

# AIR QUALITY INDEX FORECASTING SYSTEM FOR KARACHI

## 1. Introduction

The objective of this project is to design and develop a complete end-to-end Air Quality Index (AQI) forecasting system for Karachi that predicts AQI for three days using Machine Learning techniques and MLOps practices.

This project implements a full production-ready machine learning pipeline that:

- Fetches real-time and historical data from Openmeteo api
- Performs data validation and cleaning on raw data
- Engineer features
- Store features in Hopsworks feature store
- Trains multiple ml models
- Register models in Hopsworks model registry with proper models versioning
- Deploys the model predictions using Streamlit
- Automates feature and training pipeline using CI/CD (Github Actions)

The goal was to design a scalable, automated and reproducible AQI forecasting system.

## 2. Data Collection and API Selection

### 2.1 INITIAL CHALLENGE

For me, initially, selecting a suitable API was challenging. The major issues were:

- Many APIs did not provide one year of historical data.
- Some APIs had strict rate limiting.
- Some did not provide complete pollutant data (PM2.5, PM10, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, etc.).
- Some required paid subscriptions for historical access.

After testing multiple APIs, I selected the Open-Meteo API because:

- It provides one year of historical hourly data.
- It includes both AQI pollutants and weather parameters.
- It has manageable rate limits.
- It supports hourly time resolution.

```
self.air_quality_url = "https://air-quality-api.open-meteo.com/v1/air-quality"
self.weather_url = "https://historical-forecast-api.open-meteo.com/v1/forecast"
```

### 3. Data Fetching and Backfilling

#### 3.1 Real-Time and Historical Data Fetching

I implemented a data fetcher module that retrieves:

- AQI pollutant data (PM2.5, PM10, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>)
- Weather data (temperature, humidity, wind speed, wind direction, surface pressure)

Both datasets are fetched and merged based on hourly timestamps.

```
Fetching AIR QUALITY from 2025-01-23 to 2026-01-23
Air-quality rows: 8784
Fetching WEATHER from 2025-01-23 to 2026-01-23
Merging air-quality + weather data...
Final merged rows: 8784

      timestamp      pm2_5  ...  wind_direction_10m  surface_pressure
0  2025-01-23 00:00:00  44.500000  ...            345.699677    1015.359497
1  2025-01-23 01:00:00  43.700001  ...            343.412567    1016.257507
2  2025-01-23 02:00:00  45.500000  ...            352.476257    1016.856079
3  2025-01-23 03:00:00  51.599998  ...            358.876709    1017.556152
4  2025-01-23 04:00:00  53.000000  ...             4.398633    1018.459839
```

This confirms correct hourly merging and alignment.

#### 3.2 One-Year Historical Backfill

To build a reliable forecasting system, I performed a one-year historical backfill.

Purpose of backfilling:

- To collect sufficient training data
- To ensure if there are any missing time gaps
- To validate timestamp continuity
- To verify API consistency

```
Starting backfill for last 365 days...
Final merged rows: 8784
Raw data saved: data/raw/aq_weather_raw.csv
Rows: 8784 | Columns: 13

Sanity Check:
Date range:
From: 2025-01-23 00:00:00
To : 2026-01-23 23:00:00
```

I also generated a raw CSV file from this backfilled data to manually check:

- Missing timestamps
- Unexpected gaps
- Proper pollutant values
- Correct merging of AQI pollutants and weather data

```
timestamp,pm2_5,pm10,carbon_monoxide,nitrogen_dioxide,sulphur_dioxide,ozone,ammonia,temperature_2m,relative_humidity_2m,wind_speed_10m,wind_direction_10m,surface_pressure
2025-01-23 00:00:00,44.5,49.8,386.0,24.2,18.4,54.0,,15.8,53.968857,9.473541,345.69968,1015.3595
2025-01-23 01:00:00,43.7,48.4,547.0,31.1,19.1,45.0,,15.4,58.291676,8.827343,343.41257,1016.2575
2025-01-23 02:00:00,45.5,49.6,502.0,40.3,28.1,33.0,,15.1,58.818638,9.6228485,352.47626,1016.8561
2025-01-23 03:00:00,51.6,55.3,965.0,44.2,28.8,32.0,,15.35,55.73829,9.181765,358.8767,1017.55615
2025-01-23 04:00:00,53.0,56.7,948.0,38.1,21.4,53.0,,16.85,47.932686,7.840739,4.398633,1018.45984
2025-01-23 05:00:00,45.9,52.6,838.0,26.7,21.7,84.0,,19.45,36.675182,6.0721655,11.976112,1019.067
2025-01-23 06:00:00,32.7,44.9,711.0,17.0,28.8,109.0,,22.0,29.320587,5.6521144,9.16228,1019.07404
2025-01-23 07:00:00,21.7,37.3,567.0,11.1,17.7,120.0,,24.2,23.996792,6.8423676,26.564985,1017.8811
2025-01-23 08:00:00,18.5,34.0,407.0,6.8,13.4,124.0,,25.55,19.180855,6.889557,19.855309,1016.586
2025-01-23 09:00:00,15.8,29.7,302.0,4.3,10.1,126.0,,26.1,16.046677,6.9278773,24.567156,1015.4881
2025-01-23 10:00:00,13.2,25.3,293.0,3.3,8.7,127.0,,26.4,12.514948,8.415842,48.468323,1014.6897
2025-01-23 11:00:00,11.7,22.2,299.0,4.1,8.2,125.0,,26.2,13.348256,10.094454,58.861095,1014.48926
2025-01-23 12:00:00,10.0,15.9,399.0,7.5,7.9,117.0,,25.7,14.48816,9.82114,63.904633,1014.68774
2025-01-23 13:00:00,12.4,16.2,647.0,16.4,8.6,182.0,,24.75,15.273955,12.031756,51.072456,1015.38464
2025-01-23 14:00:00,16.6,19.0,967.0,28.4,9.5,80.0,,23.4,16.687405,10.152064,52.92685,1016.0804
2025-01-23 15:00:00,17.5,19.7,1150.0,36.0,10.1,65.0,,22.2,18.69558,10.486448,39.422776,1016.9763
2025-01-23 16:00:00,16.7,19.2,1074.0,35.3,10.1,61.0,,20.95,21.808851,9.835975,34.56259,1017.4724
```

This raw csv was created only for validation and understanding purposes and was not used anywhere.

## 4. Data Quality Checks

Before cleaning the dataset, I performed data quality checks on the raw csv file.

Checks included:

- Missing values
- Timelines
- Validity
- Consistency
- Temporal Patterns

```
DATA QUALITY REPORT
=====
1 COMPLETENESS:
Total records: 8784
Missing values:
ammonia: 8784 (100.0%)

2 TIMELINESS:
Expected gap: 1 hour
Gaps found: 1
⚠️ Time gaps detected at 1 locations
```

**3 VALIDITY:**

pm2\_5:

- Min: 3.80
- Max: 108.70
- Mean: 29.30
- Values within expected range

pm10:

- Min: 3.90
- Max: 385.60
- Mean: 55.68
- Values within expected range

relative\_humidity\_2m:

- Min: 4.66
- Max: 99.38
- Mean: 62.81
- Values within expected range

**4 CONSISTENCY:**

PM2.5/PM10 ratio: 0.60

- Ratio is realistic

**5 TEMPORAL PATTERNS:**

Peak pollution hour: 15:00 (32.9  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )

Lowest pollution hour: 0:00 (25.7  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ )

Unusual peak timing

---

DATA QUALITY CHECK COMPLETE!

