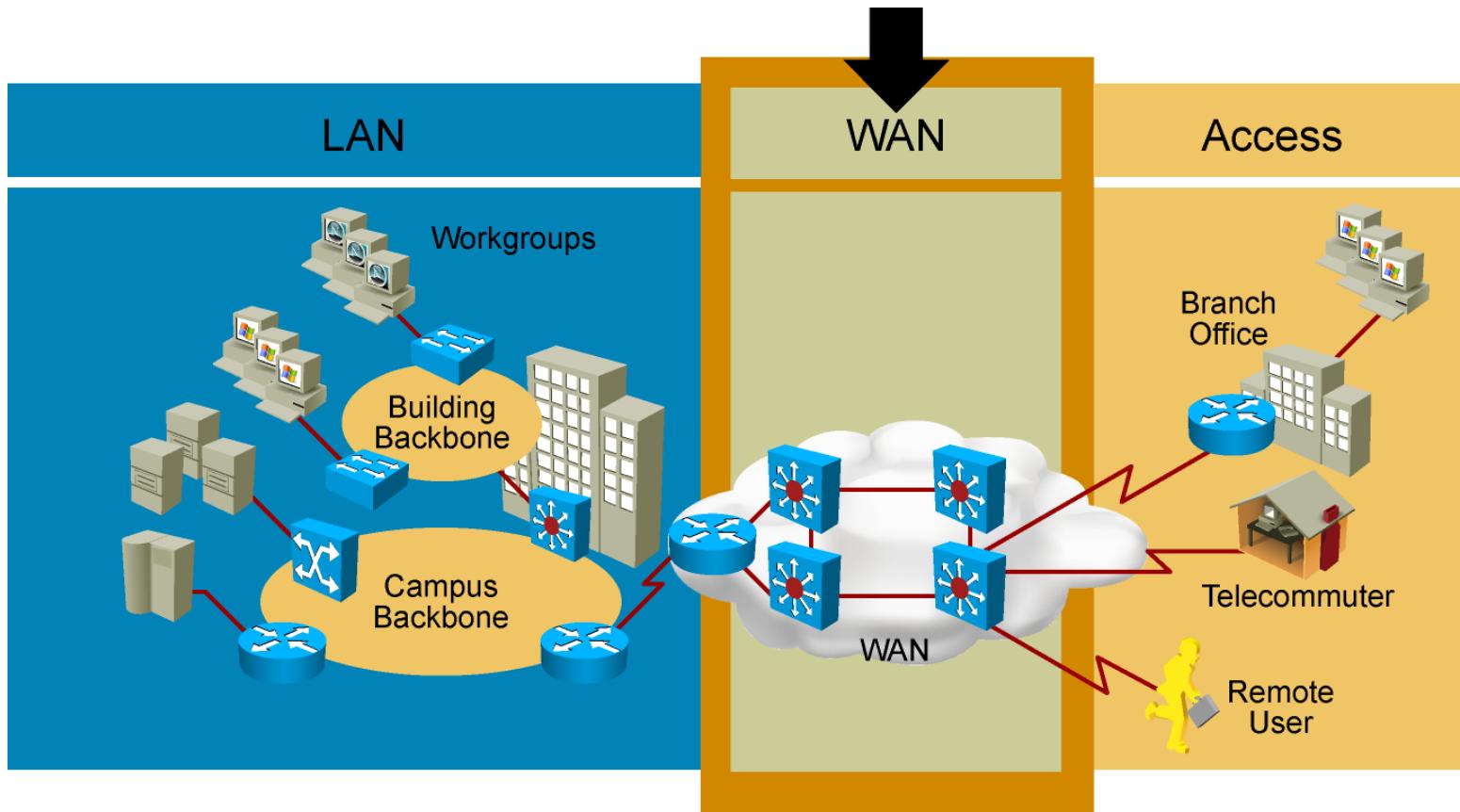


Understanding WAN Technologies



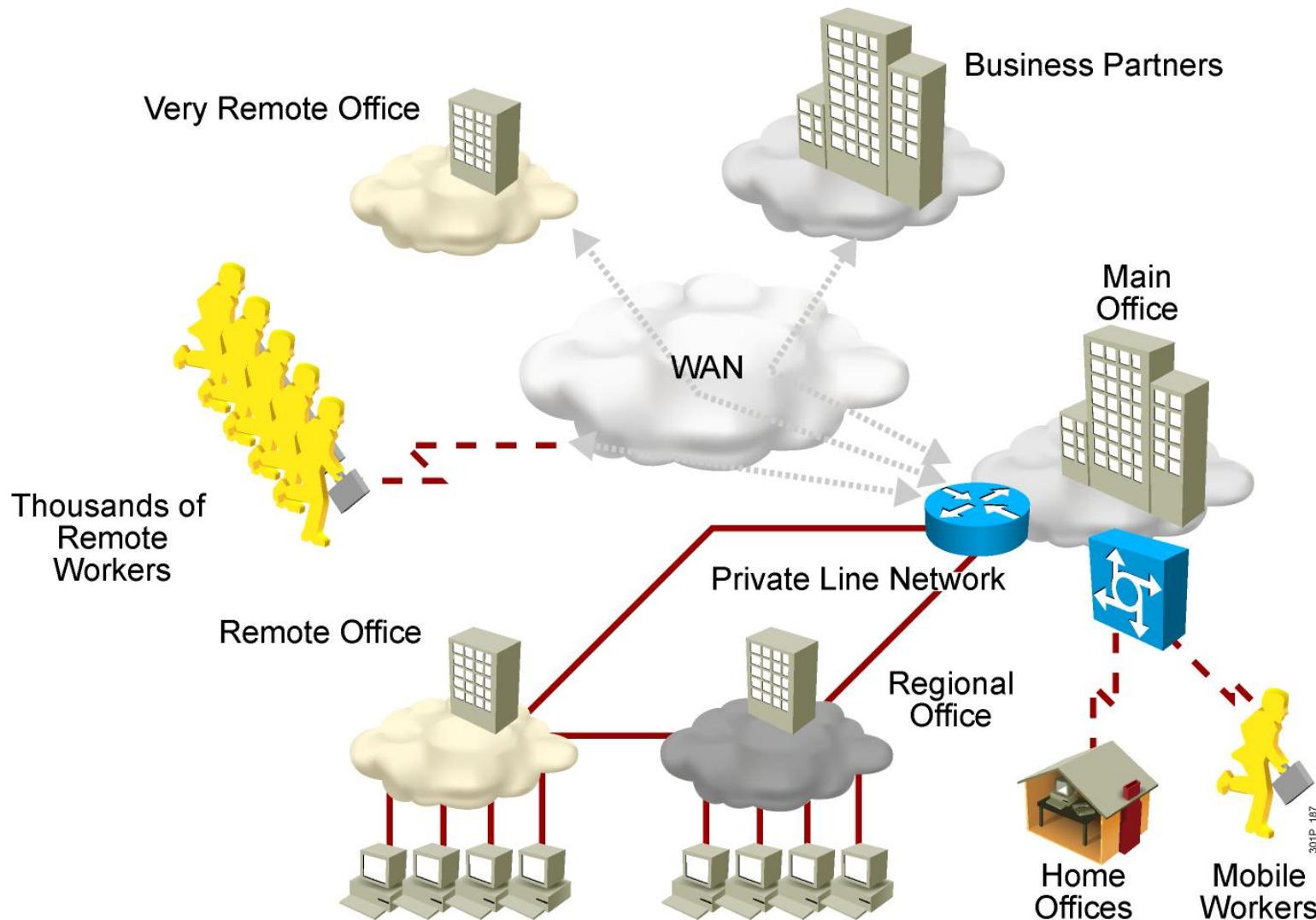
WAN Connections

