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1 Basic Test Results

```
Running...
1
    Opening tar file
   sudukutree.h
   sudukusolver.c
4
    makefile
   genericdfs.c
    sudukutree.c
    Tar extracted O.K.
9
   Checking files...
11
    Making sure files are not empty...
12
    Importing files
14
15
    OK
    Compilation check...
16
   Compiling...
17
    gcc -std=c99 -Wextra -Wall -Wvla -c genericdfs.c
19
    ar rcs genericdfs.a genericdfs.o
    gcc -std=c99 -Wextra -Wall -Wvla -g -lm genericdfs.c sudukutree.c sudukusolver.c -o sudukusolver
20
21
    OK
    Running test...
22
    ./sudukusolver /cs/course/2014/labc/public/ex3/basic.in |diff -B /cs/course/2014/labc/public/ex3/basic.out -
23
24
    Compilation seems OK! Check if you got warnings!
25
26
27
   = Checking coding style =
28
29
   sudukutree.c(166, 6): deep_blocks {Do not make too deep block(6) ({}). It makes not readable code}
30
    ** Total Violated Rules : 1
** Total Errors Occurs : 1
31
    ** Total Violated Files Count: 1
```

2 genericdfs.c

```
* genericdfs.c
2
3
         Created on: Dec 7, 2014
4
            Author: mutazmanaa
5
6
    #include <stdio.h>
8
9
    \#include < stdlib.h >
    #include "genericdfs.h"
10
11
12
     * Obrief getBest This function returns the node with the highest value in the
13
14
     * tree, using
15
     * DFS algorithm.
     * Oparam head The head of the tree.
16
17
     * Oparam getChildren A function that gets a node and a pointer to an array of
18
     * The function allocates memory for an array of all the children of the node,
19
      * populate it,
20
     * and returns it using the second parameter. The returned value is the number
21
22
     * of children.
     * Oparam getVal A function that gets a node and returns its value, as int.
23
24
     st Oparam freeNode A function that frees a node from memory. This function will
25
      * be called for each node returned by getChildren.
26
      * Oparam copy A function that does a deep copy of a node.
     st Oparam best The highest possible value for a node. When the function
27
      * encounters a node with that
      * value, it stops looking and returns it. If the best value can't be determined
29
30
     * , pass UINT_MAX (defined in limits.h) for that parameter.
     * Oreturn The node with the highest value in the tree. In case of an error, or
31
      * when all the nodes
32
33
     * in the tree have a value of zero, the returned node is NULL. If some nodes
     * share the best value, the function returns the first one it encounters.
34
35
    pNode getBest(pNode head, getNodeChildrenFunc getChildren,
                   getNodeValFunc getVal, freeNodeFunc freeNode, copyNodeFunc copy,
37
38
                   unsigned int best)
39
40
41
                 pNode* childrens = NULL;
                 pNode bestChoice = copy(head);
42
                 if(getVal(bestChoice) == best)
43
                                                        -1/-5 General bad style remark (code='general_bad_style') Missing
44
                                                        spaces after keywords
                     free(childrens);
45
46
                     return bestChoice;
                 }
47
48
49
                 int numberOfChildrens;
                 numberOfChildrens = getChildren(bestChoice, &childrens);
50
                 int i:
51
                 for(i = 0; i < numberOfChildrens; i++)</pre>
52
                                                                     0/-20 (code='general_comment'))
53
                                                                     you are not looking for the highest
                     if(getVal(bestChoice) == best)
54
