6.3 习题答案

1.

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} = \left(e^t + \frac{2t}{1 + (1 + t^2)^2}\right) \cdot y \cdot x^{y - 1} = y \cdot x^{y - 1} \left(e^{x^y} + \frac{2x^y}{1 + (1 + x^2)^2}\right) \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} &= \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \cdot \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} = \left(e^t + \frac{2t}{1 + (1 + t^2)^2}\right) \cdot x^y \cdot \ln^x = x^y \cdot \ln^x \left(e^{x^y} + \frac{2x^y}{1 + (1 + x^2)^2}\right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} u &= e^{r^2 z} = e^{r^{(s+2)}} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = e^{r^{(s+2)}} \cdot (s+2) \cdot r^{(s+1)} \quad ; \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} = e^{r^{(s+2)}} \cdot r^{(s+2)} \cdot \ln^r \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d} \mathbf{u}}{\mathrm{d} \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{a \, e^{\, ax} \, (y \, - \, z)}{a^2 + 1} + \frac{e^{\, ax}}{a^2 + 1} \cdot a \, \cos x + \frac{e^{\, ax}}{a^2 + 1} \cdot \sin x = e^{\, ax} \sin x$$

(4)

设
$$f = \rho^2 + \varphi^2 + \theta^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} \cdot \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} = 2 \tan \varphi \theta \cdot \sec^2 \varphi \theta \cdot \theta + 2 \varphi \qquad ; \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} \cdot \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} = 2 \tan \varphi \theta \cdot \sec^2 \varphi \theta \cdot \varphi + 2 \vartheta \theta \cdot \varphi +$$

2.

(1)

$$\frac{\mathrm{du}}{\mathrm{dt}} = f_1' \cdot \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} + f_2' \cdot \frac{\mathrm{dy}}{\mathrm{dt}} = 3t^2 f_1' + 4t f_2'$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{u}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}} = f_1' \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{x}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}} + f_2' \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{y}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}} + f_3' \cdot \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{z}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}} = f_1' \cdot \text{cost} - f_2' \cdot \text{sint} + f_3' \cdot e^t$$

(3)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = f_1' \cdot 2x + f_2' \cdot y \cdot e^{xy};$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2x f_1' + y \cdot e^{xy} f_2') = -4xy f_{11}'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + y \cdot e^{xy} f_2'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + xy e^{2xy} f_{22}'' + (1 + xy) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_{12}'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_1'' + (2x^2 - 2y^2) e^{xy} f_2'' + (2x^2 - 2$$

(4)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = f_1' + 2x f_2'$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = f_{11}'' + 4x^2 f_{22}'' + 4x f_{12}'' + 2 f_2'$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_1' + 2x f_2') = f_{11}'' + (2x + 2y) f_{12}'' + 4xy f_{22}''$$

(5)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{u}f_1' \qquad ; \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{x}{v^2}f_1' + \frac{1}{z}f_2' \qquad ; \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = -\frac{y}{z^2}f_2'$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{1}{y} f_1'\right) = -\frac{1}{y^2} f_1' - \frac{x}{y^3} f_{11}'' + \frac{1}{y^2} f_{12}'' \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(-\frac{y}{z^2} f_2'\right) = -\frac{1}{z^2} f_2' + \frac{x}{z^2 y} f_{12}'' - \frac{y}{z^3} f_{22}'' \\ &\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x \partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial z}\right) = -\frac{1}{z^2} \cdot \frac{1}{y} f_{12}'' + \frac{1}{z^2 y} f_{12}'' + \frac{x}{z^2 y} \cdot \frac{1}{y} f_{112}'' - \frac{y}{z^3} \cdot \frac{1}{y} f_{122}''' = \frac{x}{z^2 y^2} f_{112}''' - \frac{1}{z^3} f_{122}''' \end{split}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = f_1' + y f_2' + y z f_3' \qquad ; \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = x f_2' + x z f_3' \qquad ; \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = x y f_3'$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = f_{11}'' + 2 y f_{12}'' + 2 y z f_{13}'' + 2 y^2 z f_{23}'' + y^2 f_{22}'' + y^2 z^2 f_{33}''$$
同理可得:
$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = x^2 f_{22}'' + 2 x^2 z f_{23}'' + x^2 z^2 f_{33}'' \qquad ; \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = x^2 y^2 f_{33}''$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = f_2' + z f_3' + x f_{12}'' + x y f_{22}'' + 2 x y z f_{23}'' + x z f_{13}'' + x y z^2 f_{33}''$$

3.解

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} &= f' \cdot (y \varphi_1' + \varphi_2') = y f' \varphi_1' + f' \varphi_2' \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} &= f' \cdot (x \varphi_1' + \varphi_2') = x f' \varphi_1' + f' \varphi_2' \\ \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) = f' \varphi_1' + x y f'' \left(\varphi_1' \right)^2 + x f'' \varphi_2' \varphi_1' + x y f' \varphi_{11}'' + x f' \varphi_{21}'' + f'' y \varphi_1' \varphi_2' + f'' (\varphi_2')^2 + f' \varphi_{22}'' + f'' (\varphi_2')^2 +$$

4.解

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = f'y & ; \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = f'x \\ &\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = xyf' - xyf' = 0 \end{split}$$

5、紹

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = f' \cdot \frac{1}{x} \qquad ; \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{y^2} f'$$
$$\Rightarrow x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = f' - f' = 0$$

