

- #1 MongoDB installation in MacOS
- #2 Set up database
- #3 working with MongoDB, MQL
- #4 CRUD operations
- #5 Aggregation Pipelines (like unix pipes)

#1 MongoDB installation in MacOS

```

npm version
npm install -g m
m latest
mongod --version
brew tap mongodb/brew
brew install mongosh
mongosh --version
brew install mongodb-database-tools
mongoimport

```

#2 Set up database

```

mkdir <your dir>
cd <your dir>
mkdir mongod_only
mongod --dbpath mongod_only

```

note: A mongod is a daemon process for MongoDB. You could say it is the core unit of MongoDB. It handles data requests from the MongoDB Shell or drivers, manages data access, and performs background management operations.

in a 2nd terminal (mongo shell):

```

mongosh
show databases
db.test.insertOne({"hello": "world"})

```

.. above deployment is running in only 1 process, ie NOT for production; solution - replica set (a group of multiple mongod instances working together) usually with at least 3 replica set members, choose an odd number of voting replica set members:

(*) redundancy and high availability - In a replica set, your data is stored multiple times and all operations are asynchronously replicated to maintain the same data set. Because a replica set has multiple nodes that can take over as the primary of the deployment, a replica set also provides high availability.

CTRL-C to terminate the mongod process above, CTRL-D to exit the mongod shell above

```

mkdir replica_set_cmdline
cd replica_set_cmdline
openssl rand -base64 755 > keyfile
chmod 400 keyfile
mkdir -p m{1,2,3}/db //creating m1,m2,m3 folders and sub-folder db
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m1/db --logpath ./m1/mongodb.log --port 27017 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m2/db --logpath ./m2/mongodb.log --port 27018 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m3/db --logpath ./m3/mongodb.log --port 27019 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile

```

in a different terminal:

```
mongosh "mongodb://localhost:27017"
rs.initiate()
use admin
db.createUser({user: '<your name>', pwd: passwordPrompt(), roles: ["root"]})
db.getSiblingDB("admin").auth("<your name>", passwordPrompt())
rs.add("localhost:27018")
rs.add("localhost:27019")
rs.status()
db.serverStatus()['repl']
exit
.. back to the 1st terminal and:
killall mongod
cd ..
rm -rf replica_set_cmdline
```

mkdir replicaset

cd replicaset

openssl rand -base64 755 > keyfile

chmod 400 keyfile

mkdir -p m{1,2,3}/db

touch m1.conf

code . //and edit m1.conf with:

storage:

 dbPath: m1/db

net:

 bindIp: localhost

 port: 27017

security:

 authorization: enabled

 keyFile: keyfile

systemLog:

 destination: file

 path: m1/mongod.log

processManagement:

 fork: true

replication:

 replSetName: mongodb-essentials-rs

```
cp m1.conf m2.conf
```

```
cp m1.conf m3.conf
```

```
mongod -f m1.conf
```

```
mongod -f m2.conf
```

```
mongod -f m3.conf
```

.. and in a 2nd terminal:

```
mongosh
```

```
use admin
```

```

config = {
    _id: "mongodb-rs",
    members: [
        { _id: 0, host: "localhost:27017" },
        { _id: 1, host: "localhost:27018" },
        { _id: 2, host: "localhost:27019" }
    ]
};

rs.initiate(config)
db.createUser({user: '<your name>', pwd: passwordPrompt(), roles: ["root"]})
db.getSiblingDB("admin").auth("<your name>")
rs.add("localhost:27018")
rs.add("localhost:27019")
rs.status()
db.serverStatus()['repl']

```

MongoDB db tools –

- mongostat
- mongodump
- mongorestore
- mongoexport
- mongoimport

cd datasets

```

mongoimport --username=<your name> --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data inventory.json
mongoimport --username=<your name> --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data movies.json
mongoimport --username=<your name> --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data orders.json

```

for debug:

- check log files at m*/mongod.log
- disable fork option in the config file
- check the oplog
- increase the log level

#3 working with MongoDB, MQL

Document model – natively works with JSON documents, actually uses BSON; each doc is at most 16MB

```

use blog
show collections
db.authors.insertOne({"name": "<your name>"})

db.authors.insertOne({"name": "Joe Nash"})
db.authors.insertMany([
    {"name": "Eliot Horowitz"},
    {"name": "Dwight Merriman"},
    {"name": "Kevin P. Ryan"}
])
db.authors.find()

