

# 1 Multiorder Hydrologic Position in Europe as a Set of 2 Metrics in Support of Groundwater Mapping at 3 Regional and National Scales

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## 9 ABSTRACT

10 This dataset (EU-MOHP v013.0.1) provides information on the multiorder hydrologic position of a geographic point within its  
respective river network or catchment. More precisely, it comprises the three measures “lateral position” as a relative measure  
of the position between the stream and the catchment boundary/ watershed, “divide stream distance” as an absolute distance  
measure that serves as a proxy for the position within the catchment and “stream distance” as an absolute measure of the  
distance to the nearest stream. These three measures were calculated for several hydrologic (stream) orders. Its spatial extent  
covers major parts of physiographical Europe and all of the 39 countries in European Economic Area (EEA39). Although there  
might be many potential use cases, this dataset serves predominantly as valuable input data for mapping tasks in the context  
of hydrogeology and subsurface characteristics in general.<sup>1</sup>

11 ## [1] "D:/Data/github/macro\_mohp\_feature\_test/macro\_mohp\_feature"

## 12 1 Background & Summary

13 In recent years, data science tools such as machine learning are increasingly applied to and specifically developed for  
14 hydro(geo)logical challenges and research questions. In the field of hydrogeology, machine learning has been used successfully  
15 for groundwater level prediction and a variety of mapping tasks. Since machine learning models are traditionally based purely  
16 on data with no built-in knowledge of physical processes, it is important to provide as many variables (predictor variables/  
17 explanatory variables/ features) as possible that have an impact on the target variable to potentially enable the machine learning  
18 algorithm to reproduce the result of the underlying process. For surface and near-surface processes, this criterion may be  
19 more or less satisfiable through the availability of remote sensing data, whereas for modelling subsurface processes such as in  
20 hydrogeology, this poses a serious challenge.<sup>1,2</sup>

```
asd <- "sdf"
```

## 21 Methods

22 All processing and analysis was conducted with free open source software. All processing steps except for the data download  
23 that was done manually are controlled and executed from within a targets pipeline in the programming language R [!source].  
24 Targets is an R package that provides a toolkit for reproducible workflows [!source]. Spatial vector data such as the !!rivers are  
25 processed partly in R and a PostgreSQL database (version 13) with a PostGIS (version 3.1.0) extension for speed and memory  
26 reasons. For the same reason, all major raster calculations were conducted in a GRASS GIS database (version 7.8.5-2). The  
27 database connections and all calculations in the databases are also controlled by the targets pipeline. For reaching a maximum  
28 of reproducibility, a docker container is provided to rerun all calculations with little effort. The R package renv is used for  
29 keeping track of the required R package versions and combines well with targets and docker to endure reproducibility.

## 30 Detailed Workflow

31 In the following, the description of the methods is oriented towards the structure of the targets pipeline to easily relate the  
32 methods description here to the source code in the repository. All steps required to understand the workflow will be described,  
33 for further details we refer to the source code.

## 34 **Step 1: Data Acquisition**

35 The “EU-Hydro - River Network Database” was manually downloaded from <https://land.copernicus.eu> (for  
36 detailed link see references) as version v013. All downloaded and unzipped files have approximately 14 GB. The !!river is the  
37 only underlying data for the generation of the EU-MOHP dataset.

## 38 **Hardware**

39 The pipeline to generate the dataset was executed on a DELL PowerEdge C4140 Server with an Intel Xeon Gold 6240R CPU  
40 and 384 GB installed RAM. The installed operation system is Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard, version 10.0.17763  
41 Build 17763.

