



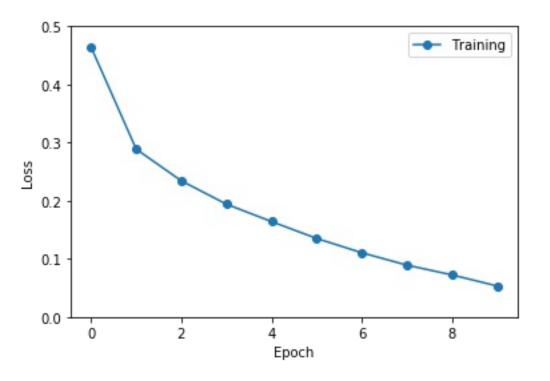
## Tracking learning

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Senior Data Scientist, University of Washington

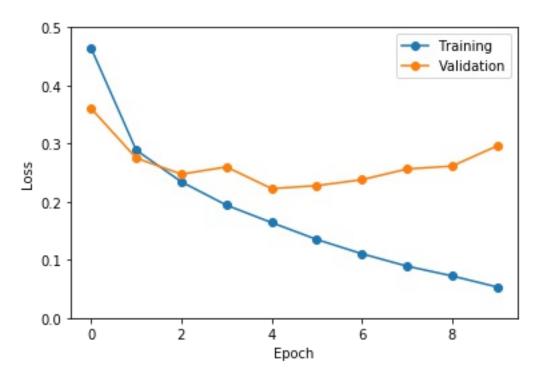


### Learning curves: training



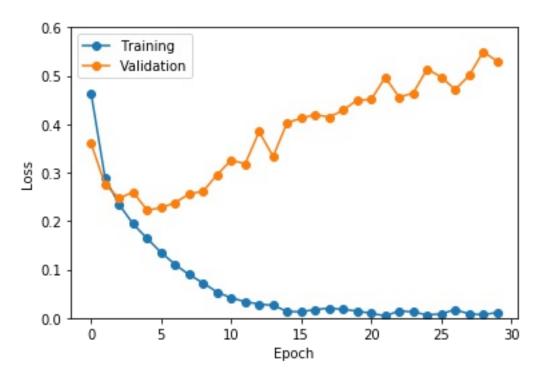


#### Learning curves: validation



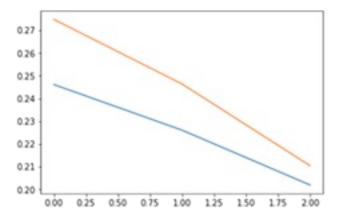


### Learning curves: overfitting





#### Plotting training curves





#### Storing the optimal parameters



#### Loading stored parameters

```
model.load_weights('weights.hdf5')
model.predict_classes(test_data)
array([2, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0])
```



## Let's practice!



# Neural network regularization

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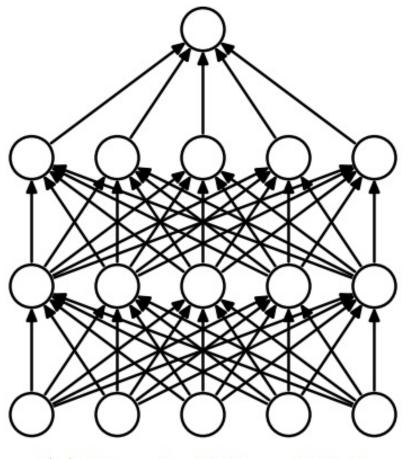


#### Dropout

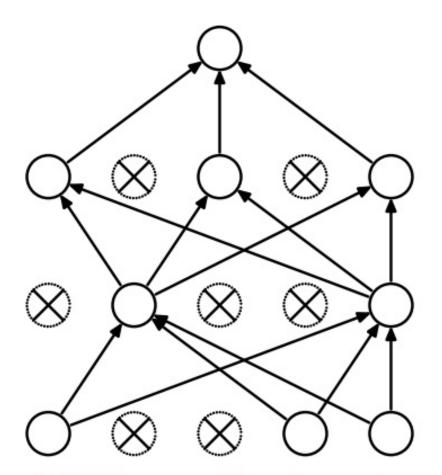
In each learning step:

- Select a subset of the units
- Ignore it in the forward pass
- And in the back-propagation of error

#### Dropout



(a) Standard Neural Net



(b) After applying dropout.



