ALGEBRA:

$$\left( \times \right)$$

X- nosna mnoglind

$$: \underbrace{\times \times \times} \rightarrow \times$$

$$\times : X \longrightarrow X$$

$$\star$$
:  $\rightarrow$   $\times$ 

$$(N_1 + 1 *)$$
 je algebra +3pc  $(2,2)$   $(RV_1 + 1 *)$   $(2,1)$   $(2,1)$   $(2,2,2,1)$ 

VLASTNOSTI OPERACI'

-asociatival

$$(X_1 \cdot)$$

• j. asociatival

 $(X_2 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_3 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_4 \cdot)$ 

• j. asociatival

 $(X_1 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_1 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_2 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_3 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_3 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_4 \cdot)$ 
 $(X_4$ 

Protipilidad:  $a \cdot (b \cdot c) = a \cdot c = c$   $(a \cdot b) \cdot c = c \cdot c = a$  $d \neq c$ 

$$\{2^{5}, 1^{1}\}$$
 $\{2^{5}, 1^{5}, 2^{5}, 2^{5}\}$ 
 $\{2^{5}, 1^{5}, 2^{5}\}$ 
 $= -\frac{10}{2.5} = 4$ 
 $(10/5)/2 = 2/2 = 1$ 

Neutvilni pruch (Xi) h j hentoilm' prock vahleden k. O je nutului pro (2,+)  $(\mathcal{A}, \times)$  $(2v, \cdot)$ Dk. Ze hentuln' prock je maximilnë jeden. Spercon: Predpeklitejne, èt existiji ming EX. \* mit ng 2 oba na je hentulni  $h_1 = h_1 \cdot h_2 = h_2$ SPOR J PREPOKLADEM ne j neutrilni

huersni prudey (X,.) s hentralnin proben h Algebra ma' inv. proby vahledem t. C=> \xeX \frac{1}{2}x'eX: x.x'=h=x'.x Prillad (Z,+) inv (x)=-x (IN,+) inv(x) neexistus (unsigned Int +) inv(x) = maxint -x +1 de. 22 pro asociationi operaci s nontralaim problem O Restrict ved maximilai 1 inversai proct.

JOSEPH Necht XEX a X, X" EX json inversai prob k X.  $(x_i \cdot x) \cdot x_i = x_i \cdot (x \cdot x_i)$ 0 · x" = x, · 0

Vikely & avidi (A, 0,-1) type (2,0,1) GRUPA/ (A, -) je grapa 1) · je a sociationi 2) (A, ') ma' neatrailni prock O = A 3) (A. ) ma inversui prof (7,+) je zmpe (2/x) -xj operace - X je a Josiativni - \* ma nontoilui proch 1 - \* hem. inv. prok fraph y graph (12/203,\*) protoze j prodla zající hove (Z\*.) - · je operace a 2 retizer delly nonclas - . & j nentrilni pruck 71 shat 12"

$$(A, \circ) \qquad A = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} o & a & b & c \\ \hline a & a & a \\ b & b & b \\ c & c & c & c \end{array}$$

o je asociativní o heno neutralní povek => NEM' TO GRUPA

$$X = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ c & d & 0 \\ x & y & 1 \end{pmatrix} \middle| \begin{array}{c} a_1b_1c_1d_1x_1y \in \mathbb{R} \\ \end{array} \right\}$$

møjne algebra (X,·) kde · je na'sobena' matic

je to grapa?

