

# basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

# SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

## **MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1**

#### 2015

## **MEMORANDUM**

**MARKS: 150** 

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with Accuracy
CA	Consistent Accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
D	Define
Е	Explain
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RD	Reading from a table or a graph or a diagram
F	Choosing the correct formula
SF	Substitution in a formula
0	Opinion
P	Penalty e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding off/Reason
J	Justification

This memorandum consists of 15 pages.

#### **KEY TO TOPIC SYMBOL:**

Mathematical Literacy/P1

F = Finance; M = Measurement; MP = Maps, plans and other representations DH = Data handling; P = Probability

QUES	QUESTION 1 [36]		
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.1.1 (a)	R $360 \div R1,0746 \checkmark M$ = $335,008 \text{ kWh} \checkmark A$ New reading = $10,3 \text{ kWh} + 335,0 \text{ kWh}$ = $345,3 \text{ kWh}$	1M identify R1,0746 1A number of units 1MA adding	F L2
	OR	OR 1MA difference in units 1M identify tariff 1A amount purchased (3)	
1.1.1 (b)	VAT amount = R $360 \times \frac{14}{114}$ $\checkmark$ MA = R44,210526 $\checkmark$ A = R44,21 $\checkmark$ R	1MA multiply 1A VAT 1R rounding	F L2
	OR	OR	
	R360 = 114% $x$ $x$ is amount without VAT $x = R360 \times 100 \div 114$ $= R315,79 \text{ (excl. VAT)}  \checkmark A$	1M proportion method 1A amount excl. VAT	
	VAT amount = $R360 - R315,79$ = $R44,21 \checkmark A$	1A amount of VAT Answer only Full marks (3)	
1.1.2	✓ MA Units used = 345,3 kWh – 250,7 kWh = 94,6 kWh ✓ CA	1MA subtracting 1CA simplification  Answer only Full marks  (2)	F L1

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.1.3	Cost for first 500 units = $500 \times R1,0746$ = $R537,30 \checkmark CA$ $\checkmark MA$ Next 60 units = $60 \times R1,2208 = R73,25 \checkmark CA$ Total cost = $R537,30 + R73,25$ = $R610,55 \checkmark CA$	1MA units × correct amount per unit 1CA cost 1MA multiply with unit cost of 60 units 1CA cost for 60 units 1M adding 1CA amount  No penalty for rounding final answer  (6)	F L3
1.1.4	Increase = R1,4809 × 13,5% = R 0,1999215 $\checkmark$ M New tariff = R1,4809 + R 0,1999215 = R1,6808215 $\checkmark$ CA $\approx$ R1,6808 per unit	1M multiply by %  1M Adding increase 1CA new cost	F L1
	OR $\checkmark$ M $\checkmark$ M  New tariff = R1,4809 + 13,5% × R1,4809  = R1,6808215 $\checkmark$ CA $\approx$ R1,6808  OR	OR  1M 13,5% of R1,4809  1M adding  1CA new cost  OR	
	New percentage = $100\% + 13.5\% = 113.5\%$ $\checkmark M$ New tariff = R1,4809 × 113.5% = R1,6808215 $\checkmark$ CA $\approx$ R1,6808	1M 113,5%  1M multiply by % 1CA answer with no rounding of values  Answer only Full marks  (3)	
1.2.1 (a)	8 ✓✓A	2A number of instalments Accept 9 for full marks (2)	<b>F</b> L1
1.2.1 (b)	R0,00 <b>OR</b> No amount <b>OR</b> None <b>OR</b> Nil ✓✓A	2A arrear amount (2)	<b>F</b> L1
1.2.1 (c)	Monthly interest = $\frac{{}^{\checkmark}RD}{R1321,21} \times 100\%$ = 31,09 % $\checkmark$ A	1RD identify the correct values 1M calculate % 1A monthly interest (3)	F L1

