

Independent Project: Data Cleaning and EDA using R

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Question

A Kenyan entrepreneur who created an online cryptocurrency course would like to advertise on their blog. They need help identifying the most likely users to click on ads.

Success Metric

- finding the individual who are likely to click the ads

Context

knowing your clients who are likely to click on the ads are the most potential audience and customers and thus being able to know what they need and meeting their demands increases their satisfaction and are more likely to get the word out about the blog hence creating a larger audience

Experimental design

- Load the Libraries
- Read the data
- Cleaning
- EDA

```
#("devtools"); devtools::install_github("username/packageName")
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.6      v purrr   0.3.4
## v tibble  3.1.7      v dplyr   1.0.9
## v tidyr   1.2.0      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   2.1.2      v forcats 0.5.1
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

```
library(readr)
library(ROCR)
library(PerformanceAnalytics)
```

```
## Loading required package: xts
```

```
## Loading required package: zoo
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'xts'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      first, last
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'PerformanceAnalytics'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
```

```
##
```

```
##      legend
```

```
library(e1071)
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'e1071'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:PerformanceAnalytics':
```

```
##
```

```
##      kurtosis, skewness
```

```
library(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'caret'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      lift
```

```
library(gbm)
```

```
## Loaded gbm 2.1.8
```

```
library(corrplot)
```

```
## corrplot 0.92 loaded
```

```
library(ggcorrplot)
library(MASS)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##      select
```

```
library(rpart)
library(caTools)
library(naivebayes)
```

```
## naivebayes 0.9.7 loaded
```

```
library(class)
library(ISLR)
library(glmnet)
```

```
## Loading required package: Matrix
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##      expand, pack, unpack
```

```
## Loaded glmnet 4.1-4
```

```
library(Hmisc)
```

```
## Loading required package: survival
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'survival'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:caret':
##
##      cluster
```

```

## Loading required package: Formula

##
## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'

## The following object is masked from 'package:e1071':
##
##     impute

## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     src, summarize

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     format.pval, units

library(funModeling)

## funModeling v.1.9.4 :)
## Examples and tutorials at livebook.datascienceheroes.com
## / Now in Spanish: librovivodecienciadedatos.ai

library(pROC)

## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.

##
## Attaching package: 'pROC'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     cov, smooth, var

library(randomForest)

## randomForest 4.7-1.1

## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.

##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     combine

## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##     margin

```

```
library(klaR)
library(scales)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'scales'

## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   discard

## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
##
##   col_factor
```

```
library(cluster)
library(factoextra)
```

```
## Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa
```

```
library(DataExplorer)
library(ClustOfVar)
library(GGally)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##   method from
##   +.gg      ggplot2

##
## Attaching package: 'GGally'

## The following object is masked from 'package:funModeling':
##
##   range01
```

```
tinytex::install_tinytex(force = TRUE)
```

Loading the dataset

```
library(csvread)
url <- "http://bit.ly/IPAdvertisingData"
destfile <- "IPAdvertisingData.xls"
curl::curl_download(url, destfile)
IPAdvertisingData <- read_csv(destfile)
```

```
## Rows: 1000 Columns: 10
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr   (3): Ad Topic Line, City, Country
## dbl   (6): Daily Time Spent on Site, Age, Area Income, Daily Internet Usage, ...
## dtm   (1): Timestamp
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

```
View(IPAdvertisingData)
```

```
# Removing duplicates from all columns
```

```
IPAdvertisingData = IPAdvertisingData[!duplicated(IPAdvertisingData), ]
```

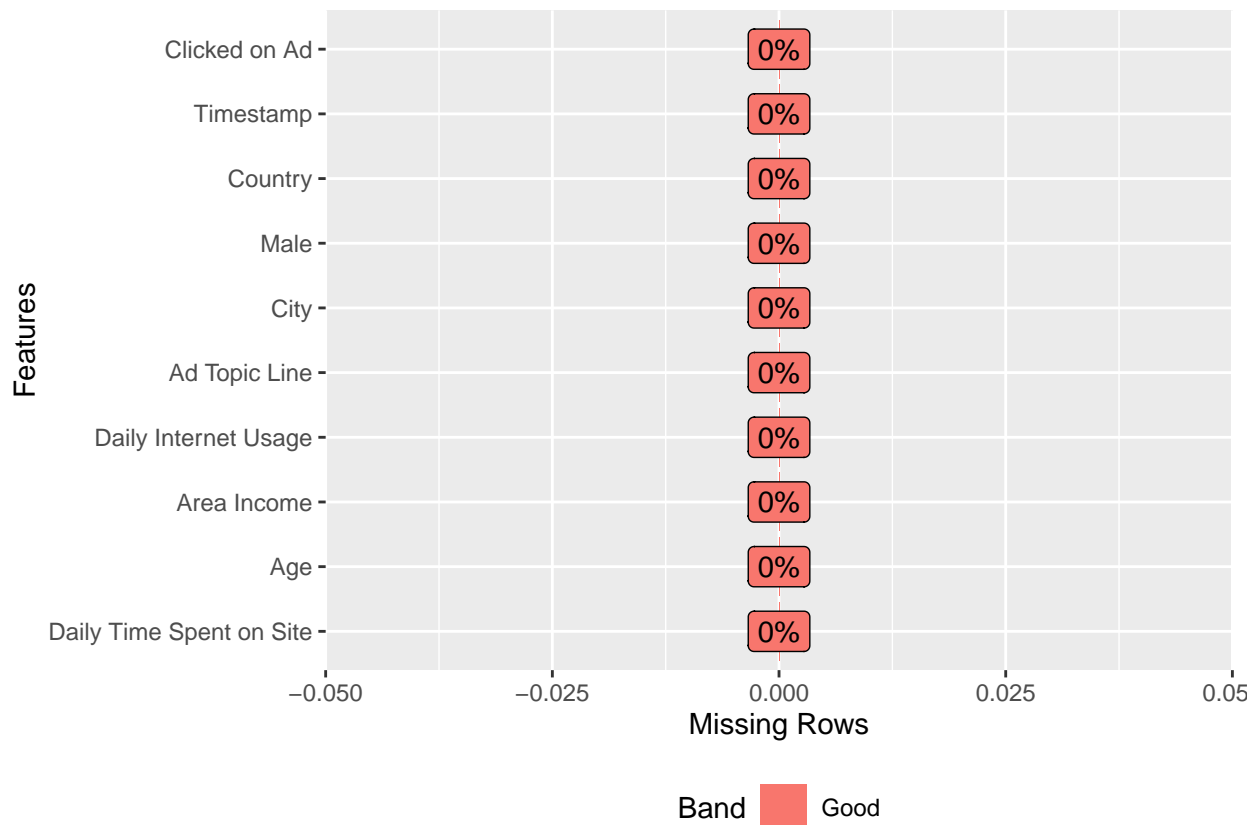
```
# previewing the dataset
```

```
head(IPAdvertisingData)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
##   'Daily Time Spent~' Age 'Area Income' 'Daily Interne~' 'Ad Topic Line' City
##   <dbl> <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>      <chr>
## 1      69.0    35      61834.      256. Cloned 5thgene~ Wrig~
## 2      80.2    31      68442.      194. Monitored nati~ West~
## 3      69.5    26      59786.      236. Organic bottom~ Davi~
## 4      74.2    29      54806.      246. Triple-buffere~ West~
## 5      68.4    35      73890.      226. Robust logisti~ Sout~
## 6      60.0    23      59762.      227. Sharable clien~ Jami~
## # ... with 4 more variables: Male <dbl>, Country <chr>, Timestamp <dtm>,
## #   'Clicked on Ad' <dbl>
```

```
# checking the percentage of missing values for all variables
```

```
plot_missing(IPAdvertisingData)
```