6.解

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \varphi + x \cdot \varphi' + y \psi' \\ &\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = x \cdot \varphi' + \psi + y \cdot \psi' \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 2 \varphi' + x \varphi'' + y \psi'' \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 2 \psi' + x \varphi'' + y \psi'' \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \varphi' + x \varphi'' + \psi' + y \psi'' \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 u}{\partial x^2} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \end{split}$$

7.
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = -e^{a\theta} \sin(a \ln^r) \cdot \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} = a \cdot e^{a\theta} \cos(a \ln^r)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} = \frac{a}{r^2} \cdot e^{a\theta} \sin(a \ln^r) - \frac{a^2}{r^2} e^{a\theta} \cos(a \ln^r)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = a^2 e^{a\theta} \cos(a \ln^r)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = 0$$

8.
$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} \cdot \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} \cdot \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} + 3\frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta}; \\ &\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} \cdot \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} \cdot \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta}; \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + 6\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + 9\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2}; \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} - 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2}; \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} - 3\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2}; \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} - 3\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 6\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 16\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + 8\frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} = 0; \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{1}{2}\frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} = 0 \end{split}$$

9.和第8题比较类似

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = (1-\cos x)\frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} + (1+\cos x)\frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta}; \\ &\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta}; \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \sin x\frac{\partial u}{\partial \xi} - \sin x\frac{\partial u}{\partial \eta} + (1-\cos x)^2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + 2(1-\cos^2 x)\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + (1+\cos x)^2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} - 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \\ &\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = (1-\cos x)\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + 2\cos x\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} - (1+\cos x)\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y}\cos x - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}\sin^2 x - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\sin x = 4\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} = 0 \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} = 0 \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \quad ; \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -2\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + a\,\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \\ &\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v\partial u} \qquad ; \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 4\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} - 4a\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u\partial v} + a^2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} \qquad ; \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x\partial y} = -2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + (a-2)\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x\partial v} + a\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} \\ &\Rightarrow 6\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x\partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = (5a+10)\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + (6+a-a^2)\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} = 0 \end{split}$$

由题意知:

$$\begin{cases} 5a + 10 \neq 0 \\ 6 + a - a^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$
$$\Rightarrow a = 3$$

11.证明:

必要性:

$$\therefore f(tx, ty, tz) = t^k f(x, y, z) \ (t > 0)$$

两边对t求导

$$\begin{split} x\,f_{tx}'(tx,ty,tz) + y\,f_{ty}'(tx,ty,tz) + z\,f_{tz}'(tx,ty,tz) &= kt^{k-1}f\,(x,y,z) \\ \Rightarrow t\,x\,f_{tx}'(tx,ty,tz) + t\,y\,f_{ty}'(tx,ty,tz) + t\,z\,f_{tz}'(tx,ty,tz) &= kt^kf\,(x,y,z) \\ \Rightarrow x\,f_{x}'(x,y,z) + y\,f_{y}'(x,y,z) + z\,f_{z}'(x,y,z) &= k\,f\,(x,y,z) \end{split}$$

下证充分性:

$$\begin{split} &\diamondsuit\varphi(t) = \frac{f(tx,ty,tz)}{t^k} \\ & \& \varphi'(t) = \frac{(xf'_{tx} + yf'_{ty} + zf'_{tz})t^k - kt^{k-1}f(tx,ty,tz)}{t^{2k}} = \frac{(txf'_{tx} + tyf'_{ty} + ztf'_{tz})t^k - kt^kf(tx,ty,tz)}{t^{2k+1}} = 0 \\ & \Rightarrow \varphi(t) = \varphi(1) \\ & \Rightarrow f(x,y,z) = \frac{f(tx,ty,tz)}{t^k} \end{split}$$

12.解

13.解

$$\begin{aligned} & \because \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = x \\ \Rightarrow u &= \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \varphi(y) \\ & \because u &= \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \varphi(x^2) = 1 \\ \Rightarrow \varphi(y) &= 1 - \frac{1}{2}y \\ \Rightarrow u &= \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{2}y + 1 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

14.解

$$\because u(x,2x) = x$$

两边同时对x求导

$$u'_x(x,2x) + 2u'_y(x,2x) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow u_y'(x, 2x) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - x^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow\!\!u_{xy}''(x,2x)+2u_{yy}''(x,2x)=-x \qquad ; u_{xx}''(x,2x)+2u_{xy}''(x,2x)=2x$$

$$u''_{xx} = u''_{yy}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_{xx}'' = u_{yy}'' = -\frac{4}{3}x \; ; u_{xy}'' = \frac{5}{3}x$$

15.

(1)

$$du = f' \cdot (dx + dy)$$

(2)

$$du = f_1' d\xi + f_2' d\eta = f_1' (y dx + x dy) + f_2' \left(\frac{1}{y} dx - \frac{x}{y^2} dy \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow du = \left(y f_1' + \frac{1}{y} f_2' \right) dx + \left(x f_1' - \frac{x}{y^2} f_2' \right) dy$$

(3)

$$du = f_1'dx + f_2'dy + f_3'dz = f_1'dt + 2tf_2'dt + 3t^2f_3'dt = (f_1' + 2tf_2' + 3t^2f_3')dt$$

(4)

$$\begin{split} d\xi &= 2x\,dx + 2y\,dy \quad ; d\eta = 2x\,dx - 2y\,dy \quad ; d\zeta = 2y\,dx + 2x\,dy \\ du &= f_1'd\xi + f_2'd\eta + f_3'd\zeta = (2x\,f_1' + 2x\,f_2' + 2\,y\,f_3')\,dx + (2y\,f_1' - 2y\,f_2' + 2x\,f_3')\,dy \end{split}$$

(完)