Wide-Area Network



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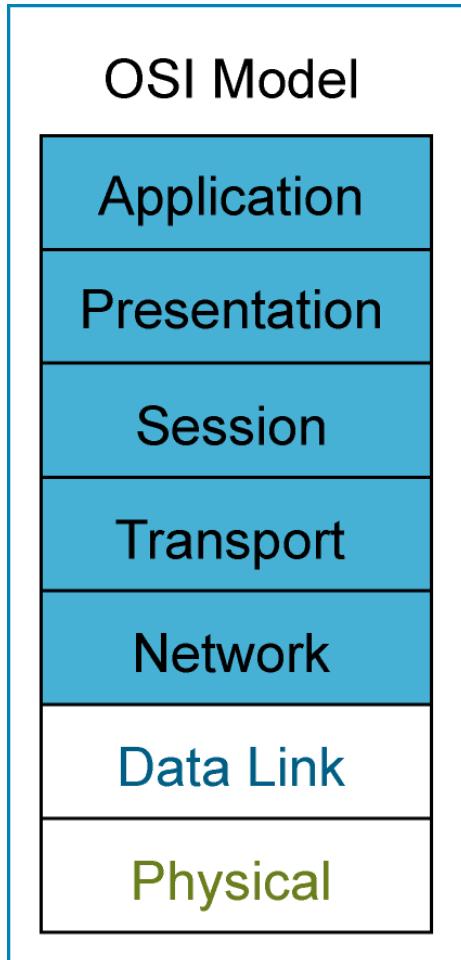
Need for WANs