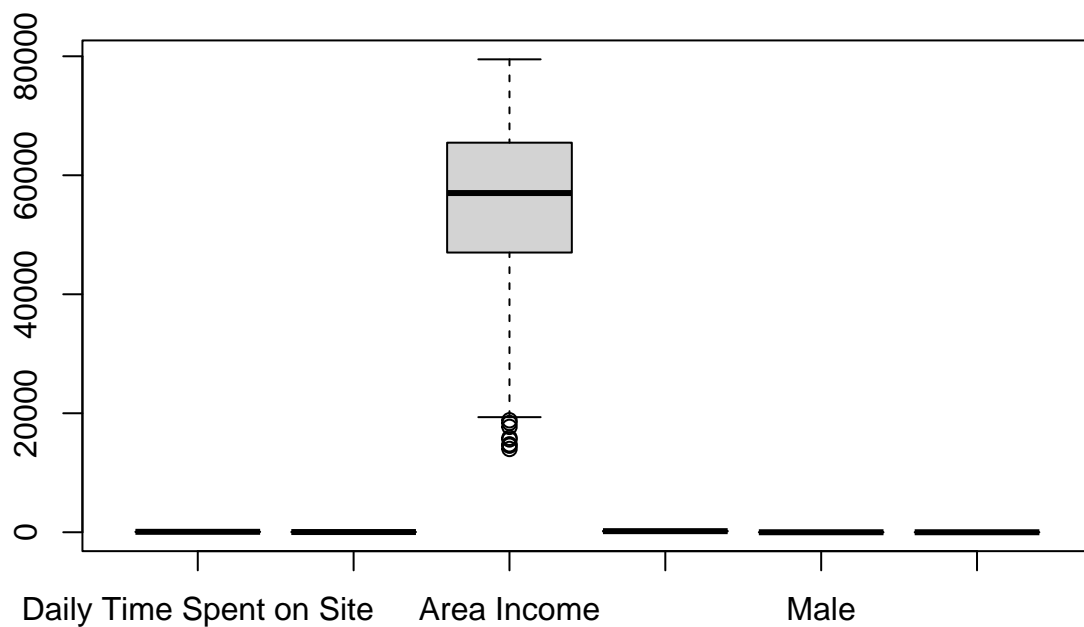
It seems there are no missing values

```
# getting the summary statistics
summary(IPAdvertisingData)
```

```
## Daily Time Spent on Site      Age      Area Income      Daily Internet Usage
## Min.      :32.60              Min.      :19.00      Min.      :13996      Min.      :104.8
## 1st Qu.:51.36              1st Qu.:29.00      1st Qu.:47032      1st Qu.:138.8
## Median :68.22              Median :35.00      Median :57012      Median :183.1
## Mean      :65.00              Mean      :36.01      Mean      :55000      Mean      :180.0
## 3rd Qu.:78.55              3rd Qu.:42.00      3rd Qu.:65471      3rd Qu.:218.8
## Max.      :91.43              Max.      :61.00      Max.      :79485      Max.      :270.0
## Ad Topic Line      City      Male      Country
## Length:1000      Length:1000      Min.      :0.000      Length:1000
## Class :character      Class :character      1st Qu.:0.000      Class :character
## Mode  :character      Mode  :character      Median :0.000      Mode  :character
##                               Mean      :0.481
##                               3rd Qu.:1.000
##                               Max.      :1.000
## Timestamp      Clicked on Ad
## Min.      :2016-01-01 02:52:10.00      Min.      :0.0
## 1st Qu.:2016-02-18 02:55:42.00      1st Qu.:0.0
## Median :2016-04-07 17:27:29.50      Median :0.5
## Mean      :2016-04-10 10:34:06.64      Mean      :0.5
## 3rd Qu.:2016-05-31 03:18:14.00      3rd Qu.:1.0
## Max.      :2016-07-24 00:22:16.00      Max.      :1.0
```

The mean and medians of each feature are not far apart suggesting the data is normally distributed and outliers are not altering

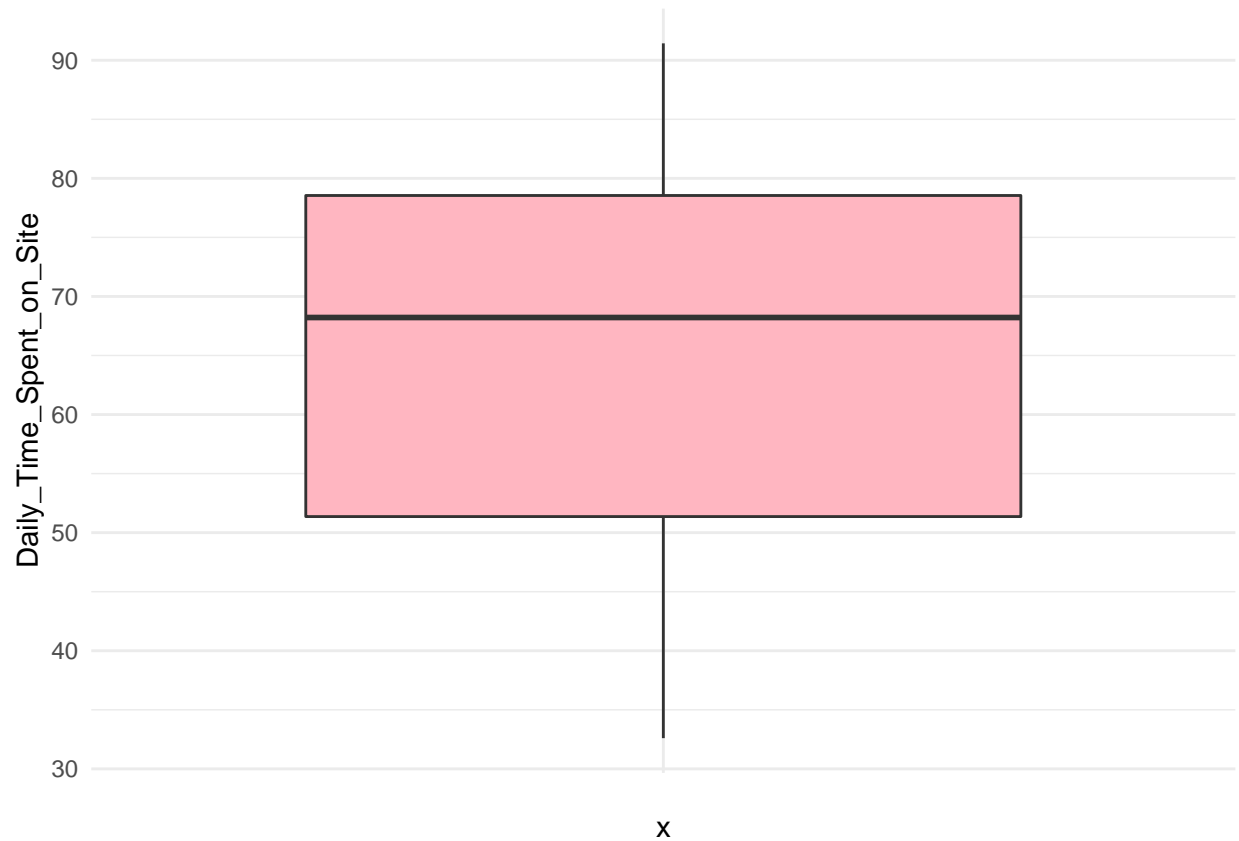
```
# first attempt at displaying outliers in lal
boxplot(IPAdvertisingData%>% select_if(is.numeric))
```



```
# renaming the column names so it's easier to reference
names(IPAdvertisingData) <- gsub(" ", "_", names(IPAdvertisingData))
colnames(IPAdvertisingData)
```

```
## [1] "Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site" "Age"
## [3] "Area_Income"             "Daily_Internet_Usage"
## [5] "Ad_Topic_Line"           "City"
## [7] "Male"                    "Country"
## [9] "Timestamp"               "Clicked_on_Ad"
```

