# Report: Assignment:1

## MYESHA MAHAZABEEN

CSC 22100, SOFTWARE DESIGN LABORATORY, 1XB [6822], SUMMER 2022

Instructor: Hesham A. Auda

Date: 06/26/2022

## Department of Computer Science The City College of CUNY

CSc 22100 1XB 6822: Software Design Laboratory Summer 2022

## Assignment 1

A <u>report</u> uploaded on the Bloackboard's course page for the section showing:

- [1] statement of the problem,
- [2] solution methods,
- [3] all codes developed, and
- [4] outputs produced for the tasks indicated,

is due by 11:59 pm on Sunday, 26 June 2022. The deadline is strictly observed.

1- Create a hierarchy of Java classes as follows:

MyLine extends MyShape; MyRectangle extends MyShape; MyOval extends MyShape.

#### **Class MyPoint:**

Class **MyPoint** is used by class **MyShape** to define the reference point,  $\mathbf{p}(x, y)$ , of the Java display coordinate system, as well as by all subclasses in the class hierarchy to define the points stipulated in the subclass definition. The class utilizes a color of **enum** reference type **MyColor**, and includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods that perform point related operations.

#### **Enum MyColor:**

Enum **MyColor** is used by class **MyShape** and all subclasses in the class hierarchy to define the colors of the shapes. The **enum** reference type defines a set of constant colors by their red, green, blue, and opacity, components, with values in the range [o-255]. The **enum** reference type includes a constructor and appropriate methods, including methods that return the corresponding hexadecimal representation and JavaFx Color objects of the constant colors.

#### Class MyShape:

Class **MyShape** is the superclass of the hierarchy, extending the Java class Object. An implementation of the class defines a reference point,  $\mathbf{p}(x, y)$ , of type **MyPoint**, and the color of the shape of **enum** reference type **MyColor**. The class includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods, including methods that perform the following operations:

- a. perimeter, area return, respectively, the perimeter and meter of the MyShape object.
   These methods must be overridden in each subclass in the hierarchy. For the MyShape object, the methods return zero.
- b. toString returns the object's description as a String. This method must be overridden in each subclass in the hierarchy;
  - c. draw draws the object shape. This method must be overridden in each subclass in the hierarchy. For the **MyShape** object, it paints the drawing canvas in the color specified.

#### **Class MyLine:**

Class **MyLine** extends class MyShape. The **MyLine** object is a straight line segment defined by the endpoints  $\mathbf{p}_1(x_1, y_1)$  and  $\mathbf{p}_2(x_2, y_2)$  of type **MyPoint**. The **MyLine** object may be of any color of **enum** reference type **MyColor**. The class includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods that perform the following operations:

- a. getLine returns the **MyLine** object;
- b. *length*, *x*Angle returns, respectively the length and angle with the *x*-axis of the **MyLine** object;
- c. perimeter, area return, respectively, the perimeter and area of the **MyLine** object; d. toString returns a string representation of the **MyLine** object, including the line's endpoints, length, and angle with the x-axis;
- e. draw draws a **MyLine** object.

#### **Class MyRectangle:**

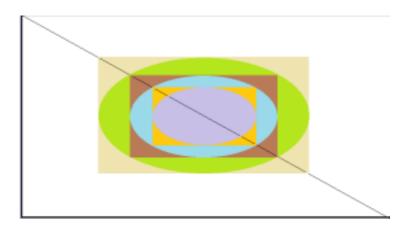
Class **MyRectangle** extends class **MyShape**. The **MyRectangle** object is a rectangle of height h and width w, and a top left corner point  $\mathbf{p}(x, y)$ , and may be filled with a color of **enum** reference type **MyColor**. The class includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods that perform the following operations:

- f. getTLCP, getWidth, getHeight return, respectively, the top left corner point, width, and height of the **MyRectangle** object
- g. perimeter, area return, respectively, the perimeter and area of the MyRectangle object;
   h. toString— returns a string representation of the MyRectangle object: top left corner point, width, height, perimeter, and area;
- i. draw— draws a MyRectangle object.