                                                                     value as instructed in the exercise,
55
                                                                     but finds a node whose value equals
                            break:
56
57
                                                                     to "best"
58
                      pNode maxChoice = getBest(childrens[i], getChildren, getVal,
59
```

```
freeNode, copy, best);
60
61
                     if(getVal(maxChoice) > getVal(bestChoice))
62
64
                         freeNode(bestChoice);
                         bestChoice = copy(maxChoice);
65
                     }
66
67
68
                     freeNode(maxChoice);
69
                 }
70
71
                 for(i = 0 ; i < numberOfChildrens; i++)</pre>
72
73
                 {
                     freeNode(childrens[i]);
74
75
76
77
                free(childrens);
78
79
80
                return bestChoice;
81
82
   }
83
```

3 makefile

```
CC = gcc
1
    CFlag = -std=c99 -Wextra -Wall -Wvla
OBJECTS = genericdfs.c sudukutree.c sudukusolver.c
    CleanOBJECTS = sudukusolver
4
    .PHONY: all clean genericDFS
6
8
    all: sudukuSolver genericdfs.a
9
    sudukuSolver: $(OBJECTS) genericdfs.a
10
         $(CC) $(CFlag) -g -lm $(OBJECTS) -o sudukusolver
11
12
    genericdfs.a: genericDFS
13
        ar rcs genericdfs.a genericdfs.o
14
15
16
    genericDFS: genericdfs.c
         $(CC) $(CFlag) -c genericdfs.c
17
18
19
         tar -cvf ex3.tar makefile sudukusolver.c sudukutree.c sudukutree.h\
20
21
                                     genericdfs.c
22
23
24
        rm -rf $(CleanOBJECTS) *.o *.a
25
```

4 sudukusolver.c

```
2
     * sudukusolver.c
3
     * Created on: Dec 7, 2014
4
5
            Author: mutazmanaa
6
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
9
    #include <math.h>
    #include "sudukutree.h"
11
    #define MIN_SIZE 1
12
    #define MAX_SIZE 100
14
15
16
17
18
     * function that dealing with opening file with match error message
     * Oparam argc number of parameters in shell call to the function
19
     * Oparam argu paramaters in shell call to the function
20
21
     * Oreturn fp the file opened
22
23
24
    FILE* openFile(int argc, char* argv[])
25
26
27
         if(argc != 2)
28
29
             printf("please supply a file!\n");
             printf("usage: sudukusolver <filename>");
30
31
             exit(1);
        FILE* fp = fopen(argv[1], "r");
if(fp == NULL)
33
34
35
             printf("%s: no such file!\n", argv[1]);
36
37
             exit(1);
38
39
40
        return fp;
41
42
43
    }
44
45
46
47
     *function get the suduku information from the file
     *Oparam file a file in suduku format
49
     *@param node the node of the suduku
50
     *Oparam argu use to get the file name
51
     *returnnode of the suduku
52
53
    Node* dataRead(FILE* file, char** argv)
54
55
56
         int i, j;
57
58
        int rowCounter = 0;
        Node* node = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
```

```
60
         > MAX_SIZE) || (int)(sqrt(node->size) * sqrt(node->size)) != node->size)
 61
 62
 63
             printf("%s: not a valid suduku file!\n", argv[1]);
             exit(0);
 64
 65
 66
 67
 68
         node->matrix = (int**)malloc(node->size * sizeof(int*));
                                                                      -2/-2 Your code accesses
 69
                                                                      pointers without verifying
         for (index = 0; index < node->size ; ++index)
 70
 71
                                                                      first that the value of the
 72
                                                                      pointer is not null.