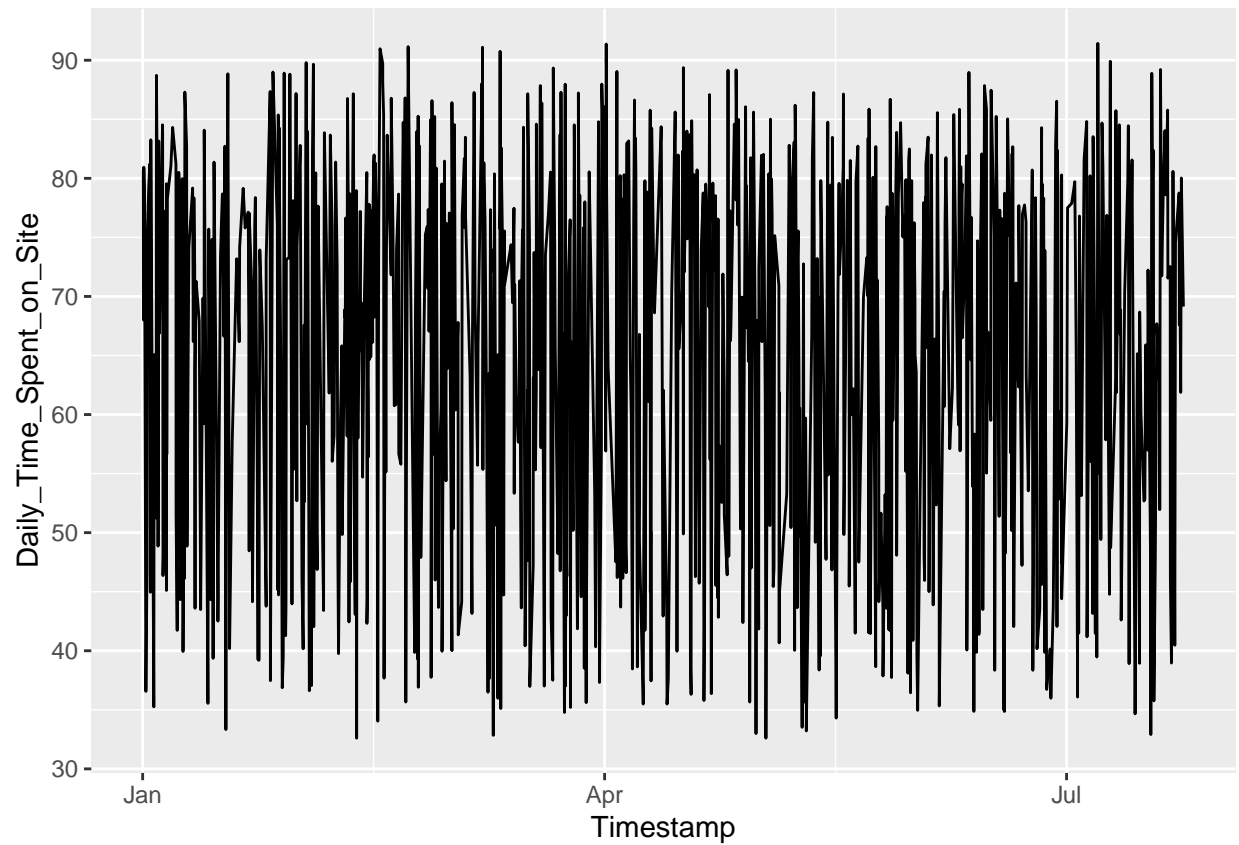
```
ggplot(IPAdvertisingData) +
  aes(x = "", y = Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site) +
  geom_boxplot(fill = "#FFB6C1") +
  theme_minimal()
```

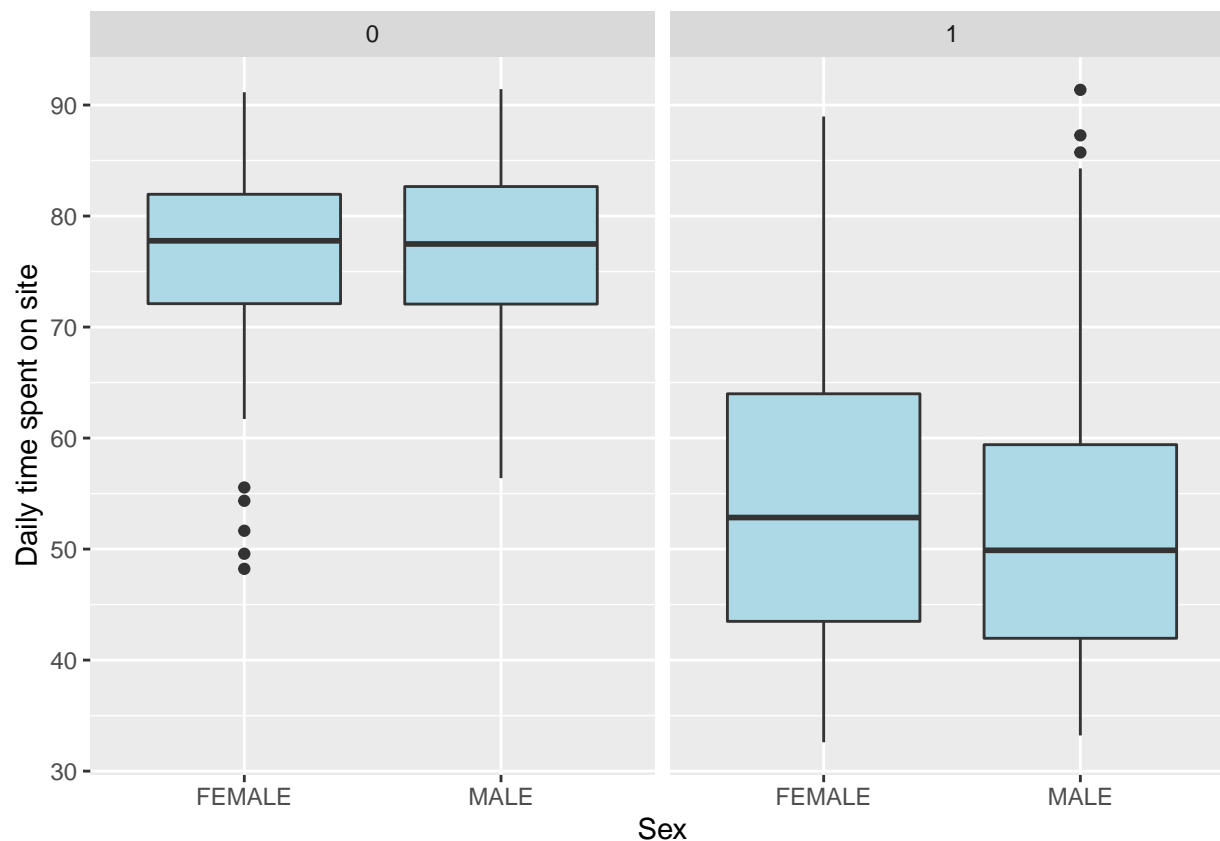
```
# Converting 0,1 to Female, Male so visualization's better
IPAdvertisingData <- IPAdvertisingData %>%
  mutate(Male = if_else(Male == 1, "MALE", "FEMALE"))
```

```
#creating a time series plot
p <- ggplot(IPAdvertisingData, aes(x=Timestamp, y=Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site)) +
  geom_line()
```

```
#display time series plot
p
```



```
# Daily time pent on the site comparison by gender
IPAdvertisingData %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Male,y=Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site))+
  geom_boxplot(fill='lightblue')+
  xlab("Sex")+
  ylab("Daily time spent on site")+
  facet_grid(~Clicked_on_Ad)
```