WANs vs. LANs

	WANs	LANs
Area	Wide geographic area	Single building or small geographic area
Ownership	Subscription to outside service provider	Owned by Organization

WAN Access and the OSI Reference Model

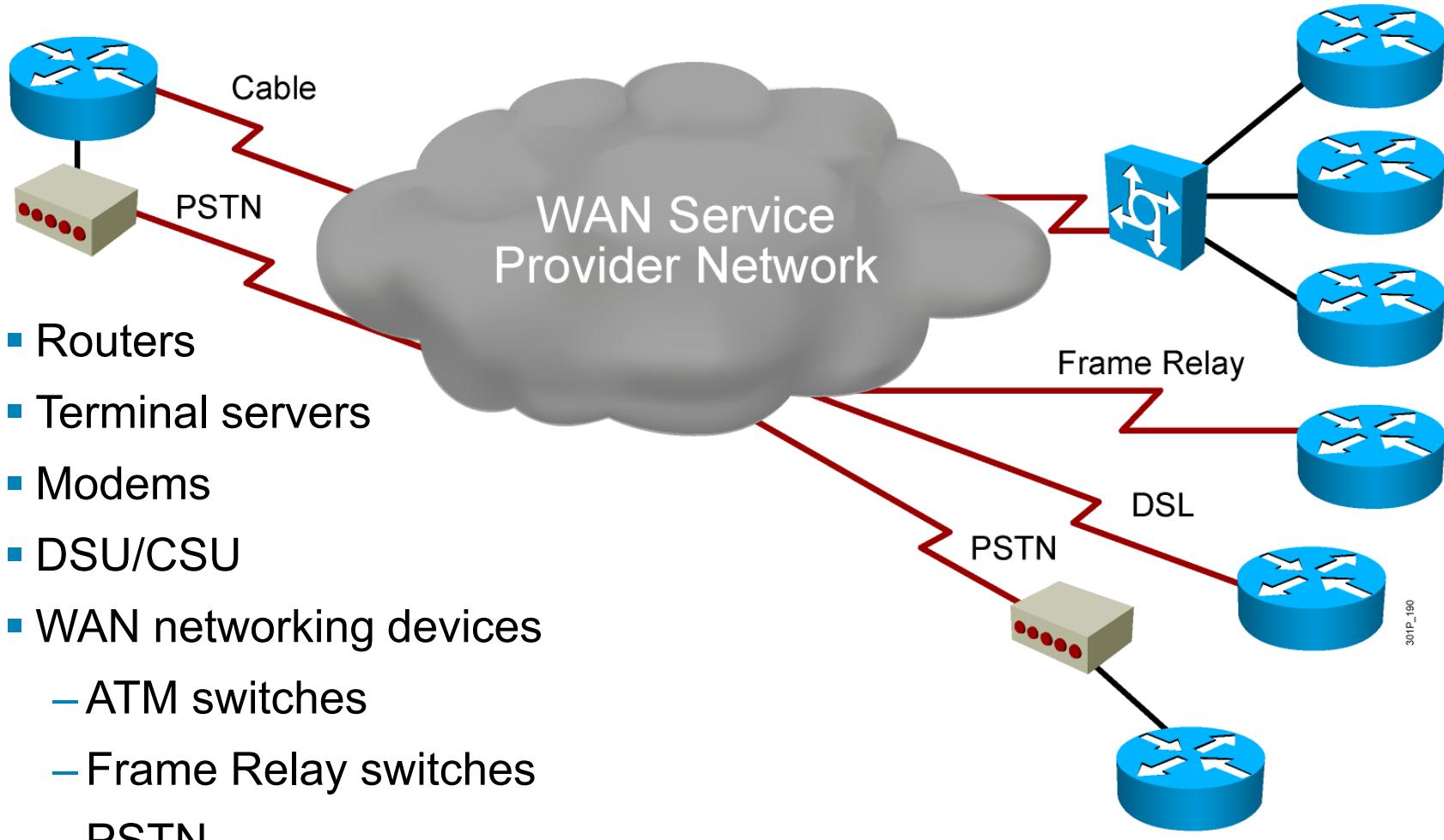


WAN Services

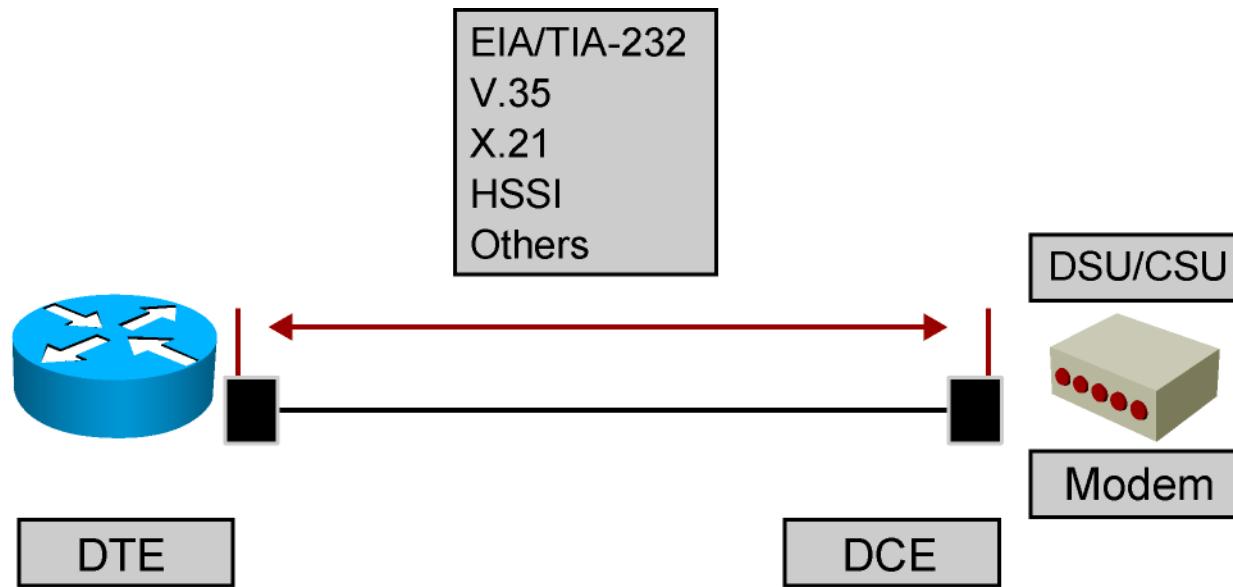
Frame Relay, ATM, HDLC

Electrical, mechanical, operational connections

