

**CS215: Discrete Math (H)**  
**2025 Fall Semester Written Assignment # 4**  
**Due: Dec. 8th, 2025, please submit at the beginning of class**

Q.1 Use induction to prove that 4 divides  $2n^2 + 6n$  whenever  $n$  is a positive integer.

Q.2 Prove that if  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$  and  $B$  are sets, then

$$\begin{aligned} (A_1 - B) \cap (A_2 - B) \cap \cdots \cap (A_n - B) \\ = (A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \cdots \cap A_n) - B. \end{aligned}$$

Q.3 Prove that if  $h > -1$ , then  $1 + nh \leq (1 + h)^n$  for all nonnegative integers  $n$ . This is called **Bernoulli's inequality**.

Q.4 Let  $P(n)$  be the statement that a postage of  $n$  cents can be formed using just 4-cent stamps and 7-cent stamps. The parts of this exercise outline a strong induction proof that  $P(n)$  is true for  $n \geq 18$ .

- Show statements  $P(18)$ ,  $P(19)$ ,  $P(20)$  and  $P(21)$  are true, completing the basis step of the proof.
- What is the inductive hypothesis of the proof?
- What do you need to prove in the inductive step?
- Complete the inductive step for  $k \geq 21$ .
- Explain why these steps show that this statement is true whenever  $n \geq 18$ .

Q.5 Show that the principle of mathematical induction and strong induction are equivalent. That is, each can be shown to be valid from the other.

Q.6 Suppose that the function  $f$  satisfies the recurrence relation  $f(n) = 2f(\sqrt{n}) + \log n$  whenever  $n$  is a perfect square greater than 1 and  $f(2) = 1$ .

- Find  $f(16)$
- Find a big- $O$  estimate for  $f(n)$ . [Hint: make the substitution  $m = \log n$ .]

Q.7 The running time of an algorithm A is described by the following recurrence relation:

$$S(n) = \begin{cases} b & n = 1 \\ 9S(n/2) + n^2 & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

where  $b$  is a positive constant and  $n$  is a power of 2. The running time of a competing algorithm B is described by the following recurrence relation:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} c & n = 1 \\ aT(n/4) + n^2 & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

where  $a$  and  $c$  are positive constants and  $n$  is a power of 4. For the rest of this problem, you may assume that  $n$  is always a power of 4. You should also assume that  $a > 16$ . (Hint: you may use the equation  $a^{\log_2 n} = n^{\log_2 a}$ )

- (a) Find a solution for  $S(n)$ . Your solution should be in *closed form* (in terms of  $b$  if necessary) and should *not* use summation.
- (b) Find a solution for  $T(n)$ . Your solution should be in *closed form* (in terms of  $a$  and  $c$  if necessary) and should *not* use summation.
- (c) For what range of values of  $a > 16$  is Algorithm B at least as efficient as Algorithm A asymptotically ( $T(n) = O(S(n))$ )?

Q.8 Consider three subsets  $A, B, C$  of a set  $S$ .

- (1) Write a formula of  $|\overline{A} \cap \overline{B} \cap \overline{C}|$  using the inclusion-exclusion principle.
- (2) Use the formula in (1) to count the number of integers from 1 to 1000 (inclusive) which are not multiples of 10, 4 or 15.

Q.9 Suppose that  $n \geq 1$  is an integer.

- (a) How many functions are there from the set  $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  to the set  $\{1, 2, 3\}$ ?
- (b) How many of the functions in part (a) are one-to-one functions?
- (c) How many of the functions in part (a) are onto functions?

Q.10 Prove that the binomial coefficient

$$\binom{240}{120}$$

is divisible by  $242 = 2 \cdot 121$ .

Q.11 Consider all permutations of the letters  $A, B, C, D, E, F, G$ .

- How many of these permutations contains the strings  $ABC$  and  $DE$  (each as consecutive substring)?
- In how many permutations does  $A$  precede  $B$ ? (not necessary immediately)

Q.12 Consider the equation

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 10.$$

with five variables.

- Count the number of integer solutions, with  $x_1 \geq 3$ ,  $x_2 \geq 0$ ,  $x_3 \geq -2$ ,  $x_4 \geq 0$ , and  $x_5 \geq 0$ .
- Count the number of integer solutions, with  $0 \leq x_1 \leq 5$  and  $x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \geq 0$ .

Q.13 16 points are chosen inside a  $5 \times 3$  rectangle. Prove that two of these points lie within  $\sqrt{2}$  of each other.

Q.14 Let  $(x_i, y_i)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ , be a set of five distinct points with integer coordinates in the  $xy$  plane. Show that the midpoint of the line joining at least one pair of these points has integers coordinates.

Q.15 Show that if  $p$  is a prime and  $k$  is an integer such that  $1 \leq k \leq p - 1$ , then  $p$  divides  $\binom{p}{k}$ .

Q.16 Prove the hockeystick identity

$$\sum_{k=0}^r \binom{n+k}{k} = \binom{n+r+1}{r}$$

whenever  $n$  and  $r$  are positive integers,

- (a) using a combinatorial argument
- (b) using Pascal's identity.

Q.17

Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_n = 2a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} - 2a_{n-3}$$

with initial conditions  $a_0 = 1$ ,  $a_1 = 0$ , and  $a_2 = 7$ .

Q.18

- (a) Find all solutions of the recurrence relation  $a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 2n^2$ .
- (b) Find the solution of the recurrence relation in part (a) with initial condition  $a_1 = 4$ .

Q.19 Denote by  $a_n$  the number of *ternary* strings (with elements 0, 1, 2) of length  $n$  that contain either 00 or 11.

- (1) Find a recurrence relation for  $a_n$  with initial conditions.
- (2) Find a closed-form expression for  $a_n$ .

Q.20 Let  $S_n = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$  and let  $a_n$  denote the number of *non-empty* subsets of  $S_n$  that contain **no** two consecutive integers. Find a recurrence relation for  $a_n$ . Note that  $a_0 = 0$  and  $a_1 = 1$ .

Q.21 Use generating functions to prove Pascal's identity:  $C(n, r) = C(n - 1, r) + C(n - 1, r - 1)$  when  $n$  and  $r$  are positive integers with  $r < n$ . [Hint: Use the identity  $(1 + x)^n = (1 + x)^{n-1} + x(1 + x)^{n-1}$ .]

Q.22 Use generating functions to prove Vandermonde's identity:

$$C(m + n, r) = \sum_{k=0}^r C(m, r - k)C(n, k),$$

whenever  $m, n$ , and  $r$  are nonnegative integers with  $r$  not exceeding either  $m$  or  $n$ . [Hint: Look at the coefficient of  $x^r$  in both sides of  $(1 + x)^{m+n} = (1 + x)^m(1 + x)^n$ .]

Q.23 Generating functions are very useful, for example, provide an approach to solving linear recurrence relations. Read pp. 537-548 of the textbook. [You do not need to write anything for this problem on your submitted assignment paper.]