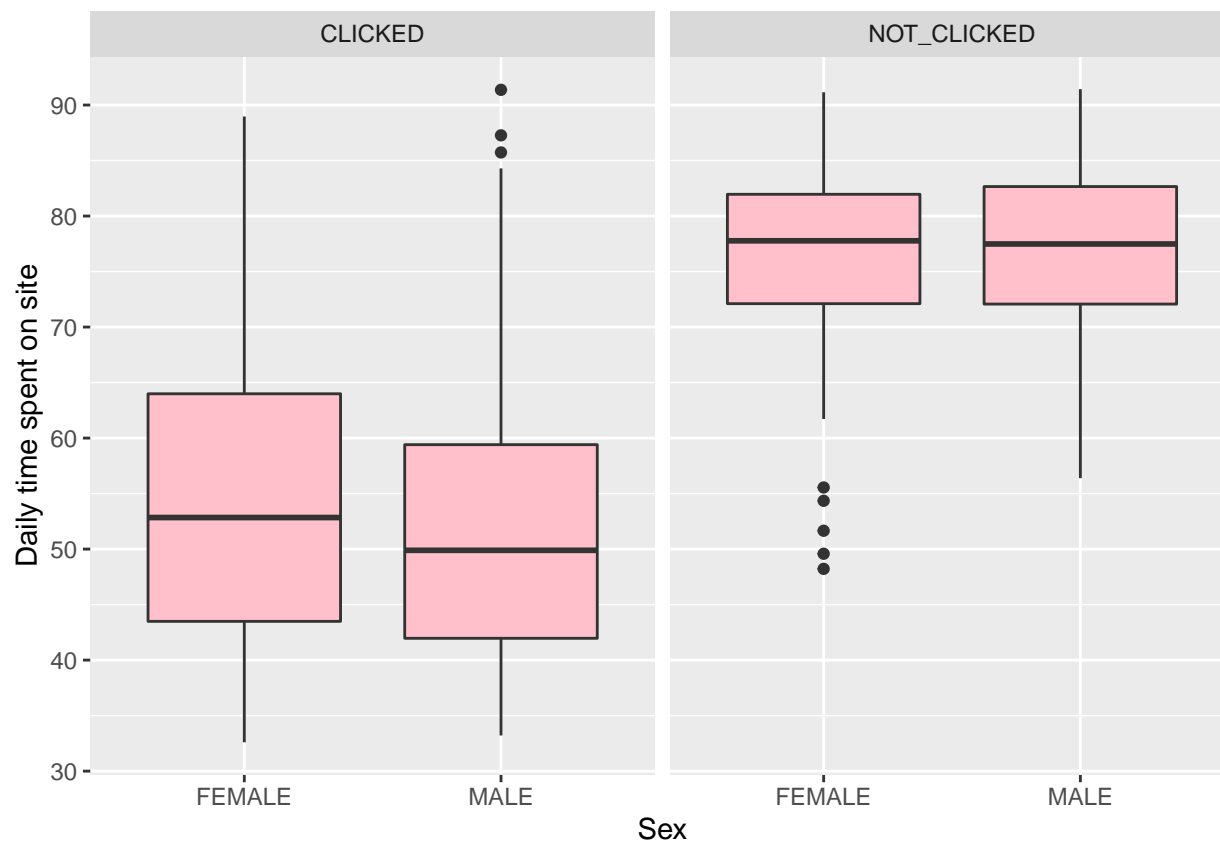


```
# Converting 0,1 to Female, Male so visualization's better
```

```
IPAdvertisingData <- IPAdvertisingData %>%  
  mutate(Clicked_on_Ad = if_else(Clicked_on_Ad == 1, "CLICKED", "NOT_CLICKED"))
```

```
# Daily time pent on the site comparison by gender and age
```

```
IPAdvertisingData %>%  
  
  ggplot(aes(x=Male,y=Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site, group=Male))+  
  geom_boxplot(fill='pink')+  
  xlab("Sex")+  
  ylab("Daily time spent on site")+  
  facet_grid(~Clicked_on_Ad)
```

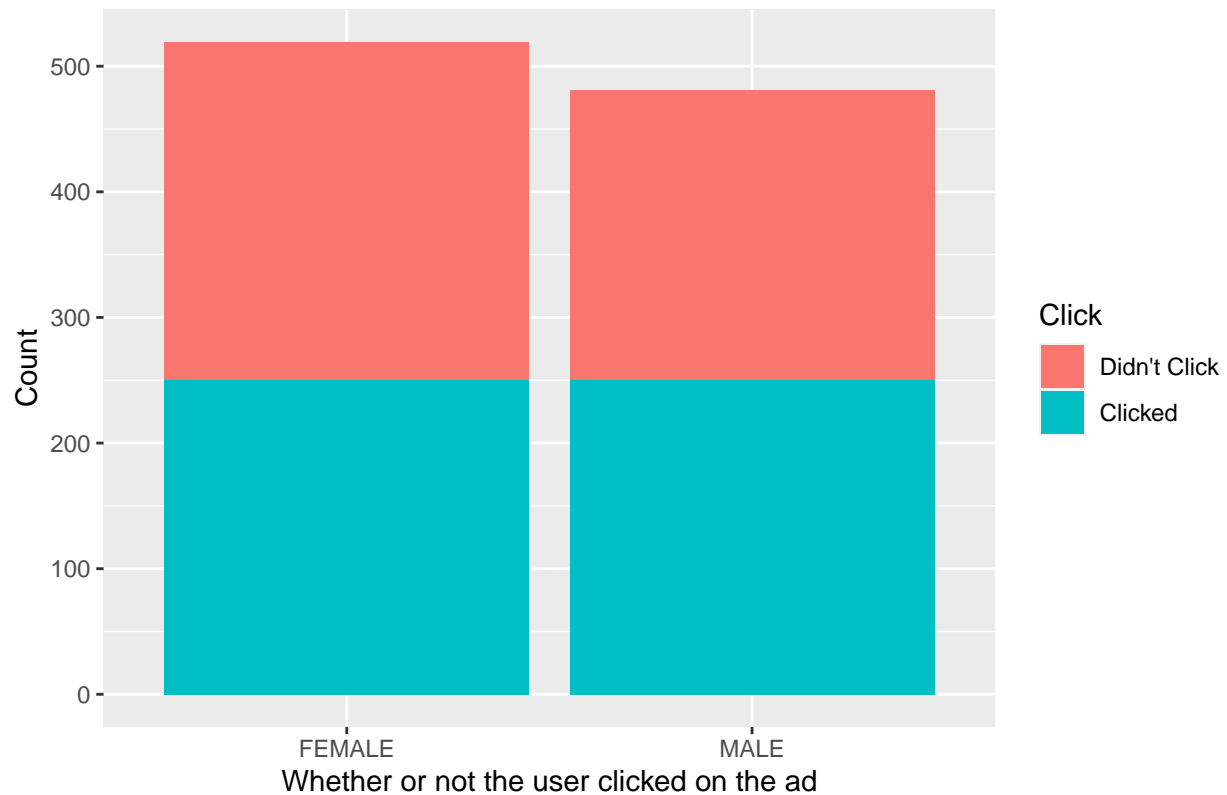


```
# Bar plot for target (Whether or not the user clicked on the ad)
ggplot(IPAdvertisingData, aes(x=IPAdvertisingData$Male, fill=IPAdvertisingData$Clicked_on_Ad)) +
  geom_bar() +
  xlab("Whether or not the user clicked on the ad") +
  ylab("Count") +
  ggtitle("Analysis of Gender vs Whether or not the user clicked on the ad") +
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "Click", labels = c("Didn't Click", "Clicked"))
```

```
## Warning: Use of 'IPAdvertisingData$Male' is discouraged. Use 'Male' instead.
```