These checks ensured temporal consistency, data reliability and model-readiness before moving to data cleaning and feature engineering.

## 5. Data Cleaning

After validation, I implemented a Data Cleaner module that:

- Handled missing values
- Ensured proper datetime formatting
- Removed inconsistencies
- Standardized column naming
- Verified numerical data types
- Applied outlier capping

```

● Loading raw data...
○ Starting data cleaning...
△ Dropping empty columns: ['ammonia']
△ Capping 404 outliers in pm2_5
△ Capping 332 outliers in pm10
△ Capping 547 outliers in carbon_monoxide
△ Capping 505 outliers in nitrogen_dioxide
△ Capping 486 outliers in sulphur_dioxide
△ Capping 90 outliers in ozone
✓ Data cleaning complete

```

✓ Data cleaning complete

#### 🔍 DATA QUALITY REPORT

---

##### 1 COMPLETENESS:

Total records: 8784

##### 2 TIMELINESS:

Expected gap: 1 hour  
Gaps found: 0

Max: 119.80  
Mean: 53.97  
✓ Values within expected range

carbon\_monoxide:

Min: 74.00  
Max: 1340.50  
Mean: 514.63  
✓ Values within expected range

nitrogen\_dioxide:

Min: 1.50  
Max: 60.75

Max: 60.75  
Mean: 20.89  
✓ Values within expected range

sulphur\_dioxide:

Min: 4.90  
Max: 32.35  
Mean: 15.71  
✓ Values within expected range

ozone:

Min: 0.00  
Max: 175.50

✓ Values within expected range

##### CONSISTENCY:

PM2.5/PM10 ratio: 0.53

✓ Ratio is realistic

##### TEMPORAL PATTERNS:

Peak pollution hour: 4:00 (31.74 µg/m³)  
Lowest pollution hour: 0:00 (25.08 µg/m³)

✓ DATA QUALITY REPORT COMPLETE

After cleaning, I generated another CSV file to confirm:

- Data cleaning worked correctly
- No unwanted null values remained
- Final dataset structure was correct

```
data > processed > aq_weather_clean.csv
1 timestamp,pm2_5,pm10,carbon_monoxide,nitrogen_dioxide,sulphur_dioxide,ozone,temperature_2m,relative_humidity_2m,wind_speed_10m,wind_direction_10m,surface_pressure,hour
2 2025-01-23 00:00:00,44.5,49.8,386.0,24.2,18.4,54.0,15.8,53.968857,9.473541,345.699681,1015.3595,0
3 2025-01-23 01:00:00,43.7,48.4,547.0,31.1,19.1,45.0,15.4,58.291676,8.827343,343.41257,1016.2575,1
4 2025-01-23 02:00:00,45.5,49.6,892.0,40.3,20.1,33.0,15.1,58.818638,9.6228485,352.47626,1016.8561,2
5 2025-01-23 03:00:00,51.6,55.3,965.0,44.2,28.8,32.0,15.35,55.73829,9.181765,358.8767,1017.55615,3
6 2025-01-23 04:00:00,53.0,56.7,948.0,38.1,21.4,53.0,16.85,47.932686,7.040739,4.398633,1018.45984,4
7 2025-01-23 05:00:00,45.9,52.6,838.0,26.7,21.7,84.0,19.45,36.675182,6.0721655,11.976112,1019.067,5
8 2025-01-23 06:00:00,32.7,44.9,711.0,17.0,20.8,189.0,22.0,29.320587,5.6521144,9.16228,1019.07404,6
9 2025-01-23 07:00:00,21.7,37.3,567.0,11.1,17.7,120.0,24.2,23.996792,6.8423676,26.564985,1017.8811,7
10 2025-01-23 08:00:00,18.5,34.0,407.0,6.8,13.4,124.0,25.55,19.160855,6.889557,19.855309,1016.586,8
11 2025-01-23 09:00:00,15.8,29.7,302.0,4.3,10.1,126.0,26.1,16.046677,6.9270773,24.567156,1015.4881,9
12 2025-01-23 10:00:00,13.2,25.3,273.0,3.3,8.7,127.0,26.4,12.514948,8.415842,48.468323,1014.6897,10
13 2025-01-23 11:00:00,11.7,22.2,299.0,4.1,8.2,125.0,26.2,13.348256,10.094454,58.861095,1014.48926,11
14 2025-01-23 12:00:00,10.0,15.9,399.0,7.5,7.9,117.0,25.7,14.48816,9.82114,63.904633,1014.68774,12
15 2025-01-23 13:00:00,12.4,16.2,647.0,16.4,8.6,102.0,24.75,15.273955,12.031756,51.072456,1015.38464,13
16 2025-01-23 14:00:00,16.6,19.0,967.0,28.4,9.5,80.0,23.4,16.687405,10.152064,52.92685,1016.0804,14
```

This csv was also created just for the understanding and visualisation purpose and was not used anywhere.

## 6. AQI Calculation Using EPA Standard

### CHALLENGE:

During the dataset inspection, I discovered that the API provided only pollutant concentration values (PM2.5, PM10, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>) and not a precomputed AQI column.

Since AQI was the main forecasting target, the absence of this variable made the dataset incomplete for supervised learning.

To solve this issue:

- I implemented a custom AQI calculation module based on the official standard defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency
- Created breakpoint tables for each pollutant
- Applied EPA truncation rules
- Computed sub-indices using linear interpolation
- Selected the maximum sub-index as the final AQI
- Identified the dominant pollutant

```

src > utils > aqi_calculator.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2
3  # ====== BREAKPOINT TABLES ======
4
5  PM25_BREAKPOINTS = [
6      (0.0, 12.0, 0, 50),
7      (12.1, 35.4, 51, 100),
8      (35.5, 55.4, 101, 150),
9      (55.5, 150.4, 151, 200),
10     (150.5, 250.4, 201, 300),
11     (250.5, 350.4, 301, 400),
12     (350.5, 500.4, 401, 500),
13 ]
14
15 PM10_BREAKPOINTS = [
16     (0, 54, 0, 50),
17     (55, 154, 51, 100),
18     (155, 254, 101, 150),
19     (255, 354, 151, 200),
20     (355, 424, 201, 300),
21     (425, 504, 301, 400),
22     (505, 604, 401, 500),
23 ]
24
25 CO_BREAKPOINTS = [
26     (0.0, 4.4, 0, 50),
27     (4.5, 9.4, 51, 100),
28     (9.5, 12.4, 101, 150),
29     (12.5, 15.4, 151, 200),
30     (15.5, 30.4, 201, 300),
31     (30.5, 40.4, 301, 400),
32     (40.5, 50.4, 401, 500)
33 ]
34
rc > utils > aqi_calculator.py > ...
35
36 class EPAAQICalculator:
37     def calculate_aqi(self, pm25=None, pm10=None, co=None, no2=None, o3=None, so2=None):
38         sub_indexes = {}
39
40         if pm25 is not None:
41             pm25 = truncate(pm25, 1)
42             sub_indexes["PM2.5"] = compute_sub_aqi(pm25, PM25_BREAKPOINTS)
43
44         if pm10 is not None:
45             pm10 = truncate(pm10, 0)
46             sub_indexes["PM10"] = compute_sub_aqi(pm10, PM10_BREAKPOINTS)
47
48         if co is not None:
49             co = truncate(co, 1)
50             sub_indexes["CO"] = compute_sub_aqi(co, CO_BREAKPOINTS)
51
52         if no2 is not None:
53             no2 = truncate(no2, 0)
54             sub_indexes["NO2"] = compute_sub_aqi(no2, NO2_BREAKPOINTS)
55
56         if o3 is not None:
57             o3 = truncate(o3, 0)
58             sub_indexes["O3"] = compute_sub_aqi(o3, O3_BREAKPOINTS)
59
60         if so2 is not None:
61             so2 = truncate(so2, 0)
62             sub_indexes["SO2"] = compute_sub_aqi(so2, SO2_BREAKPOINTS)
63
64         sub_indexes = {k: v for k, v in sub_indexes.items() if v is not None}
65
66         if not sub_indexes:
67             return np.nan, None
68
69         dominant = max(sub_indexes, key=sub_indexes.get)
70         return sub_indexes[dominant], dominant
71

