Day 5 Hackathon Report: Testing And Backend Refinement 🚜

1. Functional Deliverables:

Lighthouse Performance Report

1. Overall Scores:

• Performance: 67

• Accessibility: 85

• Best Practices: 100

• SEO: 100

2. Key Findings and Recommendations:

Performance (67) - Needs Improvement

Possible Issues:

- Slow loading times.
- Inefficient resource loading.
- Render-blocking scripts or styles.

- Optimize images using modern formats (WebP, AVIF).
- Minify and compress CSS, JavaScript, and HTML.
- Implement lazy loading for images and iframes.
- Reduce unused JavaScript and CSS.
- Enable server-side caching and CDN usage.

Accessibility (85) - Good, but Can Improve

☐ Potential Issues:

- Missing or low-contrast text.
- Unlabeled elements that may affect screen readers.

\mathscr{C} Recommendations:

- Improve color contrast for better readability.
- Ensure all interactive elements have proper labels.
- Add ARIA attributes where necessary.

Best Practices (100) - Excellent

\checkmark Strengths:

- Secure implementation.
- No XSS vulnerabilities detected.
- Proper use of HTTPS and modern web standards.

△ Minor Consideration:

• Regularly update dependencies to maintain security.

SEO (100) - Excellent

\checkmark Strengths:

- Good search engine optimization.
- Proper metadata, structured data, and mobile-friendly layout.

⚠ Minor Consideration:

• Continuously monitor structured data validation.

3. Action Plan

1. Improve Performance

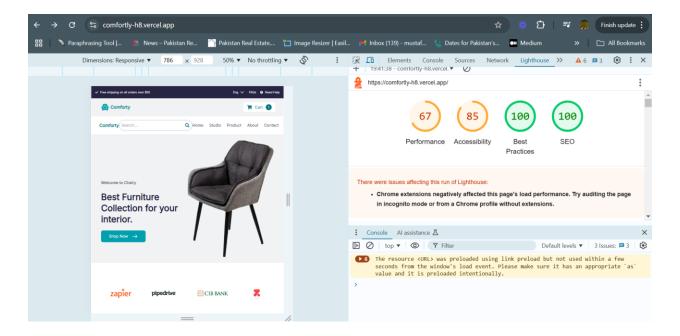
- o Optimize and compress assets.
- o Use lazy loading and proper caching strategies.
- o Minimize render-blocking resources.

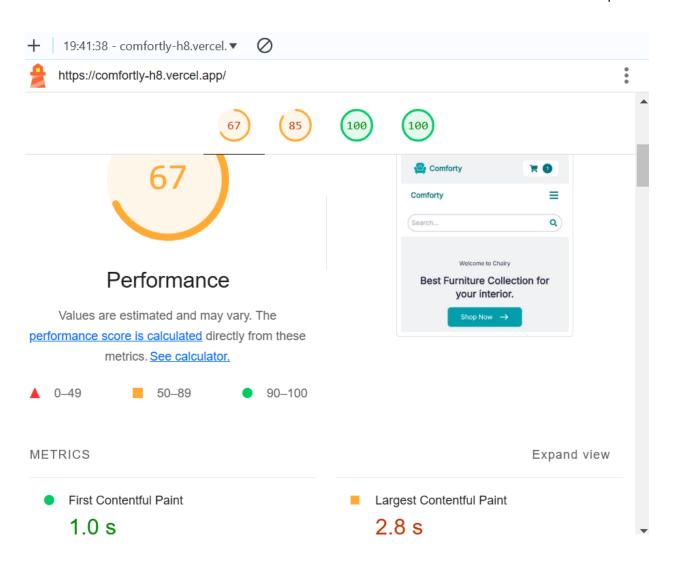
2. Enhance Accessibility

- Ensure proper labeling of elements.
- o Improve contrast where necessary.