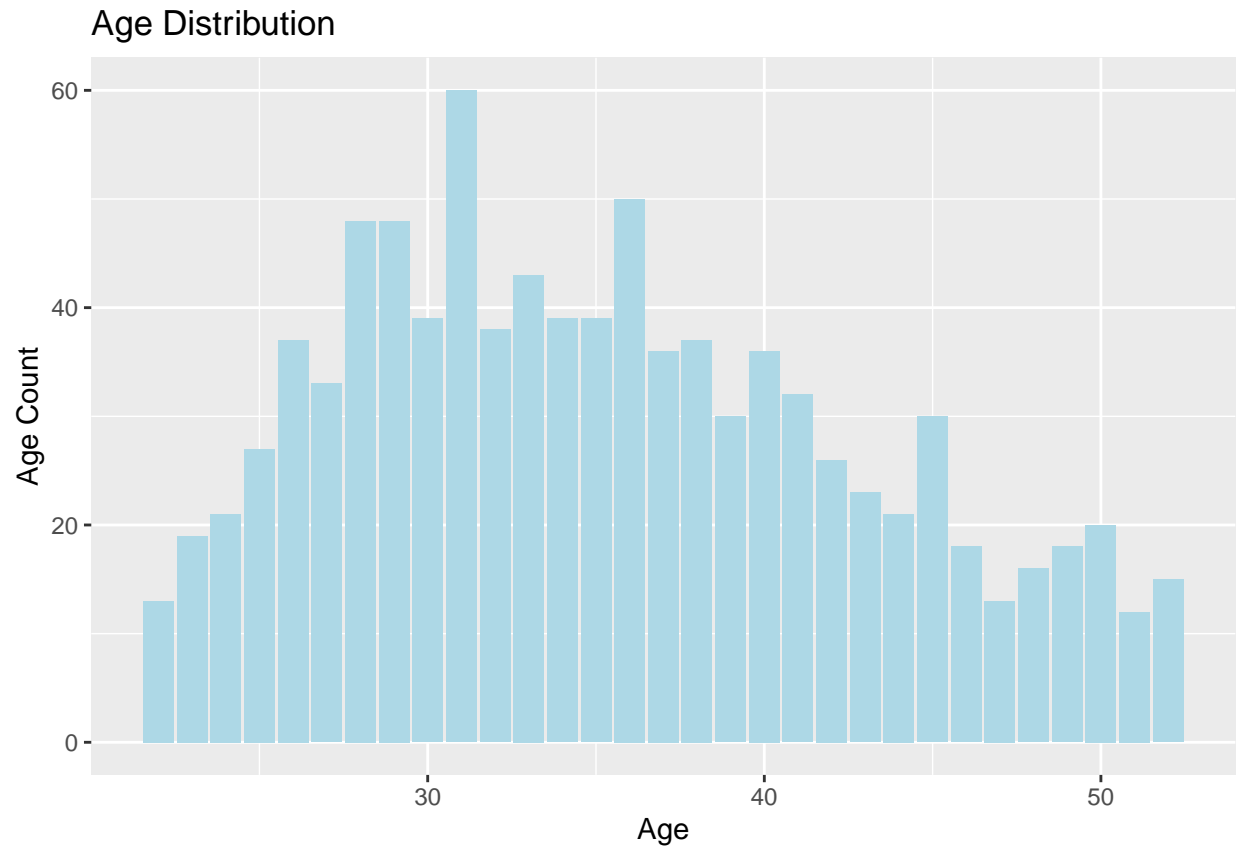
```
## Warning: Use of 'IPAdvertisingData$Clicked_on_Ad' is discouraged. Use
## 'Clicked_on_Ad' instead.
```

Analysis of Gender vs Whether or not the user clicked on the ad



here is no imbalance issue in the target variable.

```
# Counting the age distribution
IPAdvertisingData %>%
  group_by(Age) %>%
  count() %>%
  filter(n > 10) %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_col(aes(Age, n), fill = "lightblue")+
  ggtitle("Age Distribution") +
  xlab("Age") +
  ylab("Age Count")
```



```
# bivariate analysis on Age, Gender and Daily internet Usage
IPAdvertisingData %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Age,y=Daily_Internet_Usage,color=Male, size=Daily_Internet_Usage))+
  geom_point(alpha=0.7)+xlab("Age") +
  ylab("Daily Internet Usage")+
  guides(fill = guide_legend(title = "Gender"))
```



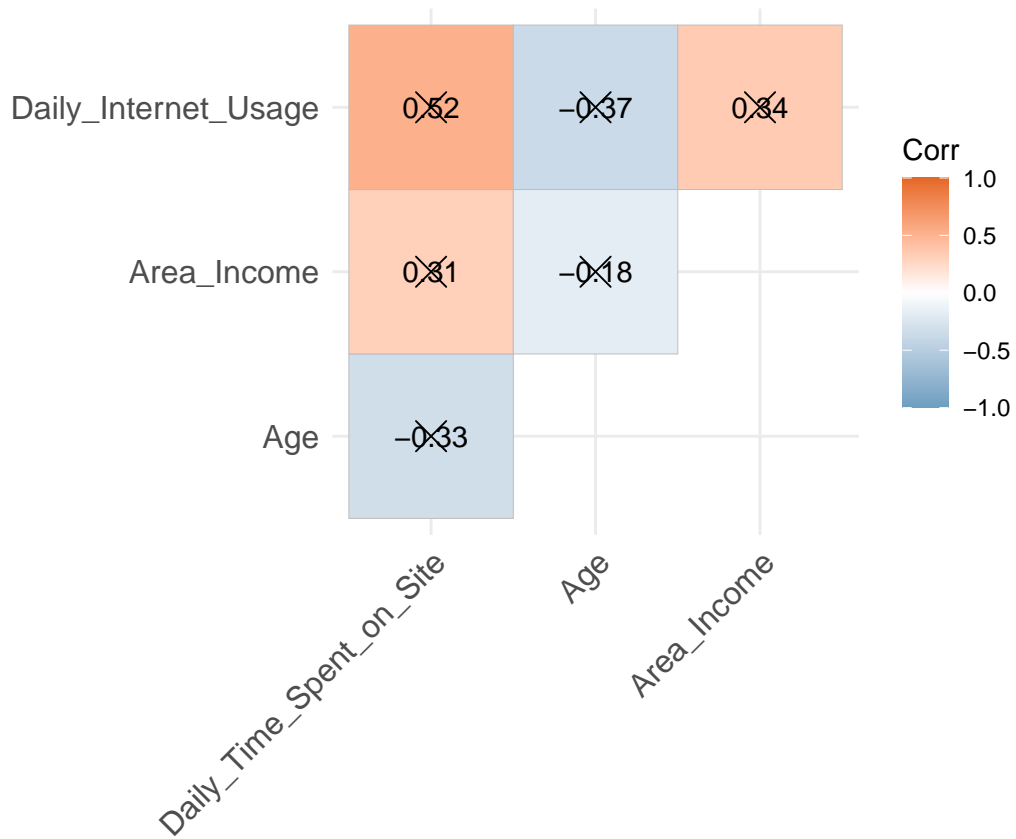
```
corr <- cor(IPAdvertisingData%>% select_if(is.numeric))
corr
```

```
##           Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site      Age Area_Income
## Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site           1.0000000 -0.3315133  0.3109544
## Age                               -0.3315133  1.0000000 -0.1826050
## Area_Income                       0.3109544 -0.1826050  1.0000000
## Daily_Internet_Usage               0.5186585 -0.3672086  0.3374955
##           Daily_Internet_Usage
## Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site      0.5186585
## Age                          -0.3672086
## Area_Income                   0.3374955
## Daily_Internet_Usage          1.0000000
```