#### **Class MyOval:**

Class **MyOval** extends class **MyShape**. The **MyOval** object is defined by an ellipse within a rectangle of height h and width w, and a center point  $\mathbf{p}(x, y)$ . The **MyOval** object may be filled with a color of **enum** reference type **MyColor**. The class includes appropriate class constructors and methods, including methods that perform the following operations:

- a. getCenter, getMinorAxis, getMajorAxis return, respectively, the center point and semi minor and major axes of the **MyOval** object;
- b. perimeter, area return, respectively, the perimeter and area of the **MyOval** object; c. toString— returns a string representation of the **MyOval** object: semi minor and major axes lengths, perimeter, and area;
- d. draw- draws a **MyOval** object.
- 2- <u>Use JavaFX graphics</u> and the class hierarchy to draw the geometric configuration comprised of a sequence of alternating concentric ovals and inscribed rectangles, as illustrated below, subject to the following additional requirements:
  - a. The code is applicable to canvases of variable height and width;
  - b. The dimensions of the shapes are proportional to the smallest dimension of the canvas;
  - c. The ovals and rectangles are filled with different colors of your choice, specified through an **enum** reference type **MyColor**.
- 3- Explicitly specify all the classes imported and used in your code.



Best wishes

Hesham A. Auda 06-16-2022

## **Solution**

This project contains five classes, an enum class and a main class. Main class contains everything together to generate the desired result using all the classes. Here, MyShape acts as a super class to MyLine, MyRectangle and MyOval. And these classes extend MyShape. MyColor enum class is used by all classes except the Main class which demonstrates the color of shapes/points. And MyPoint is used by some classes to describe their coordinates.

#### **Classes and Methods:**

- Main.java: Uses the JavaFx library to draw shapes using graphics by calling on the appropriate stage, scene, canvas and graphics classes. The height and width of canvas are determined by variables so that they can be changed. Additionally, all the dimensions of the shapes depend on canvas' width and height so that they can automatically adjust to variable canvas' height and width.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.application.Application;
    - javafx.scene.Scene;
    - javafx.scene.canvas.Canvas;
    - javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
    - javafx.scene.layout.StackPane;
    - javafx.stage.Stage;
    - java.io.IOException;
  - O Methods:
    - **start()**; method where JavaFx elements are handled
    - main(); main function
- MyPoint.java: This class is used by some classes to describe their coordinates. It also has a method to calculate distance between two points and a method to calculate the angle line between two points created with the x-axis.
  - o Attributes:
    - **double x, y:** represents x and y value of a coordinate.
    - MyColor color: describes color of a MyPoint object.
  - Methods:
    - calculateDistance(): returns Euclidean distance between two MyPoint objects.
    - **getXAngle():** returns the angle that the line between two MyPoint objects create with the x-axis.

- MyColor.java: This enum class is used to describe colors of shapes and return color of a shape in appropriate format.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.scene.paint.Color;
  - Attributes:
    - **double r, g, b, opacity :** describes r, g, b and opacity of a color.
  - Methods:
    - getHexRepresentation(): returns hexadecimal code for color specified.
    - **getColor():** returns the corresponding color value from javafx.scene.paint.Color using inserted rgb and opacity values.
- MyShape.java: This class is written as a superclass to MyLine, MyRectangle and MyOval class. This class contains a MyPoint object and a MyColor object to describe the shape. There are seven constructors for this class, which include a copy constructor and default constructor that sets all values to 0 and color to black. This class can be used to set the background color of the canvas.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
  - Attributes:
    - MyPoint p: used to keep a reference point of a MyShape object
    - MyColor color: is used to describe color of a MyShape object
  - O Methods:
    - **perimeter():** returns 0.0, is made to be overridden by subclasses
    - area(): returns 0.0, is made to be overridden by subclasses
    - toString(): Describes a MyShape object using its MyPoint p attribute.
    - **draw():** fills the background color of the canvas with the object's color.
- MyLine.java: This class is a subclass of MyShape class. It is used to draw a straight line connecting two points. This class has five constructors including a copy constructor that sets the end points and color of the line.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

#### o Attributes:

- MyPoint p: is passed on by it's superclass, describes an end point of the line
- MyColor color: is passed on by its superclass, describing the line's color.
- MyPoint p2: is used to describe another endpoint of the line.