#### Dropout in Keras



#### Batch normalization

Rescale the outputs



#### Batch Normalization in Keras



#### Be careful when using them together!

The disharmony between dropout and batch normalization



## Let's practice!





## Interpreting the model

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#### Selecting layers

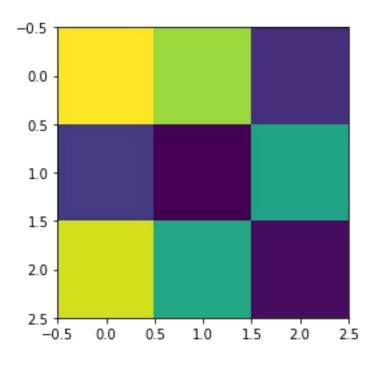


#### Getting model weights

```
conv1 = model.layers[0]
weights1 = conv1.get_weights()
len(weights1)
2
kernels1 = weights1[0]
kernels1.shape
(3, 3, 1, 5)
kernel1_1 = kernels1[:, :, 0, 0]
kernell_1.shape
(3, 3)
```

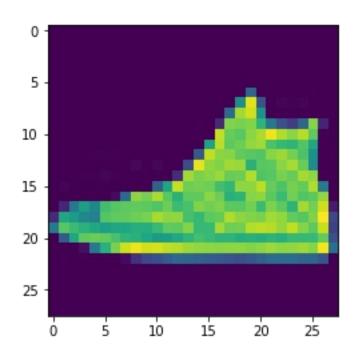
## Visualizing the kernel

plt.imshow(kernel1\_1)



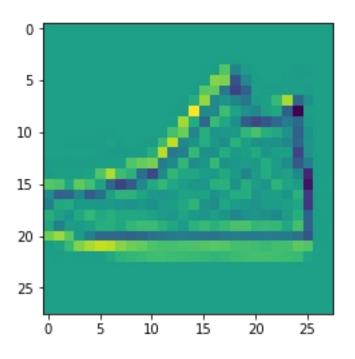


```
test_image = test_data[3, :, :, 0]
plt.imshow(test_image)
```



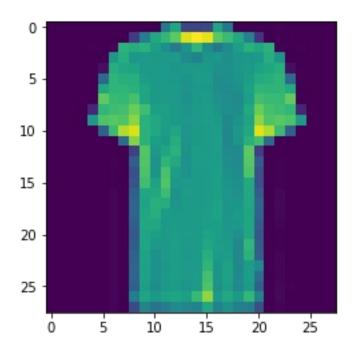


```
filtered_image = convolution(test_image, kernel1_1)
plt.imshow(filtered_image)
```



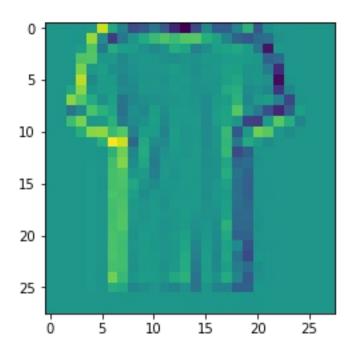


```
test_image = test_data[4, :, :, 1]
plt.imshow(test_image)
```



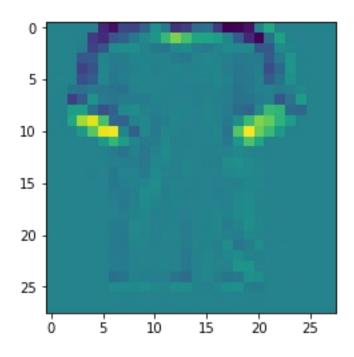


```
filtered_image = convolution(test_image, kernel1_1)
plt.imshow(filtered_img)
```





```
kernel1_2 = kernels[:, :, 0, 1]
filtered_image = convolution(test_image, kernel1_2)
plt.imshow(filtered_img)
```





## Let's practice!



## Wrapping up

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#### What did we learn?