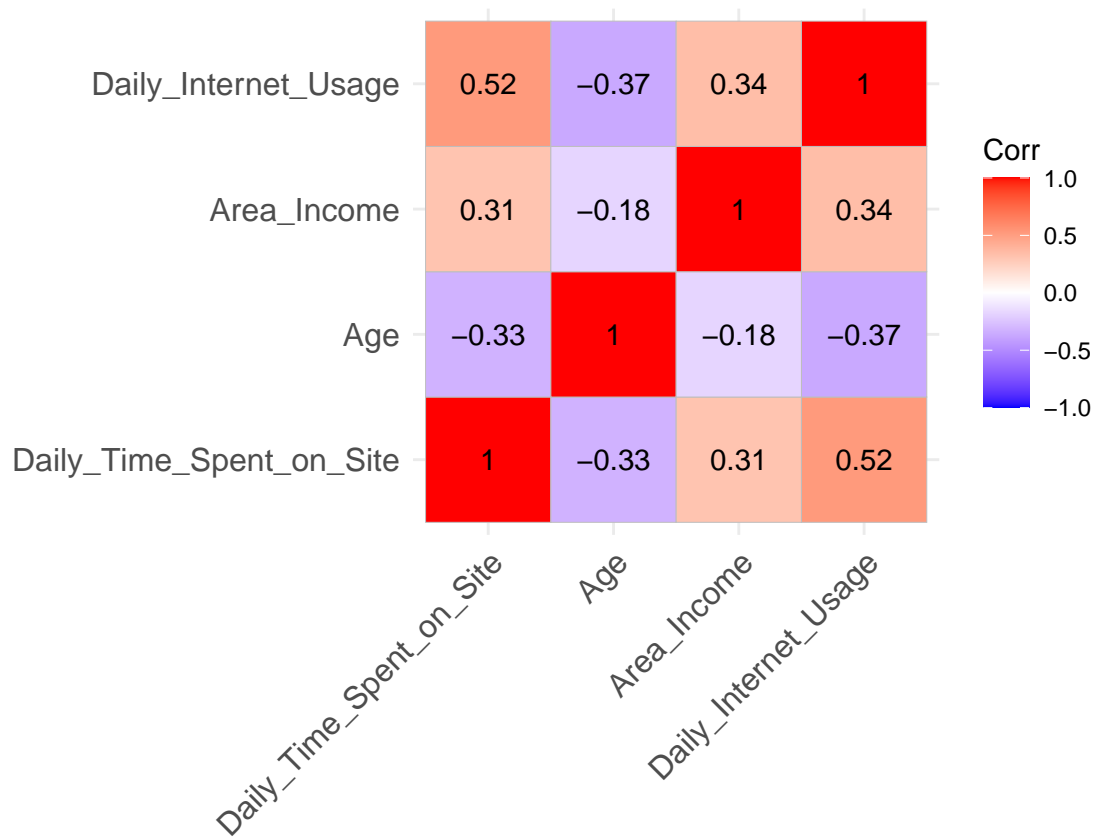
```
#corrplot(corr, method = "ellipse", type="upper",)
```

```
p.mat <- cor_pmat(corr, method = "spearman")

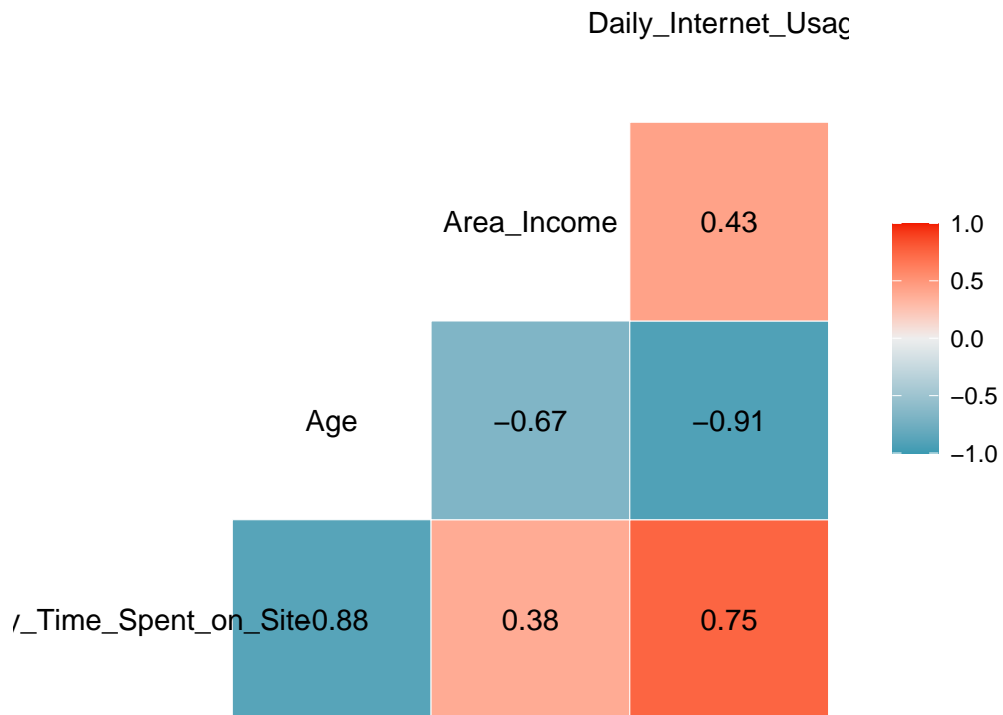
ggcorrplot(corr, method = "square", type = "upper",
  colors = c("#6D9EC1", "white", "#E46726"),
  lab = TRUE, p.mat=p.mat, sig.level = .05)
```



```
ggcorrplot(corr, lab = T)
```

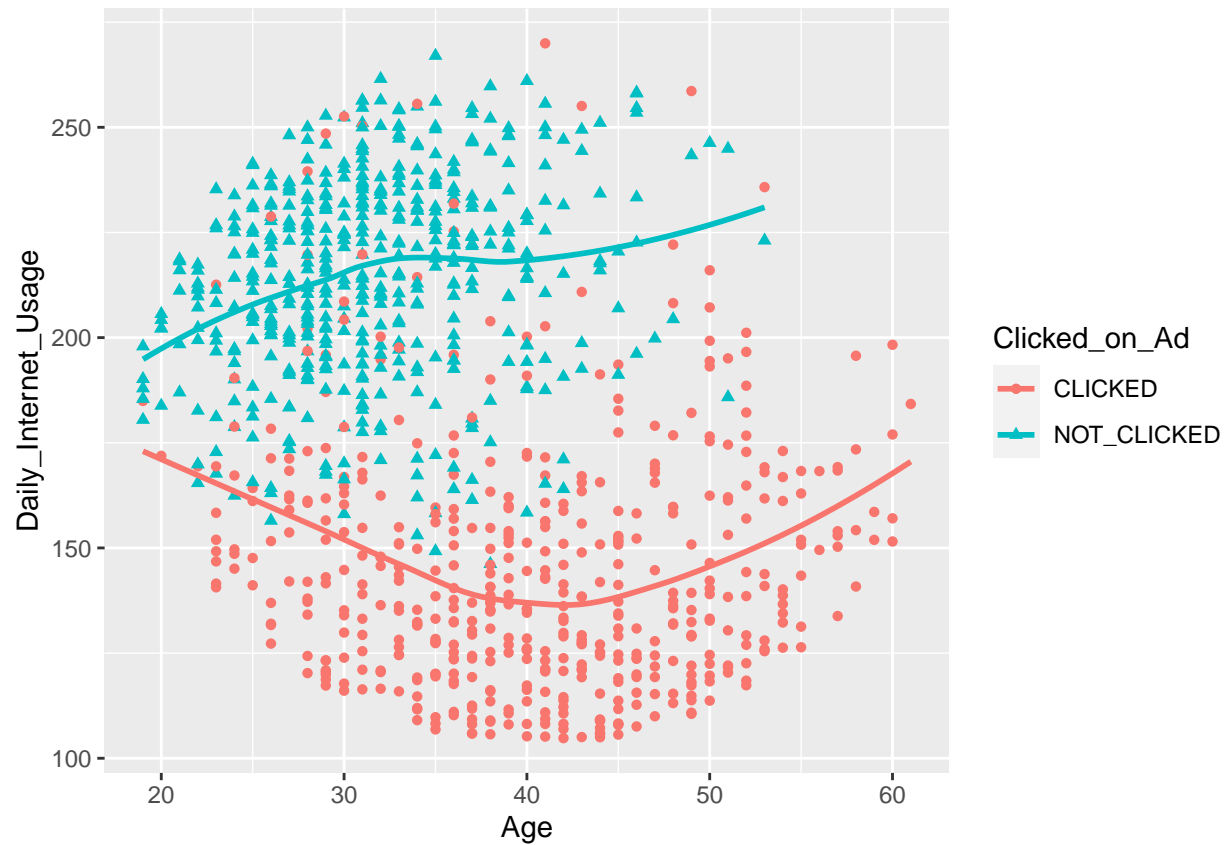



```
ggcorr(corr, label = T, label_round = 2)
```