42 [what is different to the Beelitz Paper and why] NHDPlusV2 data No pathleveId column Criterion to exclusively use free  
43 open source software

44 [1](#)

## 45 **Data Records**

46 Text.

## 47 **Technical Validation**

48 Text.

## 49 **Usage Notes**

50 Text.

## 51 **Code availability**

52 Text.

## 53 **Acknowledgements**

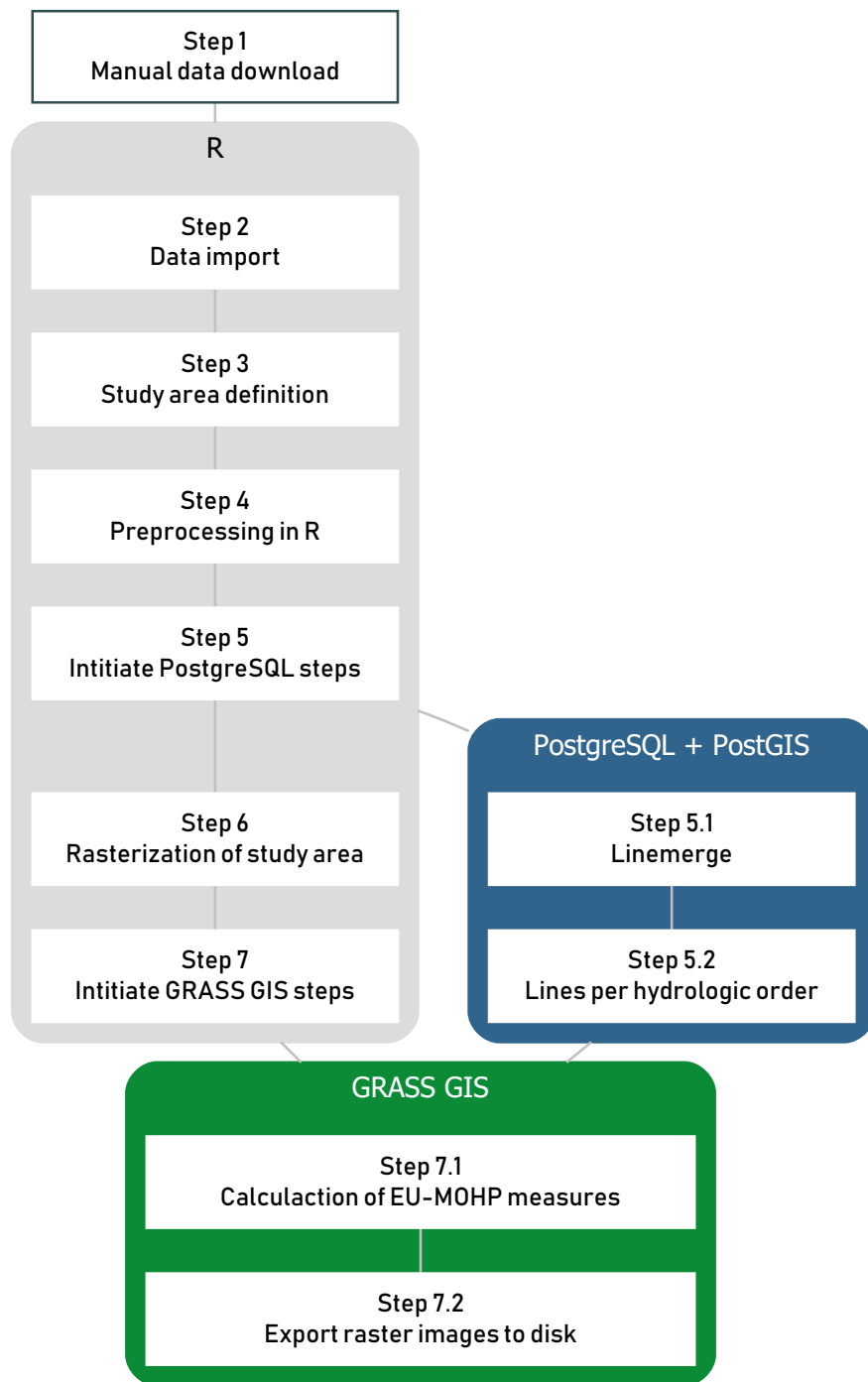
54 Text.

## 55 **Author contributions statement**

56 Text.

## 57 **Competing interests**

58 Text.

**Figure 1.** sdf

## References

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