1-1

August 26, 2025

State wether the given differential equations are linear or nonlinear. Give the order of each. $\,$

$$(1 - x)y'' - 4xy' + 5y = \cos x$$

$$x^3y^{(4)} - x^2y'' + 4xy' - 3y = 0$$

$$(\sin x)y''' - (\cos x)y' = 2$$

Verify that the indicated function is a solution for the given differential equations. Where appropriate c_1 and c_2 denote constants.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = e^{3x}; \quad y = e^{3x} + 10e^{2x}$$

$$y' + y = \sin x;$$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}\sin x - \frac{1}{2}\cos x + 10e^{-x}$

$$y = 2xy' + y(y')^2; \quad y^2 = c_1(x + \frac{1}{4}c_1)$$

$$\frac{dX}{dt} = (2 - X)(1 - X); \quad \ln \frac{2 - X}{1 - X} = t$$

$$y'' - 6y' + 13y = 0; \quad y = e^{3x} \cos 2x$$

$$y'' + (y')^2 = 0;$$
 $y = \ln|x + c_1| + c_2$

$$x^2y'' - 3xy' + 4y = 0;$$
 $y = x^2 + x^2 \ln x;$ $x > 0$

In Problems 41 and 42 verify that the indicated piecewise-defined function is a solution of the given differential equation.

$$xy' - 2y = 0; \quad y = \begin{cases} -x^2 & x < 0\\ x & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$