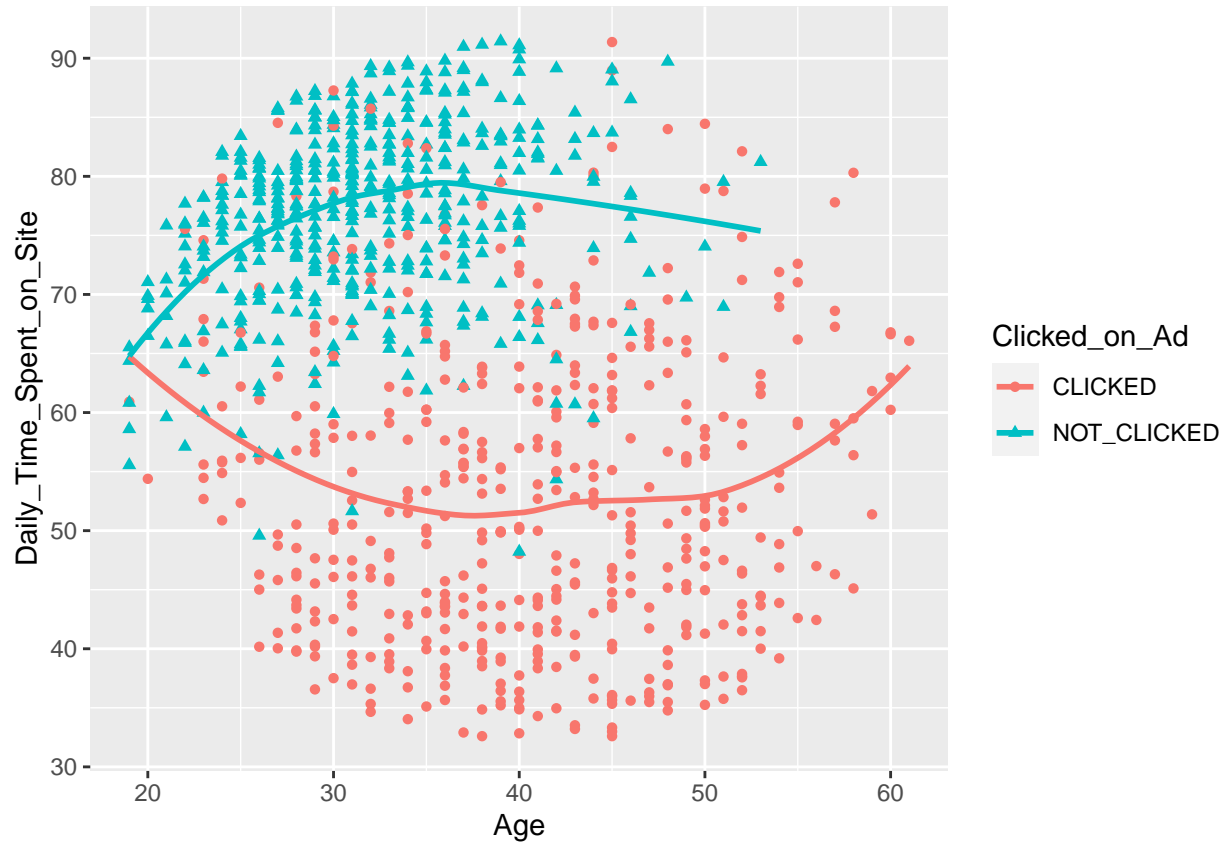
```
ggplot(IPAdvertisingData, aes(x = Age, y = Daily_Internet_Usage, color = Clicked_on_Ad, shape = Clicked_on_Ad)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(se = FALSE);
```

```
## 'geom_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



```
ggplot(IPAdvertisingData, aes(x = Age, y = Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site, color = Clicked_on_Ad, shape = Clicked_on_Ad)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(se = FALSE);
```

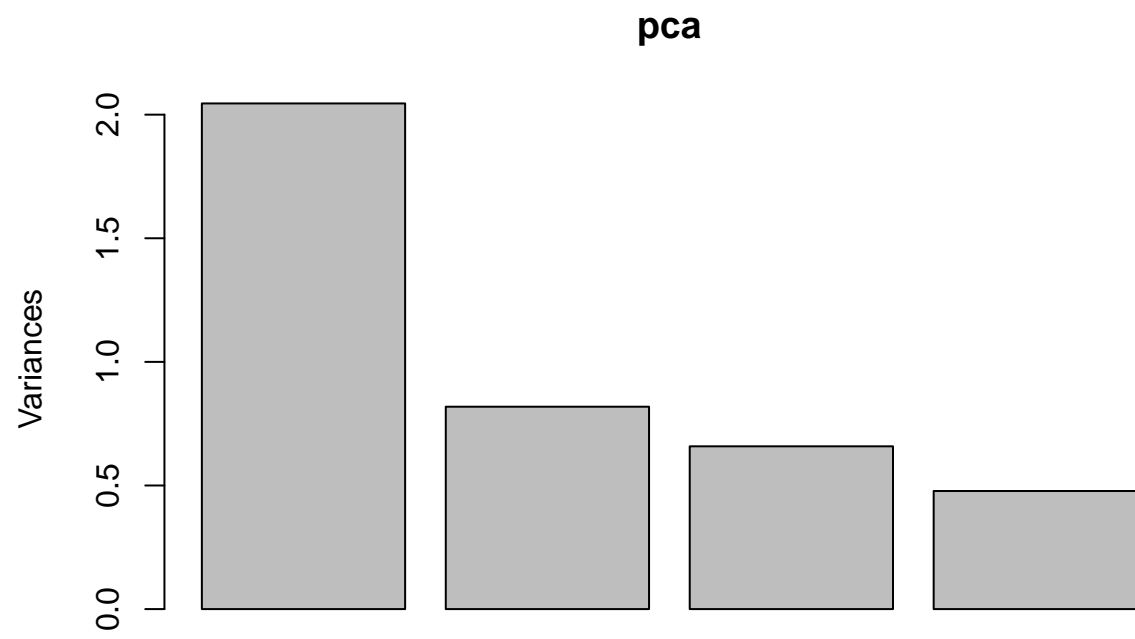
```
## 'geom_smooth()' using method = 'loess' and formula 'y ~ x'
```



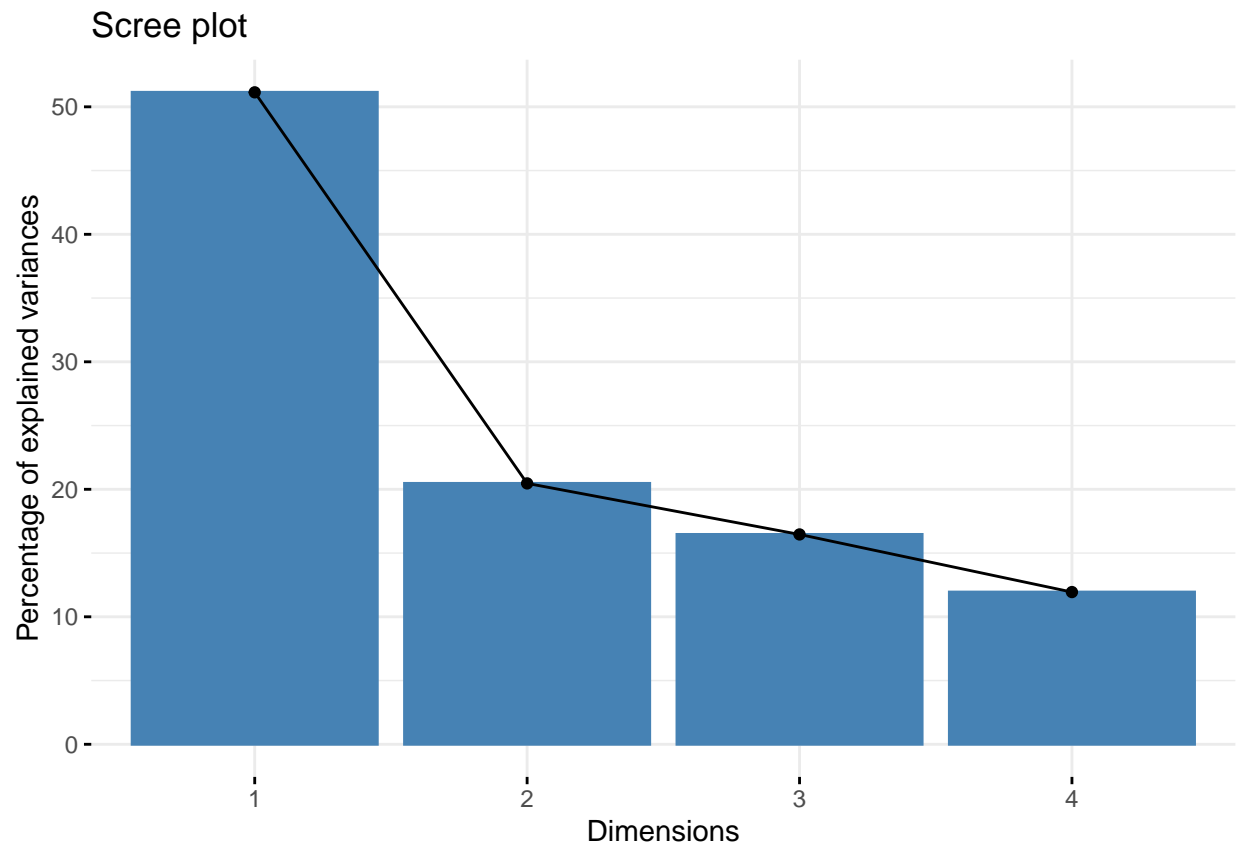
```
# performing principle component analysis
pca <- prcomp(IPAdvertisingData%>% select_if(is.numeric), scale = TRUE) # prcomp temel bileşen fonksiyonu
pca
```