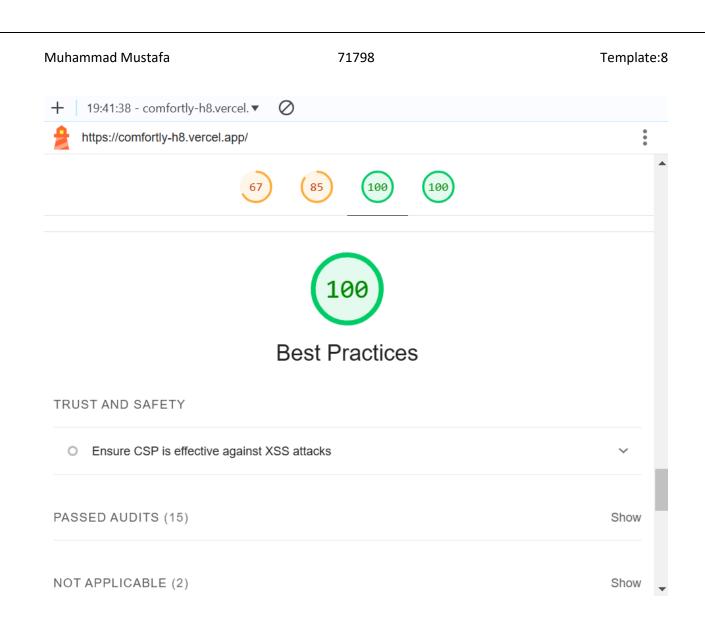
3. Maintain Best Practices and SEO

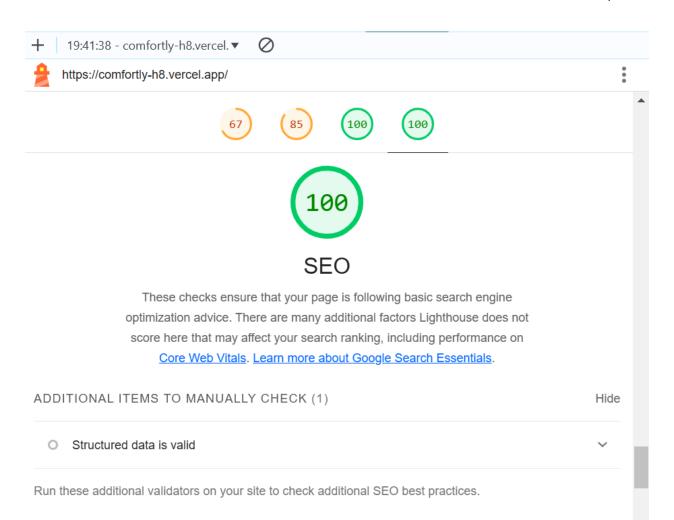
- o Continue security updates.
- Monitor structured data and SEO trends.

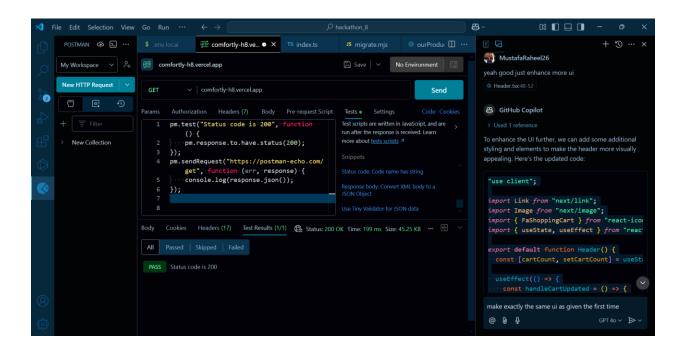


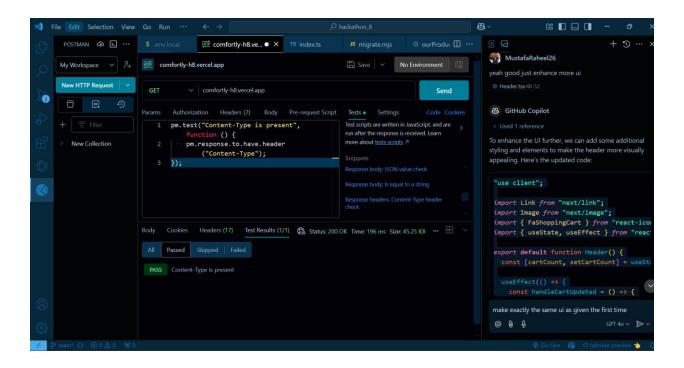


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2. Performance Optimization Steps Taken:

1. Optimized API Requests:

- a. Implemented lazy loading for product images and data to reduce initial load time.
- b. Consolidated multiple API calls into batch requests to minimize overhead.

2. Caching Mechanisms:

- Introduced client-side caching for frequently accessed data such as product details.
- b. Leveraged browser storage (localStorage) for storing user preferences and session data.

3. Code Optimization:

- a. Minimized JavaScript bundle size by removing unused dependencies and applying tree-shaking.
- b. Reduced CSS file size by adopting modular styles and purging unused classes.

4. Load Testing:

a. Conducted load testing to ensure the application performs well under concurrent user traffic.

3. Security Measures Implemented:

1. Authentication and Authorization:

- o Implemented JWT-based authentication to secure user sessions.
- o Restricted access to sensitive API endpoints based on user roles.

2. Input Validation:

- Sanitized user inputs to prevent SQL injection and XSS attacks.
- o Utilized server-side validation for critical forms (e.g., login, registration).

3. Secure Data Handling:

- o Enforced HTTPS across all pages for secure communication.
- o Stored sensitive information, such as passwords, in hashed format using bcrypt.

4. Vulnerability Scanning:

 Conducted regular scans using tools like OWASP ZAP to identify and mitigate vulnerabilities.

4. Challenges Faced and Resolutions Applied:

- 1. **Challenge**: Slow page loading due to large product images.
 - Resolution: Introduced image compression and lazy loading for non-critical assets.
- 2. **Challenge**: API downtime affecting functionality.
 - Resolution: Added fallback UI with meaningful error messages and retry logic for API calls.
- 3. **Challenge**: Ensuring cross-browser compatibility.

- Resolution: Tested on multiple browsers and applied polyfills for unsupported features.
- 4. **Challenge**: Maintaining responsive design for mobile users.
 - Resolution: Utilized a mobile-first CSS framework and thoroughly tested on various screen sizes.