

# LAB 3.2: SENSORS / ACTUATORS ON ARDUINO UNO BOARD

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# CREDITS

- <https://www.arduino.cc/>
- <https://www.simulide.com/p/home.html>
- <http://simonmonk.org/>
- [https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/glowascii/servo-arduino-basics-cb9266?ref=tag&ref\\_id=servo&offset=22](https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/glowascii/servo-arduino-basics-cb9266?ref=tag&ref_id=servo&offset=22)
- <https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/nikhileswari/light-sensor-using-arduino-07cd9c>

# Sensors and Actuators

## ● Sensors:

- ◆ Capture physical stimulus (e.g., heat, light, sound, pressure, magnetism, or other mechanical motion)
- ◆ Typically generate a proportional electrical current
- ◆ May require analog interface



pressure



mic



speaker

## ● Actuators

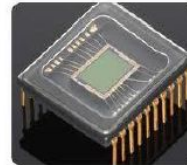
- ◆ Convert a command to a physical stimulus (e.g., heat, light, sound, pressure, magnetism, or other mechanical motion)
- ◆ May require analog interface



radar



compass



camera



accelerometer

# Sensors and Actuators

## ● Sensors:

- ◆ Capture physical stimulus (e.g., heat, light, sound, pressure, magnetism, or other mechanical motion)
- ◆ Typical generate a proportional electrical current
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solenoid



speaker



laser diode/transistor

## ● Actuators

- ◆ Convert a command to a physical stimulus (e.g., heat, light, sound, pressure, magnetism, or other mechanical motion)
- ◆ May require analog interface



dc motor



LED display

# ARDUINO SENSORS



# EXAMPLE: LIGHT SENSOR ->

[HTTPS://CREATE.ARDUINO.CC/PROJECTHUB/NIKHILESWARI/LIGHT-SENSOR-USING-ARDUINO-07CD9C](https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/nikhileswari/light-sensor-using-arduino-07cd9c)

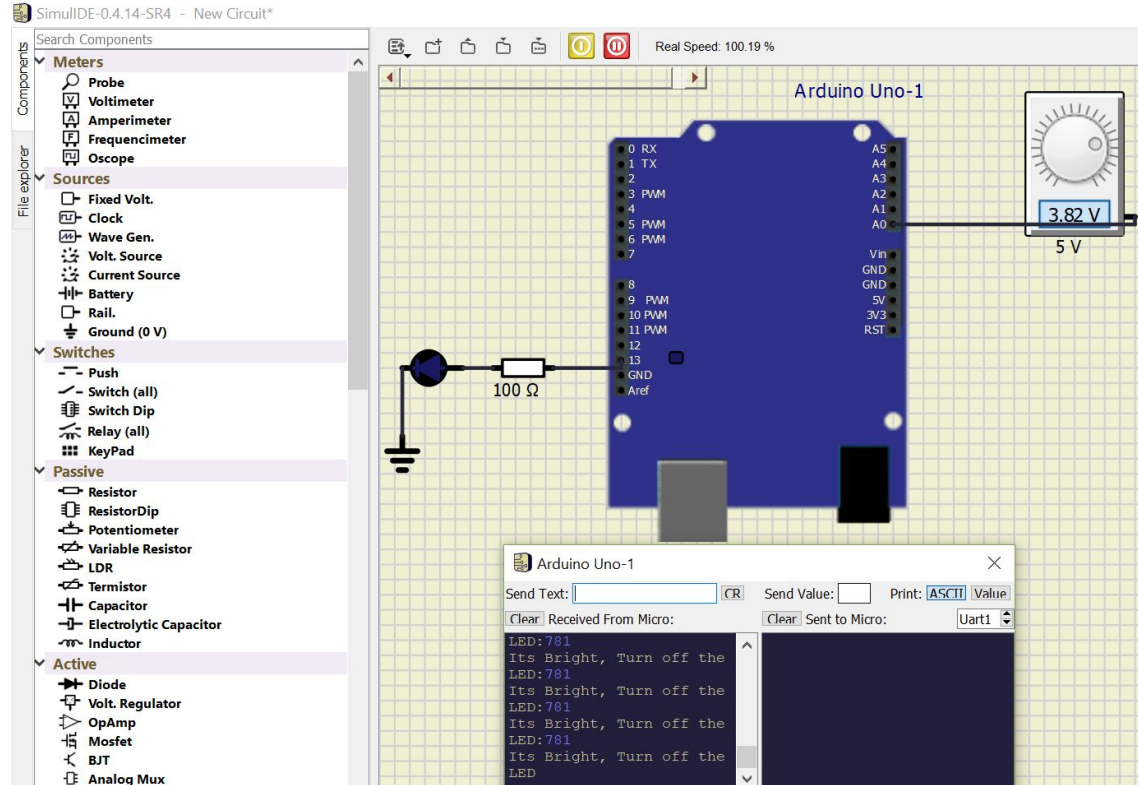
sketch\_apr01a | Arduino 1.8.13

File Edit Sketch Tools Help

```
sketch_apr01a $  
  
const int ledPin = 13;  
const int ldrPin = A0;  
void setup() {  
    Serial.begin(9600);  
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);  
    pinMode(ldrPin, INPUT);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
    int ldrStatus = analogRead(ldrPin);  
  
    if (ldrStatus <= 400)  
    {  
        digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);  
        Serial.print("Its Dark, Turn on the LED:");  
        Serial.println(ldrStatus);  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);  
        Serial.print("Its Bright, Turn off the LED:");  
        Serial.println(ldrStatus);  
    }  
}
```

# EXAMPLE: LIGHT SENSOR ->

<https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/nikhileswari/light-sensor-using-arduino-07cd9c>



# EXAMPLE: SERVO MOTOR ->

[https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/glowascii/servo-arduino-basics-cb9266?ref=tag&ref\\_id=servo&offset=22](https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/glowascii/servo-arduino-basics-cb9266?ref=tag&ref_id=servo&offset=22)

servo | Arduino 1.8.13

File Edit Sketch Tools Help



servo

modified 8 Nov 2013

by Scott Fitzgerald

<http://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Sweep>

\*/

```
#include <Servo.h>
```

```
Servo myservo; // create servo object to control a servo
               // twelve servo objects can be created on most boards
```

```
int pos = 10;    // variable to store the servo position
int pushButton = 2;
int ledPin = 13;
int clicks = 0;
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
  myservo.attach(9); // attaches the servo on pin 9 to the servo object
  pinMode(pushButton, INPUT_PULLUP);
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
}
```

```
void loop() {
```

```
  int buttonState = digitalRead(pushButton);
  if (buttonState == 0 && pos <= 160) {
    clicks = clicks + 1;
    Serial.print("Clicks: ");
    Serial.println(clicks);
    pos = map(clicks, 0, 29, 15, 160);
    myservo.write(pos); // tell servo to go to position in variable 'pos'
    delay(100);
  }
  else if (buttonState == 0) {
    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // LED goes on when the button has been pressed too many times
  }
}
```



# EXAMPLE: SERVO MOTOR ->

<https://create.arduino.cc/projecthub/nikhileswari/light-sensor-using-arduino-07cd9c>

