

#1 MongoDB installation in MacOS

#2 Set up database

#3 working with MongoDB, MQL

#4 CRUD operations

#5 Aggregation Pipelines (like unix pipes)

#1 MongoDB installation in MacOS

```
npm version
npm install -g m
m latest
mongod --version
brew tap mongodb/brew
brew install mongosh
mongosh --version
brew install mongodb-database-tools
mongoimport
```

#2 Set up database

```
mkdir <your dir>
cd <your dir>
mkdir mongod_only
mongod --dbpath mongod_only
```

note: A mongod is a daemon process for MongoDB. You could say it is the core unit of MongoDB. It handles data requests from the MongoDB Shell or drivers, manages data access, and performs background management operations.

in a 2nd terminal (mongo shell):

```
mongosh
show databases
db.test.insertOne({"hello": "world"})
```

.. above deployment is running in only 1 process, ie NOT for production; solution - replica set (a group of multiple mongod instances working together) usually with at least 3 replica set members, choose an odd number of voting replica set members:

(*) redundancy and high availability - In a replica set, your data is stored multiple times and all operations are asynchronously replicated to maintain the same data set. Because a replica set has multiple nodes that can take over as the primary of the deployment, a replica set also provides high availability.

CTRL-C to terminate the mongod process above, CTRL-D to exit the mongod shell above

```
mkdir replica_set_cmdline
cd replica_set_cmdline
openssl rand -base64 755 > keyfile
chmod 400 keyfile
mkdir -p m{1,2,3}/db //creating m1,m2,m3 folders and sub-folder db
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m1/db --logpath ./m1/mongodb.log --port 27017 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m2/db --logpath ./m2/mongodb.log --port 27018 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile
mongod --replSet myReplSet --dbpath ./m3/db --logpath ./m3/mongodb.log --port 27019 --fork --keyFile ./keyfile
```

in a different terminal:

```
mongosh "mongodb://localhost:27017"
```

```
rs.initiate()
```

```
use admin
```

```
db.createUser({user: '<your name>', pwd: passwordPrompt(), roles: ["root"]})
```

```
db.getSiblingDB("admin").auth("<your name>", passwordPrompt())
```

```
rs.add("localhost:27018")
```

```
rs.add("localhost:27019")
```

```
rs.status()
```

```
db.serverStatus()['repl']
```

```
exit
```

.. back to the 1st terminal and:

```
killall mongod
```

```
cd ..
```

```
rm -rf replica_set_cmdline
```

```
mkdir replicaset
```

```
cd replicaset
```

```
openssl rand -base64 755 > keyfile
```

```
chmod 400 keyfile
```

```
mkdir -p m{1,2,3}/db
```

```
touch m1.conf
```

```
code . //and edit m1.conf with:
```

```
storage:
```

```
  dbPath: m1/db
```

```
net:
```

```
  bindIp: localhost
```

```
  port: 27017
```

```
security:
```

```
  authorization: enabled
```

```
  keyFile: keyfile
```

```
systemLog:
```

```
  destination: file
```

```
  path: m1/mongod.log
```

```
processManagement:
```

```
  fork: true
```

```
replication:
```

```
  replSetName: mongodb-essentials-rs
```

```
cp m1.conf m2.conf
```

```
cp m1.conf m3.conf
```

```
mongod -f m1.conf
```

```
mongod -f m2.conf
```

```
mongod -f m3.conf
```

.. and in a 2nd terminal:

```
mongosh
```

```
use admin
```

```

config = {
  _id: "mongodb-rs",
  members: [
    { _id: 0, host: "localhost:27017" },
    { _id: 1, host: "localhost:27018" },
    { _id: 2, host: "localhost:27019" }
  ]
};
rs.initiate(config)
db.createUser({user: '<your name>', pwd: passwordPrompt(), roles: ["root"]})
db.getSiblingDB("admin").auth("<your name>")
rs.add("localhost:27018")
rs.add("localhost:27019")
rs.status()
db.serverStatus()['repl']

```

MongoDB db tools –

mongostat

mongodump

mongorestore

mongoexport

mongoimport

cd datasets

mongoimport --username="<your name>" --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data inventory.json

mongoimport --username="<your name>" --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data movies.json

mongoimport --username="<your name>" --authenticationDatabase="admin" --db=sample_data orders.json

for debug:

check log files at m*/mongod.log

disable fork option in the config file

check the oplog

increase the log level

#3 working with MongoDB, MQL

Document model – natively works with JSON documents, actually uses BSON; each doc is at most 16MB

