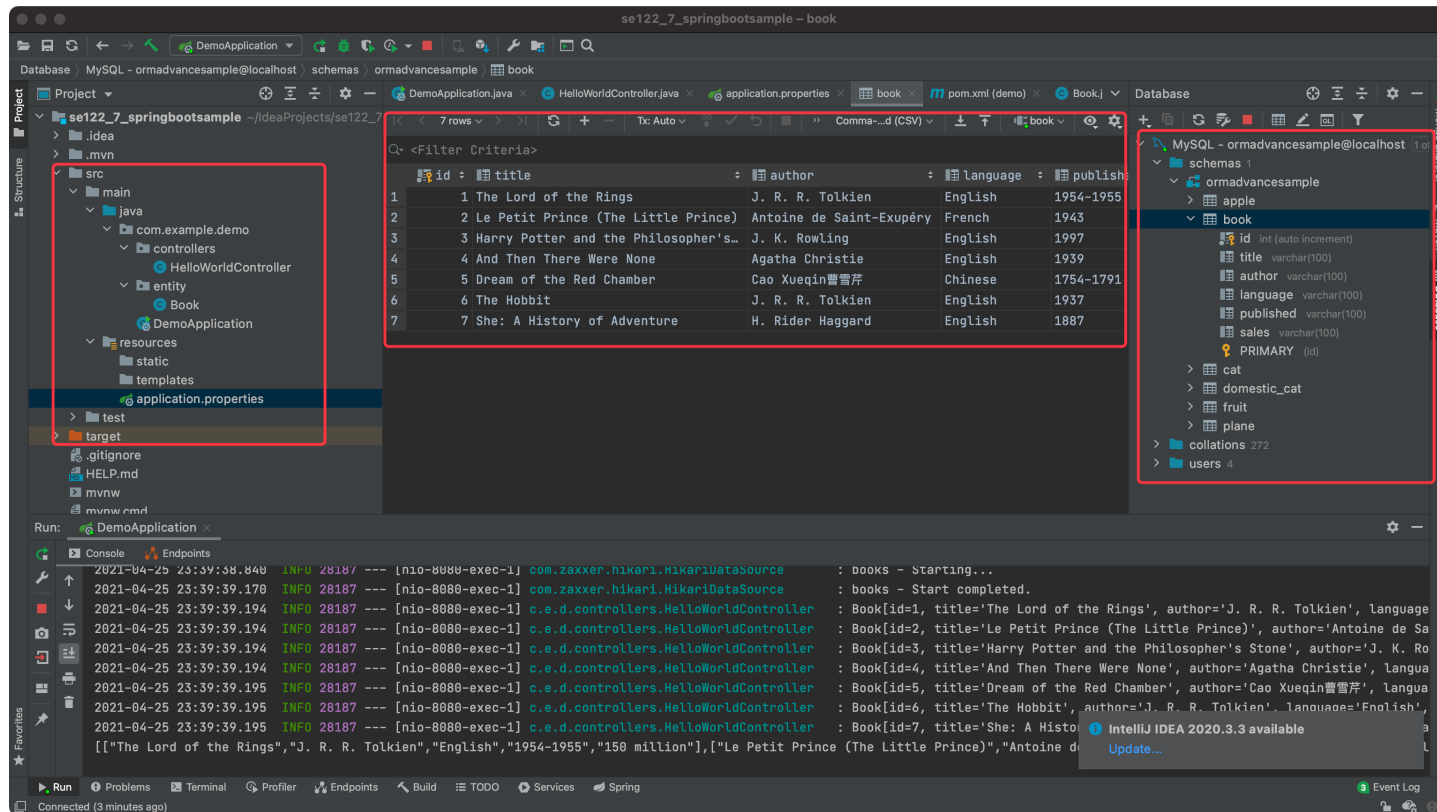
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Web Application
Development

- We build an application that uses Spring's **JdbcTemplate** to access data stored in a relational database.