WAN Devices



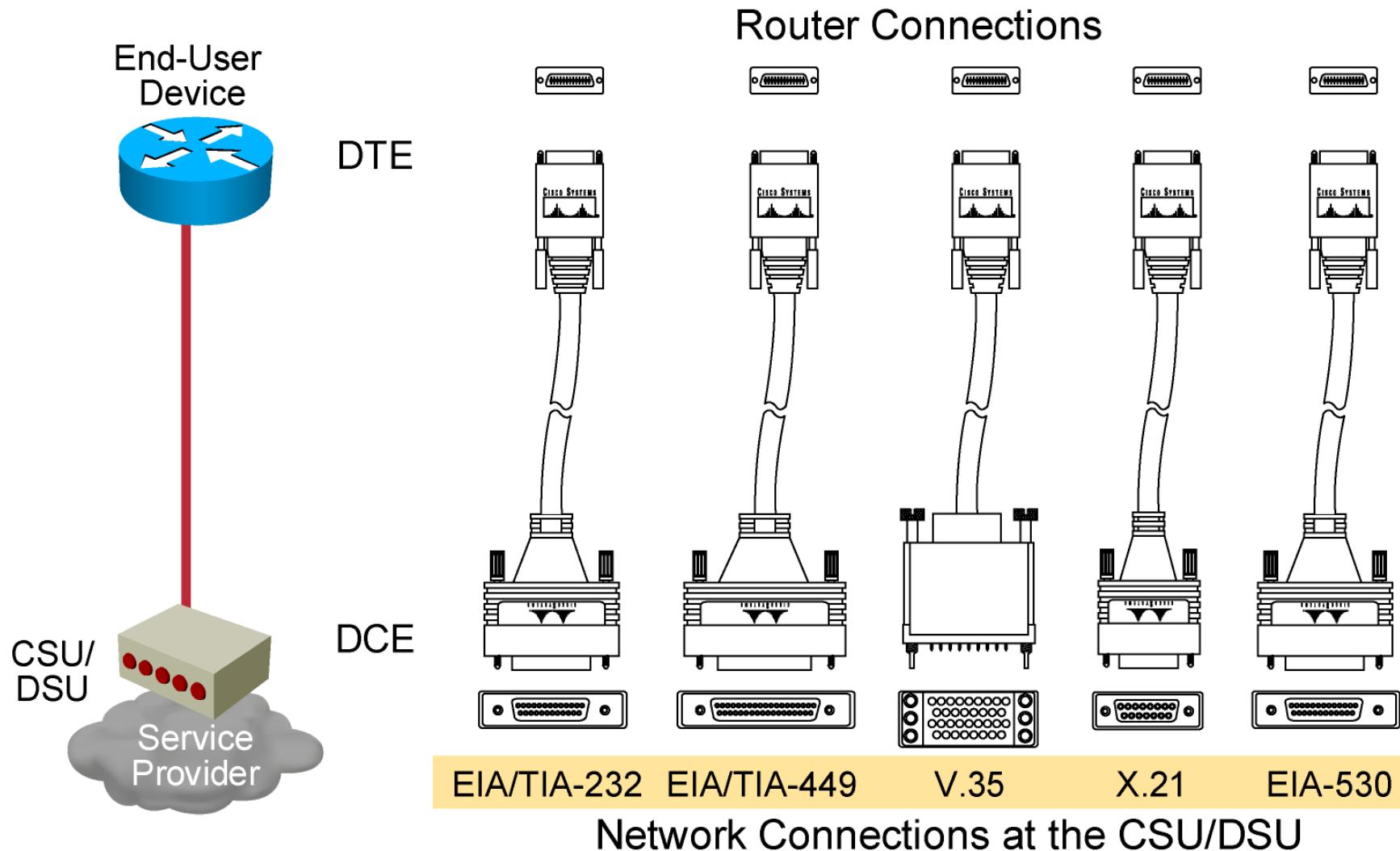
Physical Layer: WANs



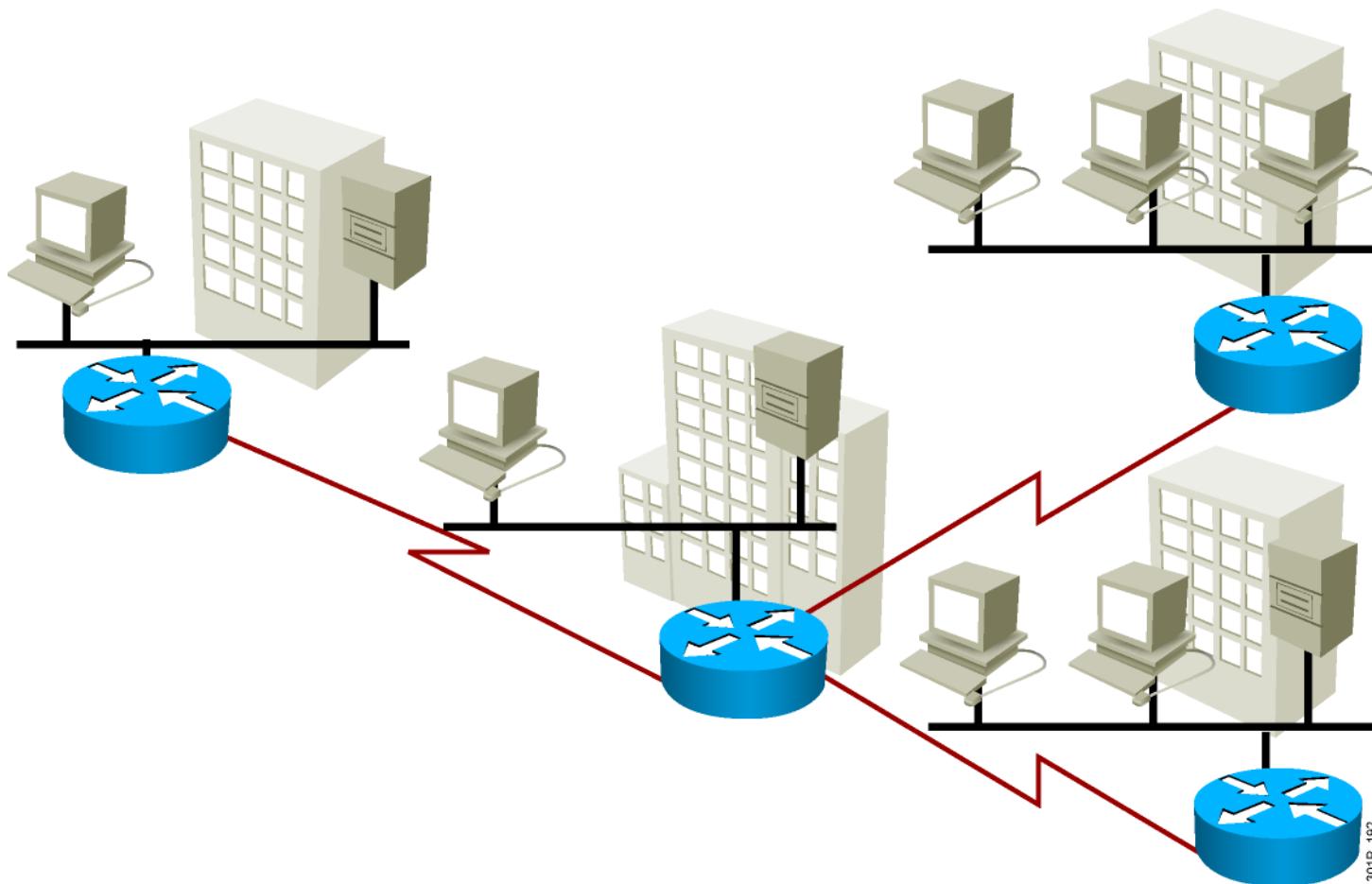
Data Terminal Equipment
User device with interface connecting to the WAN link

Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment
End of the WAN provider side of the communication facility

Serial Point-to-Point Connections



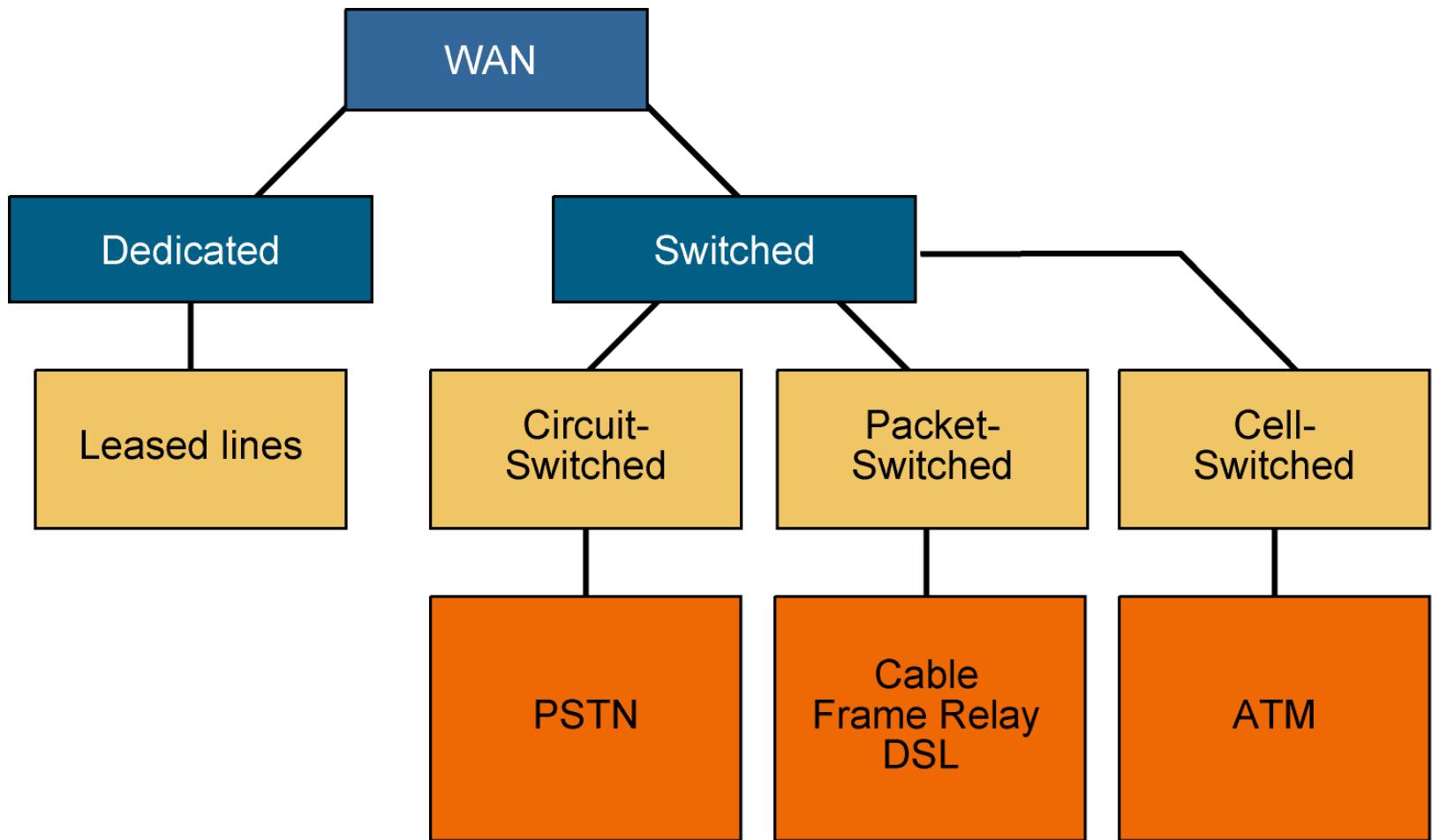
WAN—Multiple LANs



WAN Data-Link Protocols

- HDLC
- PPP
- Frame Relay (LAPF)
- ATM

WAN Link Options

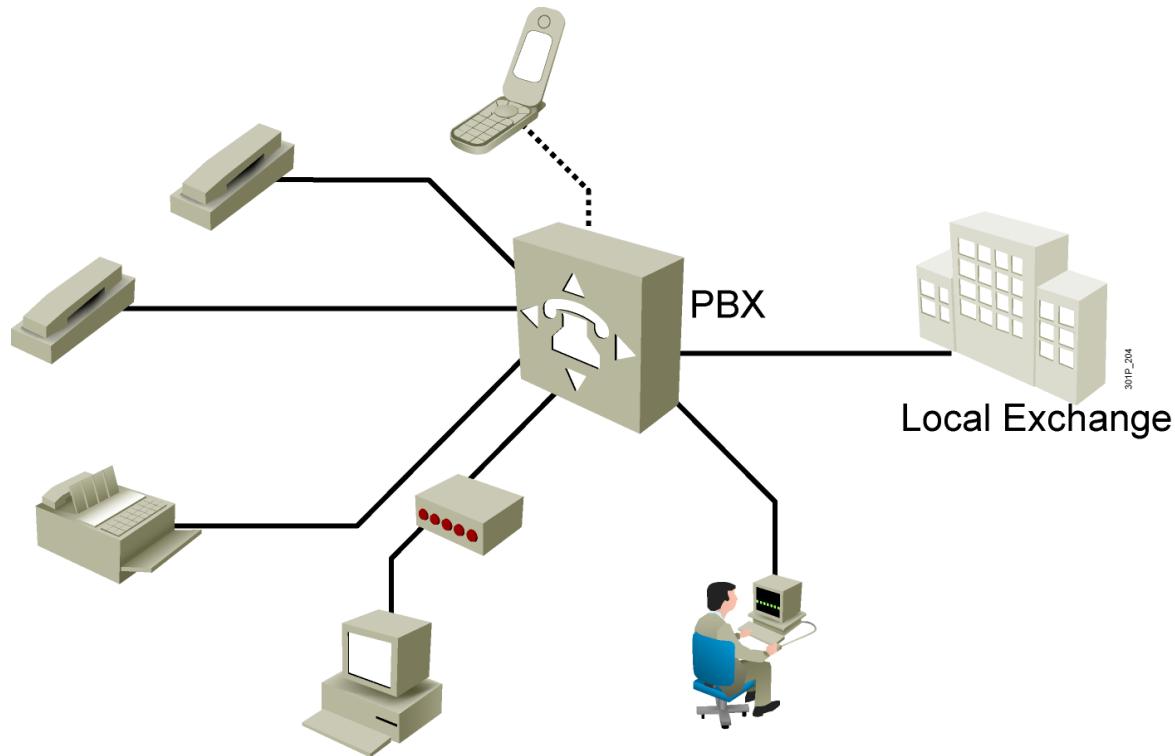


Circuit Switching



361P_481

Public Switched Telephone Network



PSTN Considerations

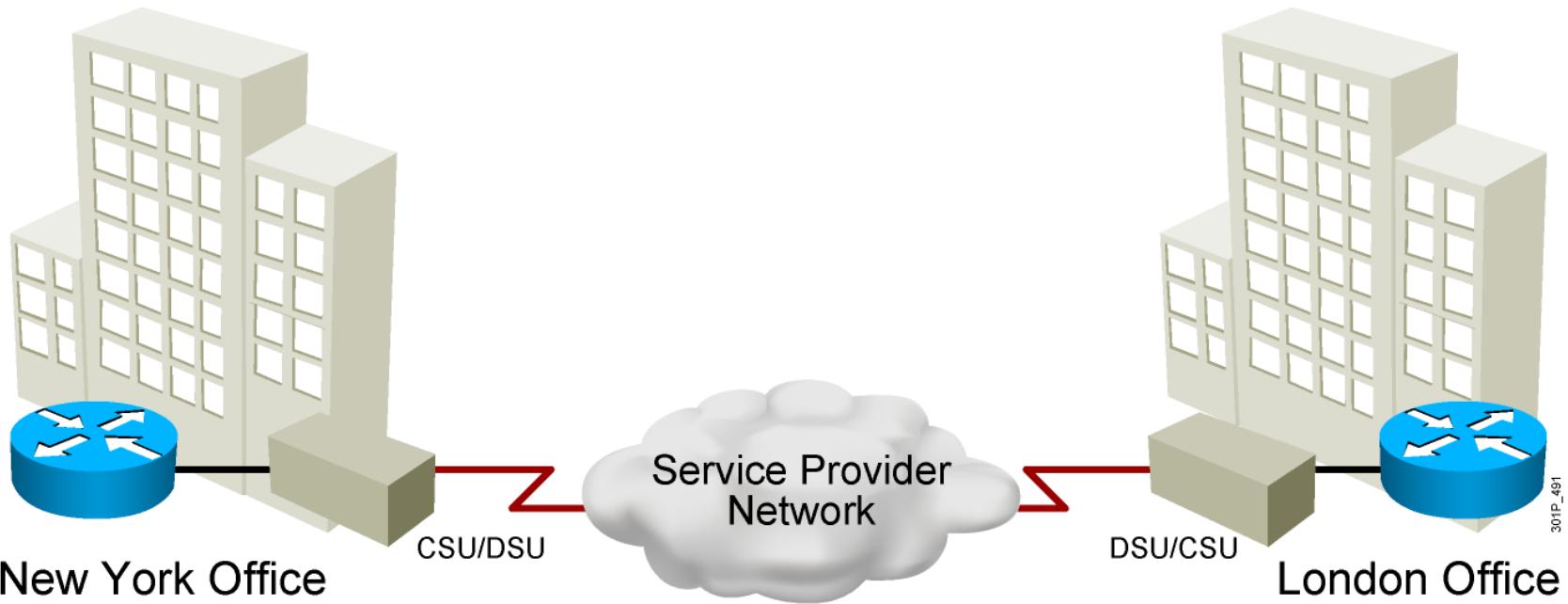
