Tugas 4 Komputasi Matematika_662022011_Mutiara Tyas Putri A

Membuat code berbagai grafik di Matlab

1. Plot fungsi kuadrat

```
Code:

x = -10:0.1:10;

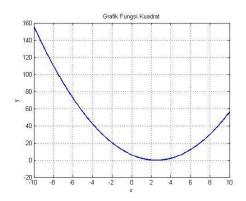
y = x.^2 - 5*x + 6;

plot(x, y, 'LineWidth', 2);

title('Grafik Fungsi Kuadrat');

xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');

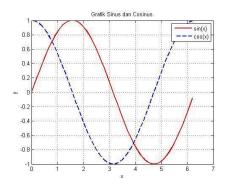
grid on;
```



2. Plot Fungsi Trigonometri (Sinus & Cosinus)

```
Code:
```

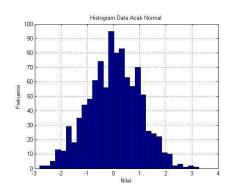
```
x = 0:0.1:2*pi;
y1 = sin(x);
y2 = cos(x);
plot(x, y1, 'r', x, y2, 'b--', 'LineWidth', 2);
legend('sin(x)', 'cos(x)');
title('Grafik Sinus dan Cosinus');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');
grid on;
```



3. Histogram Data Acak Normal

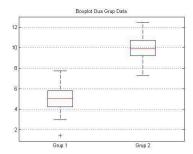
Code:

```
data = randn(1,1000);
histogram(data, 30);
title('Histogram Data Acak Normal');
xlabel('Nilai'); ylabel('Frekuensi');
grid on;
```



4. Boxplot Data Random

```
data = [randn(100,1)+5; randn(100,1)+10];
group = [repmat({'Grup 1'},100,1); repmat({'Grup 2'},100,1)];
boxplot(data, group);
title('Boxplot Dua Grup Data');
grid on;
```



Plot 3D Permukaan (Surface Plot)Code:

[x, y] = meshgrid(-5:0.25:5, -5:0.25:5); $z = sin(sqrt(x.^2 + y.^2));$ surf(x, y, z); title('Grafik Permukaan 3D'); xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');

6. Contour Plot

Code:

[x, y] = meshgrid(-3:0.1:3, -3:0.1:3);
z = peaks(x, y);
contour(x, y, z, 20);
colorbar;
title('Contour Plot');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');

7. Scatter Plot (Sebaran Titik)

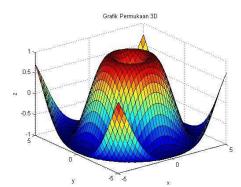
Code:

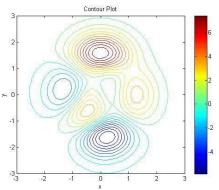
x = randn(100,1);
y = 2*x + randn(100,1);
scatter(x, y, 50, 'filled');
title('Scatter Plot');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');
grid on;

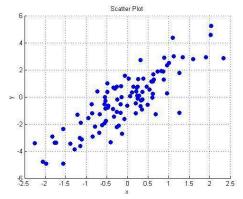
8. Bar Chart (Diagram Batang)

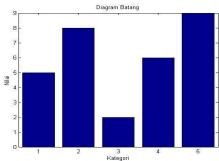
Code:

data = [5, 8, 2, 6, 9];
bar(data);
title('Diagram Batang');
xlabel('Kategori'); ylabel('Nilai');





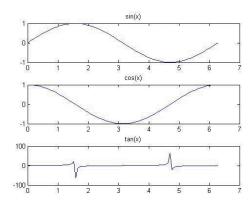




xticklabels({'A','B','C','D','E'});

9. Plot Banyak Fungsi dalam Subplot Code:

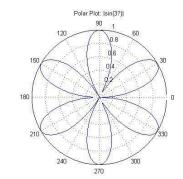
```
x = linspace(0, 2*pi, 100);
y1 = sin(x);
y2 = cos(x);
y3 = tan(x);
subplot(3,1,1); plot(x, y1); title('sin(x)');
subplot(3,1,2); plot(x, y2); title('cos(x)');
subplot(3,1,3); plot(x, y3); title('tan(x)');
```



10. Polar Plot

Code:

```
theta = linspace(0, 2*pi, 100);
rho = abs(sin(3*theta));
polarplot(theta, rho, 'LineWidth', 2);
title('Polar Plot: |sin(3θ)|');
```