```

After implementing this module, the AQI column was successfully generated and validated, making the dataset suitable for EDA, feature engineering and model training.

## 7. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

I also performed EDA on features to understand:

- Feature distributions
- Correlation between pollutants and AQI
- Seasonal patterns
- Trend behavior
- Relationship between weather and pollutants

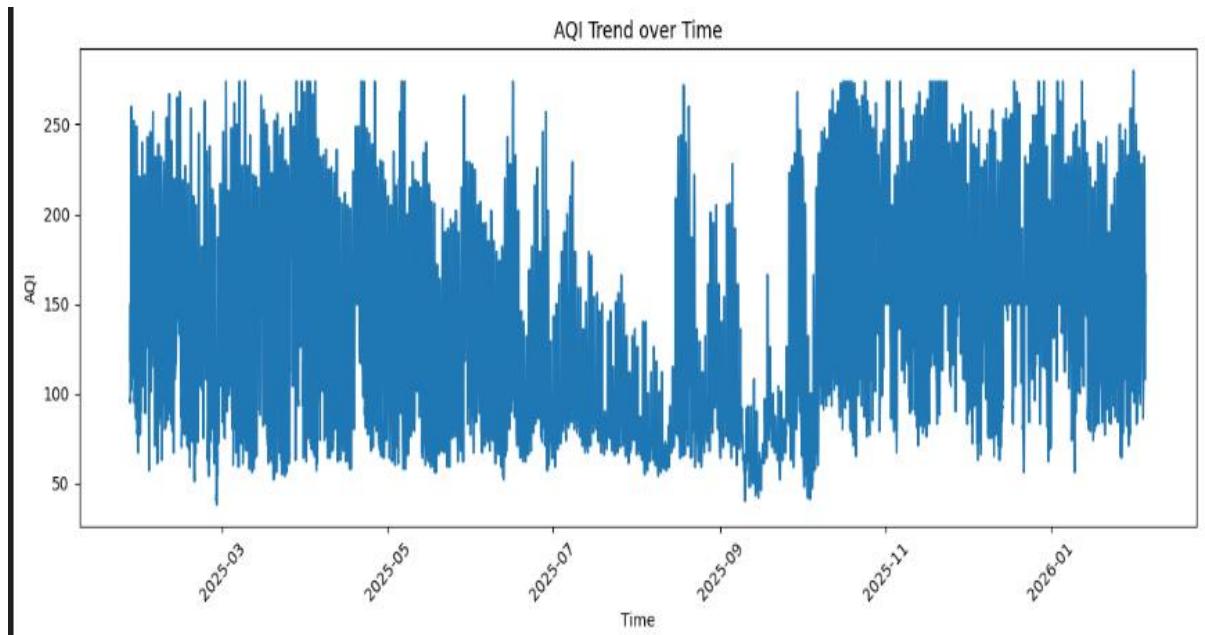
```

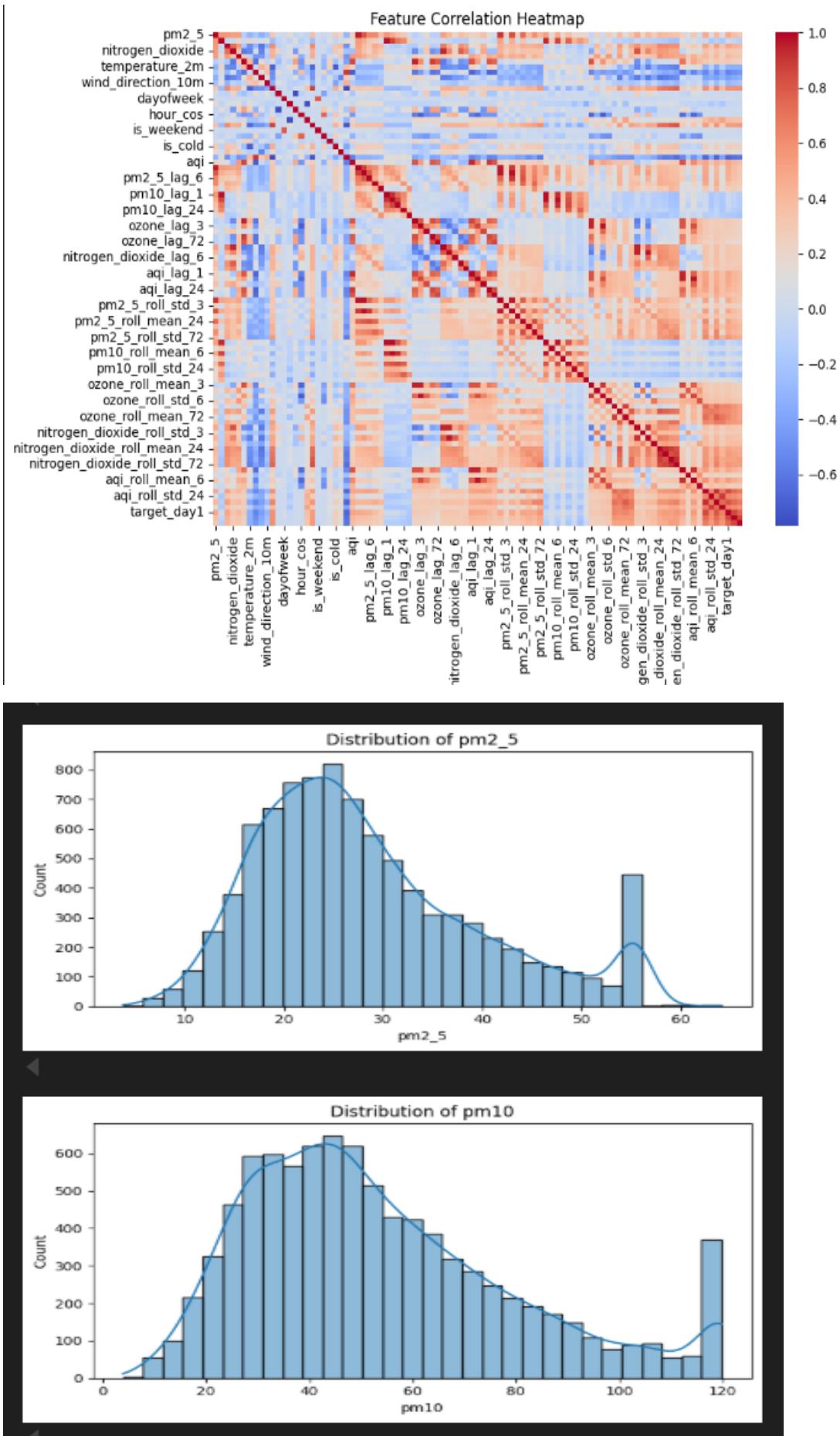
    ➜ Connecting to Hopsworks Feature Store...
2026-02-04 20:15:31,303 INFO: Initializing external client
2026-02-04 20:15:31,303 INFO: Base URL: https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443
2026-02-04 20:15:34,051 INFO: Python Engine initialized.

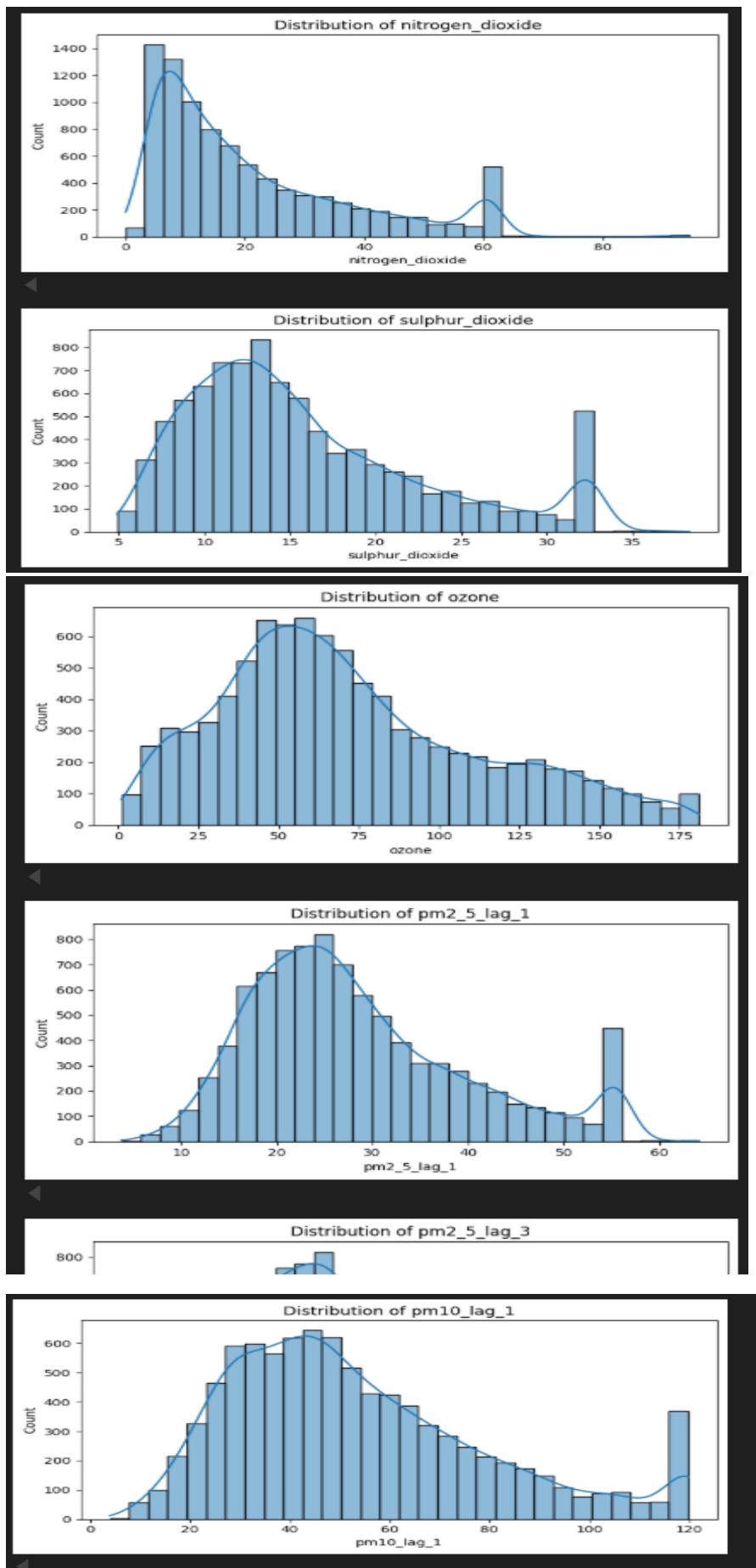
