<u>ÖR8</u> 6xydx+(9x²+4y)dy=0 denkleminin integrasyon carpanin bulalım:

$$P_y - Q_x = 6x - 18x = -12x \Rightarrow P_y - Q_x = \frac{-12x}{-P} = \frac{2}{-6xy} = \frac{2}{7} = g(y) \Rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = e = e = y^2 \text{ div.}$$

c) (1) dealleni homogen diferansiyel devlulen ise integrasyon carpan  $A(x,y) = \frac{1}{xP+yQ}$  sellindedir.

<u>Örg</u> (x+2y)dx+(y-3x)dy=0 homogen dot, denhlemmn integrasyon corponent bulalin:

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{xP + yQ} = \frac{1}{x(x+2y) + y \cdot (y-3x)} = \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 - xy} dx$$

Gercenter; a ile carpildiginda denhlem;

$$\frac{x+2y}{x^2+y^2-xy}dx + \frac{y-3x}{x^2+y^2-xy}dy = 0$$
 olup

$$P_{J} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{x + 2y}{x^{2} + y^{2} - xy} \right) = \frac{2(x^{2} + y^{2} - xy) - (x + 2y)(2y - x)}{(x^{2} + y^{2} - xy)^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{3x^2 \cdot 2y^2 - 2xy}{(x^2 + y^2 - xy)^2}$$

$$Q_{x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{x^{2} + y^{2} - xy}{x^{2} + y^{2} - xy} \right) = \frac{(x^{2} + y^{2} - xy) - (y - 3x)(2x - y)}{(x^{2} + y^{2} - xy)^{2}}$$

= 
$$\frac{3x^2-2y^2-2xy}{(x^2+y^2-xy)^2}$$
 olup  $f_y = Q_x$  sæglanr.

OR10 (4+3/xy2)dx+(2x-3/y3)dy=0 derhleminin 2=2(xy) formenda integrasyon carpanini bulalim: x(xy) ile denhlen carpilusa;  $\lambda(xy)\left(4+\frac{3}{xy^2}\right)dx+\lambda(xy)\left(\frac{2x}{y}-\frac{3}{y^2}\right)dy=0$  olar. Tan dif. olma hosulundar  $\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ \lambda(xy) \left( 4 + \frac{3}{xy^2} \right) \right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ \lambda(xy) \left( \frac{2x}{y} - \frac{3}{y^3} \right) \right]$  $\frac{\partial \lambda(xy)}{\partial y} \left(4 + \frac{3}{xy^2}\right) + \lambda(xy) \left(-\frac{6}{xy^3}\right) = \frac{\partial \lambda(xy)}{\partial x} \left(\frac{2x}{y} - \frac{3}{y^3}\right) + \lambda(xy) \left(\frac{2}{y}\right) \Rightarrow$ hisni diferansiyel derkleni elde edilir. Burada u=xy ataması yapılırsa 2=>(u) ola cağından  $\frac{\partial \lambda(xy)}{\partial y} = \frac{d\lambda}{du} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = x \cdot \lambda'$  conor. Son enterite  $\frac{\partial \lambda(xy)}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \lambda}{\partial u} \cdot \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = y \cdot \lambda'$  $\times 2' \left(4 + \frac{3}{xy^2}\right) - \frac{62}{xy^2} = 3 \cdot 2' \left(\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3}{3^2}\right) + \frac{22}{3} \Rightarrow$  $\lambda'\left(4x+\frac{3x}{xy^2}-2x+\frac{3}{y^2}\right)=\lambda\left(\frac{2}{y}+\frac{6}{xy^3}\right)=\left(2x+\frac{6}{y^2}\right)\frac{d\lambda}{du}\Rightarrow$  $\lambda \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{6}{2}\right) = xy\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{6}{2}\right)\frac{d\lambda}{du} \Rightarrow \lambda = u.\frac{d\lambda}{du} \Rightarrow$ \frac{d\gamma}{\gamma} = \frac{du}{u} \Rightarrow \lambda = \lambda u \Rightarrow \gamma = \lambda u = \text{xy elde edilor.}

Someta derhlemin xy nin fontsigene dan integrasyon carpon A(xy)=xy dir.