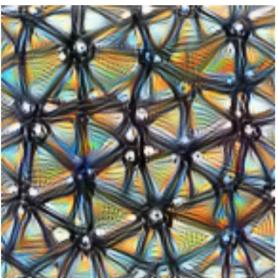
- Image classification
- Convolutions
- Reducing the number of parameters
  - Tweaking your convolutions
  - Adding pooling layers
- Improving your network
  - Regularization
- Understanding your network
  - Monitoring learning
  - Interpreting the parameters



#### Model interpretation

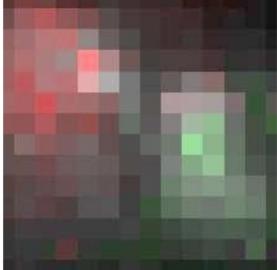
https://distill.pub/2017/feature-visualization/





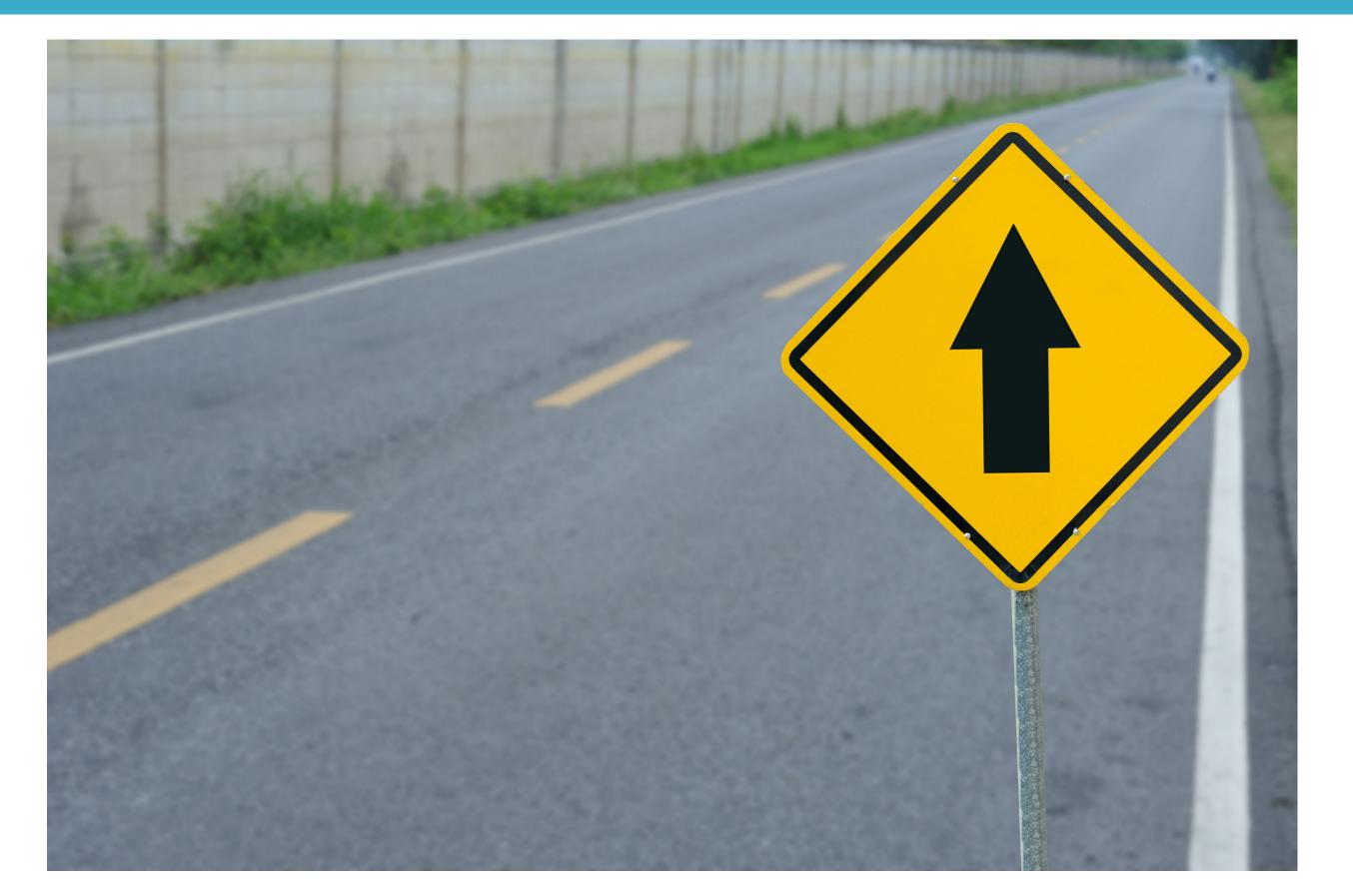
**Feature visualization** answers questions about what a network — or parts of a network — are looking for by generating examples.