Logged in to project, explore it here https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/o/1357975
Finished: Reading data from Hopsworks, using Hopsworks Feature Query Service (23.26s)
✓ Loaded 8997 rows from Feature Store

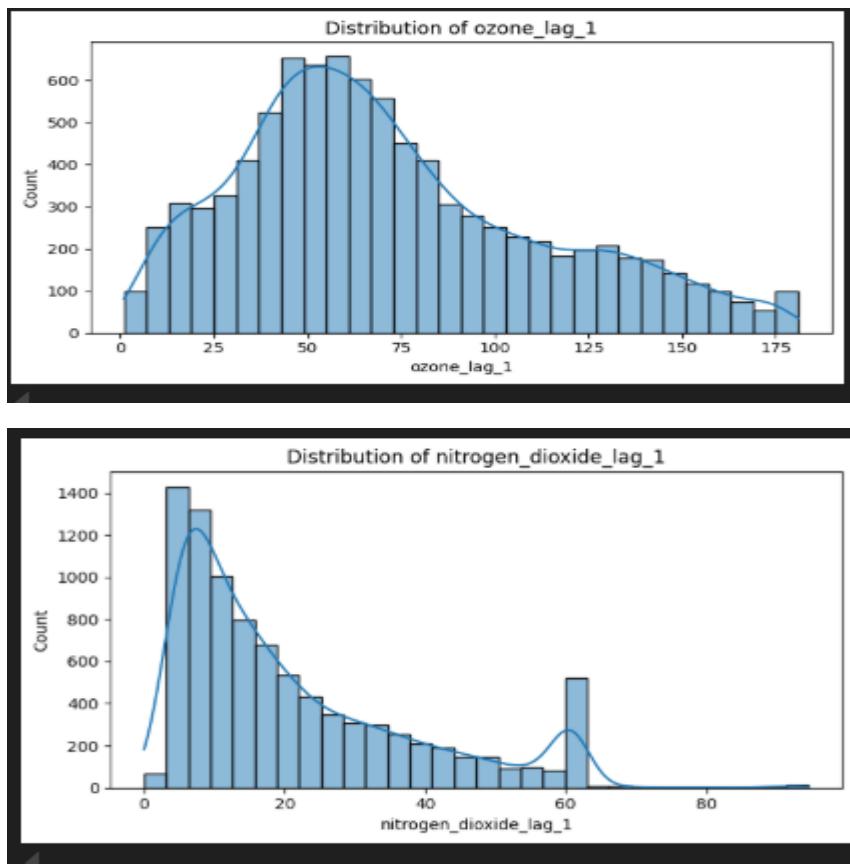
```

	timestamp	pm2_5	pm10	carbon_monoxide	nitrogen_dioxide	sulphur_dioxide	ozone	temperature_2m	relative_humidity_2m	wind_speed_10m	...	aqi_roll_std_3	aqi_roll_mean_6	aqi_roll_std_6
0	2025-04-22 08:00:00+00:00	36.8	119.8	505.0	6.4	27.7	175.5	35.2	40.700848	11.935778	...	24.172988	186.166667	71.182629
1	2025-07-28 00:00:00+00:00	18.6	52.5	137.0	5.6	7.7	58.0	27.9	81.797780	15.304234	...	4.582576	74.500000	4.415880
2	2025-06-18 21:00:00+00:00	20.5	43.2	139.0	6.1	7.6	59.0	28.8	85.630870	16.956345	...	1.527525	71.333333	1.505545
...	2025-06-01 00:00:00+00:00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...