             node->matrix[index] = (int*)malloc(node->size * sizeof(int/code='missing_check_if_n
 73
 74
                                                                     ull')
         }
 75
 76
         for(i = 0; i < node->size; i++)
 77
 78
 79
             int colomCounter = 0;
             for(j = 0; j < node->size; j++)
 80
 81
 82
                 if(fscanf(file, "%d", &node->matrix[i][j]) != 1 \mid \mid
 83
 84
                    node->matrix[i][j]
                    < (MIN_SIZE - 1) || node->matrix[i][j] > node->size)
 85
 86
 87
                     printf("%s: not a valid suduku file!\n", argv[1]);
 88
 89
                     exit(0);
 90
                 colomCounter++;
 91
 92
 93
             }
 94
 95
             if(colomCounter != node->size)
 96
97
                 printf("%s: not a valid suduku file!\n", argv[1]);
 98
                 exit(0):
99
             }
100
101
             rowCounter++;
102
         }
103
104
105
106
         if(rowCounter != node->size)
107
108
             printf("%s: not a valid suduku file!\n", argv[1]);
109
             exit(0);
110
         }
111
112
         node->value = 0;
         for(i = 0; i < node->size; i++)
113
114
             for(j = 0; j < node->size; j++)
115
116
                 if(node->matrix[i][j] != 0)
117
118
119
                     node->value++;
120
             }
121
122
         fclose(file);
123
124
         return node;
125
126
127
   }
```

```
0/0 Missing documentation
128
                    (code='missing_documenta
     void printTable(in)
129
130
131
          int i, j;
132
          printf("%d\n", size);
133
          for(i = 0; i < size; i++)
134
135
136
              for(j = 0; j < size - 1; j++)
137
                  printf("%d ", matrix[i][j]);
138
139
              printf("%d", matrix[i][j]);
140
              printf("\n");
141
142
143
144
     }
145
146
147
148
     int main(int argc, char* argv[])
149
150
         FILE* file = openFile(argc, argv);
151
152
          Node* sudukuStruct = NULL;
          sudukuStruct = dataRead(file, argv);
153
          Node* best = NULL;
154
155
          unsigned int bestBoard =
                  (unsigned int)sudukuStruct->size * sudukuStruct->size;
156
157
158
          if(!(validSuduku(sudukuStruct)))
159
              printf("%s: not a valid suduku file!\n", argv[1]);
160
161
              exit(0);
         }
162
163
          if(getValue(sudukuStruct) == bestBoard)
164
165
              printTable(sudukuStruct->matrix, sudukuStruct->size);
166
              freeNodeP(best);
167
              freeNodeP(sudukuStruct);
168
169
              return 0;
          }
170
171
          best = getBest(sudukuStruct, getChildrenCount, getValue, freeNodeP,
172
                  copyNode, bestBoard);
173
174
          if(getValue(best) == bestBoard)
175
176
              printTable(best->matrix, best->size);
              freeNodeP(best);
177
              freeNodeP(sudukuStruct);
178
179
180
         }
181
          else
182
              freeNodeP(sudukuStruct);
183
              freeNodeP(best);
184
              printf("no soluation!\n");
185
186
187
188
189
          return 0;
     }
190
```

5 sudukutree.h

```
* sudukutree.h
3
     * Created on: Dec 7, 2014
4
           Author: mutazmanaa
5
6
8
    #ifndef SUDUKUTREE_H_
    #define SUDUKUTREE_H_
9
   #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
11
   #include "genericdfs.h"
12
    /*****
                  types and functions types*/
14
15
    * Node structur that present a situataion of suduku
16
     *Oparam value number of non-zero numbers
17
18
     *@param matrix the suduku board
     *Oparam size the size of the suduku board
19
     *Oparam next a pointer to a Node
20
21
   typedef struct Node
22
23
24
        int size;
        int value;
25
26
        int** matrix;
27
    }Node:
28
29
30
31
    * Function check if sudukuBoard is valid
     * @param nod a sudukuboard for validity check
33
     * Oreturn 1 if valid and zero if not valid
34
35
36
37
    int validSuduku(Node* node);
38
39
40
     * function that get the number of valid values belong to a zero value in suduku
     * board and also update an array of nodes containes the children.