```

```
db.authors.find({ "name": "<your name>" })
db.authors.find({ name: "<your name>" })

db.authors.updateOne(
  { name: "<your name>" },
  { $set: { website: "<your website URL>" } }
)
db.authors.find({ name: "<your name>" })
db.authors.updateMany(
  { },
  { $set: { books: [] } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.deleteOne({ name: "Joe Nash" })
db.authors.deleteMany({}) // this will delete ALL documents!!!
```

```
db.authors.find()
db.createIndex({ name: 1 }) // there are different types of indexes, here: single field
```

database for a phone number lookup app by name or phone#:

```
use lookup
db.records.insertOne({
  "name": "<your name>l",
  "number": "1234567890",
  "profession": "<best whatever>",
  "website": "<your website URL>"
})
db.records.findOne()
db.records.createIndex({name: 1})
db.records.createIndex({number: 1})
```

#4 CRUD operations

writeConcern, readConcern, sort/skip/limit, \$set/\$unset/\$inc/\$mul/\$max/\$min, arrays {query: exact match - []}, \$all, \$elemMatch; update: \$push, \$addToSet, \$pop, startSession, endSession, startTransaction, commitTransaction

```
show dbs
use sample_data
show collections //and in this case, they are: inventory, movies, orders
db.inventory.findOne()
db.orders.findOne()
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.findOne({"ratings.mnrb": 10})
db.movies.findOne({"genres.0": "Musical"})
```

comparison operators:

```
use sample_data
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.quantity": { $gte: 8 } })
```

```
db.inventory.findOne({ "price": { $lt: 1700 } })
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.variation": { $in: [ "Blue", "Red" ] } })
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.variation": { $nin: [ "Blue", "Red" ] } })
```

logical operators:

```
use sample_data
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.findOne(
{
  $and: [
    { "variations.quantity": { $ne: 0 } },
    { "variations.quantity": { $exists: true } }
  ]
}
)
db.inventory.findOne(
{
  $or: [
    { "variations.variation": "Blue" },
    { "variations.variation": "Green" },
    { "variations.variation": "Teal" },
  ]
}
)
db.inventory.findOne(
{
  $nor: [
    { price: { $gt: 8000 } },
    { "variations.variation": "Blue" }
  ]
}
)
db.inventory.findOne(
{
  $not: { price: { $gt: 20000 } },
}
)
```

sort, skip, limit (MongoDB performs these in this order)[*]:

```
db.movies.find().sort({title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: -1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {director: 1, title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1}).skip(100)
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1}).skip(100).limit(5)
[*] when the sort is a common query pattern, use an index; if no index, sort/limit is faster
```

updateOne and updateMany:

use blog

```

show collections
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateOne(
  { name: "<your name>" },
  { $set: { message: "Hello World!" } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateMany(
  {},
  { $set: { message: "Hello" } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateMany(
  {},
  { $unset: { message: "" } }
)
db.authors.find()

```

Arrays:

```

use sample_data
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.find({genres: "Comedy"})
db.movies.find({genres: ["Comedy", "Drama", "Thriller"]})
db.movies.find({genres: { $all: ["Comedy", "Drama"] } })
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.find(
{
  variations: {
    $elemMatch: {
      variation: "Blue",
      quantity: { $gt: 8 }
    }
  }
}
)
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.updateOne(
{
  title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
},
{
  $push: { genres: "Test" }
}
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
db.movies.updateOne(
{
  title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
},

```

```

{
  $addToSet: { genres: "Test" }
}
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
db.movies.updateOne(
{
  title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
},
{
  $addToSet: { genres: "Green" }
}
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
db.movies.updateOne(
{
  title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
},
{
  $pop: { genres: 1 }
}
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
db.movies.updateOne(
{
  title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
},
{
  $pop: { genres: 1 }
}
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )

```

Transactions(atomic update to multiple documents, either all writes happen or none do):

```

use blog
session = db.getMongo().startSession( { readPreference: { mode: "primary" } } )
session.startTransaction()
session.getDatabase("blog").updateMany( {}, { $set: { message: "Transaction occurred" } } )
session.commitTransaction()
session.endSession()
db.authors.find()

```

\$expr:

```

use sample_data
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.find({ title: 1, ratings: 1 })
db.movies.find(
  { title: 1, ratings: 1 }
)

```

```
db.movies.find({ $expr: { $gt: [{ $multiple: ["ratings.mndb", 10]}, "ratings.soft_avocados"] } })
```