The detailed visualizations are shown in the dashboard and ipynb file.

### Key observations:

- PM2.5 and PM10 showed strong correlation with AQI
- Wind speed negatively correlated with pollutant concentration
- Temperature had moderate impact on AQI trends
- AQI displayed clear temporal patterns

EDA helped guide feature engineering decisions.

## 8. Hopsworks Integration

I also implemented a Hopsworks connection test module to verify:

- Project authentication
- API key validity
- Feature group accessibility
- Proper feature insertion

The purpose of this step was to proactively validate the Hopsworks integration and prevent potential connection or configuration errors during future pipeline executions.

```
Logged in to project, explore it here https://c.app.hopswor
✓ Connected to project: AQIKarachi_predictor

✓ Feature Store ready
✓ Model Registry ready

=====
💡 HOPSWORKS IS READY!

2026-02-02 20:19:28,734 INFO: Closing external client and connection.
Connection closed.
```

## 9. Feature Engineering and Feature Pipeline

Then, I implemented a feature pipeline that initially created a **feature group** where data for **365 days** was fetched and stored after all the preprocessing in the feature store. After the initial setup, I changed the pipeline configuration to fetch only the latest **7 days** of data for regular updates.

The data was collected using the **DataFetcher class** from the `data_fetcher` file to retrieve air quality data along with weather data from APIs. I also used the **EPA AQICalculator class** from the AQI calculation file to compute standardized AQI values based on pollutant concentrations.

For preprocessing, I used the **DataCleaner class** from the `data_cleaning` file. In this step, unnecessary columns were removed, missing values were handled and outliers were capped to ensure clean and consistent data.

After cleaning, **feature engineering** was applied to generate useful features for model training. The processed data was then inserted into the feature store. The pipeline is designed in a way that **duplicates are not inserted**; only new unique rows are incrementally added during each run.

Overall, the pipeline automates data fetching, cleaning, feature engineering, and feature storage while maintaining updated and duplicate-free data.

From execution:

```
=====
💡 Feature Pipeline - 2026-02-13 13:50:40.005188

Fetching 7 days from API...
Fetching AIR QUALITY from 2026-02-06 to 2026-02-13
✓ Air-quality rows: 192
Fetching WEATHER from 2026-02-06 to 2026-02-13
✓ Weather rows: 192
⌚ Merging air-quality + weather data...
⌚ Final merged rows: 192
📅 Date range: 2026-02-06 00:00:00 to 2026-02-13 23:00:00
✓ Fetched: 192 rows

⌚ Cleaning data...
⌚ Starting data cleaning...
⚠ Dropping empty columns: ['ammonia']
⚠ Capping 10 outliers in pm2_5
⚠ Capping 7 outliers in pm10
⚠ Capping 8 outliers in carbon_monoxide
⚠ Capping 1 outliers in nitrogen_dioxide
⚠ Capping 9 outliers in sulphur_dioxide
✓ Data cleaning complete
✓ Clean: 192 rows
```

```

Clean: 192 rows
Engineering features...
  Features: 94 columns, 120 rows
Connecting to Hopsworks...
2026-02-13 13:52:01,115 INFO: Initializing external client
2026-02-13 13:52:01,119 INFO: Base URL: https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443
Logged in to project, explore it here https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975
  Found Feature Group v3

Checking for duplicates...
Finished: Reading data from Hopsworks, using Hopsworks Feature Query Service (298.21s)
  Feature Store latest: 2026-02-12 23:00:00
  * NEW rows to insert: 24
  Date range: 2026-02-13 00:00:00 + 2026-02-13 23:00:00
Uploading DataFrame: 100.00% | Rows: 24/24 | Elapsed Time: 00:00:00
Launching job: aqi_karachi_features_final_3_offline_fg_materialization
Job started successfully, you can follow the progress at
https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/jobs/named/aqi_karachi_features_final_3_offline_fg_materialization/executions
2026-02-13 13:57:52,209 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: INITIALIZING. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:57:55,533 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: SUBMITTED. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:57:58,842 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: RUNNING. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:59:55,301 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: AGGREGATING_LOGS. Final status: SUCCEEDED
2026-02-13 13:59:55,562 INFO: Waiting for log aggregation to finish.
2026-02-13 14:00:04,575 INFO: Execution finished successfully.

Inserted 24 rows

Uploading DataFrame: 100.00% |
Launching job: aqi_karachi_features_final_3_offline_fg_materialization
Job started successfully, you can follow the progress at
https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/jobs/named/aqi_karachi_features_final_3_offline_fg_materialization/executions
2026-02-13 13:57:52,209 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: INITIALIZING. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:57:55,533 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: SUBMITTED. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:57:58,842 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: RUNNING. Final status: UNDEFINED
2026-02-13 13:59:55,301 INFO: Waiting for execution to finish. Current state: AGGREGATING_LOGS. Final status: SUCCEEDED
2026-02-13 13:59:55,562 INFO: Waiting for log aggregation to finish.
2026-02-13 14:00:04,575 INFO: Execution finished successfully.

Inserted 24 rows

=====
FEATURE PIPELINE COMPLETE
=====
2026-02-13 14:00:04,606 INFO: Closing external client and cleaning up certificates.
Connection closed.

```

## 10. Model Training Pipeline

After this, I implemented a training pipeline that:

- Pulls features from Hopsworks
- Splits data correctly (time-series aware split)
- Trains three models (Ridge, Randomforest, XGboost)
- Evaluates model performance using three evaluation metrics: Root Mean Square Error (RMSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE), and R-squared ( $R^2$ ) to measure prediction accuracy and reliability
- Shows best model for each day based on the lowest RMSE
- Registers all the models in the Model Registry

### CHALLENGE:

During model training, I identified a data leakage problem where future information was indirectly influencing the training process.

Initially, the model was producing unusually high  $R^2$  scores, which indicated that it might be accessing information from the future. The performance appeared too good to be realistic for a real-world AQI forecasting problem.

After investigation, I corrected the issue by:

- Ensuring proper time-based splits
- Removing any future-dependent features
- Validating chronological order

After fixing the leakage, the  $R^2$  scores reduced to approximately 0.6–0.76. Although the performance decreased compared to the leaked setup, the results became realistic, reliable and suitable for real-world deployment.

This step significantly improved the credibility and robustness of my forecasting system.

