

(a): $-\sum_{w \in vocab} y_w \log(\hat{y}_w) = -(0 + 0 + \dots + y_o \log(\hat{y}_o) + 0 + \dots + 0) = -\log(\hat{y}_o)$

(b):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = u_o - \sum_{x \in v} p(x|c) u_x = u_o - \sum_{x \in v} p(x|c) u_x = U(y - \hat{y})$$

(c):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_w} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} \log \frac{\exp(u_o^T v_c)}{\sum_{w \in V} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} u_o^T v_c - \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} \log \sum_{w \in V} \exp(u_w^T v_c)$$

Then we first calculate the later part, we give the annotation l as the value of the later part, so we can deduct that:

$$l = -\frac{1}{\sum_{w \in V} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial u_w} \exp(u_w^T v_c) = -\frac{\exp(u_w^T v_c)}{\sum_{w \in V} \exp(u_w^T v_c)} \cdot v_c = -\hat{y} \cdot v_c$$

So we can get the final solution:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_w} = \begin{cases} (1 - \hat{y}) \cdot v_c & \text{if } w = o \\ -\hat{y} \cdot v_c & \text{if } w \neq o \end{cases}$$

(d):

$$\frac{\partial \sigma(x)}{\partial x} = \frac{e^x}{(e^x + 1)^2} = \sigma(x)(1 - \sigma(x))$$

(e):

1):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_o} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial u_o} \log(\sigma(u_o^T v_c)) = -\frac{1}{\sigma(u_o^T v_c)} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial u_o} \sigma(u_o^T v_c) = (\sigma(u_o^T v_c) - 1)v_c$$

2):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial u_k} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial u_k} \log(\sigma(-u_k^T v_c)) = -(1 - \sigma(-u_k^T v_c)) \cdot -v_c = (1 - \sigma(-u_k^T v_c)) \cdot v_c$$

3):

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \log(\sigma(u_o^T v_c)) - \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \log(\sigma(-u_k^T v_c))$$

we give the annotations l as the left part, r as the right part, then we get following:

$$l = -\frac{1}{\sigma(u_o^T v_c)} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \sigma(u_o^T v_c) = (\sigma(u_o^T v_c) - 1)u_o$$

$$r = \sum_{k=1}^K (1 - \sigma(-u_k^T v_c)) \cdot u_k$$

So we can get the final derivative:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = (\sigma(u_o^T v_c) - 1)u_o + \sum_{k=1}^K (1 - \sigma(-u_k^T v_c)) \cdot u_k$$

(f):

$$\partial \mathbf{J}_{\text{skip-gram}}(\mathbf{v}_c, w_{t-m}, \dots, w_{t+m}, \mathbf{U}) / \partial \mathbf{U} = \sum_{-m \leq j \leq m, j \neq 0} \frac{\partial \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{v}_c, w_{t+j}, \mathbf{U})}{\partial \mathbf{U}}$$

$$\partial \mathbf{J}_{\text{skip-gram}}(\mathbf{v}_c, w_{t-m}, \dots, w_{t+m}, \mathbf{U}) / \partial \mathbf{v}_c = \sum_{-m \leq j \leq m, j \neq 0} \partial \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{v}_c, w_{t+j}, \mathbf{U}) / \partial \mathbf{v}_c$$

$$\partial \mathbf{J}_{\text{skip-gram}}(\mathbf{v}_c, w_{t-m}, \dots, w_{t+m}, \mathbf{U}) / \partial \mathbf{v}_w = 0 \text{ when } w \neq c$$