CS302: Design and Analysis of Algorithms Assignment 02

Due Date: 29th Oct 2019 Total Marks: 100 Points Group Assignment of 2

- 1. Illustrate (by steps) on the array $A = \{0.535, 0.960, 0.750, 0.750, 0.151, 0.001, 0.981, 0.327, 0.111\}$ the operations by Quick Sort, Radix Sort, Bucket Sort. For Counting Sort, use $B = \{4, 2, 8, 9, 0, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3\}.$ Discuss Time Complexity of each sorting algorithm [20 Points]
- 2. Solve 8.2.2, 8.2.3, 8.3.1, 8.3.2, 8.3.3, 8.3.4 from Book [30 Points]
- 3. Go through the website https://medium.com/@codingfreak/top-10-dynamic-programming-problems-5da486eeb360. Understand how these problems can be solved using Dynamic Programming. Now, solve each problem using an example [50 Points]
 - (a) For Longest Common Subsequence, X: BDCABA and Y: ABCBDAB
 - (b) For Shortest-Common-Supersequence, X: HELLO and Y: GEEK
 - (c) For Longest-increasing-subsequence, {3, 10, 2, 1, 20}
 - (d) For Levenshtein-distance (edit-distance) problem, str1 = "cat", str2 = "cut"
 - (e) For Matrix Chain Multiplication, $p_0 = 3$, $p_1 = 2$, $p_2 = 5$, $p_3 = 6$, $p_4 = 3$, Show parenthesis at the end
 - (f) For 0-1-knapsack-problem, Value = [20, 5, 10, 40, 15, 25], Weight = [1,2,3,8,74], W = 10
 - (g) For Partition-problem, $S = \{3,1,1,2,2,1\},\$
 - (h) For Rod Cutting Problem, length[] = $\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8\}$. price[] = $\{1,5,8,9,10,17,17,20\}$, Rod Length: 4
 - (i) For Coin-change-making-problem, $S = \{1,3,5,7\}$, Desired Change is 18
 - (j) For Word Break Problem, S = { i, like, sam, sung, samsung, mobile, ice, cream, icecream, man, go, mango}, Input: Ilikesamsung