## Model Performance Results

```
2026-02-14 18:27:00,696 INFO: Initializing external client
2026-02-14 18:27:00,697 INFO: Base URL: https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443
2026-02-14 18:27:09,219 INFO: Python Engine initialized.

Logged in to project, explore it here https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975
=====
TRAINING PIPELINE - 2026-02-14 18:27:12.986985
=====
Finished: Reading data from Hopworks, using Hopworks Feature Query Service (19.88s)
Loaded 9237 rows from Feature Store
Train samples: 7332
Test samples: 1833

TRAINING

TARGET: DAY1
Ridge      | RMSE: 31.12 | MAE: 24.85 | R2: 0.698 | OK
```

```
TRAINING

TARGET: DAY1
Ridge      | RMSE: 31.12 | MAE: 24.85 | R2: 0.698 | OK
RandomForest | RMSE: 28.69 | MAE: 22.81 | R2: 0.743 | OK
XGBoost     | RMSE: 29.55 | MAE: 23.58 | R2: 0.728 | OVERRFITTING

TARGET: DAY2
Ridge      | RMSE: 33.30 | MAE: 26.94 | R2: 0.657 | OK
RandomForest | RMSE: 30.49 | MAE: 24.86 | R2: 0.713 | OK
XGBoost     | RMSE: 30.33 | MAE: 24.45 | R2: 0.716 | OK

TARGET: DAY3
Ridge      | RMSE: 35.31 | MAE: 28.67 | R2: 0.617 | OK
RandomForest | RMSE: 30.02 | MAE: 24.40 | R2: 0.723 | OK
XGBoost     | RMSE: 30.59 | MAE: 24.38 | R2: 0.712 | OK

BEST MODEL PER HORIZON
```

Showing best model for each day based on the lowest RMSE metric:

```
BEST MODEL PER HORIZON

DAY1 -> RandomForest (RMSE = 28.69)
DAY2 -> XGBoost (RMSE = 30.33)
DAY3 -> RandomForest (RMSE = 30.02)

TRAINING DONE
```

## 11. Model Registry and Versioning

Each trained model was :

- Uploaded to Hopsworks Model Registry
- Versioned properly
- Tagged as BEST and ALT model per day
- Stored with metadata

From execution:

```
=====
UPDATING MODELS (VERSIONING MODE)
=====

Removing best_model tags from previous versions...
Tag cleanup done

Uploading new model versions...

2026-02-14 18:33:45,456 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp8f9y\in4v\features.json: 100.000% | 1722/1722 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp8f9y\in4v\model.pkl: 100.000% | 1227/1227 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp8f9y\in4v/scaler.pkl: 100.000% | 4575/4575 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_ridge_day1/15
[ALT] aql_ridge_day1 (new version created)

2026-02-14 18:34:01,384 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:02 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\model.pkl: 100.000% | 2770353/2770353 elapsed:00:33 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_randomforest_day1/15
[BEST] aql_randomforest_day1 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:34:47,894 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp92kupq0\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00

(enw) PS C:\Users\pc\Desktop\aq1> python src/training/training_pipeline.py
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_ridge_day1/15
[ALT] aql_ridge_day1 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:34:01,384 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:02 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\model.pkl: 100.000% | 2770353/2770353 elapsed:00:33 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_randomforest_day1/15
[BEST] aql_randomforest_day1 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:34:47,894 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp92kupq0\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp92kupq0\model.pkl: 100.000% | 517271/517271 elapsed:00:00 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_xgboost_day1/15
[ALT] aql_xgboost_day1 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:35:04,189 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\features.json: 100.000% | 1722/1722 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9\model.pkl: 100.000% | 1227/1227 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1xb0zhd9/scaler.pkl: 100.000% | 4575/4575 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_ridge_day2/15
[ALT] aql_ridge_day2 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:35:20,968 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

(enw) PS C:\Users\pc\Desktop\aq1> python src/training/training_pipeline.py
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_ridge_day2/15
[ALT] aql_ridge_day2 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:35:20,968 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp2oc340u6\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp2oc340u6\model.pkl: 100.000% | 2770353/2770353 elapsed:00:13 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_randomForest_day2/15
[ALT] aql_randomForest_day2 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:35:46,454 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpq_ud0c6\features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpq_ud0c6\model.pkl: 100.000% | 517271/517271 elapsed:00:03 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aql_xgboost_day2/15
[BEST] aql_xgboost_day2 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:36:01,332 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1hpfxcm\features.json: 100.000% | 1722/1722 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1hpfxcm\model.pkl: 100.000% | 1227/1227 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmp1hpfxcm/scaler.pkl: 100.000% | 4575/4575 elapsed:00:01 remaining:00:00
Model export complete: 100%
```

```

Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aqi_xgboost_day2/15
[BEST] aqi_xgboost_day2 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:36:01,332 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot not be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpnphfpxox\features.json: 100.000% | 1722/1722 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpnphfpxox\model.pkl: 100.000% | 1227/1227 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpnphfpxox\scaler.pkl: 100.000% | 4575/4575 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aqi_ridge_day3/15
[ALT] aqi_ridge_day3 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:36:17,782 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot not be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpnphfpxoy/features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpnphfpxoy\model.pkl: 100.000% | 277053/277053 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aqi_randomForest_day3/15
[BEST] aqi_randomForest_day3 (new version created)

Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aqi_xgboost_day3/15
[BEST] aqi_randomForest_day3 (new version created)
2026-02-14 18:36:44,892 WARNING: ProvenanceWarning: Model schema cannot not be inferred without both the feature view and the training dataset version.

Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmprhkdg8y/features.json: 100.000% | 1723/1723 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Uploading C:\Users\pc\AppData\Local\Temp\tmprhkdg8y/model.pkl: 100.000% | 517271/517271 elapsed<00:01 remaining<00
Model export complete: 100%
Model created, explore it at https://c.app.hopworks.ai:443/p/1357975/models/aqi_xgboost_day3/15
[ALT] aqi_xgboost_day3 (new version created)

=====
ALL 9 MODELS UPLOADED
=====
2026-02-14 18:36:59,587 INFO: Closing external client and cleaning up certificates.
Connection closed.

```

All 9 models were uploaded successfully.

This allows:

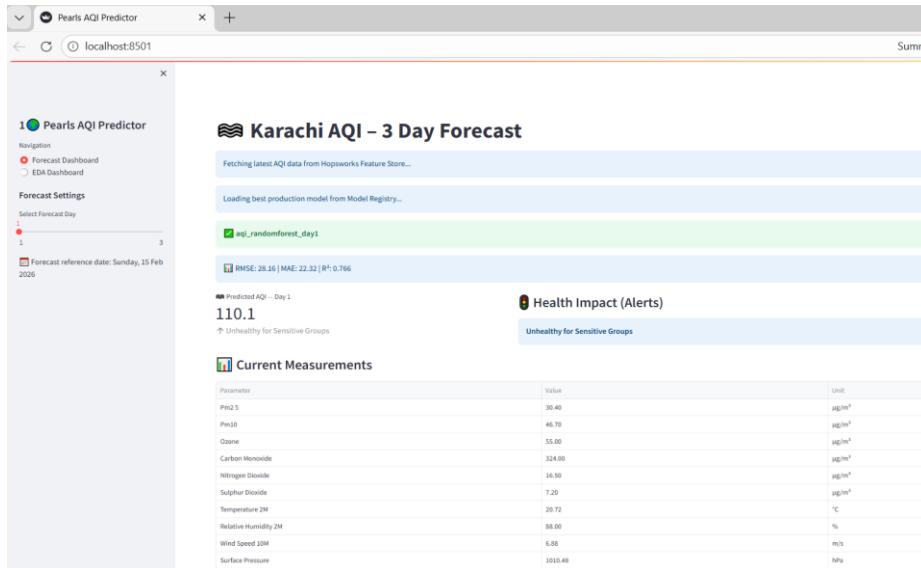
- Model reproducibility
- Performance tracking
- Rollback capability