Book	Author	Language	Published	Sales
The Lord of the Rings	J. R. R. Tolkien	English	1954-1955	150 million
Le Petit Prince (The Little Prince)	Antoine de Saint-Exupéry	French	1943	140 million
Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone	J. K. Rowling	English	1997	107 million
And Then There Were None	Agatha Christie	English	1939	100 million
Dream of the Red Chamber	Cao Xueqin曹雪芹	Chinese	1754-1791	100 million
The Hobbit	J. R. R. Tolkien	English	1937	100 million
She: A History of Adventure	H. Rider Haggard	English	1887	100 million



The screenshot displays the IntelliJ IDEA IDE with a Spring Data JDBC application. The central editor shows a table of books with the following data:

id	title	author	Language	published
1	The Lord of the Rings	J. R. R. Tolkien	English	1954-1955
2	Le Petit Prince (The Little Prince)	Antoine de Saint-Exupéry	French	1943
3	Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone	J. K. Rowling	English	1997
4	And Then There Were None	Agatha Christie	English	1939
5	Dream of the Red Chamber	Cao Xueqin曹雪芹	Chinese	1754-1791
6	The Hobbit	J. R. R. Tolkien	English	1937
7	She: A History of Adventure	H. Rider Haggard	English	1887

The Database view on the right shows the schema for the 'book' table:

- MySQL - ormadvancesample@localhost
- schemas 1
 - ormadvancesample
 - apple
 - book
 - id int (auto increment)
 - title varchar(100)
 - author varchar(100)
 - language varchar(100)
 - published varchar(100)
 - sales varchar(100)
 - PRIMARY (id)
 - cat
 - domestic_cat
 - fruit
 - plane
 - collations 272
 - users 4

The Run console at the bottom shows the application output:

```
2021-04-25 23:39:38.840 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : books - Starting...
2021-04-25 23:39:39.170 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : books - Start completed.
2021-04-25 23:39:39.194 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=1, title='The Lord of the Rings', author='J. R. R. Tolkien', language=
2021-04-25 23:39:39.194 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=2, title='Le Petit Prince (The Little Prince)', author='Antoine de Sa
2021-04-25 23:39:39.194 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=3, title='Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone', author='J. K. Ro
2021-04-25 23:39:39.194 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=4, title='And Then There Were None', author='Agatha Christie', langua
2021-04-25 23:39:39.195 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=5, title='Dream of the Red Chamber', author='Cao Xueqin曹雪芹', langua
2021-04-25 23:39:39.195 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=6, title='The Hobbit', author='J. R. R. Tolkien', language='English',
2021-04-25 23:39:39.195 INFO 28187 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] c.e.d.controllers.HelloWorldController : Book[id=7, title='She: A History of Adventure', author='H. Rider Haggard', language='English',
[["The Lord of the Rings", "J. R. R. Tolkien", "English", "1954-1955", "150 million"], ["Le Petit Prince (The Little Prince)", "Antoine de Saint-Exupéry", "French", "1943", "100 million"], ["Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone", "J. K. Rowling", "English", "1997", "500 million"], ["And Then There Were None", "Agatha Christie", "English", "1939", "100 million"], ["Dream of the Red Chamber", "Cao Xueqin曹雪芹", "Chinese", "1754-1791", "100 million"], ["The Hobbit", "J. R. R. Tolkien", "English", "1937", "100 million"], ["She: A History of Adventure", "H. Rider Haggard", "English", "1887", "100 million"]]
```

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-jdbc</artifactId>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>mysql</groupId>
    <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
  </dependency>
  <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.alibaba/fastjson -->
  <dependency>
    <groupId>com.alibaba</groupId>
    <artifactId>fastjson</artifactId>
    <version>1.2.76</version>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/ormadvancesample  
    ?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8&serverTimezone=UTC  
spring.datasource.username=root  
spring.datasource.password=reins2011!  
spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver  
  
spring.datasource.tomcat.max-active=20
```

```
public class Book {
    private Long id;
    private String title;
    private String author;
    private String language;
    private String published;
    private String sales;

    public Book(Long id, String title, String author, String language, String published, String sales) {
        this.id = id;
        this.title = title;
        this.author = author;
        this.language = language;
        this.published = published;
        this.sales = sales;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return String.format(
            "Book[id=%d, title='%s', author='%s', language='%s', published='%s', sales='%s']",
            id, title, author, language, published, sales);
    }
}
```

```
@RestController
public class HelloWorldController {

    @Autowired
    JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;

    @CrossOrigin
    @RequestMapping("/")
    public String home() {
        final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(HelloWorldController.class);
        List<Book> result = new ArrayList<Book>();

        log.info("Querying Books");
        result = jdbcTemplate.query(
            "SELECT * FROM book",
            (rs, rowNum) -> new Book(rs.getLong("id"),
                rs.getString("title"),
                rs.getString("author"),
                rs.getString("language"),
                rs.getString("published"),
                rs.getString("sales"))
        );
        Iterator<Book> it = result.iterator();
    }
}
```