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
1.2.1 (d)	Total amount = R4 249,78 × 60 + R115 491,44 $\checkmark$ CA = R254 986,80 + R115 491,44 = R370 478,24 $\checkmark$ CA	1MA multiply by 60 1A adding balloon payment 1CA simplification 1CA total amount	F L1 (2) L2 (2)
1.2.2 (a)	✓RT ✓MA R140 446,50 + R4 249,78 = R144 696,28 ✓A	1RT reading values 1MA adding correct values	<b>F</b> L1
		1A opening balance  Answer only Full marks  (3)	
1.2.2 (b)	Service Fee ✓✓RT	2RT reading table Accept R57,00 full marks (2)	<b>F</b> L1
1.2.2 (c)	After the debit order was subtracted from the opening balance, add the interest and $\checkmark$ E add the service fee $\checkmark$ E  OR $\checkmark$ E $\checkmark$ E $\checkmark$ E $\checkmark$ E	1E subtracting debit order 1E adding interest 1E service fee OR	<b>F</b> L1
	Add the service fee and interest to the opening balance and then subtract the debit order. $\checkmark$ E  OR $\checkmark$ E	1E add service fee 1E add interest 1E subtract debit order OR	
	Add all the debits, subtract the credits from the opening balance ✓E	1E add all debits 1E subtract credits 1E opening balance (3)	[36]

QUES	TION 2 [29]		
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.1.1	Capacity is the quantity that an empty container can hold. ✓ ✓ E	2E explanation (2)	<b>M</b> L1
2.1.2	✓MA W = 97 mm - 29 mm = 68 mm ✓CA	1MA subtracting 1CA value of W  1 Mark for answer 6,8 cm (2)	M L1
2.1.3	Volume = 75 mm × 68 mm × 210 mm ✓ SF ✓ CA = 1 071 000 mm <sup>3</sup>	1SF substituting from Q2.1.2 1A for values 75 and 210 1CA volume  1 Penalty for wrong unit or mixing units  (3)	M L2

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.1.4	Area (one face) = 75 mm $\times$ 210 mm = 15 750 mm <sup>2</sup> $\checkmark$ A	1A area of 1 side	M L2 (3) L3 (2)
	Area (one side) = $68 \text{ mm} \times 210 \text{ mm}$ = $14 280 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area of side	
	Area (top) = 75 mm × 68 mm = $5100 \text{ mm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area of top	
	Total surface area $\checkmark$ M = 2 × (15 750 mm <sup>2</sup> + 14 280 mm <sup>2</sup> ) + 5 100 mm <sup>2</sup>	1M adding all areas	
	$= 65 160 \text{ mm}^2 = 651,6 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area with unit	
	OR	OR	
	Area = 7,5 cm × 21 cm = 157,5 cm $^2$ ✓ A	1A area of 1 side	
	Area = $6.8 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$ = $142.8 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area of side	
	Area (top) = $7.5 \times 6.8$ = $51 \text{cm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area of top	
	Total surface area ✓M	1M adding all areas	
	$= 2 \times 157,5 \text{ cm}^2 + 2 \times 142,8 \text{ cm}^2 + 51 \text{cm}^2$ = 651,6 cm <sup>2</sup> $\checkmark$ CA	1CA area with unit	
	OR $\checkmark$ M  Lateral surface area = $2 \times (7.5 \text{ cm} + 6.8 \text{ cm}) \times 21 \text{ cm}$ = $2 \times 14.3 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$	OR 1M adding all areas	
	$= 2 \times 14,3 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm}$ $= 600,6 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area	
	Top area = 7,5 cm $\times$ 6,8 cm = 51 cm <sup>2</sup> $\checkmark$ CA	1CA area of top 1M total area	
	Total surface area = $600,6 \text{ cm}^2 + 51 \text{ cm}^2$ = $651,6 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA area with unit (5)	

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.2.1	Number of cups = $\frac{1000 \text{ m}\ell}{4 \times 2 \times 125 \text{ m}\ell} \checkmark M$ $= 1 \text{cup} \checkmark A$	1M divide 1A number of cups	<b>M</b> L1
	$\mathbf{OR}$ Volume = 125 m $\ell \times 2 = 250 \text{ m} \ell \checkmark \text{A}$	OR 1A total volume	
	$1000 \text{ m}\ell = 4 \text{ cups}$ $∴ 250 \text{ m}\ell = \frac{250 \text{ m}\ell}{1000 \text{ m}\ell} \times 4$ $= 1 \text{ cup} \checkmark A$	1A number of cups  Answer only Full marks  (2)	
2.2.2	Total volume = $2 \times (125 \text{ m}\ell + 720 \text{ m}\ell)$ = $1690 \text{ m}\ell$ $\checkmark \text{CA}$	1MA adding correct values and multiply by 2 1CA total volume  Answer only Full marks  (2)	<b>M</b> L1
2.2.3	✓M 2×150 ÷ 1 000 kg = 0,3 kg ✓A	1M multiply by 2 1A mass in kg  Answer only Full marks  (2)	M L1
2.2.4	Elapsed time = 12:30 − 11:20 = 1 hour 10 min ✓A	1A elapsed time	M L2
	Time indicated on the recipe = 30 min + 15 min + 10 min = 55 min ✓MA	1MA adding time indicated on recipe	
	Extra time taken = 1 hour 10 min − 55 min = 15 min ✓CA	1CA difference (3)	