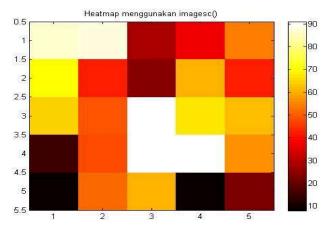


11. Heatmap (Peta Panas)

Code:

data = randi(100, 5, 5); heatmap(data);

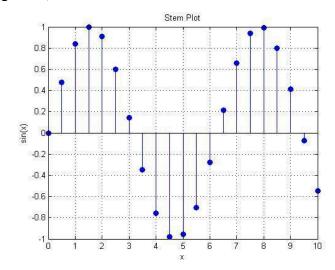
title('Heatmap (Peta Panas)');



12. Stem Plot (Grafik Batang Diskrit)

```
x = 0:0.5:10;
y = sin(x);
stem(x, y, 'filled');
title('Stem Plot');
```

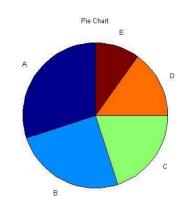
xlabel('x'); ylabel('sin(x)'); grid on;



13. Pie Chart (Diagram Lingkaran)

Code:

```
data = [30, 25, 20, 15, 10];
labels = {'A','B','C','D','E'};
pie(data, labels);
title('Pie Chart');
```



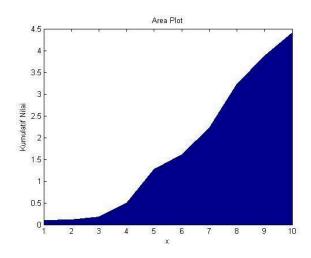
14. Area Plot (Diagram Luas)

Code:

```
x = 1:10;
y = cumsum(rand(1,10));
area(x, y);
```

title('Area Plot');

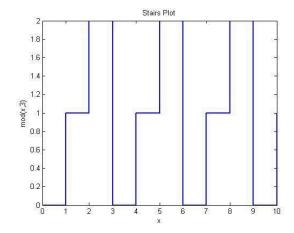
xlabel('x'); ylabel('Kumulatif Nilai');



15. Stairs Plot (Tangga Diskrit)

```
x = 0:10;
y = mod(x, 3);
stairs(x, y, 'LineWidth', 2);
title('Stairs Plot');
```

xlabel('x'); ylabel('mod(x,3)');



16. Quiver Plot (Vektor Panah 2D)

Code:

```
[x, y] = meshgrid(-2:0.5:2, -2:0.5:2);
u = -y;
v = x;
quiver(x, y, u, v);
title('Quiver Plot (Vektor Arah)');
axis equal;
```

17. Error Bar Plot

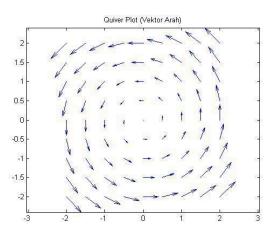
Code:

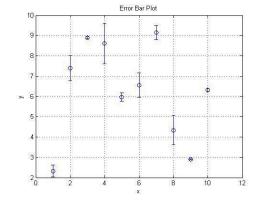
x = 1:10;
y = rand(1,10)*10;
e = rand(1,10);
errorbar(x, y, e, 'o');
title('Error Bar Plot');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');
grid on;

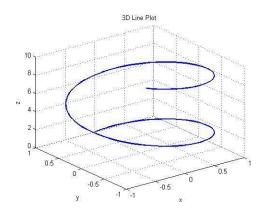
18. 3D Line Plot

Code:

t = 0:0.1:10; x = sin(t); y = cos(t); z = t; plot3(x, y, z, 'LineWidth', 2); title('3D Line Plot'); xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');







```
grid on;
```

19. Filled Contour Plot

```
Code:
```

```
[x, y] = meshgrid(-3:0.1:3, -3:0.1:3);
z = peaks(x, y);
contourf(x, y, z, 20);
colorbar;
title('Filled Contour Plot');
```

20. Log-Log Plot

Code:

```
x = logspace(0.1, 2, 100);
y = x.^2;
loglog(x, y, 'LineWidth', 2);
title('Log-Log Plot');
xlabel('log(x)'); ylabel('log(y)');
grid on;
```

21. Plot Fungsi Eksponensial

Code:

```
figure;
x = -2:0.1:2;
y = exp(x);
plot(x, y, 'r', 'LineWidth', 2);
title('Plot Fungsi Eksponensial');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('exp(x)');
grid on;
```

