



SCHOOL OF SCIENCE, ENGINEERING AND HEALTH
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

MATH 312A: LINEAR ALGEBRA

FINAL EXAMINATION

JANUARY TRISEMESTER, 2023

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- i) Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions
- ii). Symbols have their usual meaning.
- iii). Mobile phones are not allowed in the examination hall
- vi). The maximum possible points that can be earned in this paper is 60.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY – 24 MARKS)

- a. Classify the following equations as either linear or non-linear 2mks
- i. $(\sin \pi)x + y = 2$
 - ii. $e^{-2}x + 5y = 8$.
- b. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -7 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. 2mks
- i. Find $(A - B)^T$ and its trace.
 - ii. Find the minor of A_{12} and the cofactor of B_{23} .
- c. Given $\hat{u} = \langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle$ and $\langle 0, 2, -2 \rangle$ find: 2mks
- i. $\|\hat{u} + \hat{v}\|$
 - ii. $\hat{u} \times \hat{v}$
- d. Use matrix operations to rewrite the matrix in Echelon form: $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 4mks

$$5x + 3y + z = -13$$

- e. Use Cramer's Rule to solve: $2x - 4y - z = -8$ 5mks
 $-3x + y + 2z = 13$

- f. Determine whether the set $S = \{(1, -5, 4), (11, 6, -1), (2, 3, 5)\}$ spans \mathbb{R}^3 . 4mks

QUESTION TWO (18MKS)

- a. Consider matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

- i. Find all the Eigen values of A. 4mks
ii. Find the Eigen vectors corresponding to the second Eigen value. 3mks

- b. Consider matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

- i. Find the $\text{Adj}(A)$. 5mks
ii. Use the $\text{Adj}(A)$ found above to evaluate A^{-1} .
iii. Use A^{-1} found above to decode the cryptogram below: 6mks

$$\begin{array}{cccccccccc} -2 & 2 & 5 & 39 & -53 & -72 & -6 & -9 & 93 & 4-12 & 27 \\ 31 & -49 & -16 & 19 & -24 & -46 & -8 & -7 & 99 \end{array}$$

QUESTION THREE (18MKS)

$$x - y + 2z = 1$$

- a. Use elimination method to solve: $3x + y - z = 13$ 5mks
 $2x - 4y + 3z = 6$

- b. Determine whether the vectors $v_1 = \langle 2, 0, 1 \rangle$, $v_2 = \langle 2, -1, 1 \rangle$, $v_3 = \langle 4, 2, 0 \rangle$, form a linearly dependent set or a linearly independent set. 6mks

$$x + 2y - 3z + w = -21$$

$$2x - 3y + z - 2w = 15$$

- c. Use Gauss-Jordan to solve: $x - 4y - 2z + 3w = -3$ 7mks
 $3x + 2z - w = 7$

QUESTION FOUR (18MKS)

- a. Given $\hat{u} = \langle 4, 0, -3, 5 \rangle$ and $\langle 0, 2, 5, 4 \rangle$ Evaluate
- i. $(\hat{u} \cdot \hat{v}) \hat{v}$ 2mks
ii. $\hat{u} \cdot (5\hat{v})$ 2mks

- b. Find the basis for the row space for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -4 & 3 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. 3mks

- c. Consider the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 3 \\ -2 & 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- Use matrix operations to rewrite the matrix in Row-Reduced Echelon form. 5mks
 - Find the null space and the nullity of A. 4mks
 - Find the rank of A. 2mks

QUESTION FIVE (18MKS)

- a. Classify the following statements as either true or false: 2mks
- The cofactor C_{22} of a given matrix is always a positive number.
 - The inverse of matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ is $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$
- $$-7x + 2y + z = 7$$
- b. Given the system: $2x - 3y + 5z = -28$
 $4x - 3z = 8$
- Use Basket method to determine $|A|$. 2mks
 - Using the $\text{adj}(A)$ evaluate A^{-1} . 3mks
 - Use the inverse found in (ii) above to solve the system of linear equation above. 3mks
- c. A mixture of 6 gallons of chemical A, 8 gallons of chemical B, 13 gallons of chemical C is required to kill a destructive crop insect. Commercial spray X contains 1, 2 and 2 parts respectively, of these chemicals. Commercial spray Y contains only chemical C. Commercial spray Z contains chemicals A, B, and C in an equal amounts. Form a system of linear equations and find out how much of each type of the commercial spray is needed to get the desired mixture? 8mks



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QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY – 24 MARKS)

- a. Determine the order of the following matrices: 2mks
- i. $[6 \ 2 \ -5 \ 8 \ 0]$
 - ii. $[3]$
- b. State whether the following statements are true or false: 2mks
- i. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = [1 \ -1 \ 2]$, the operation AB is not possible.
 - ii. The matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is in reduced row-echelon form.