41
42
     st @Param nodeptr a pointer to Node of suduku
     * @Param childrenArr an array of suduku nodes contains the children
43
     * (valid values)
44
45
     * @Return number of childrens
46
    int getChildrenCount(pNode, pNode** /*for the result*/pNode);
47
49
     * function that count the non-zero values in a suduku board saved in the node
50
     * @Param node a node (contain a suduku board inside)
51
     * @Return the number of the non-zero values in suduku board
52
53
    unsigned int getValue(pNode);
54
55
    * function get a Node and free all allocations iside and then free the Node
57
58
     * @Param node a node to free
```

```
60 */
61 void freeNodeP(pNode);
62
63
64 /**
65 * this function get a Node and copy it
66 * @Param node a node to copy
67 * @Return a copied node
68 */
69 pNode copyNode(pNode);
70
71 #endif /* SUDUKUTREE_H_ */
```

6 sudukutree.c

```
2
     * sudukutree.c
3
     * Created on: Dec 7, 2014
4
5
            Author: mutazmanaa
6
8
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
9
10
   #include <math.h>
11
   #include "sudukutree.h"
12
   //gcc -Wall -Wextra -lm genericdfs.c sudukutree.c sudukusolver.c -o sudukusolver
    //(./sudukusolver 1.in)
14
    //valgrind --leak-check=full --show-possibly-lost=yes --show-reachable=yes
15
    //sudukusolver 1.in
16
17
18
     * function check if value found in a row in matrix
     * @Param matrix the suduku board
19
     * @Param row the row we search in
20
21
     * @Param value the value we search about
     * @Param size the size of the matrix
22
23
     * @Return 0 if value founded, else return 1
24
25
26
    int checkRow(int** matrix, int row, int col, int value, int size)
27
         int c:
28
29
        if(value != 0)
30
            for(c = 0; c < size; c++)
31
                 if(matrix[row][c] == value && c != col)
33
34
                     return 0;
35
                }
36
            }
37
38
39
40
        return 1;
41
42
    }
43
44
45
46
     * function check if value found in a column in matrix
47
     * Oparam matrix the suduku board
     * @Param col the culumn we search in
     * @Param value the value we search about
49
     * @Param size the size of the matrix
50
     * @Return O if value founded, else return 1
51
52
53
    int checkCol(int** matrix, int row, int col, int value, int size)
54
55
        int r;
56
         if(value != 0)
57
            for(r = 0; r < size; r++)
58
```

```
60
 61
                    if(matrix[r][col] == value && r != row)
 62
 63
                        return 0;
                   }
 64
               }
 65
          }
 66
 67
 68
           return 1;
     }
 69
 70
 71
 72
       * function check if value found in a small square in matrix
 73
 74
       * @param matrix the suduku board
       * @Param row the row index of the value
 75
 76
       * Oparam col the colum index of the value
       * @Param value the value we search about
 77
       * @Param size the size of the matrix
 78
 79
       * @Return 0 if value founded, else return 1
 80
 81
      int checkSquare(int** matrix, int row, int col, int value, int size)
 82
 83
      {
 84
           int rowS = (row / (int)sqrt(size)) * sqrt(size);
 85
           int colS = (col / (int)sqrt(size)) * sqrt(size);
 86
 87
           int r, c;
          if(value != 0)
 88
 89
 90
               for(r = 0; r < sqrt(size); r++)
 91
                   for(c = 0; c < sqrt(size); c++)</pre>
 92
 93
 94
                         \mbox{if}(\mbox{matrix}[\mbox{rowS} + \mbox{r}][\mbox{colS} + \mbox{c}] \ == \mbox{value} \ \&\& \ (\mbox{rowS} + \mbox{r}) \ != \mbox{row} \ \&\& \  \  \mbox{constraint} 
 95
 96
                            (colS + c) != col)
 97
                            return 0;
 98
                        }
 99
100
101
                   }
102
               }
103
          }
104
105
          return 1;
106
107
108
       * Function check if sudukuBoard is valid
109
       * @param nod a sudukuboard for validity check
110
111
       st Oreturn 1 if valid and zero if not valid
112
113
114
      int validSuduku(Node* node)
115
      {
116
           int i, j;
          for(i = 0; i < node->size; i++)
117
118
               for(j = 0; j < node->size; j++)
119
120
121
                    checkCol(node->matrix, i, j, node->matrix[i][j], node->size) &&
checkSquare(node->matrix, i, j, node->matrix[i][j], node->size))
122
123
                    {
124
125
                         continue;
                   }
126
127
                    else
```

```
128
                  {
129
                      return 0;
130
131
              }
132
133
          return 1;
     }
134
135
136
      * function that get the number of valid values belong to a zero value in suduku
137
      st board and also update an array of nodes containes the children.