 $\frac{y_{1} + y_{2} + y_{3}}{y_{1} + y_{2}} = \frac{y_{1} + y_{3}}{y_{1} + y_{3}} = \frac{y_{2} + y_{3}}{y_{2} + y_{3}} = \frac{y_{2} + y_{3}}{y_{3} + y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3} + y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3} + y_{3}}{y_{3} + y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3} + y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3} + y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3} + y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3}} = \frac{y_{3}}{y_{3$ 

algebra de 2 operacemi (A,+,O,-1,.) je okrah pokad (A,+,0,-1) je komutativni (A,·): · jasociations (A,+,0,-1, .) otruh s nontuitain probem Komutativni okunh  $(A, +, 0, -1, \cdot, 1)$ pokud . je komutativni 1 je nentului prokh KOMUTATIVNI OKRUH S JEDA. PRUKEM  $(A_1+,0,-1,-,1)$ Priblan: (IR,+,.) je okor integrig OBOR INTEGRITS pohra 0 \$1

KONGRUENCE (X,.) type (2) relace ~ j kongraence (=> - ~ je relace élevivalence (Symétricles, réflexions, transitions) - + x11x21x31x4 = X: X1 ~ X2 ~ X3 ~ X4 => (x1. x3)~(x2. x4) Priblad: (IN,+) ekvivaleném' ting 503, 813, 823, (3,00) x = { (0,0), (1,1), (2,2)} v { (i,i) | i,i≥3 } je to kongraence?  $[0]_{+}[0]_{-} = [0]_{-}$   $[0]_{+}[1]_{-} = [1]_{-}$   $[0]_{+}[2]_{-} = [2]_{-}$  $[1]_{\alpha} + [1]_{\alpha} = [2]_{\alpha}$ 

 $-(N/N+1) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=$ 

 $(N_1+)$ Roglelad:  $\{0,13,\{2,3\},\{4,5\},\{6,7\},...$ Je to konguence? 0~1 10~1 => 0+0 ~ 1+1 => 0~2 = > NENI KONGRUENCE

ZBSTKOVÉ TŘÍDJ 
$$|| k''|$$
 $N_k = \left\{ (ij) \middle| 1 \mod k = j \mod k \right\}$ 

CASTO SE ZNAČÍ  $= k$ 

- je konsmence vzhleden  $k + j$ 
 $(N_1 + j)$ 

Rozklad
$$\left(|N/=_{K_1}+_{1}\cdot\right) \quad \text{faktorova'} \quad \text{algebra} \quad \text{s} \quad |N/=_{K}=\left\{\left[0\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_1}\left[1\right]_{=K_2}\left[1\right]_{=K_$$

HOMOMORFISMUS (A,·) (B,\*) you alsolog type 2 h: A -> B je homomorfismus - Zobrazeni 2 A do B (Kazdima proben 2 A Privazujeme - Zadrovnívní výsledy operna  $\forall x_1, x_2 \in A$   $h(x_1) * h(x_2) = h(x_1 \cdot x_2)$ Priklad (7/1+) (7/3,+) h: 7/ -> 7/2 definoring h(x)= x mod 3 je homomorfismus

$$(\mathcal{Z}_{j+}) \qquad (\S_{0,1}\S_{j}\oplus) \qquad \bigoplus_{0 \neq 1} 0 \qquad 1$$

$$h(i) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{pro } i = 0 \\ 1 & \text{pro } i \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Pokud in } h \text{ homomorfismus}_{j} + \text{dk}$$

$$\text{Musi platit pro } \chi_{1} = 1 \text{ a } \chi_{2} = -1$$

$$h(1) \oplus h(-1) = h(1-1)$$

$$1 \oplus 1 = h(0)$$

$$1 \oplus 1 = 0 \qquad \text{SPOR} = \text{homomorfismus}$$

$$\text{Pro } (N_{j+}) \text{ is } h \text{ homomorfismus}$$

$$(R_1+)$$

$$ZaokrouNování j Zobrazení 2 R  $\rightarrow Z$ 

$$round (a+b) = round (a) + round (b)$$

$$round (14,14) = round (14) + round (14)$$$$

3 = 1 + 1

NEPCATI

=> round heni
homomoutismus

(RV, + + \*) - reg. vsvnzg

(L3, · , U, \*) - jnzsky type 3

(a, · , U, \*) - automaty

(UASICUE PREVODS JOU homomorfismy