

## How to Conduct a Two Sample T-Test in Python

A **two sample t-test** is used to test whether or not the means of two populations are equal.

This lesson explains how to conduct a two sample t-test in Python.

### Example: Two Sample t-Test in Python

Researchers want to know whether or not two different subjects have the same mean. To test this, they collect a **simple random sample** of 435 students from each subject – We use our school dataset for Writing and English subjects. Use the following steps to conduct a two sample t-test to determine if the two subjects have the same mean.

#### Step 1: Create the data.

First, we read our school dataset.

```
import pandas
data = pandas.read_csv("https://modcom.co.ke/data/datasets/schoolcleaned.csv")
data
```

#### Step 2: Conduct a two sample t-test.

Next, we'll use the **ttest\_ind()** function from the `scipy.stats` library to conduct a two sample t-test, which uses the following syntax:

**ttest\_ind(a, b)**

where:

- **a**: an array of sample observations for group 1
- **b**: an array of sample observations for group 2

Thus, we can proceed to perform the two sample t-test with equal variances:

The two hypotheses for this particular two sample t-test are as follows:

**H0:**  $\mu_1 = \mu_2$  (the two population means are equal)

**HA:**  $\mu_1 \neq \mu_2$  (the two population means are *not* equal)

```
import scipy.stats as stats
```

```
# perform two sample t-test
```

```
stats.ttest_ind(a=group1, b=group2)
```

```
TtestResult(statistic=-7.705680077982495, pvalue=3.7955905916649034e-14
```

The p-value is 0.0000000000000037955905916649034.

### Step 3: Interpret the results.

The two hypotheses for this particular two sample t-test are as follows:

**H0:**  $\mu_1 = \mu_2$  (the two population means are equal)

**HA:**  $\mu_1 \neq \mu_2$  (the two population means are *not* equal)

Because the p-value of our test (0.0000000000000037955905916649034) is less than  $\alpha = 0.05$ , we reject the null hypothesis of the test. We accept the alternative (**HA:**  $\mu_1 \neq \mu_2$  (the two population means are *not* equal)). We do not have sufficient evidence to say that the mean of both Writing and English are same.

## Notebook

<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1WAt2MI2xbs-Q7S0e32kQ5RUz3erbFT4c?usp=sharing>

## Assignments

Researchers want to know whether or not two different variables StudyTime and SleepTime has the same mean. To test this, they collect a **simple random sample** of 435 students from each subject – We use our school dataset for SleepTime and StudyTime.

Use the following steps to conduct a two sample t-test to determine if the two have the same mean.