#### Methods:

- **getLine():** returns the current line.
- length(): returns length of the line using MyPoint's calculateDistance method.
- xAngle(): returns the angle a MyLine object creates with x-axis using MyPoint's calculateAngle method
- perimeter(): returns MyLine's length as perimeter.
- area(): returns MyLine's area, which is 0.0
- toString(): returns a string object containing the endpoints, length, angle with x-axis, area and perimeter
- draw(): draws the line itself.
- MyRectangle.java: This class is a subclass of MyShape class. It is used to draw a rectangle of given height and width. This class has six constructors including a copy constructor that sets the value of all the attributes.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
  - o Attributes:
    - **MyPoint p:** is passed on by superclass MyShape used to describe the geometric center of the rectangle.
    - **MyColor color:** is passed on by superclass MyShape and describes color of the rectangle
    - **double h, w:** describes height and width of the rectangle.

#### O Methods:

- **getHeight():** returns height (h) of the rectangle.
- getWidth(): returns width (w) of the rectangle.
- **getTLCP():** returns top left corner point of a rectangle
- **perimeter(), area():** returns perimeter and area of the rectangle.
- toString(): returns a String object containing top left corner, height, width, perimeter, area of the MyRectangle object.
- draw(): draws the MyRectangle object.

- MyOval.java: This class is a subclass of MyShape class. It is used to draw an oval of given height and width. This class has seven constructors including a copy constructor that set the value of all the attributes.
  - o Imports:
    - javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
  - Attributes:
    - **MyPoint p:** is passed on by superclass MyShape used to describe the center of the oval.
    - **MyColor color:** is passed on by superclass MyShape and describes the color of the oval.
    - double h, w: describes height and width of the oval.
  - Methods:
    - **getMinorAxis():** returns semi minor axis length of the oval.
    - **getMajorAxis():** returns semi major axis length of the oval.
    - **perimeter(), area():** returns perimeter and area of the oval.
    - toString(): return a String object containing semi major axis, semi minor axis length, perimeter, area of the MyOval object.
    - draw(): draws the MyOval object.

#### **Screenshots of Source Code:**

### • Main.java:

```
package com.example.assignment1;
import java.io.IOException;
public class Main extends Application {
   @Override
   public void start(Stage stage) throws IOException {
        double centerX = w/2.0
        double centerY = h/2.0;
        Scene scene = new Scene(root, w, h);
Canvas canvas = new Canvas(w, h);
        GraphicsContext graphicsContext = canvas.getGraphicsContext2D();
        MyShape background = new MyShape(MyColor.WHITE);
        background.draw(graphicsContext);
        bisc_rectangle.draw(graphicsContext);
        cur_h = cur_h/Math.sqrt(2);
        brown_rectangle.draw(graphicsContext);
        MyOval cyan_oval = new MyOval(centerX, centerY, MyColor.CYAN, cur_h, cur_w);
        cyan_oval.draw(graphicsContext);
        cur_w = cur_w/Math.sqrt(2);
        cur_h = cur_h/Math.sqrt(2);
        yellow_rectangle.draw(graphicsContext);
        MyOval lavander_oval = new MyOval(centerX, centerY, MyColor.LAVANDER, cur_h, cur_w);
        lavander oval.draw(graphicsContext):
        MyLine diag_line = new MyLine( x1: 0, y1: 0, w, h, MyColor.BLACK);
        diag_line.draw(graphicsContext);
        line1.draw(graphicsContext);
        line2.draw(graphicsContext);
        line3.draw(graphicsContext);
        line4.draw(graphicsContext);
```

```
// showing drawn shapes on window
root.getChildren().add(canvas);
stage.setScene(scene);
stage.setTitle("Assignment-1");
stage.show();

System.out.println(background.toString());
System.out.println(bisc_rectangle.toString());
System.out.println(lime_oval.toString());
System.out.println(diag_line.toString());

System.out.println(diag_line.toString());
}

public static void main(String[] args) { launch(); }
```

