September 23, 2025

Determine whether the given matrix is elementary.

1

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (b) \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (d) \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

In Exercises 5-6 an elementary matrix E and a matrix A are given. Identify the row operation corresponding to E and verify that the product EA results from applying the row operation to A.

5 a)

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 5 & -1 \\ 3 & -6 & -6 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & -4 & -4 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 & 5 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

"Determine if  $ad - dc \neq 0$  then if it is find the inversion of the matrix using the standard 2x2 formula. Afterwhich use the inversion algorithm to find  $A^{-1}$ "

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use the inversion algorithm to find the inverse of the matrix (if it exists)

## 11 a)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

## **15**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 6 \\ 2 & 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

**17** 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 12 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the inverse of the matricies where  $k_{1\rightarrow 4}$  are all nonzero.

19 b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} k & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & k & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Express the matrix and its inverse as products of elementary matricies.

## 

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$