**Attribution** <sup>1</sup> studies what part of an example is responsible for the network activating a particular way.





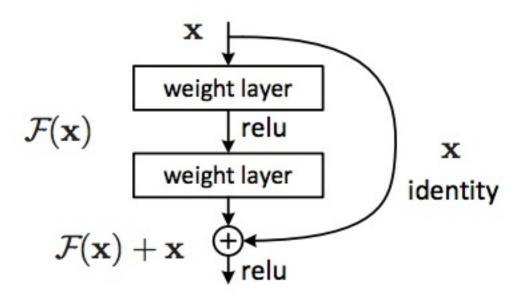


#### What next?

- Even deeper networks
- Residual networks



#### Residual networks



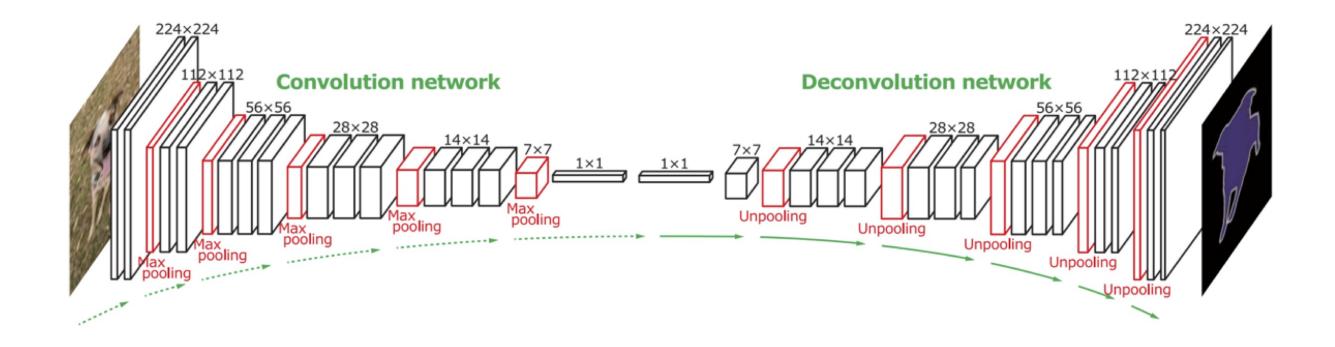


#### What next?

- Even deeper networks
- Residual networks
- Transfer learning
- Fully convolutional networks

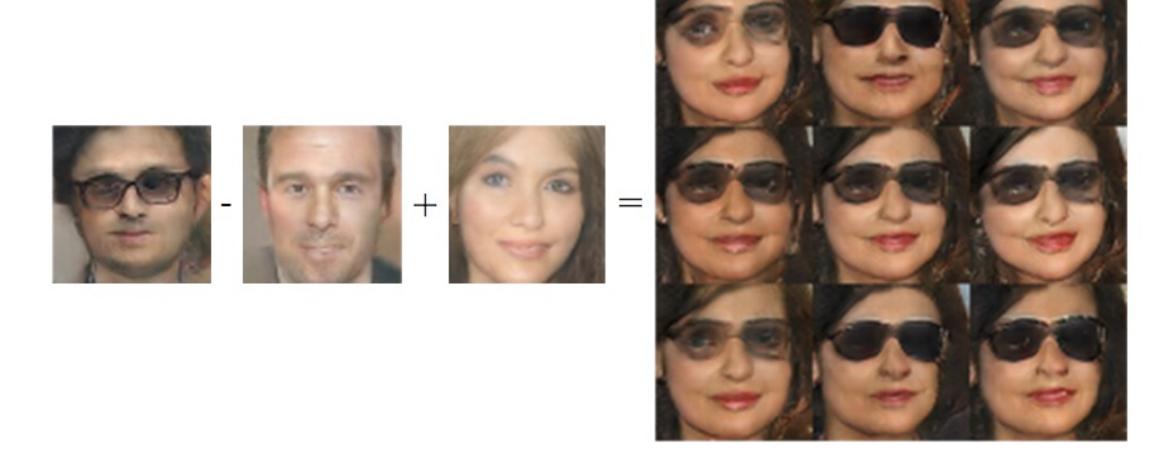


#### Fully convolutional networks





#### Generative adversarial networks





#### What next?

- Even deeper networks
- Residual networks
- Transfer learning
- Fully convolutional networks
- Generative adversarial networks
- ...



#### Good luck!