#### • MyColor.java:

```
DARKSALMUN( r: 233, g: 159, b: 122, opacity: 255),
DARKSLATEBLUE( r: 143, g: 188, b: 143, opacity: 255),
DARKSLATEBLUE( r: 72, g: 61, b: 139, opacity: 255),
DARKSLATEGRAY( r: 47, g: 79, b: 79, opacity: 255),
DARKTURQUOISE( r: 0, g: 206, b: 209, opacity: 255),
DARKVIOLET( r: 148, g: 0, b: 211, opacity: 255),
DARKPINK( r: 255, g: 20, b: 147, opacity: 255),
DARKSKYBLUE( r: 0, g: 191, b: 255, opacity: 255),
DARKGRAY( r: 105, g: 105, b: 105, opacity: 255),
                          YELLOW ( r: 255, g: 255, b: 0, opacity: 255), SKYBLUE ( r: 0, g: 181, b: 226, opacity: 255),
                          LIME ( r: 199, g: 234, b: 70, opacity: 255),

WHITE( r: 255, g: 255, b: 255, opacity: 255),

RED ( r: 255, g: 0, b: 0, opacity: 255),

GREEN( r: 0, g: 255, b: 0, opacity: 255),
                          private int r, g, b, opacity;
                           MyColor(int r, int g, int b, int opacity) {
                            if(g<0 || g>255){
                            if(opacity<0 || opacity>255){
                                    opacity = 0;
                            this.g = g;
                            this.b = b;
                            this.opacity = opacity;
90 @
                            String hex = "#";
                            hex += Integer.toHexString(r);
                            hex += Integer.toHexString(g);
                            hex += Integer.toHexString(b);
                            return hex;
                     public Color getColor() { return Color.rgb(r, g, b, v: opacity/255.0); }
```

## • MyPoint.java:

```
package com.example.assignment1;

public class MyPoint {
    // x and y coordinate of a cartesian point
    public double x;
    public double y;
    // color of the shape
    public MyColor color;

// constructors

public MyPoint(double x, double y) {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
    this.color = MyColor.NOCOLOR;
}

public MyPoint(double x, double y, MyColor color) {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
    this.color = color;
}

public MyPoint(double x, double y, MyColor color) {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
    this.color = color;
}
```

```
public MyPoint() {
    this.x = 0;
    this.y = 0;
    this.color = MyColor.NOCOLOR;
}

public MyPoint(MyPoint obj) {
    this(obj.x, obj.y, obj.color);
}

// returns distance between two points

public double calculateDistance(MyPoint p2) {
    return Math.sqrt((p2.y-this.y)*(p2.y-this.y)*(p2.x-this.x)*(p2.x-this.x));
}

// returns angle made with x-axis by two points

public double getXangle(MyPoint p2) {
    double slope = (this.y - p2.y)/(this.x - p2.x);
    return Math.atan(slope);
}
```

## • MyShape.java:

```
package com.example.assignment1;

import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

define import javafy.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

define import javafy.scene.canvas.grap
```

```
// returns perimeter and area, meant to be overridden

public double perimeter() {

return 0.0;

}

public double area() {

return 0.0;

}

// string description of MyShape containing MyPoint p

@Override

public String toString() {

return "MyShape {" +

"\n\tp: (" + p.x +

", "+ p.y+")\n}";

// changes background color

public void draw(GraphicsContext graphicsContext) {

double h = graphicsContext.getCanvas().getHeight();

double w = graphicsContext.getCanvas().getWidth();

graphicsContext.setFill(this.color.getColor());

graphicsContext.fillRect( v: 0, v1: 0, w, h);
```

## • MyLine.java:

```
package com.example.assignment1;

import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

public class MyLine extends MyShape{
   public MyPoint p2;

// all constructors
   public MyLine(MyPoint refPoint, MyPoint p2) {
        super(refPoint);
        this.p2 = p2;
    }

   public MyLine(MyPoint refPoint, MyPoint p2, MyColor color) {
        super(refPoint, color);
        this.p2 = p2;
   }

   public MyLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
        super(x1, y1);
        this.p2 = new MyPoint(x2, y2);
   }

   public MyLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2, MyColor color) {
        super(x1, y1, color);
        this.p2 = new MyPoint(x2, y2);
   }

   public MyLine(MyLine obj) { this(obj.p, obj.p2, obj.color); }

// getter method
   public MyLine getLine() { return this; }

// length, xAngle, perimeter, area methods
   public double length() { return this.p.calculateDistance(this.p2); }
   public double xAngle() { return this.p.getXAngle(this.p2); }
}
```