138
139
      * @Param nodeptr a pointer to Node of suduku
       * @Param childrenArr an array of suduku nodes contains the children
140
141
       * (valid values)
142
       * @Return number of childrens
143
     int getChildrenCount(pNode nodeptr, pNode** childrenArr /*for the result*/)
144
145
     {
          int i, j, m, rowPos = 0, colPos = 0;
146
147
          int s = 0;
          int childrenCount = 0;
148
          Node* node = (Node*) nodeptr;
149
          Node*** childrenArray = (Node***) childrenArr;
150
151
          int* validChildren = (int*) malloc ((node->size + 1) * sizeof(int));
152
153
          for(i = 0 ; i < node->size; i++ )
154
155
              for(j = 0; j < node->size; j++)
156
                  if(node->matrix[i][j] == 0)
157
158
                  {
                      rowPos = i;
159
                      colPos = j;
160
161
                      for(m = 1; m < node->size + 1; m++)
162
163
                           if(checkRow(node->matrix, i, j, m, node->size) &&
                              checkCol(node->matrix, i, j, m, node->size) &&
164
                              checkSquare(node->matrix, i, j, m, node->size))
165
166
                               validChildren[s++] = m;
167
168
                               childrenCount++;
169
                          }
170
171
172
                      if(!(childrenCount))
173
174
                           free(validChildren);
175
176
                           return 0;
177
178
179
                      i = node->size;
180
                      break;
                  }
181
182
              }
183
184
          }
185
186
187
188
189
          (*childrenArray) = (Node**) malloc (childrenCount * sizeof(Node*));
190
          for(d = 0; d < childrenCount; d++)</pre>
191
192
              (*childrenArray)[d] = copyNode(node);
193
              (*childrenArray)[d]->value++;
194
195
              (*childrenArray)[d]->matrix[rowPos][colPos] = validChildren[d];
```

-2/-2 Your code accesses pointers without verifying first that the value of the pointer is not null. (code='missing_check_if_n ull')

```
196
         }
197
198
199
          free(validChildren);
200
          return childrenCount;
201
     }
202
203
204
      * function that count the non-zero values in a suduku board saved in the node
205
      * @Param node a node (contain a suduku board inside)
206
207
      * @Return the number of the non-zero values in suduku board
208
     unsigned int getValue(pNode node)
209
210
     {
          Node* valNode = (Node*) node;
211
212
          return (unsigned int)(valNode->value);
     }
213
214
215
216
      * function get a Node and free all allocations iside and then free the Node
217
      * @Param node a node to free
218
219
      */
     void freeNodeP(pNode node)
220
221
          Node* frNode = (Node*)node;
222
223
          int i;
          for(i = 0; i < frNode->size; i++)
224
225
226
              free(frNode-> matrix[i]);
227
228
229
          free(frNode->matrix);
          free(frNode);
230
231
     }
232
233
      * this function get a Node and copy it
^{234}
       * @Param node a node to copy
235
      * @Return a copied node
236
237
     pNode copyNode(pNode node)
238
239
          Node* copyNode = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
240
          Node* orgNode = (Node*) node;
241
                                                                             -2/-2 Your code accesses
          int i, j;
242
          copyNode->matrix = (int**)malloc(orgNode->size * sizeof(int*)); pointers without verifying
243
                                                                             first that the value of the
244
          int index;
          for (index = 0; index < orgNode->size; ++index)
245
                                                                             pointer is not null.
246
                                                                             (code='missing check if n
              copyNode->matrix[index] = (int*)malloc((orgNode->size) * si
247
248
249
250
          copyNode->size = orgNode->size;
          copyNode->value = orgNode->value;
251
252
          for(i = 0; i < orgNode->size; i++)
253
254
              for(j = 0; j < orgNode->size; j++)
255
256
                  copyNode->matrix[i][j] = orgNode->matrix[i][j];
257
258
              }
          }
259
260
261
262
          return copyNode;
     }
263
```