RSparkling: Integrate H2O's Sparkling Water to your R Workflow

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H₂O.di



- What/who is H2O?
- H2O Platform
- H2O Sparkling Water
- Sparklyr
- RSparkling
- Demo

H20.ai

H2O Company

H2O Software

- Team: 50. Founded in 2012, Mountain View, CA
- Stanford Math & Systems Engineers
- Open Source Software
- Ease of Use via Web Interface
- R, Python, Scala, Spark & Hadoop Interfaces
- Distributed Algorithms Scale to Big Data



Current Algorithm Overview

Statistical Analysis

- Linear Models (GLM)
- Naïve Bayes

Ensembles

- Random Forest
- Distributed Trees
- Gradient Boosting Machine
- R Package Super Learner Ensembles

Deep Neural Networks

- Multi-layer Feed-Forward Neural Network
- Auto-encoder
- Anomaly Detection
- Deep Features

Clustering

K-Means

Dimension Reduction

- Principal Component Analysis
- Generalized Low Rank Models

Solvers & Optimization

- Generalized ADMM Solver
- L-BFGS (Quasi Newton Method)
- Ordinary Least-Square Solver
- Stochastic Gradient Descent

Data Munging

- Scalable Data Frames
- Sort, Slice, Log Transform

H20

'II' GITTER JOIN CHAT →

H2O scales statistics, machine learning, and math over Big Data.

H2O uses familiar interfaces like R, Python, Scala, the Flow notebook graphical interface, Excel, & JSON so that Big Data enthusiasts & experts can explore, munge, model, and score datasets using a range of algorithms including advanced ones like Deep Learning. H2O is extensible so that developers can add data transformations and model algorithms of their choice and access them through all of those clients.

Data collection is easy. Decision making is hard. H2O makes it fast and easy to derive insights from your data through faster and better predictive modeling. H2O allows online scoring and modeling in a single platform.

- Downloading H2O-3
- Open Source Resources
 - Issue tracking
- Using H2O-3 Code Artifacts (libraries)
- Building H2O-3
- Launching H2O after Building
- Building H2O on Hadoop
- Sparkling Water
- Documentation
- Community / Advisors / Investors



https://github.com/h2oai/h2o-3

H20 Components

H2O Cluster

Distributed Key Value Store

H20 Frame

- Multi-node cluster with shared memory model.
- All computations in memory.
- Each node sees only some rows of the data.
- No limit on cluster size.
- Objects in the H2O cluster such as data frames, models and results are all referenced by key.
- Any node in the cluster can access any object in the cluster by key.
- Distributed data frames (collection of vectors).
- Columns are distributed (across nodes) arrays.
- Each node must be able to see the entire dataset (achieved using HDFS, S3, or multiple copies of the data if it is a CSV file).

Data in H20

Highly Compressed

Speed

Data Shape

- We read data fully parallelized from: HDFS, NFS, Amazon S3, URLs, URIs, CSV, SVMLight.
- Data is highly compressed (about 2-4 times smaller than gzip).
- Memory bound, not CPU bound.
- If data accessed linearly, as fast as C or Fortran.
- Speed = data volume / memory bandwidth
- ~50GB / sec (varies by hardware).
- Table width: <1k fast, <10k works, <100k slow
- Table length: Limited only by memory
- We have tested 10's of billions of rows (TBs)

Distributed H20 Frame

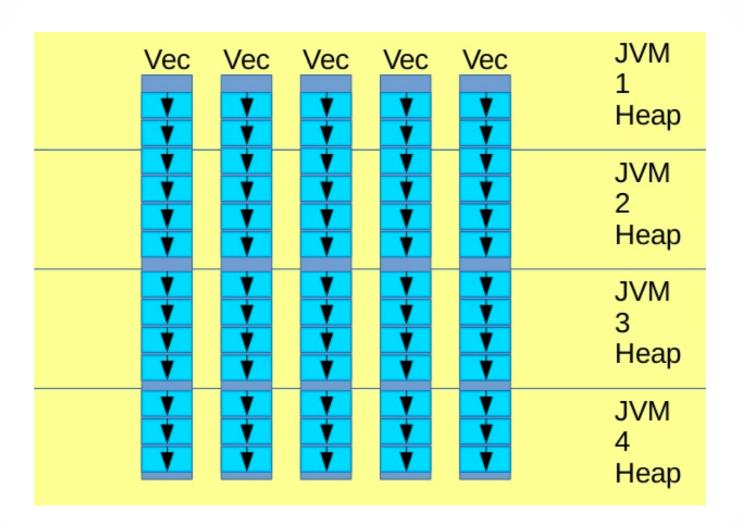


Diagram of distributed arrays. An "H2O Frame" is a collection of distributed arrays.

Data Processing in H2O

Map Reduce

Group By

Ease of Use

- Map/Reduce is a nice way to write blatantly parallel code (although not the only way), and we support a particularly fast and efficient flavor.
- Distributed fork/join and parallel map: within each node, classic fork / join
- We have a GroupBy operator running at scale (called ddply in the R community).
- GroupBy can handle millions of groups on billions of rows, and runs Map/Reduce tasks on the group members.
- H2O has overloaded all the basic data frame manipulation functions in R and Python.
- Tasks such as imputation and one-hot encoding of categoricals is performed inside the algorithms.