use blog

show collections

```
db.authors.insertOne({"name": "<your name>"})
```

```
db.authors.insertOne({"name": "Joe Nash"})
```

```
db.authors.insertMany([
```

```
  {"name": "Eliot Horowitz"},
```

```
  {"name": "Dwight Merriman"},
```

```
  {"name": "Kevin P. Ryan"}
])
```

```
db.authors.find()
```

```
db.authors.find({ "name": "<your name>"})
db.authors.find({ name: "<your name>"})
```

```
db.authors.updateOne(
  { name: "<your name>"},
  { $set: { website: "<your website URL> " } }
)
db.authors.find({ name: "<your name>"})
db.authors.updateMany(
  { },
  { $set: { books: [] } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.deleteOne({ name: "Joe Nash" })
db.authors.deleteMany({}) // this will delete ALL documents!!!
```

```
db.authors.find()
db.createIndex({ name: 1 }) // there are different types of indexes, here: single field
```

database for a phone number lookup app by name or phone#:

use lookup

```
db.records.insertOne({
  "name": "<your name>!",
  "number": "1234567890",
  "profession": "<best whatever>",
  "website": "<your website URL>"
})
db.records.findOne()
db.records.createIndex({name: 1})
db.records.createIndex({number: 1})
```

#4 CRUD operations

writeConcern, readConcern, sort/skip/limit, \$set/\$unset/\$inc/\$mul/\$max/\$min,
arrays {query: exact match - [], \$all, \$elemMatch; update: \$push, \$addToSet, \$pop},
startSession, endSession, startTransaction, commitTransaction

show dbs

use sample_data

show collections //and in this case, they are: inventory, movies, orders

```
db.inventory.findOne()
db.orders.findOne()
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.findOne({"ratings.mndb": 10})
db.movies.findOne({"genres.0": "Musical"})
```

comparison operators:

use sample_data

```
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.quantity": { $gte: 8 } })
```

```

db.inventory.findOne({ "price": { $lt: 1700 } })
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.variation": { $in: [ "Blue", "Red" ] } })
db.inventory.findOne({ "variations.variation": { $nin: [ "Blue", "Red" ] } })

```

logical operators:

use sample_data

```

db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.findOne(
  {
    $and: [
      { "variations.quantity": { $ne: 0 } },
      { "variations.quantity": { $exists: true } }
    ]
  }
)
db.inventory.findOne(
  {
    $or: [
      { "variations.variation": "Blue" },
      { "variations.variation": "Green" },
      { "variations.variation": "Teal" },
    ]
  }
)
db.inventory.findOne(
  {
    $nor: [
      { price: { $gt: 8000 } },
      { "variations.variation": "Blue" }
    ]
  }
)
db.inventory.findOne(
  {
    $not: { price: { $gt: 20000 } },
  }
)

```

sort, skip, limit (MongoDB performs these in this order)[*]:

```

db.movies.find().sort({title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: -1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {director: 1, title: 1})
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1}).skip(100)
db.movies.find({}, { title: 1, genres: 1 }).sort( {title: 1}).skip(100).limit(5)

```

[*] when the sort is a common query pattern, use an index; if no index, sort/limit is faster

updateOne and updateMany:

use blog

```

show collections
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateOne(
  { name: "<your name>" },
  { $set: { message: "Hello World!" } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateMany(
  {},
  { $set: { message: "Hello" } }
)
db.authors.find()
db.authors.updateMany(
  {},
  { $unset: { message: "" } }
)
db.authors.find()

```

Arrays:

```

use sample_data
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.find({genres: "Comedy"})
db.movies.find({genres: ["Comedy", "Drama", "Thriller"]})
db.movies.find({genres: { $all: ["Comedy", "Drama"] } })
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.find(
  {
    variations: {
      $elemMatch: {
        variation: "Blue",
        quantity: { $gt: 8 }
      }
    }
  }
)
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.updateOne(
  {
    title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
  },
  {
    $push: { genres: "Test" }
  }
)
db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
db.movies.updateOne(
  {
    title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
  },

```

```

    {
      $addToSet: { genres: "Test" }
    }
  )
  db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
  db.movies.updateOne(
    {
      title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
    },
    {
      $addToSet: { genres: "Green" }
    }
  )
  db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
  db.movies.updateOne(
    {
      title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
    },
    {
      $pop: { genres: 1 }
    }
  )
  db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )
  db.movies.updateOne(
    {
      title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'
    },
    {
      $pop: { genres: 1 }
    }
  )
  db.movies.findOne( {title: 'The Adventures of Tom Thumb & Thumbelina'} )

```

Transactions(atomic update to multiple documents, either all writes happen or none do):

use blog

```
session = db.getMongo().startSession( { readPreference: { mode: "primary" } } )
```

```
session.startTransaction()
```

```
session.getDatabase("blog").updateMany( {}, { $set: { message: "Transaction occurred" } } )
```

```
session.commitTransaction()
```

```
session.endSession()
```

```
db.authors.find()
```