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
2.2.5	Temperature (in ${}^{\circ}F$ ) = 180 × 1,8 + 32 = 356 $\checkmark$ A	1SF substitute 1A temp in °F	<b>M</b> L1
2.3.1	√M 5 whole blocks + 5 half blocks + 6 quarter blocks = 9 m² ✓√A  Also accept any answer from 8 m² to 10 m²	1M counting blocks 2A area Answer only 2 marks (3)	M L2
2.3.2	76 cm ÷ 100 = 0,76 m $\checkmark$ C  Volume = 8 m <sup>2</sup> × 0,76 m $\checkmark$ SF = 6,08 m <sup>3</sup> $\checkmark$ CA	1C convert to m  1SF substituting 1CA volume  (3)	M L2
			[29]

QUES	QUESTION 3 [22]		
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
3.1	Top view <b>OR</b> aerial view <b>OR</b> from above <b>V</b> A <b>OR</b> satellite view <b>OR</b> 2D top view <b>OR</b> topographical view	2A specific view (2)	MP L1
3.2	G8, G9, G10 ✓ ✓ ✓ A	3A correct gates (3)	MP L1
3.3	Milner road ✓✓ A	2A road name (2)	MP L1
3.4	Left hand side <b>OR</b> south side ✓✓A	2A correct side (2)	MP L1
3.5	✓A Zones 1, 3 and 4 or 5 ✓A	1A for one of the zones 1A for any correct second zone (2)	MP L1
3.6	AD <b>OR</b> DA ✓✓A	2A name of assembly point (2)	MP L2
3.7.1	4 <b>OR</b> G4, G5, G6 & G7 <b>OR</b> 4-7 ✓✓ A	2A no. of entrances (2)	MP L1
3.7.2	South East ✓✓A	2A direction Accept East of South (2)	MP L1
3.8	$\frac{4 \checkmark A}{7 \checkmark A}$ $= 0.57142$ $\approx 57.1\% \checkmark R$	1A numerator 1A denominator 1R rounded percentage (3)	P L1(1) L2(2)
3.9	To treat injured players or spectators	2E explanation	MP L1
	OR	OR	
	Any other suitable explanation relating injury or medical related	2E explanation (2)	
			[22]

QUESTION 4 [32]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.1	✓A ✓A Newlands, Cape Town	1A stadium 1A city (2)	DH L1
4.2	New Zealand ✓✓A	2A country (2)	DH L1
4.3	5 ✓ ✓ A	2A number (2)	DH L1
4.4	3 ✓ A 12 ✓ A	1A numerator 1A denominator	P L2
	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{OR} \ 0.25  \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	1CA simplified fraction  Answer only Full marks  (3)	
4.5	Argentina ✓✓RT	2RT reading table (2)	DH L1
4.6.1	✓RT 33; 28; 27; 23; 13; 10 ✓A	1RT reading table 1A descending order (2)	DH L1
4.6.2 (a)	Mean = $\frac{33 + 28 + 27 + 23 + 13 + 10}{6}$ $\checkmark$ M	1M adding points and divide by 6	DH L2
	$= \frac{134}{6} \checkmark S$ $= 22,333 \checkmark CA$ $\approx 22 \text{ points}$	1S simplify 1CA mean from Q4.6.1 (3)	
4.6.2 (b)	$Median = \frac{27 + 23}{2} \checkmark M$ $= 25 \checkmark CA$	1M median concept  1CA median from Q4.6.1  Answer only Full marks	DH L2

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.6.2 (c)	Range = $33 - 10$ $\checkmark$ M = $23$ $\checkmark$ CA	1M concept of range 1CA range from Q4.6.1 Answer only Full marks	DH L2
4.6.2 (d)	No mode ✓✓CA	2CA mode from Q4.6.1 (2)	DH L2