H20 in Spark



H20 Sparkling Water

Spark Integration

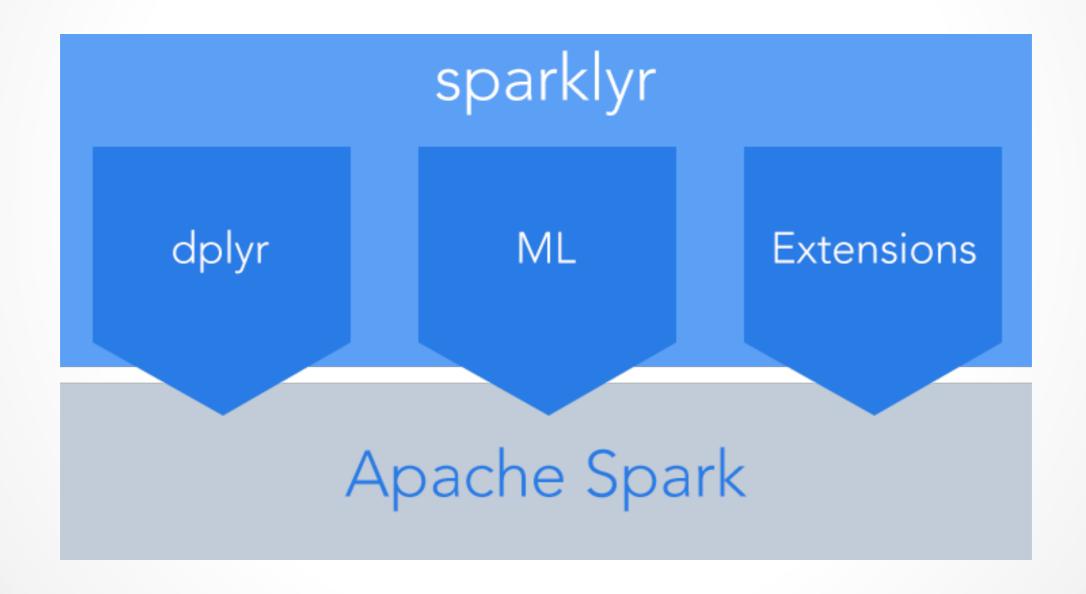
Benefits

Sparkling Shell

- Sparkling Water is transparent integration of H2O into the Spark ecosystem.
- H2O runs inside the Spark Executor JVM.
- Provides advanced machine learning algorithms to Spark workflows.
- Sophisticated alternative to the default MLlib library in Spark.
- Sparkling Shell is just a standard Spark shell with additional Sparkling Water classes
- export MASTER="local-cluster[3,2,1024]"
- spark-shell -jars sparkling-water.jar

Sparklyr

"SPARRK-lee-ARR"



Sparklyr

- Connect to Spark from R.
- The sparklyr package provides a complete dplyr backend.
- Filter and aggregate Spark datasets then bring them into R for analysis and visualization.
- Use Spark's distributed machine learning library from R.
- Create extensions that call the full Spark API and provide interfaces to Spark packages.

```
library(sparklyr)
spark_install()
sc <- spark_connect("local")
my_tbl <- copy_to(sc,iris)
```

RSparkling



RSparkling

- The rsparkling R package is an extension package for sparkapi / sparklyr that creates an R front-end for a Spark package (Sparkling Water from H2O).
- This provides an interface to H2O's machine learning algorithms on Spark, using R.
- This package implements basic functionality (creating an H2OContext, showing the H2O Flow interface, and converting between Spark DataFrames and H2O Frames).

```
library(sparklyr)
spark_install(version = "2.0.0")
options(rsparkling.sparklingwater.version =
"2.0.0")
library(rsparkling)
sc <- spark_connect(master = "local")</pre>
```

DEMO!

Thank you!

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Demo: https://github.com/h2oai/sparkling-water/blob/master/r/examples/nycflights13.R

Sparkling Water: https://github.com/h2oai/sparkling-water

RSparkling: https://github.com/h2oai/sparkling-water/tree/master/r

Sparklyr: https://github.com/rstudio/sparklyr

Appendix: New & Active Developments in H2O

DeepWater

- Native implementation of Deep Learning models for GPU-optimized backends (mxnet, Caffe, TensorFlow, etc.)
- State-of-the-art Deep Learning models trained from the H2O Platform
- Provides an easy to use interface to any of the Deep Water backends.
- Extends the H2O platform to include Convolutional Neural Nets (CNNs) and Recurrent Neural Nets (RNNs) including LSTMs

AutoML

- AutoML stands for "Automatic Machine Learning"
- The idea here is to remove most (or all) of the parameters from the algorithm, as well as automatically generate derived features that will aid in learning.
- Single algorithms are tuned automatically using a carefully constructed random grid search (future: Bayesian Optimization algorithms).
- Optionally, a Stacked Ensemble can be constructed.
- The current version of AutoML trains and cross validates a Random Forest, an Extremely Random Forest, a random grid of GBM's, a random grid of Deep Neural Nets, and a Stacked Ensemble of all the models.
- Beta version is available in the h2o-3 master branch.