```
ArrayList<JSONArray> booksJson = new ArrayList<JSONArray>();
while (it.hasNext()) {
    Book book = (Book) it.next();
    ArrayList<String> arrayList = new ArrayList<String>();
    arrayList.add(book.getTitle());
    arrayList.add(book.getAuthor());
    arrayList.add(book.getLanguage());
    arrayList.add(book.getPublished());
    arrayList.add(book.getSales());
    booksJson.add((JSONArray) JSONArray.toJSON(arrayList));
}
String booksString = JSON.toJSONString(booksJson, SerializerFeature.BrowserCompatible);

System.out.println(booksString);

return booksString;
}
}
```



```
package com.example.demo;

import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

@SpringBootApplication
public class DemoApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoApplication.class, args);
    }
}
```

```
create table book
(
  id      int auto_increment primary key,
  title   varchar(100) null,
  author  varchar(100) null,
  language varchar(100) null,
  published varchar(100) null,
  sales   varchar(100) null
);
```

```
getBooks = () => {  
  fetch("http://localhost:8080/")  
    .then(response => response.json())  
    .then(data => {  
      alert("data:" + data);  
      this.setState({  
        data: data,  
      });  
    }).catch(function (ex) {  
      console.log('parsing failed', ex)  
    })  
}
```

```
renderToolbar = () => {  
  return (  
    <div className="toolbar">  
      <button onClick={this.getBooks}>Get Books</button>  
      <button onClick={this.toggleSearch}>Search</button>  
      <a onClick={this.download.bind(this, 'json')}  
        href="data.json">Export JSON</a>  
      <a onClick={this.download.bind(this, 'csv')}  
        href="data.csv">Export CSV</a>  
    </div>  
  );  
};
```

- **This is the central class in the JDBC core package.**
 - It simplifies the use of JDBC and helps to avoid common errors.
 - It executes core JDBC workflow, leaving application code to provide SQL and extract results.
 - This class executes SQL queries or updates, initiating iteration over **ResultSets** and catching JDBC exceptions and translating them to the generic, more informative exception hierarchy defined in the **org.springframework.dao package**. Code using this class need only implement callback interfaces, giving them a clearly defined contract.
 - Can be used within a service implementation via direct instantiation with a **DataSource** reference, or get prepared in an application context and given to services as bean reference.
 - Note: The **DataSource** should always be configured as a bean in the application context, in the first case given to the service directly, in the second case to the prepared template.

```
jdbcTemplate.execute("DROP TABLE customers IF EXISTS");
jdbcTemplate.execute("CREATE TABLE customers("
    + "id SERIAL, first_name VARCHAR(255), last_name VARCHAR(255))");

// Split up the array of whole names into an array of first/last names
List<Object[]> splitUpNames = Arrays.asList("John Woo", "Jeff Dean",
    "Josh Bloch", "Josh Long").stream()
    .map(name -> name.split(" "))
    .collect(Collectors.toList());

// Use a Java 8 stream to print out each tuple of the list
splitUpNames.forEach(name ->
    log.info(String.format("Inserting customer record for %s %s", name[0], name[1])));

// Uses JdbcTemplate's batchUpdate operation to bulk load data
jdbcTemplate.batchUpdate("INSERT INTO customers(first_name, last_name) VALUES (?,?)",
    splitUpNames);

log.info("Querying for customer records where first_name = 'Josh':");
jdbcTemplate.query("SELECT id, first_name, last_name FROM customers
    WHERE first_name = ?", new Object[] { "Josh" },
    (rs, rowNum) -> new Customer(rs.getLong("id"), rs.getString("first_name"),
        rs.getString("last_name"))
    ).forEach(customer -> log.info(customer.toString()));
```

- Methods of **JdbcTemplate**:
 - execute
 - Executes any SQL statements. In general, it is used for DDL
 - update & batchUpdate
 - **update** executes insert, update and delete statements
 - **batchUpdate** executes batch statements
 - query & queryForXXX
 - Execute queries
 - call
 - Executes Callable Statements

- Accessing Relational Data using JDBC with Spring
 - <https://spring.io/guides/gs/relational-data-access/>
- Accessing data with MySQL
 - <https://spring.io/guides/gs/accessing-data-mysql/>
- JdbcTemplate Javadoc
 - <https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/docs/current/javadoc-api/org/springframework/jdbc/core/JdbcTemplate.html>



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Thank You!