```
## Standard deviations (1, ..., p=4):
## [1] 1.4301799 0.9047446 0.8114198 0.6911009
##
## Rotation (n x k) = (4 x 4):
##
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4
## Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site -0.5484092  0.02789664 -0.5290308 -0.64698960
## Age                      0.4466724 -0.64437870 -0.6133591  0.09513391
## Area_Income              -0.4238013 -0.76334793  0.4827160 -0.06839365
## Daily_Internet_Usage     -0.5657947  0.03602522 -0.3330199  0.75344297
```

```
screeplot(pca)
```

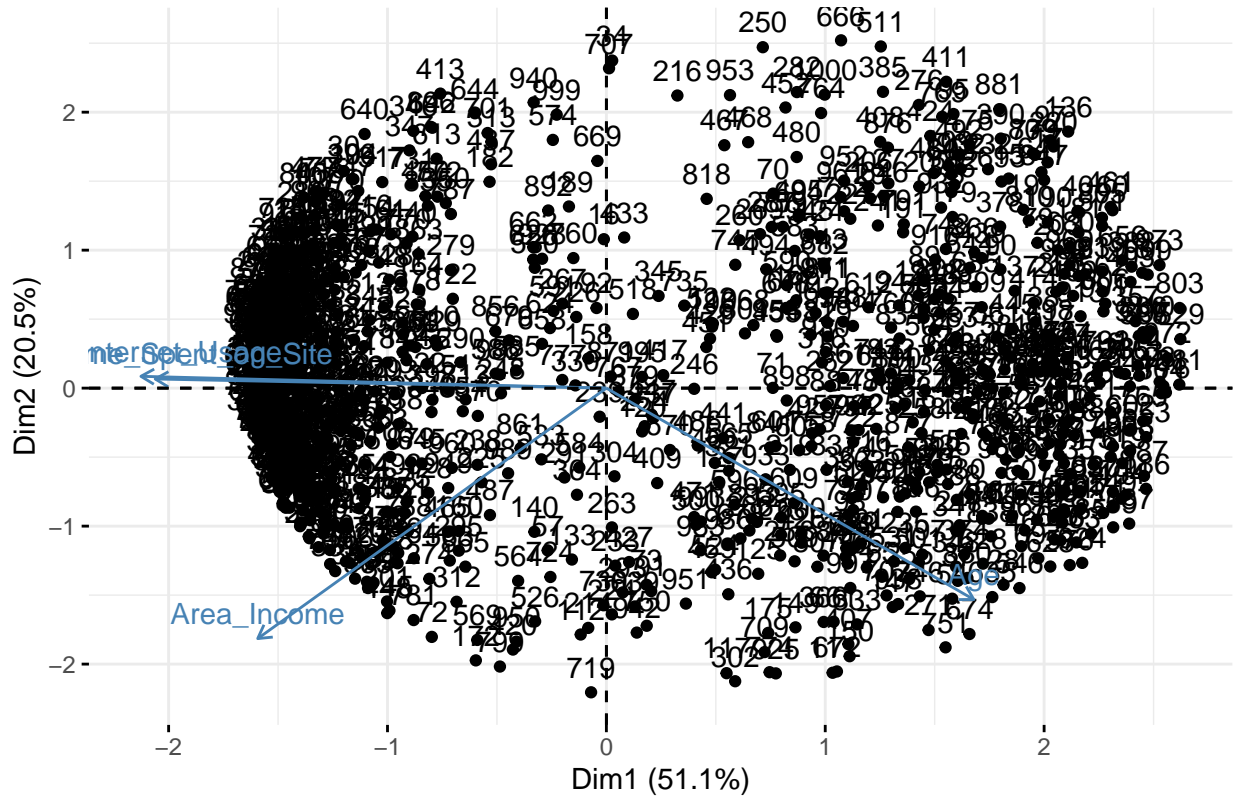


```
fviz_screplot(pca)
```



```
fviz_pca(pca)
```

PCA – Biplot



```
# component variance
pca$sdev^2
```

```
## [1] 2.0454146 0.8185628 0.6584021 0.4776205
```

```
# component variance
pca$rotation <- -pca$rotation
pca
```

```
## Standard deviations (1, .., p=4):
## [1] 1.4301799 0.9047446 0.8114198 0.6911009
##
## Rotation (n x k) = (4 x 4):
##
##           PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4
## Daily_Time_Spent_on_Site 0.5484092 -0.02789664 0.5290308 0.64698960
## Age -0.4466724 0.64437870 0.6133591 -0.09513391
## Area_Income 0.4238013 0.76334793 -0.4827160 0.06839365
## Daily_Internet_Usage 0.5657947 -0.03602522 0.3330199 -0.75344297
```

```
# component variance
pca$x <- -pca$x

head(pca$x)
```

```
##          PC1          PC2          PC3          PC4
## [1,]  1.384445  0.2454840  0.3926256 -1.0988790
## [2,]  1.383618  0.3594124 -0.2207304  0.5079874
## [3,]  1.542840 -0.5160000 -0.2932571 -0.6544435
## [4,]  1.515897 -0.5952736  0.3227773 -0.6824752
## [5,]  1.352063  0.9575815 -0.2919913 -0.5374753
## [6,]  1.240879 -0.7127327 -0.8922023 -0.8414644
```

```
# component variance
fviz_pca(pca)
```

