ASSIGNMENT 1

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1)

2)

Problem 1(b): Solve the equation $4x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$ and give your answer correct to 2 decimal places

SOLUTION: For any kind of equation of the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

It's roots are

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

For the given equation-

$$4x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0 \tag{1}$$

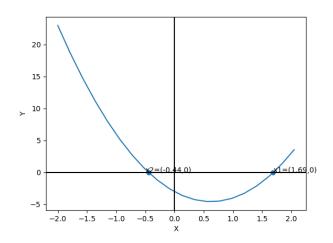


Fig. 1. $Y = 4X^2 - 5X - 3$

$$x_1 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4 \times 4 \times (-3)}}{2 \times 4}$$

$$= \frac{5 + \sqrt{25 + 48}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{5 + \sqrt{73}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{5 + 8.54}{8}$$

$$= \frac{13.54}{8}$$

$$= 1.69$$

$$x_{2} = \frac{5 - \sqrt{(-5)^{2} - 4 \times 4 \times (-3)}}{2 \times 4}$$

$$= \frac{5 - \sqrt{25 + 48}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{5 - \sqrt{73}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{5 - 8.54}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-3.54}{8}$$

The roots of the given equation are 1.69 and -0.44

roots upto two decimal places are :-