- c. Given that $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 5 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & 4 \\ -3 & -8 & -7 \\ -3 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$, compute AB^T if it is possible.

3mks

- d. Use cofactor expansion across the third column to compute $\det(A)$ given that:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & 1 \\ -2 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2mks

- e. Find the norm of the vector $\hat{u} = \langle 2, -2, 3 \rangle$ and $\hat{v} = \langle 1, -3, 4 \rangle$.

2mks

- f. Given that $\hat{A} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\hat{B} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$. Find the angle between \hat{A} and \hat{B} .

3mks

- g. Given the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, find all the Eigen values and the Eigen vectors corresponding to the second Eigen value.

5mks

- h. Determine whether the vectors $v_1 = \langle 1, -5, 4 \rangle$, $v_2 = \langle 11, 6, -1 \rangle$, $v_3 = \langle 2, 3, 5 \rangle$, spans \mathbb{R}^3 .

5mks

QUESTION TWO (18MKS)

- a. Show whether the vectors $\hat{u} = \langle 11, -2, 3 \rangle$ and $\hat{v} = \langle 3, 5, -1 \rangle$ are perpendicular.

2mks

- b. Given the vectors $\hat{u} = \langle 1, 2, -1 \rangle$ and $\hat{v} = \langle 6, 4, 2 \rangle$ in \mathbb{R}^3 , show that $\hat{w} = \langle 4, -1, 8 \rangle$ is not a linear combination of \hat{u} and \hat{v} .

4mks

- c. Use elimination method to solve the following system of linear equations:

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - y + 9z &= -8 \\ -x - 3y + 4z &= -15 \\ 5x + 2y - z &= 17 \end{aligned}$$

- d. Use Gauss-Jordan to solve:

$$\begin{aligned} 3x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 - 2x_4 &= -44 \\ x_1 + 6x_2 + 4x_3 - x_4 &= 1 \\ 5x_1 - x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 &= -15 \\ 4x_2 - x_3 - 8x_4 &= 58 \end{aligned}$$

6mks

QUESTION THREE (18MKS)

- a. Given $\hat{u} = \langle 1, -2, 0 \rangle$ and $v = \langle 3, -2, -1 \rangle$, find $(2\hat{u} - \hat{v}) \times (\hat{u} + 3\hat{v})$ 6mks
- b. Show whether the following sets of vectors in R^3 5mks
 $\hat{v}_1 = \langle -3, 0, 4 \rangle$, $\hat{v}_2 = \langle 5, -1, 2 \rangle$ and $\hat{v}_3 = \langle 1, 1, 3 \rangle$ are linearly dependent or linearly independent.

$$-x + y + 2z = 1$$

- a. Given the system: $2x + 3y + z = -2$

$$5x + 4y + 2z = 4$$

- i. Use Basket method to determine $|A|$. 2mks
- ii. Using the $\text{adj}(A)$ evaluate A^{-1} . 3mks
- iii. Use the inverse found in (ii) above to solve the system of linear equation above. 2mks

QUESTION FOUR (18MKS)

- a. Use Cramer's Rule to solve the following systems if possible: 7mks

i. $x + y = 3$
 $2x + 2y = 6$

$$-2x + 3y - 5z = -11$$

$$4x - y + z = -3$$

ii. $-x - 4y + 6z = 15$

b. Given that : $A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 & -3 \\ 10 & -7 & 6 \\ 8 & -6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

- i. Use Gauss-Jordan to find A^{-1} 5mks
- ii. Use the A^{-1} evaluated above to decode the cryptogram below: 6mks

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} -5 & 11 & -2 & 370 & -265 & 225 & -57 & 48 \\ -33 & 32 & -15 & 20 & 245 & -171 & 147 \end{array}$$

QUESTION FIVE (18MKS)

- a. Find the basis for the null space of the matrix: $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 & -1 & 1 & -7 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -4 & 5 & 8 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$. 8mks
- b. Given that matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & -3 & -4 & 8 \\ 4 & 7 & -4 & -3 & 9 \\ 6 & 9 & -5 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & -9 & 6 & 5 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the rank (A) and the nullity of (A)

and verify that the $\text{rank}(A) + \text{nullity}(A) = n$ (where n is the number of columns of A of the matrix):

10mks