Arithmetic Expression Operators	Boolean Expression Operators	\$dateToString	\$setIntersection	\$asin	\$push
<code>\$abs</code>	<code>\$and</code>	<code>\$dateTrunc</code>	<code>\$setIsSubset</code>	<code>\$acos</code>	<code>\$stdDevPop</code>
<code>\$add</code>	<code>\$not</code>	<code>\$dayOfMonth</code>	<code>\$setUnion</code>	<code>\$atan</code>	<code>\$stdDevSamp</code>
<code>\$ceil</code>	<code>\$or</code>	<code>\$dayOfWeek</code>		<code>\$atan2</code>	<code>\$sum</code>
<code>\$divide</code>		<code>\$dayOfYear</code>	String Expression Operators	<code>\$asinh</code>	
<code>\$exp</code>		<code>\$hour</code>	<code>\$concat</code>	<code>\$acosh</code>	Variable Expression Operator
<code>\$floor</code>	Comparison Expression Operators	<code>\$isoDayOfWeek</code>	<code>\$dateFromString</code>	<code>\$atanh</code>	<code>\$let</code>
<code>\$ln</code>	<code>\$cmp</code>	<code>\$isoWeek</code>		<code>\$sinh</code>	
<code>\$log</code>	<code>\$eq</code>	<code>\$isoWeekYear</code>	<code>\$dateToString</code>	<code>\$cosh</code>	Window Operators
<code>\$log10</code>	<code>\$gt</code>	<code>\$millisecond</code>	<code>\$indexOfBytes</code>	<code>\$tanh</code>	<code>\$addToSet</code>
<code>\$mod</code>	<code>\$gte</code>	<code>\$minute</code>	<code>\$indexOfCP</code>	<code>\$degreesToRadians</code>	<code>\$avg</code>
<code>\$multiply</code>	<code>\$lt</code>	<code>\$month</code>	<code>\$regexFindall</code>	<code>\$radiansToDegrees</code>	<code>\$count</code>
<code>\$pow</code>	<code>\$lte</code>	<code>\$second</code>	<code>\$regexMatch</code>		<code>\$covariancePip</code>
<code>\$sqrt</code>	<code>\$ne</code>	<code>\$toDate</code>	<code>\$replaceOne</code>		<code>\$covarianceSamp</code>
<code>\$subtract</code>		<code>\$week</code>	<code>\$replaceAll</code>		<code>\$denseRank</code>
<code>\$trunc</code>	Conditional Expression Operators	<code>\$year</code>	<code>\$rtrim</code>		<code>\$derivative</code>
	<code>\$cond</code>		<code>\$split</code>		<code>\$documentNumber</code>
	<code>\$ifNull</code>		<code>\$strLenBytes</code>		<code>\$expMovingAvg</code>
	<code>\$switch</code>		<code>\$strLenCP</code>		<code>\$first</code>
		Miscellaneous Operators	<code>\$strcasecmp</code>		<code>\$integral</code>
		<code>\$getField</code>	<code>\$substr</code>		<code>\$last</code>
		<code>\$accumulator</code>	<code>\$substrBytes</code>		<code>\$max</code>
		<code>\$rand</code>	<code>\$substrCP</code>		<code>\$min</code>
		<code>\$function</code>	<code>\$toLower</code>		<code>\$push</code>
			<code>\$toString</code>		<code>\$rank</code>
			<code>\$trim</code>		<code>\$shift</code>
		Data Size Operators	<code>\$toUpperCase</code>		<code>\$stdDevPop</code>
		<code>\$binarySize</code>			<code>\$stdDevSamp</code>
		<code>\$bsonSize</code>			<code>\$sum</code>
		Date Expression Operators	Object Expression Operators	Accumulators	
		<code>\$dateAdd</code>	<code>\$mergeObjects</code>	<code>\$group</code>	
		<code>\$dateDiff</code>	<code>\$objectToArray</code>	<code>\$accumulator</code>	
		<code>\$dateFromParts</code>	<code>\$setField</code>	<code>\$addToSet</code>	
		<code>\$dateFromString</code>		<code>\$avg</code>	
		<code>\$dateSubtract</code>	Set Expression Operators	<code>\$count</code>	
		<code>\$dateToParts</code>	<code>\$allElementsTrue</code>	<code>\$first</code>	
			<code>\$anyElementTrue</code>	<code>\$last</code>	
			<code>\$setDifference</code>	<code>\$max</code>	
			<code>\$setEquals</code>	<code>\$cos</code>	
				<code>\$tan</code>	<code>\$mergeObjects</code>
					<code>\$min</code>

#5 Aggregation Pipelines (like unix pipes)

Pipeline stages:

\$addFields	\$graphLookup	\$merge	\$setWindowFields
\$bucket	\$group	\$out	\$skip
\$bucketAuto	\$indexStats	\$planCacheStats	\$sort
\$collStats	\$limit	\$project	\$sortByCount
\$count	\$listLocalSessions	\$redact	\$unionWith
\$currentOp	\$listSessions	\$replaceRoot	\$unset
\$facet	\$lookup	\$replaceWith	\$unwind
\$geoNear	\$match	\$set	

```
db.collection.aggregate( [
```