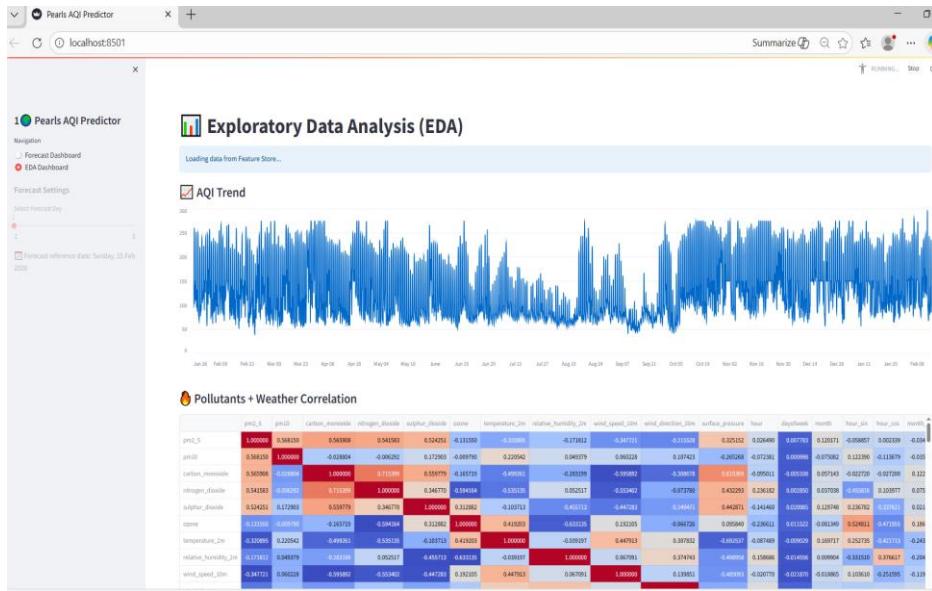
## 12. Streamlit Deployment

The final best models were then deployed.

### 12.1 Local Deployment

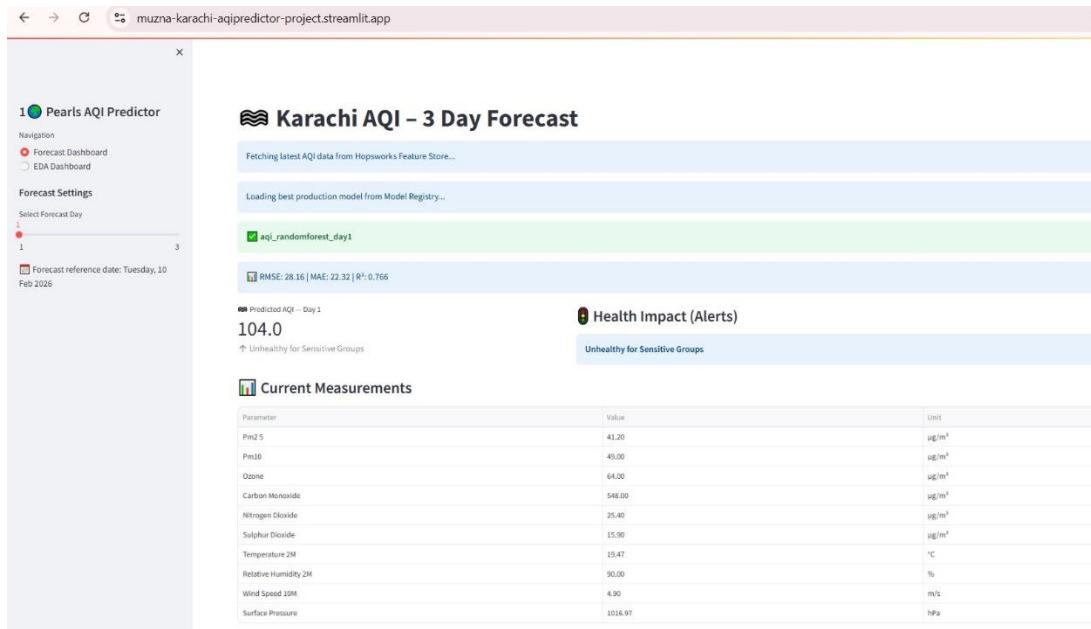
- Using Streamlit on localhost
- Tested predictions
- Verified API integration

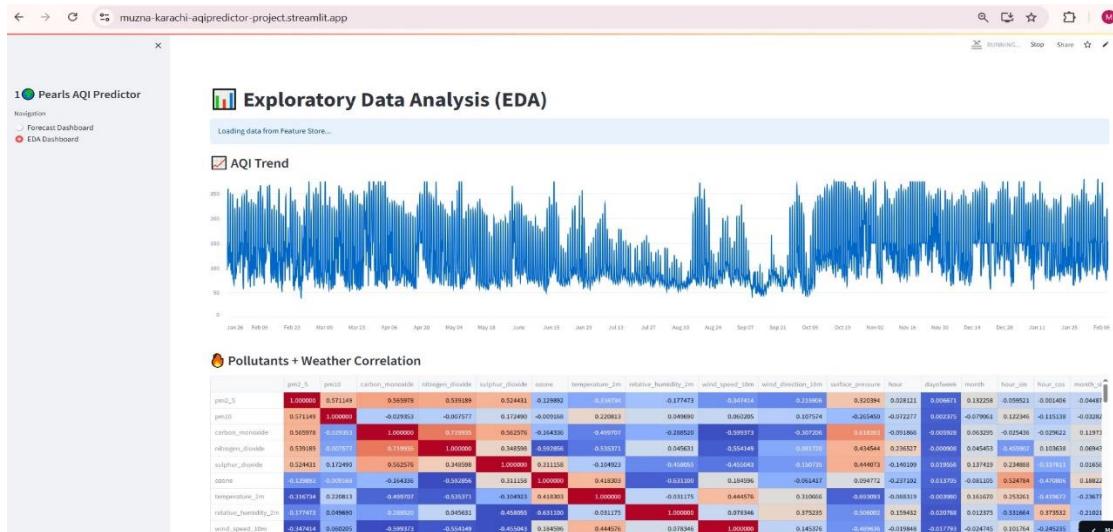




Then, I deployed it on streamlit cloud.

## 12.2 Cloud Deployment





The deployed application:

- Displays forecast and Eda dashboard
- Fetches latest feature data
- Loads latest best model
- Generates AQI forecasts
- Displays forecast predictions interactively
- Displays Eda visualizations

## 13. SHAP Explainability

To ensure model interpretability, I also implemented SHAP (SHapley Additive Explanations).