22. Plot Fungsi Logaritma

```
figure;

x = 0.1:0.1:10;

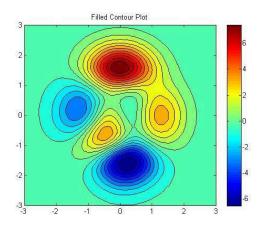
y = log(x);

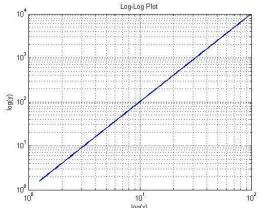
plot(x, y, 'g', 'LineWidth', 2);

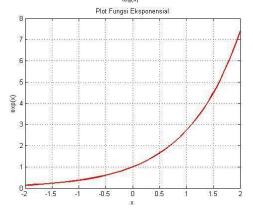
title('Plot Fungsi Logaritma');

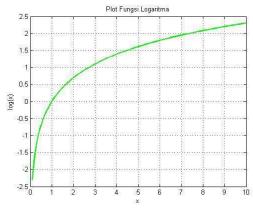
xlabel('x'); ylabel('log(x)');

grid on;
```



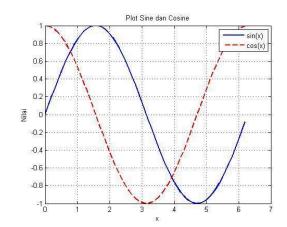






23. Plot Cosine dan Sine Bersamaan

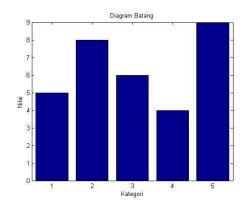
```
Code:
figure;
x = 0:0.1:2*pi;
plot(x, sin(x), 'b', x, cos(x), 'r--',
'LineWidth', 2);
legend('sin(x)', 'cos(x)');
title('Plot Sine dan Cosine');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('Nilai');
```



24. Bar Chart

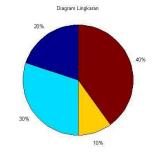
grid on;

```
Code:
figure;
data = [5 8 6 4 9];
bar(data);
title('Diagram Batang');
xlabel('Kategori'); ylabel('Nilai');
```



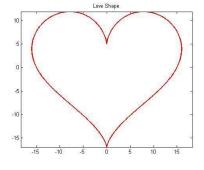
25. Pie Chart

Code: figure; data = [20 30 10 40]; pie(data); title('Diagram Lingkaran');



26. Love Shape

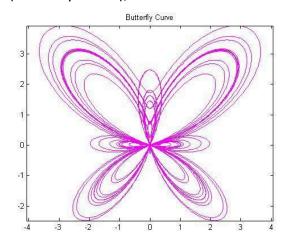
Code: figure; t = linspace(0, 2*pi, 1000); x = 16*sin(t).^3; y = 13*cos(t) - 5*cos(2*t) - 2*cos(3*t) - cos(4*t); plot(x, y, 'r', 'LineWidth', 2); axis equal; title('Love Shape');



27. Butterfly Curve

Code: figure;

```
t = linspace(0, 24*pi, 10000);
x = sin(t) .* (exp(cos(t)) - 2*cos(4*t) - sin(t/12).^5);
y = cos(t) .* (exp(cos(t)) - 2*cos(4*t) - sin(t/12).^5);
plot(x, y, 'm');
axis equal;
title('Butterfly Curve');
```



28. Bird Curve

Code:

figure;

t = linspace(-2*pi, 2*pi, 1000);

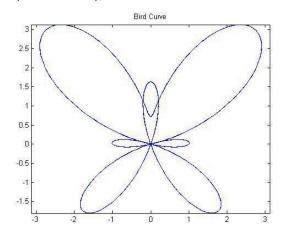
x = sin(t).*(exp(cos(t)) - 2*cos(4*t));

y = cos(t).*(exp(cos(t)) - 2*cos(4*t));

plot(x, y, 'b');

axis equal;

title('Bird Curve');



29. Leaf Curve

```
figure;

t = linspace(0, 2*pi, 1000);

r = 1 - sin(t);

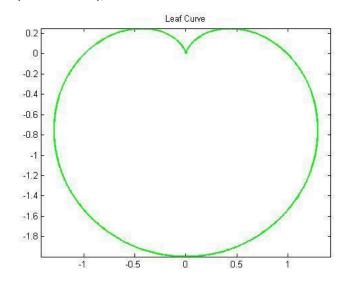
x = r .* cos(t);

y = r .* sin(t);

plot(x, y, 'g', 'LineWidth', 2);

axis equal;

title('Leaf Curve');
```