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Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
4.7	Points scored by and against the South the 2014 Rugby Champid		DH L2
	35 30 25 page 20 y A  10 5 0	/ A,	✓A
	16-Aug 23-Aug 6-Sept 13-Sept Date of game 6A for each of the points plotted correctly and accurate		4-Oct
	1 Penalty for not joining points.  (Accept 1 mark for every 2 bars in case of bar graph –	max 3/6)	(6)
4.8.1	27 September ✓✓A	2A date (2)	<b>DH</b> L1
4.8.2	13 days ✓✓ A	2A days Accept 14 days (2)	DH L1
			[32]

QUESTION 5 [31]			
Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.1.1	1 January 2014 ✓✓RT	2RT (2)	DH L1
5.1.2	April ✓✓RT	2RT (2)	<b>DH</b> L1
5.1.3	Difference = $(1 \ 411 - 1 \ 391)$ cent per litre $\checkmark$ CA = 20 cent per litre <b>OR</b> R0,20 c/l	1MA subtract 1RT reading from table 1CA difference  No penalty for unit omitted  (3)	F L1
5.1.4	August ✓✓A	2A August Accept January (2)	DH L1
5.1.5	✓A ✓A August and September	1A August 1A September	DH L1
5.1.6	Percentage change = $\frac{\sqrt{RT}}{1383 - 1361} \times 100\%$ = 1,5907 % $\checkmark$ CA $\approx 1,59 \% \checkmark$ R  Percentage change = $\frac{1377 - 1355}{1377} \times 100\%$ = 1,5977 % $\checkmark$ CA $\approx 1,60 \% \checkmark$ R  Percentage change = $\frac{\mathbf{OR} \checkmark RT}{1401 - 1379} \times 100\%$ = 1,5703 % $\checkmark$ CA	1RT reading from table 1SF substitution  1CA simplify 1R rounding OR 1RT reading from table 1SF substitution  1CA simplify 1R rounding OR 1RT reading from table 1SF substitution	F L2
	= 1,5703 % ✓CA ≈ 1,57 % ✓R	1CA simplify 1R rounding (4)	

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.2.1	Monday <b>OR</b> 28/09/2015 ✓ ✓ RD	2RD reading diagram (2)	P L1
5.2.2	✓RD Barberton on 27/09/2015✓RD	1RD name of town 1RD date (2)	P L1
5.2.3	13°C ✓✓RD	2RD reading diagram Accept 18°C/13°C  (2)	DH L1
5.3.1	Cost price = R153,60 ÷ 24√MA = R6,40 ✓A	1MA dividing correct values 1A cost price  Answer only Full marks  (2)	F L1

Ques	Solution	Explanation	Topic
5.3.2	Profit per can = R9,00 - R6,40 = R2,60 $\checkmark$ CA $\checkmark$ M Profit for 96 cans = R2,60 $\times$ 96 = R249,60 $\checkmark$ CA	1CA profit per can 1M multiply by 96 1CA total profit	F L1
	OR $\checkmark M$ $\checkmark M$ $\checkmark CA$ Profit for 96 cans = $(96 \times R9,00) - (96 \times R6,40)$ = $R864 - R614,40$ = $R249,60 \checkmark CA$ OR $\checkmark M$ Profit for 96 cans = $96 (R9,00 - R6,40)$ = $96 (R2,60) \checkmark CA$ OR $\checkmark M$ $= R249,60 \checkmark CA$ OR $\checkmark M$	OR  1M multiply by 96  1CA cost price of 96  cans  1CA total profit  OR  1M multiply by 96  1CA profit per can  1CA total profit  OR  1M multiply by 24	
	Income for 1 case = R9,00 × 24 = R216 Profit on 1 case = R216 - R153,60 $\checkmark$ CA = R62,40 Profit for 96 cans = R62,40 × 4 = R249,60 $\checkmark$ CA	1CA profit on 1 case  1CA total profit  (3)	
5.3.3 (a)	Selling price = R400 ÷ 40 $\checkmark$ M = R10 per can $\checkmark$ A  OR  Selling price = R200 ÷ 20 $\checkmark$ M  = R10 per can $\checkmark$ A  OR  OR  VRG  Selling price = R600 ÷ 60 $\checkmark$ M	1RG reading graph 1M division 1A selling price OR 1RG reading graph 1M division 1A selling price OR 1RG reading graph 1M division	F L1
5.3.3 (b)	= R10 per can ✓A  60 cans ✓✓RG	Answer only Full marks  2RG reading graph  (2)	<b>F</b> L1