Advantages

- Simplicity
- Availability
- Cost

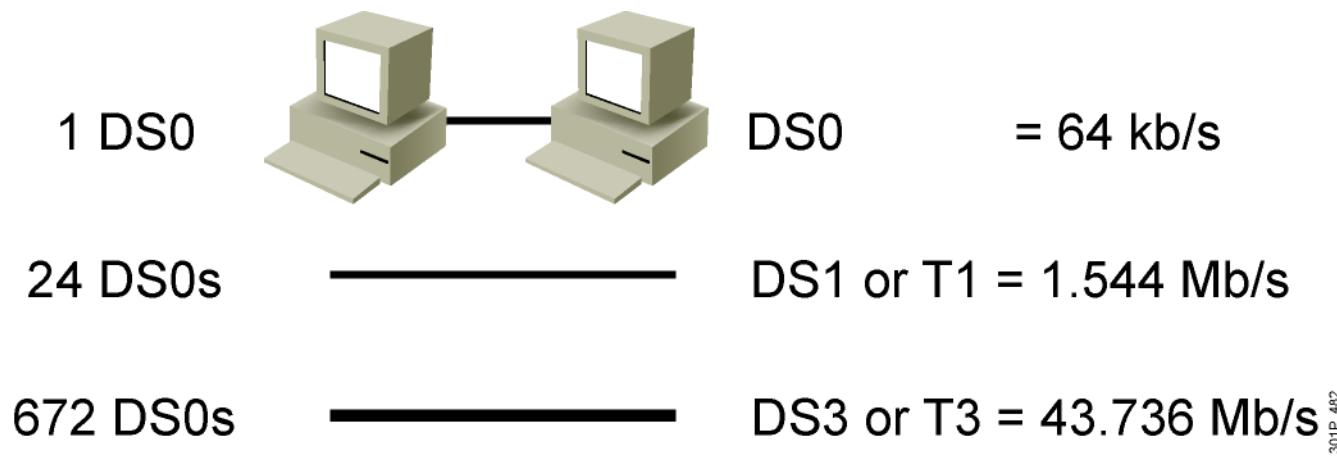
Disadvantages

- Low data rates
- Relatively long connection setup time

Leased Line



WAN Connection Bandwidth



Configuring a Serial Interface

Enter global configuration mode.

```
RouterX#configure terminal  
RouterX(config) #
```

Specify interface.

```
RouterX(config) #interface serial 0/0/0  
RouterX(config-if) #
```

Set clock rate
(on DCE interfaces only).

```
RouterX(config-if) #clock rate 64000  
RouterX(config-if) #
```

Set bandwidth
(recommended).

```
RouterX(config-if) #bandwidth 64  
RouterX(config-if) #exit  
RouterX(config) #exit  
RouterX#
```

Serial Interface show controller Command

```
RouterX#show controller serial 0/0/0
HD unit 0, idb = 0x121C04, driver structure at 0x127078
buffer size 1524  HD unit 0, V.35 DTE cable
.
.
.
```

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Shows the serial cable type