\$expr:

```
use sample_data
```

```
db.movies.findOne()
```

```
db.movies.find({ title: 1, ratings: 1 })
```

```
db.movies.find(
  { title: 1, ratings: 1 }
)
```

db.movies.find({ \$expr: { \$gt: [{ \$multiple: ["ratings.mndb", 10]}, "ratings.soft_avocados"] } })

Arithmetic Expression Operators	Boolean Expression Operators	Date Expression Operators	String Expression Operators	Trigonometry Expression Operators	Variable Expression Operator
\$abs	\$and	\$dateToString	\$concat	\$asin	\$push
\$add	\$not	\$dateTrunc	\$dateFromString	\$acos	\$stdDevPop
\$ceil	\$or	\$dayOfMonth	\$dateToString	\$atan	\$stdDevSamp
\$divide		\$dayOfWeek	\$indexBytes	\$atan2	\$sum
\$exp	Comparison Expression Operators	\$dayOfYear	\$indexCP	\$sinh	
\$floor	\$cmp	\$hour	\$ltrim	\$cosh	Window Operators
\$ln	\$eq	\$isoDayOfWeek	\$regexFindall	\$sinh	\$addToSet
\$log	\$gt	\$isoWeek	\$regexMatch	\$tanh	\$avg
\$log10	\$gte	\$isoWeekYear	\$replaceOne	\$degreesToRadians	\$count
\$mod	\$lt	\$millisecond	\$replaceAll	\$radiansToDegrees	\$covariancePop
\$multiply	\$lte	\$minute	\$rtrim		\$covarianceSamp
\$pow	\$ne	\$month	\$split	Type Expression Operators	\$denseRank
\$sqrt		\$second	\$strLenBytes	\$convert	\$derivative
\$subtract	Conditional Expression Operators	\$week	\$strLenCP	\$isNumber	\$documentNumber
\$trunc	\$cond	\$year	\$strLower	\$toBool	\$expMovingAvg
	\$ifNull		\$strUpper	\$toDate	\$first
Array Expression Operators	\$switch	Literal Expression Operator		\$toDecimal	\$integral
\$arrayElemAt		\$literal		\$toDouble	\$last
\$arrayToObject	Custom Aggregation Expression Operators	Miscellaneous Operators		\$toInt	\$max
\$concatArrays	\$accumulator	\$getField		\$toLong	\$min
\$filter	\$function	\$rand		\$toObjectId	\$push
\$in		\$sampleRate		\$toString	\$rank
\$indexOfArray	Data Size Operators	Object Expression Operators		\$type	\$shift
\$isArray	\$binarySize	\$mergeObjects			\$stdDevPop
\$last	\$bsonSize	\$objectToArray		Accumulators (\$group)	\$stdDevSamp
\$map		\$setField		\$accumulator	\$sum
\$objectToArray	Date Expression Operators	Set Expression Operators		\$addToSet	
\$range	\$dateAdd	\$allElementsTrue		\$avg	
\$reduce	\$dateDiff	\$anyElementTrue		\$count	
\$reverseArray	\$dateFromParts	\$setDifference		\$first	
\$size	\$dateFromString	\$setEquals		\$last	
\$slice	\$dateSubtract			\$max	
\$zip	\$dateToParts			\$mergeObjects	
				\$min	

#5 Aggregation Pipelines (like unix pipes)

Pipeline stages:

\$addFields	\$graphLookup	\$merge	\$setWindowFields
\$bucket	\$group	\$out	\$skip
\$bucketAuto	\$indexStats	\$planCacheStats	\$sort
\$collStats	\$limit	\$project	\$sortByCount
\$count	\$listLocalSessions	\$redact	\$unionWith
\$currentOp	\$listSessions	\$replaceRoot	\$unset
\$facet	\$lookup	\$replaceWith	\$unwind
\$geoNear	\$match	\$set	

db.collection.aggregate([

Arithmetic Expression Operators

\$abs
\$add
\$ceil
\$divide
\$exp
\$floor
\$ln
\$log
\$log10
\$mod
\$multiply
\$pow
\$sqrt
\$subtract
\$trunc

Array Expression Operators

\$arrayElemAt
\$arrayToObject
\$concatArrays
\$filter
\$in
\$indexOfArray
\$isArray
\$last
\$map
\$objectToArray
\$range
\$reduce
\$reverseArray
\$size
\$slice
\$zip

Boolean Expression Operators

\$and
\$not
\$or

Comparison Expression Operators

\$cmp
\$eq
\$gt
\$gte
\$lt
\$lte
\$ne

Conditional Expression Operators

\$cond
\$ifNull
\$switch

Custom Aggregation Expression Operators

\$accumulator
\$function

Data Size Operators

\$binarySize
\$bsonSize

Date Expression Operators

\$dateAdd
\$dateDiff
\$dateFromParts
\$dateFromString
\$dateSubtract
\$dateToParts

