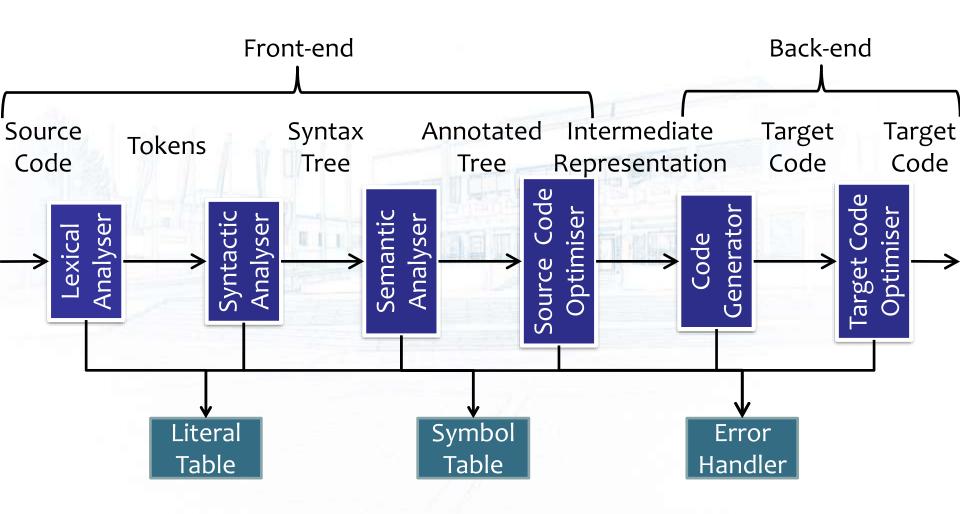






Phases of a Compiler





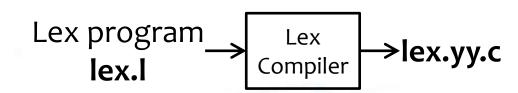


Information

Lex

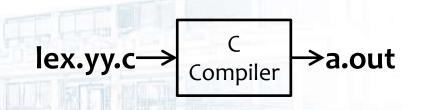


- Lexical analyser generator
 - flex (Fast Lex) is the most popular GNU implementation



Input

- A text file with regular expressions
- Actions to be taken when each expression is matched
- Pattern { Action }



Output

- Lexical analysis code in C
 - lex.yy.c or lexyy.c
- yylex procedure
 - Table driven DFA implementation of the regular expressions





Lex Regular Expression Operators

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Regular Expression	Meaning
x	The character x
"x"	An "x", even if x is an operator
\x	An "x", even if x is an operator
[xy]	The character x or y
[x-z]	The characters x, y or z
[^x]	Any character but x
•	Any character but newline
^x	An x at the beginning of a line
<y>x</y>	An x when lex is in start condition y
x \$	An x at the end of a line
x?	An optional x

Lex Regular Expression Operato	TS	UNIVERSITÄT KLAGENFURT
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Regular Expression	Meaning
X *	zero or more instances of x
X+	one or more instances of x
x y	an x or a y
(x)	an x
x/y	an x but only followed by a y
{xx}	the translation of xx from the definitions section
x{m,n}	m through n occurrences of x

Format of a Lex Input File



```
%{
C code external to any function
%}
Definition of names for regular expressions
```

```
Pattern { Action } Rules
```

- Regular expressions
- C code to be executed upon matching

%%

%%

Auxiliary routines (optional)

- Called in the previous section and not defined elsewhere
- Main function if stand-alone program

```
%{
/* This example counts and displays the
   number of words of an input file */
#include <stdio.h>
int words = 0;
%}
whitespace
                         [ \t\n]
%%
[^{whitespace}]+
                         words++;
[{whitespace}]+
%%
main(int argc, char **argv) {
  yylex();
  printf("\nNumber of words: %d\n", words);
  return 0;
```



Important Lex Internal Names



Lex Internal Name	Meaning / Use
<pre>int yylex(void)</pre>	Lex scanning routine
char *yytext	String matched on current action (lexeme)
<pre>int yyleng;</pre>	Length of the current token
FILE *yyin	Lex input file stream (default stdin)
FILE *yyout	Lex output file stream (default stdout)
<pre>yyrestart(FILE *new_file)</pre>	Point yyin to a new input file stream
<pre>yyterminate()</pre>	Terminate the scanner and return 0
<pre>input()</pre>	Reads the next character from input stream
unput(char)	Puts a character back into the input stream
yymore()	Append next token to yytext (instead of overwrite)
yyless(n)	Return all but first <i>n</i> character to input stream for rescanning
ЕСНО	Write yytext to yyout
INITIAL	Initial start condition
BEGIN condition	Switch start condition
REJECT	Match the "second best" rule
< <eof>></eof>	End of file R. Prodan, Compiler Construction, Sommer Semester 2022 www.aau.at

Exercise



- lex -oyour_scanner.c your_scanner.l
 - lex is an alias to flex on most UNIX systems
 - Produces by default lex.yy.c output file
- gcc -o your_scanner your_scanner.c -lfl
 - Needs to link against libfl.a runtime library
- Execute your program counter example
 - your_scanner input_file
- Documentation
 - man lex
 - http://flex.sourceforge.net/manual/