## • MyOval:

```
package com.example.assignment1;

import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

public class MyOval extends MyShape{
    // height and width of the oval
    private double n, w;

// constructors

public MyOval(MyPoint refPoint, double h, double w) {
    super(refPoint);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

}

public MyOval(MyPoint refPoint, MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(refPoint, color);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

}

public MyOval(double h, double w) {
    super();
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}

public MyOval(MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(color);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}

public MyOval(MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(color);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}

public MyOval(double x, double y, double h, double w) {
    super(x, y);
    this.h = h;
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}
```

```
public MyOval(double x, double y, MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(x, y, color);
    this.w = w;
}

public MyOval(MyOval obj) {
    this(obj.p, obj.color, obj.h, obj.w);
}

public MyPoint getCenter() {
    return this.p;
}

// get semi major and semi minor axis

public double getMinorAxis() {
    return Math.min(this.h, this.w)/2;
}

public double getHajorAxis() {
    return Math.max(this.h, this.w)/2;
}

// close estimation of perimeter calculated

@Override

public double perimeter() {
    double s = ((h-w)*(h-w))/((h+w)*(h+w));
    double p = Math.PI * (h+w) * (1 + s/4 + Math.pow(s, 3)/256 + 25*Math.pow(s, 3)/256 + 25*Math.pow(s, 4)/16384 + 49*Math.pow(s, 5)/65536 + 41*Math.pow(s, 6)/1048576);
return p;
}
```

## • MyRecngle.java:

```
package com.example.assignment1;

import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;

public class MyRectangle extends MyShape{
    // height and width of rectangle
    private double h, w;

// constructors

public MyRectangle(MyPoint refPoint, double h, double w) {
    super(refPoint);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

public MyRectangle(MyPoint refPoint, MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(refPoint, color);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

}

public MyRectangle(double h, double w) {
    super();
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

}

public MyRectangle(MyColor color, double h, double w) {
    super(color);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;

}

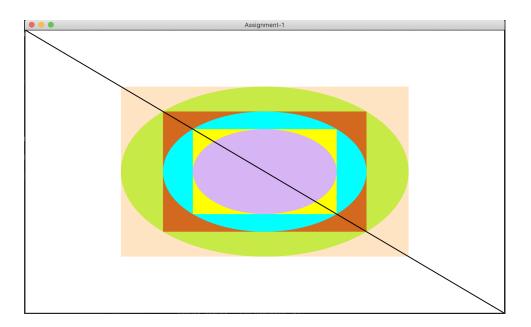
public MyRectangle(double x, double y, double h, double w) {
    super(x, y);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}

public MyRectangle(double x, double y, double h, double w) {
    super(x, y);
    this.h = h;
    this.w = w;
}
```

```
public MyRectangle(double x, double y, MyColor color, double h, double w) {
                  super(x, y, color);
             public MyRectangle(MyRectangle obj) {
             public double getWidth() {
             public MyPoint getTLCP() {
                 MyPoint tclp = new MyPoint(x, y);
                  return tclp;
             //perimeter and area of rectangle
             @Override
             public double perimeter() {
            @Override
            public double area() {
            public String toString() {
                       "\n\tperimeter="+this.perimeter()+
                       "\n\tarea="+this.area()+
82 👏 @
            public void draw(GraphicsContext graphicsContext) {
                graphicsContext.setFill(this.color.getColor());
                graphicsContext.fillRect( v: this.p.x-this.w/2, v1: this.p.y-this.h/2, this.w, this.h);
```

## **Screenshot of Output:**

• JavaFX Window:



• Console:

```
MyShape {
    p: (0.0, 0.0)
MyRectangle{
    top left corner: (200.0, 480.0)
    height=360.0
    width=600.0
    perimeter=1920.0
    area=216000.0
MyOval{
    semi minor axis=180.0
    semi major axis=300.0
    perimeter=3063.2398636047324
    area=169646.00329384883
MyLine {
    p1: (0.0, 0.0)
    p2: (1000.0, 600.0)
    length: 1166.19037896906
    angle: 0.5404195002705842
```