30. Heart Filled with Dots

```
Code:

figure;

t = linspace(0, 2*pi, 1000);

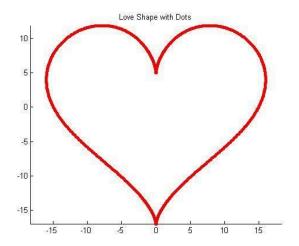
x = 16*sin(t).^3;

y = 13*cos(t) - 5*cos(2*t) - 2*cos(3*t) - cos(4*t);

scatter(x, y, 10, 'r', 'filled'); % Gunakan titik-titik

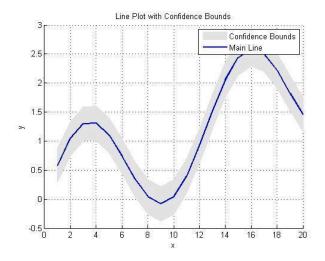
axis equal;

title('Love Shape with Dots');
```



31. Line Plot with Confidence Bounds

```
Code:
figure;
% Data utama
x = 1:20;
y = \sin(x/2) + 0.1*x;
% Batas kepercayaan (misal: ±0.3)
lower = y - 0.3;
upper = y + 0.3;
% Gambar area batas kepercayaan dengan fill manual
hold on;
fill([x, fliplr(x)], [upper, fliplr(lower)], [0.9 0.9 0.9], 'EdgeColor', 'none'); % area
abu-abu
plot(x, y, 'b', 'LineWidth', 2); % garis utama
hold off;
title('Line Plot with Confidence Bounds');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y');
legend('Confidence Bounds', 'Main Line');
grid on;
```



32. Plot Dates and Time

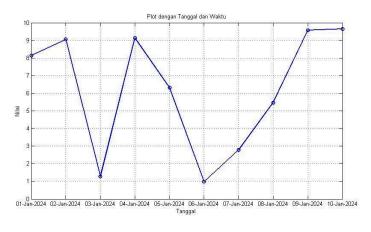
Code:

figure;

% Data tanggal (pakai format serial number MATLAB) % Misalnya dari 1 Januari 2024 sampai 10 Januari 2024 tanggal = datenum(2024, 1, 1:10);

```
% Data nilai y
nilai = rand(1, 10) * 10;
```

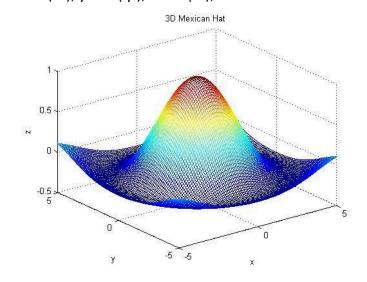
% Plot dengan sumbu x berbasis tanggal plot(tanggal, nilai, '-o', 'LineWidth', 2); datetick('x', 'dd-mmm-yyyy', 'keepticks'); % Tampilkan format tanggal xlabel('Tanggal'); ylabel('Nilai'); title('Plot dengan Tanggal dan Waktu'); grid on;



33. 3D Hat (Topi Meksiko)

Code: figure; [x, y] = meshgrid(-5:0.1:5, -5:0.1:5); $r = sqrt(x.^2 + y.^2) + eps;$ z = sin(r)./r;mesh(x, y, z); % gunakan mesh agar kompatibel

title('3D Mexican Hat');
xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');



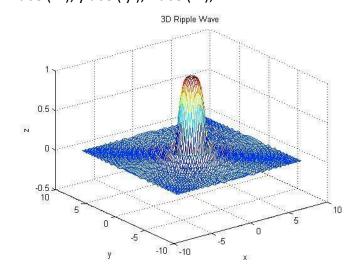
34. 3D Ripple

Code:

figure;

[x, y] = meshgrid(-8:0.2:8, -8:0.2:8); z = sin(x.^2 + y.^2)./(x.^2 + y.^2 + eps); mesh(x, y, z); title('3D Ripple Wave');

xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');



35. 3D Mountain

Code:

figure; [x, y] = meshgrid(-5:0.1:5, -5:0.1:5); $z = \exp(-0.1*(x.^2 + y.^2)) .* \cos(2*x) .* \cos(2*y);$ mesh(x, y, z); title('3D Mountain');

xlabel('x'); ylabel('y'); zlabel('z');