Arithmetic Expression Operators	Boolean Expression Operators	\$dateToString	\$setIntersection	\$asin	\$push
\$abs	\$and	\$dateTrunc	\$setIsSubset	\$acos	\$stdDevPop
\$add	\$not	\$dayOfMonth	\$setUnion	\$atan	\$stdDevSamp
\$ceil	\$or	\$dayOfWeek		\$atan2	\$sum
\$divide		\$dayOfYear		\$asinh	
\$exp		\$hour		\$acosh	
\$floor		\$isoDayOfWeek		\$atanh	
\$ln		\$isoWeek		\$sinh	
\$log		\$isoWeekYear		\$cosh	
\$log10		\$millisecond		\$tanh	
\$mod		\$minute		\$degreesToRadians	
\$multiply		\$month		\$radiansToDegrees	
\$pow		\$second			
\$sqrt		\$toDate			
\$subtract		\$week			
\$trunc		\$year			
Array Expression Operators	Conditional Expression Operators	Literal Expression Operator	Type Expression Operators		
\$arrayElemAt	\$cond	\$literal	\$convert		
\$arrayToObject	\$ifNull	Miscellaneous Operators	\$isNumber		
\$concatArrays	\$switch	\$getField	\$toBool		
\$filter		\$rand	\$toDate		
\$in		\$sampleRate	\$toDecimal		
\$indexOfArray		Data Size Operators	\$toDouble		
\$isArray		Object Expression Operators	\$tolnt		
\$last		\$mergeObjects	\$toLong		
\$map		\$objectToArray	\$toObjectId		
\$objectToArray		\$setField	\$toString		
\$range	Date Expression Operators	Set Expression Operators	\$type		
\$reduce	\$dateAdd	AllElementsTrue	Accumulators (\$group)		
\$reverseArray	\$dateDiff	AnyElementTrue	\$accumulator		
\$size	\$dateFromParts	\$setDifference	\$addToSet		
\$slice	\$dateFromString	\$setEquals	\$avg		
\$zip	\$dateSubtract		\$count		
	\$dateToParts				

```
$group:  
use sample_data  
db.inventory.findOne()  
db.inventory.aggregate( [  
  {  
    $group: {  
      _id: "$source",  
    }  
  }  
])  
db.inventory.aggregate( [  
  {  
    $group: {  
      _id: "$source",  
      count: { $sum: 1 }  
    }  
  }  
])  
db.inventory.aggregate( [  
  {  
    $group: {  
      _id: "$source",  
      count: { $sum: 1 },  
      items: { $push: "$na  
    }  
  }  
])  
db.inventory.aggregate( [  
  {
```

```

$group: {
  _id: "$source",
  count: { $sum: 1 },
  items: { $push: "$name" },
  avg_price: { $avg: "$price" }
}
}
])

```

\$bucket vs \$bucketAuto

\$unwind:

The primary use of `$unwind` is to "flatten" array fields, making it easier to perform operations on individual array elements.

```

db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $unwind: "$variations"
  }
])
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $unwind: "$variations",
  },
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  }
])
.. more performant:
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },
  {
    $unwind: "$variations",
  },
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  }
])

```

\$merge/\$out:

```

db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },

```

```

{
  $unwind: "$variations",
},
{
  $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
},
{
  $out: { db: "sample_data", coll: "purple" }
}
])
show collections
db.purple.find()
db.inventory.aggregate([
{
  $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
},
{
  $unwind: "$variations",
},
{
  $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
},
{
  $merge: {
    into: "purple",
    on: "_id",
    whenMatched: "keepExisting",
    whenNotMatched: "insert"
  }
}
])

```

```

$function:
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.aggregate([
{
  $project: {
    title: 1,
    actors: {
      $function: {
        body: 'function(actors) { return actors.sort(); }',
        args: [ "$actors" ],
        lang: "js"
      }
    }
  }
}
])

```

```
$lookup (for: join):
db.orders.aggregate([
  { $lookup: {
    from: "inventory",
    localField: "car_id",
    foreignField: "_id",
    as: "car_id"
  }
])
```

Performance:

```
db.movies.explain("executionStats").aggregate( [
  { $project: {
    release_year: {$year: "$release_year"},
    title: 1
  }},
  { $lookup: {
    from: "inventory",
    localField: "release_year",
    foreignField: "year",
    as: "year"
  }}
])
```

.. then check totalKeysExamined and collectionScans, etc .. mongod.log too ..

Use Profiler: db.setProfilingLevel(1, { slowms: 20 }) . db["system.profile"].find()

Common optimizations:

\$sort + \$limit, \$project as the final stage, Hinting, Analytics nodes