SHAP helped:

- Identify most important features
- Understand feature impact direction
- Validate model behavior
- Increase trust in predictions

This made the system both predictive and explainable.

```

Logged in to project, explore it here https://c.app.hopsworks.ai:443/p/1357975
Finished: Reading data from Hopsworks, using Hopsworks Feature Query Service (23.82s)
✓ SHAP sample ready: (500, 89)

Downloading: 0.000% | 0/4575 elapsed<00:00 remaining<?

Downloading model artifact (0 dirs, 1 files)...

Downloading: 0.000% | 0/1227 elapsed<00:00 remaining<?

Downloading model artifact (0 dirs, 2 files)...

Downloading: 0.000% | 0/1722 elapsed<00:00 remaining<?

Downloading model artifact (0 dirs, 3 files)... DONE

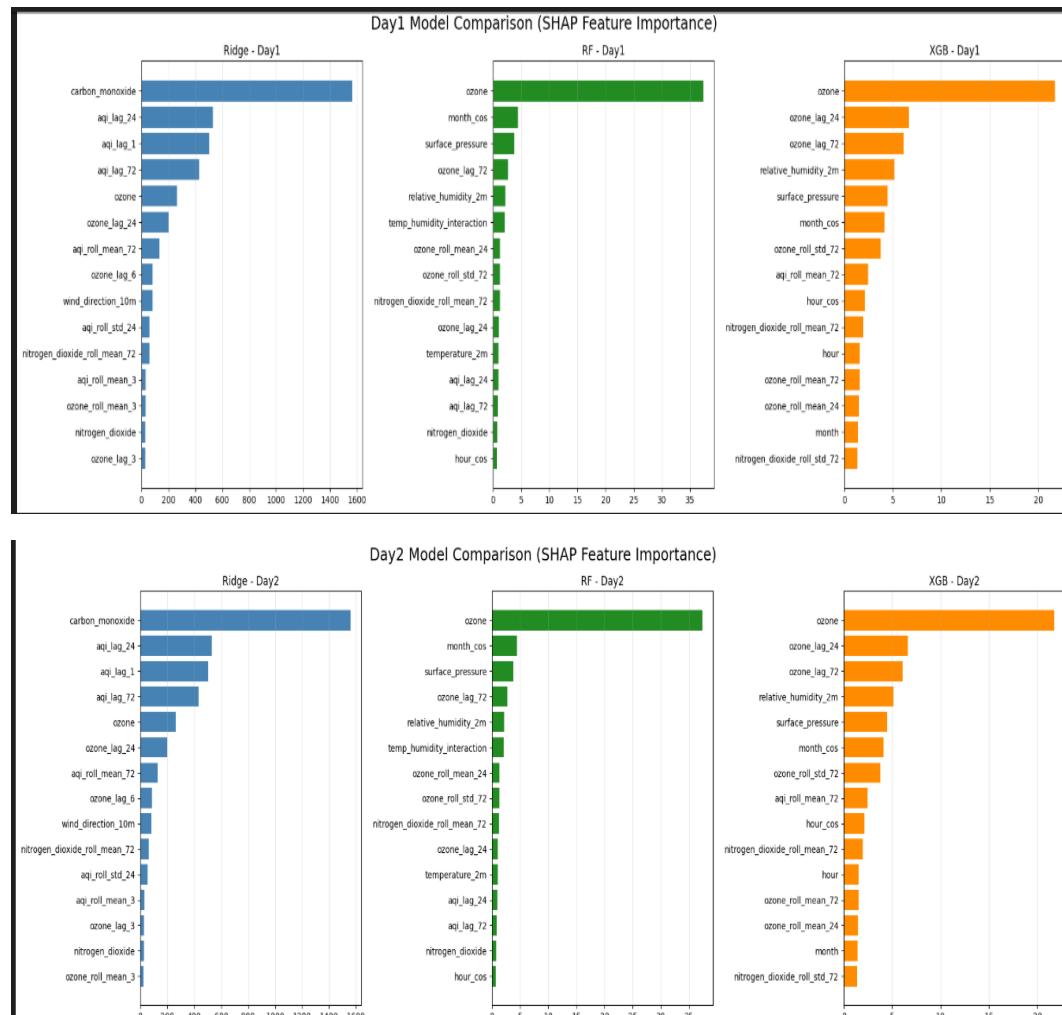
Downloading: 0.000% | 0/2666817 elapsed<00:00 remaining<?

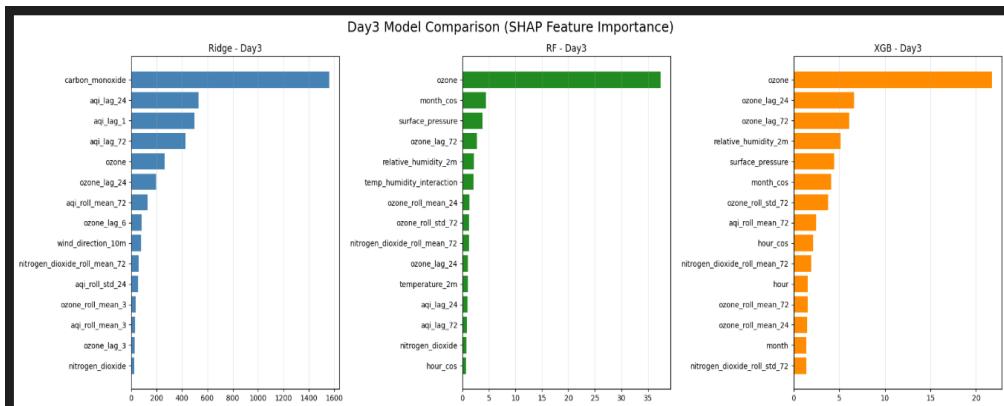
Downloading model artifact (0 dirs, 1 files)...

Downloading: 0.000% | 0/1723 elapsed<00:00 remaining<?

Downloading model artifact (0 dirs, 2 files)... DONE

```





## 14. CI/CD Implementation (GitHub Actions)

At last, after pushing my project to github, I implemented CI/CD using GitHub Actions.

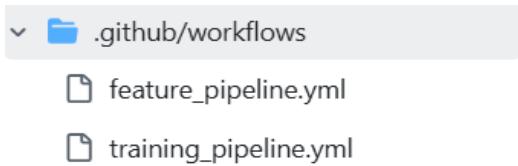
Two workflow files were created:

### 1) Feature Pipeline Workflow (`feature_pipeline.yml`)

- Scheduled hourly
- Fetches new data
- Processes features
- Updates Feature Store

### 2) Training Pipeline Workflow (`training_pipeline.yml`)

- Scheduled daily
- Pulls latest features
- Retrains models
- Updates Model Registry



✓ Feature Pipeline Feature Pipeline #74: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 11:50 AM GMT+5 1m 40s	...
✓ Feature Pipeline Feature Pipeline #73: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 10:46 AM GMT+5 1m 27s	...
✓ Feature Pipeline Feature Pipeline #72: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 9:42 AM GMT+5 1m 32s	...
✓ Feature Pipeline Feature Pipeline #71: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 7:12 AM GMT+5 1m 39s	...
✓ Training Pipeline Training Pipeline #7: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 6:19 AM GMT+5 5m 18s	...
✓ Feature Pipeline Feature Pipeline #70: Scheduled	<code>main</code>	Feb 14, 4:33 AM GMT+5 1m 27s	...

## 15. Challenges Faced And Solved

1. API selection and rate limiting issues
2. Ensuring complete one-year historical data
3. Missing AQI Target Variable
4. Fixing data leakage in training

Each challenge was resolved systematically through debugging and validation.

## 16. Conclusion

This project successfully implements a production-ready AQI forecasting system using:

- Open-Meteo API
- Data validation and cleaning
- Feature engineering
- Hopsworks Feature Store
- Multi-model training
- Model Registry with versioning
- Streamlit deployment
- GitHub Actions CI/CD automation

The system is:

- Automated
- Scalable
- Reproducible
- Version-controlled
- Deployable

It demonstrates practical implementation of Machine Learning Operations (MLOps) in a real-world time-series forecasting problem.