

primitive data types

integer : whole number

real/float: numbers with decimal points

Boolean: True or False

character: one symbol (a number, letter, or special character)

string: anything in quotes

Operators

+: addition

-: subtraction

***: times or multiply**

/: divide

?: modular

//: divide but with integer part of the result retained only

****: exponentiation i.e. $2^{**}3$: 2 to the power of 3**