\$dateToString
\$dateTrunc
\$dayOfMonth
\$dayOfWeek
\$dayOfYear
\$hour
\$isoDayOfWeek
\$isoWeek
\$isoWeekYear
\$millisecond
\$minute
\$month
\$second
\$toDate
\$week
\$year

Literal Expression Operator

\$literal

Miscellaneous Operators

\$getField
\$rand
\$sampleRate

Object Expression Operators

\$mergeObjects
\$objectToArray
\$setField

Set Expression Operators

\$allElementsTrue
\$anyElementTrue
\$setDifference
\$setEquals

\$setIntersection
\$setIsSubset
\$setUnion

String Expression Operators

\$concat
\$dateFromString
\$dateToString
\$indexOfBytes
\$indexOfCP
\$ltrim
\$regexFindAll
\$regexMatch
\$replaceOne
\$replaceAll
\$rtrim
\$split
\$strLenBytes
\$strLenCP
\$strcasecmp
\$substr
\$substrBytes
\$substrCP
\$toLower
\$toString
\$trim
\$toUpper

Text Expression Operator

\$meta

Trigonometry Expression Operators

\$sin
\$cos
\$tan

\$asin

\$acos

\$atan

\$atan2

\$asinh

\$acosh

\$atanh

\$sinh

\$cosh

\$tanh

\$degreesToRadians

\$radiansToDegrees

Type Expression Operators

\$convert
\$isNumber
\$toBool
\$toDate
\$toDecimal
\$toDouble
\$toInt
\$toLong
\$toObjectId
\$toString
\$type

Accumulators (\$group)

\$accumulator
\$addToSet
\$avg
\$count
\$first
\$last
\$max
\$min
\$mergeObjects
\$min

\$push
\$stdDevPop
\$stdDevSamp
\$sum

Variable Expression Operator

\$let

Window Operators

\$addToSet
\$avg
\$count
\$covariancePop
\$covarianceSamp
\$denseRank
\$derivative
\$documentNumber
\$expMovingAvg
\$first
\$integral
\$last
\$max
\$min
\$push
\$rank
\$shift
\$stdDevPop
\$stdDevSamp
\$sum

\$group:

use sample_data

db.inventory.findOne()

db.inventory.aggregate([

```
{
  $group: {
    _id: "$source",
  }
}]
```

db.inventory.aggregate([

```
{
  $group: {
    _id: "$source",
    count: { $sum: 1 }
  }
}]
```

db.inventory.aggregate([

```
{
  $group: {
    _id: "$source",
    count: { $sum: 1 },
    items: { $push: "$name" }
  }
}]
```

db.inventory.aggregate([

```
{
```

```

    $group: {
      _id: "$source",
      count: { $sum: 1 },
      items: { $push: "$name" },
      avg_price: { $avg: "$price" }
    }
  }
])

```

\$bucket vs \$bucketAuto

\$unwind:

The primary use of \$unwind is to "flatten" array fields, making it easier to perform operations on individual array elements.

```

db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $unwind: "$variations"
  }
])
db.inventory.findOne()
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $unwind: "$variations",
  },
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  }
])
.. more performant:
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },
  {
    $unwind: "$variations",
  },
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  }
])

```

\$merge/\$out:

```

db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },

```

```

    {
      $unwind: "$variations",
    },
    {
      $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
    },
    {
      $out: { db: "sample_data", coll: "purple" }
    }
  ] )
show collections
db.purple.find()
db.inventory.aggregate( [
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },
  {
    $unwind: "$variations",
  },
  {
    $match: { "variations.variation": "Purple" }
  },
  {
    $merge: {
      into: "purple",
      on: "_id",
      whenMatched: "keepExisting"
      whenNotMatched: "insert"
    }
  }
] )

```

```

$function:
db.movies.findOne()
db.movies.aggregate([
  {
    $project: {
      title: 1,
      actors: {
        $function: {
          body: 'function(actors) { return actors.sort(); }',
          args: [ "$actors" ],
          lang: "js"
        }
      }
    }
  }
] )

```

```
$lookup (for: join):
db.orders.aggregate([
  { $lookup: {
    from: "inventory",
    localField: "car_id",
    foreignField: "_id",
    as: "car_id"
  }}
])
```

Performance:

```
db.movies.explain("executionStats").aggregate( [
  { $project: {
    release_year: {$year: "$release_year"},
    title: 1
  }},
  { $lookup: {
    from: "inventory",
    localField: "release_year",
    foreignField: "year",
    as: "year"
  }}
])
```

.. then check totalKeysExamined and collectionScans, etc .. mongod.log too ..

Use Profiler: db.setProfilingLevel(1, { slowms: 20 }) . db["system.profile"].find()

Common optimizations:

\$sort + \$limit, \$project as the final stage, Hinting, Analytics nodes